REFERENCE TITLE: schools; agents; inhalers; administration

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-fourth Legislature First Regular Session 2019

## SB 1339

Introduced by Senator Carter

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 15-158, 15-189.04, 15-342 AND 36-2229, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ADMINISTRATION OF INHALERS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 15-158, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 15-158. Emergency administration of inhalers by trained 5 personnel; immunity; definitions 6 Pursuant to a standing order issued by the chief medical officer Α. 7 of a county health department, a physician licensed pursuant to title 32, 8 chapter 13 or 17 or a nurse practitioner licensed pursuant to title 32, 9 chapter 15, a nurse who is under contract with a school district or 10 charter school or an employee OR AGENT of a school district or charter 11 school who is trained in the administration of inhalers may administer or 12 assist in the administration of an inhaler to a pupil or an adult whom the employee or contracted nurse believes in good faith to be exhibiting 13 14 symptoms of respiratory distress while at school or at a school-sponsored activity. A school district or charter school may accept monetary 15 16 donations for or apply for grants for the purchase of inhalers and spacers 17 or holding chambers or may accept donations of inhalers and spacers or 18 holding chambers directly from the product manufacturer. 19 B. Chief medical officers of county health departments, physicians 20 licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17, nurse practitioners licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 15, school districts, charter 21 22 schools, employees of school districts and charter schools, AGENTS OF SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND CHARTER SCHOOLS and nurses who are under contract 23 24 with a school district or charter school are immune from civil liability 25 with respect to all decisions made and actions taken that are based on 26 good faith implementation of the requirements of this section, except in 27 cases of gross negligence, wilful misconduct or intentional wrongdoing. 28 For the purposes of this section: С. 29 "AGENT" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE 1. 30 SCHOOL DISTRICT OR CHARTER SCHOOL AND WHO IS TRAINED IN ADMINISTERING A 31 BRONCHODILATOR TO A PERSON IN RESPIRATORY DISTRESS. 32 1. 2. "Bronchodilator" means albuterol or another short-acting 33 bronchodilator that is approved by the United States food and drug 34 administration for the treatment of TO TREAT respiratory distress. 35 2. 3. "Inhaler" means a device that delivers a bronchodilator to 36 alleviate symptoms of respiratory distress, that is manufactured in the 37 form of a metered-dose inhaler or dry-powder inhaler and that includes a 38 spacer or holding chamber that attaches to the inhaler to improve the 39 delivery of the bronchodilator. 40 3. 4. "Respiratory distress" includes the perceived or actual 41 presence of coughing, wheezing or shortness of breath.

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1 Sec. 2. Section 15-189.04, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 15-189.04. Policies and procedures for the emergency 3 4 administration of epinephrine and inhalers: 5 definition 6 A. The governing body of each charter school shall prescribe and 7 enforce policies and procedures for the emergency administration of 8 epinephrine auto-injectors by a trained employee of the charter school 9 pursuant to section 15-157 and may prescribe and enforce policies and 10 procedures for the emergency administration of inhalers by a trained 11 employee OR AGENT of the charter school or a nurse who is under contract 12 with the charter school pursuant to section 15-158. B. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, "AGENT" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS 13 14 AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE CHARTER SCHOOL AND WHO IS TRAINED IN 15 ADMINISTERING A BRONCHODILATOR TO A PERSON IN RESPIRATORY DISTRESS. 16 Sec. 3. Section 15-342, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 17 read: 18 15-342. Discretionary powers; definition 19 The governing board may: 20 1. Expel pupils for misconduct. 21 2. Exclude from grades one through eight children under six years 22 of age. 23 3. Make such separation of groups of pupils as it deems advisable. 24 4. Maintain such special schools during vacation as deemed 25 necessary for the benefit of the pupils of the school district. 26 5. Permit a superintendent or principal or representatives of the 27 superintendent or principal to travel for a school purpose, as determined 28 by a majority vote of the board. The board may permit members and 29 members-elect of the board to travel within or without the school district 30 for a school purpose and receive reimbursement. Any expenditure for 31 travel and subsistence pursuant to this paragraph shall be as provided in 32 title 38, chapter 4, article 2. The designated post of duty referred to in section 38-621 shall be construed, for school district governing board 33 34 members, to be the member's actual place of residence, as opposed to the 35 district office or the school district boundaries. Such school 36 expenditures shall be a charge against the budgeted school district funds. 37 The governing board of a school district shall prescribe procedures and 38 amounts for reimbursement of lodging and subsistence expenses. Reimbursement amounts shall not exceed the maximum amounts established 39 40 pursuant to section 38-624, subsection C. 41 6. Construct or provide in rural districts housing facilities for teachers and other school employees that the board determines are 42 necessary for the operation of the school. 43 44 7. Sell or lease to the state, a county, a city, another school

district or a tribal government agency any school property required for a

public purpose, provided the sale or lease of the property will not affect the normal operations of a school within the school district.

8. Annually budget and expend funds for membership in an
association of school districts within this state.

9. Enter into leases or lease-purchase agreements for school buildings or grounds, or both, as lessor or as lessee, for periods of less than fifteen years subject to voter approval for construction of school buildings as prescribed in section 15-341, subsection A, paragraph 7.

9 Subject to chapter 16 of this title, sell school sites or enter 10. 10 into leases or lease-purchase agreements for school buildings and grounds, as lessor or as lessee, for a period of fifteen years or more, but not to 11 12 exceed ninety-nine years, if authorized by a vote of the school district 13 electors in an election called by the governing board as provided in 14 section 15-491, except that authorization by the school district electors 15 in an election is not required if one of the following requirements is 16 met:

17 (a) The market value of the school property is less than fifty 18 thousand dollars \$50,000 or the property is procured through a renewable 19 energy development agreement, an energy performance contract, which among 20 other items includes a renewable energy power service agreement, or a 21 simplified energy performance contract pursuant to section 15-213.01.

(b) The buildings and sites are completely funded with moniesdistributed by the school facilities board.

24 (c) The transaction involves the sale of improved or unimproved property pursuant to an agreement with the school facilities board in 25 26 which the school district agrees to sell the improved or unimproved property and transfer the proceeds of the sale to the school facilities 27 28 board in exchange for monies from the school facilities board for the 29 acquisition of a more suitable school site. For a sale of property acquired by a school district prior to July 9, 1998, a school district 30 31 shall transfer to the school facilities board that portion of the proceeds 32 that equals the cost of the acquisition of a more suitable school site. If there are any remaining proceeds after the transfer of monies to the 33 34 school facilities board, a school district shall only use those remaining 35 proceeds for future land purchases approved by the school facilities 36 board, or for capital improvements not funded by the school facilities 37 board for any existing or future facility.

38 (d) The transaction involves the sale of improved or unimproved 39 property pursuant to a formally adopted plan and the school district uses 40 the proceeds of this sale to purchase other property that will be used for 41 similar purposes as the property that was originally sold, provided that the sale proceeds of the improved or unimproved property are used within 42 two years after the date of the original sale to purchase the replacement 43 property. If the sale proceeds of the improved or unimproved property are 44 45 not used within two years after the date of the original sale to purchase replacement property, the sale proceeds shall be used towards payment of any outstanding bonded indebtedness. If any sale proceeds remain after paying for outstanding bonded indebtedness, or if the district has no outstanding bonded indebtedness, sale proceeds shall be used to reduce the district's primary tax levy. A school district shall not use this subdivision unless all of the following conditions exist:

7 (i) The school district is the sole owner of the improved or 8 unimproved property that the school district intends to sell.

9 (ii) The school district did not purchase the improved or 10 unimproved property that the school district intends to sell with monies 11 that were distributed pursuant to chapter 16 of this title.

12 (iii) The transaction does not violate section 15-341, 13 subsection G.

14 11. Review the decision of a teacher to promote a pupil to a grade 15 or retain a pupil in a grade in a common school or to pass or fail a pupil 16 in a course in high school. The pupil has the burden of proof to overturn 17 the decision of a teacher to promote, retain, pass or fail the pupil. In order to sustain the burden of proof, the pupil shall demonstrate to the 18 19 governing board that the pupil has mastered the academic standards adopted 20 by the state board of education pursuant to sections 15-701 and 15-701.01. 21 If the governing board overturns the decision of a teacher pursuant to 22 this paragraph, the governing board shall adopt a written finding that the 23 pupil has mastered the academic standards. Notwithstanding title 38, 24 chapter 3, article 3.1, the governing board shall review the decision of a 25 teacher to promote a pupil to a grade or retain a pupil in a grade in a 26 common school or to pass or fail a pupil in a course in high school in 27 executive session unless a parent or legal guardian of the pupil or the 28 pupil, if emancipated, disagrees that the review should be conducted in 29 executive session and then the review shall be conducted in an open 30 meeting. If the review is conducted in executive session, the board shall 31 notify the teacher of the date, time and place of the review and shall 32 allow the teacher to be present at the review. If the teacher is not present at the review, the board shall consult with the teacher before 33 34 making its decision. Any request, including the written request as 35 provided in section 15-341, the written evidence presented at the review 36 and the written record of the review, including the decision of the 37 governing board to accept or reject the teacher's decision, shall be 38 retained by the governing board as part of its permanent records.

39 12. Provide transportation or site transportation loading and 40 unloading areas for any child or children if deemed for the best interest 41 of the district, whether within or without the district, county or state.

42 13. Enter into intergovernmental agreements and contracts with 43 school districts or other governing bodies as provided in section 11-952. 44 Intergovernmental agreements and contracts between school districts or 45 between a school district and other governing bodies as provided in section 11-952 are exempt from competitive bidding under the procurement rules adopted by the state board of education pursuant to section 15-213.

3 14. Include in the curricula it prescribes for high schools in the 4 school district career and technical education, vocational education and 5 technology education programs and career and technical, vocational and 6 technology program improvement services for the high schools, subject to 7 approval by the state board of education. The governing board may 8 contract for the provision of career and technical, vocational and 9 technology education as provided in section 15-789.

10 15. Suspend a teacher or administrator from the teacher's or 11 administrator's duties without pay for a period of time of not to exceed 12 ten school days, if the board determines that suspension is warranted 13 pursuant to section 15-341, subsection A, paragraphs 21 and 22.

14 16. Dedicate school property within an incorporated city or town to 15 such city or town or within a county to that county for use as a public 16 right-of-way if both of the following apply:

(a) Pursuant to an ordinance adopted by such city, town or county,
there will be conferred upon the school district privileges and benefits
that may include benefits related to zoning.

20 (b) The dedication will not affect the normal operation of any 21 school within the district.

17. Enter into option agreements for the purchase of school sites.

18. Donate surplus or outdated learning materials, educational equipment and furnishings to nonprofit community organizations where the governing board determines that the anticipated cost of selling the learning materials, educational equipment or furnishings equals or exceeds the estimated market value of the materials.

19. Prescribe policies for the assessment of reasonable fees for students to use district-provided parking facilities. The fees are to be applied by the district solely against costs incurred in operating or securing the parking facilities. Any policy adopted by the governing board pursuant to this paragraph shall include a fee waiver provision in appropriate cases of need or economic hardship.

20. Establish alternative educational programs that are consistent with the laws of this state to educate pupils, including pupils who have been reassigned pursuant to section 15-841, subsection E or F.

21. Require a period of silence to be observed at the commencement of the first class of the day in the schools. If a governing board chooses to require a period of silence to be observed, the teacher in charge of the room in which the first class is held shall announce that a period of silence not to exceed one minute in duration will be observed for meditation, and during that time no activities shall take place and silence shall be maintained.

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22. Require students to wear uniforms.

1 23. Exchange unimproved property or improved property, including school sites, where the governing board determines that the improved 2 3 property is unnecessary for the continued operation of the school district 4 without requesting authorization by a vote of the school district electors 5 if the governing board determines that the exchange is necessary to 6 protect the health, safety or welfare of pupils or when the governing 7 board determines that the exchange is based on sound business principles 8 for either:

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(a) Unimproved or improved property of equal or greater value.

10 (b) Unimproved property that the owner contracts to improve if the 11 value of the property ultimately received by the school district is of 12 equal or greater value.

24. For common and high school pupils, assess reasonable fees for 13 14 optional extracurricular activities and programs conducted when the common 15 or high school is not in session, except that no fees shall be charged for 16 pupils' access to or use of computers or related materials. For high 17 school pupils, the governing board may assess reasonable fees for fine 18 arts and vocational education courses and for optional services, equipment 19 and materials offered to the pupils beyond those required to successfully 20 complete the basic requirements of any other course, except that no fees shall be charged for pupils' access to or use of computers or related 21 22 materials. Fees assessed pursuant to this paragraph shall be adopted at a public meeting after notice has been given to all parents of pupils 23 24 enrolled at schools in the district and shall not exceed the actual costs of the activities, programs, services, equipment or materials. The 25 26 governing board shall authorize principals to waive the assessment of all 27 or part of a fee assessed pursuant to this paragraph if it creates an 28 economic hardship for a pupil. For the purposes of this paragraph, 29 "extracurricular activity" means any optional, noncredit, educational or 30 recreational activity that supplements the education program of the 31 school, whether offered before, during or after regular school hours.

32 25. Notwithstanding section 15-341, subsection A, paragraphs 7 and 33 9, construct school buildings and purchase or lease school sites, without 34 a vote of the school district electors, if the buildings and sites are 35 totally funded from one or more of the following:

36 (a) Monies in the unrestricted capital outlay fund, except that the
 37 estimated cost shall not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars
 38 \$250,000 for a district that utilizes section 15-949.

39 (b) Monies distributed from the school facilities board established40 by section 15-2001.

41 (c) Monies specifically donated for the purpose of constructing 42 school buildings.

43 This paragraph shall not be construed to eliminate the requirement for an 44 election to raise revenues for a capital outlay override pursuant to 45 section 15-481 or a bond election pursuant to section 15-491. 1 26. Conduct a background investigation that includes a fingerprint check conducted pursuant to section 41-1750, subsection G for certificated 2 3 personnel and personnel who are not paid employees of the school district, 4 as a condition of employment. A school district may release the results 5 of a background check to another school district for employment purposes. 6 The school district may charge the costs of fingerprint checks to its 7 fingerprinted employee, except that the school district may not charge the 8 costs of fingerprint checks for personnel who are not paid employees of 9 the school district.

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27. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, sell advertising as follows:

(a) Advertisements shall be age appropriate and not contain promotion of any substance that is illegal for minors such as alcohol, tobacco and drugs or gambling. Advertisements shall comply with the state sex education policy of abstinence.

15 (b) Advertising approved by the governing board for the exterior of 16 school buses may appear only on the sides of the bus in the following 17 areas:

18 (i) The signs shall be below the seat level rub rail and not extend19 above the bottom of the side windows.

20 (ii) The signs shall be at least three inches from any required 21 lettering, lamp, wheel well or reflector behind the service door or stop 22 signal arm.

23 (iii) The signs shall not extend from the body of the bus so as to 24 allow a handhold or present a danger to pedestrians.

25 (iv) The signs shall not interfere with the operation of any door 26 or window.

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(v) The signs shall not be placed on any emergency doors.

(c) The school district shall establish an advertisement fund that
 is composed of revenues from the sale of advertising. The monies in an
 advertisement fund are not subject to reversion.

28. Assess reasonable damage deposits to pupils in grades seven 31 32 through twelve for the use of textbooks, musical instruments, band 33 uniforms or other equipment required for academic courses. The governing 34 board shall adopt policies on any damage deposits assessed pursuant to 35 this paragraph at a public meeting called for this purpose after providing 36 notice to all parents of pupils in grades seven through twelve in the 37 school district. Principals of individual schools within the district may 38 waive the damage deposit requirement for any textbook or other item if the 39 payment of the damage deposit would create an economic hardship for the 40 The school district shall return the full amount of the damage pupil. deposit for any textbook or other item if the pupil returns the textbook 41 or other item in reasonably good condition within the time period 42 prescribed by the governing board. For the purposes of this paragraph, 43 "in reasonably good condition" means the textbook or other item is in the 44

1 same or a similar condition as it was when the pupil received it, plus 2 ordinary wear and tear.

29. Notwithstanding section 15-1105, expend surplus monies in the civic center school fund for maintenance and operations or unrestricted capital outlay, if sufficient monies are available in the fund after meeting the needs of programs established pursuant to section 15-1105.

7 30. Notwithstanding section 15-1143, expend surplus monies in the 8 community school program fund for maintenance and operations or 9 unrestricted capital outlay, if sufficient monies are available in the 10 fund after meeting the needs of programs established pursuant to section 11 15-1142.

12 31. Adopt guidelines for standardization of the format of the school 13 report cards required by section 15-746 for schools within the district.

14 32. Adopt policies that require parental notification when a law 15 enforcement officer interviews a pupil on school grounds. Policies 16 adopted pursuant to this paragraph shall not impede a peace officer from 17 the performance of the peace officer's duties. If the school district 18 governing board adopts a policy that requires parental notification:

19 (a) The policy may provide reasonable exceptions to the parental 20 notification requirement.

(b) The policy shall set forth whether and under what circumstances a parent may be present when a law enforcement officer interviews the pupil, including reasonable exceptions to the circumstances under which a parent may be present when a law enforcement officer interviews the pupil, and shall specify a reasonable maximum time after a parent is notified that an interview of a pupil by a law enforcement officer may be delayed to allow the parent to be present.

28 33. Enter into voluntary partnerships with any party to finance with 29 funds other than school district funds and cooperatively design school 30 facilities that comply with the adequacy standards prescribed in section 15-2011 and the square footage per pupil requirements pursuant to section 31 32 15-2041, subsection D, paragraph 3, subdivision (b). The design plans and 33 location of any such school facility shall be submitted to the school 34 facilities board for approval pursuant to section 15-2041, subsection 0. 35 If the school facilities board approves the design plans and location of 36 any such school facility, the party in partnership with the school 37 district may cause to be constructed and the district may begin operating 38 the school facility before monies are distributed from the school 39 facilities board pursuant to section 15-2041. Monies distributed from the 40 new school facilities fund to a school district in a partnership with another party to finance and design the school facility shall be paid to 41 the school district pursuant to section 15-2041. The school district 42 43 shall reimburse the party in partnership with the school district from the monies paid to the school district pursuant to section 15-2041, in 44 45 accordance with the voluntary partnership agreement. Before the school

1 facilities board distributes any monies pursuant to this subsection, the school district shall demonstrate to the school facilities board that the 2 3 facilities to be funded pursuant to section 15-2041, subsection 0 meet the minimum adequacy standards prescribed in section 15-2011. If the cost to 4 5 construct the school facility exceeds the amount that the school district 6 receives from the new school facilities fund, the partnership agreement 7 between the school district and the other party shall specify that, except 8 as otherwise provided by the other party, any such excess costs shall be 9 the responsibility of the school district. The school district governing 10 board shall adopt a resolution in a public meeting that an analysis has 11 been conducted on the prospective effects of the decision to operate a new 12 school with existing monies from the school district's maintenance and operations budget and how this decision may affect other schools in the 13 14 school district. If a school district acquires land by donation at an appropriate school site approved by the school facilities board and a 15 16 school facility is financed and built on the land pursuant to this 17 paragraph, the school facilities board shall distribute an amount equal to 18 twenty percent of the fair market value of the land that can be used for 19 academic purposes. The school district shall place the monies in the 20 unrestricted capital outlay fund and increase the unrestricted capital budget limit by the amount of the monies placed in the fund. Monies 21 22 distributed under this paragraph shall be distributed from the new school 23 facilities fund pursuant to section 15-2041. If a school district 24 acquires land by donation at an appropriate school site approved by the 25 school facilities board and a school facility is financed and built on the land pursuant to this paragraph, the school district shall not receive 26 27 monies from the school facilities board for the donation of real property 28 pursuant to section 15-2041, subsection F. It is unlawful for:

(a) A county, city or town to require as a condition of any land use approval that a landowner or landowners that entered into a partnership pursuant to this paragraph provide any contribution, donation or gift, other than a site donation, to a school district. This subdivision only applies to the property in the voluntary partnership agreement pursuant to this paragraph.

35 (b) A county, city or town to require as a condition of any land 36 use approval that the landowner or landowners located within the 37 geographic boundaries of the school subject to the voluntary partnership 38 pursuant to this paragraph provide any donation or gift to the school 39 district except as provided in the voluntary partnership agreement 40 pursuant to this paragraph.

41 (c) A community facilities district established pursuant to title 42 48, chapter 4, article 6 to be used for reimbursement of financing the 43 construction of a school pursuant to this paragraph.

44 (d) A school district to enter into an agreement pursuant to this 45 paragraph with any party other than a master planned community party. Any

1 land area consisting of at least three hundred twenty acres that is the subject of a development agreement with a county, city or town entered 2 3 into pursuant to section 9-500.05 or 11-1101 shall be deemed to be a 4 master planned community. For the purposes of this subdivision, "master 5 planned community" means a land area consisting of at least three hundred 6 twenty acres, which may be noncontiguous, that is the subject of a zoning 7 ordinance approved by the governing body of the county, city or town in 8 which the land is located that establishes the use of the land area as a 9 planned area development or district, planned community development or 10 district, planned unit development or district or other land use category 11 or district that is recognized in the local ordinance of such county, city 12 or town and that specifies the use of such land is for a master planned 13 development.

34. Enter into an intergovernmental agreement with a presiding judge of the juvenile court to implement a law-related education program as defined in section 15-154. The presiding judge of the juvenile court may assign juvenile probation officers to participate in a law-related education program in any school district in the county. The cost of juvenile probation officers who participate in the program implemented pursuant to this paragraph shall be funded by the school district.

21 35. Offer to sell outdated learning materials, educational equipment 22 or furnishings at a posted price commensurate with the value of the items 23 to pupils who are currently enrolled in that school district before those 24 materials are offered for public sale.

25 36. If the school district is a small school district as defined in 26 section 15-901, and if permitted by federal law, opt out of federal grant 27 opportunities if the governing board determines that the federal 28 requirements impose unduly burdensome reporting requirements.

37. Prescribe and enforce policies and procedures for the emergency administration of inhalers by trained employees OR AGENTS of the school district and nurses who are under contract with the school district pursuant to section 15-158. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "AGENT" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT AND WHO IS TRAINED IN ADMINISTERING A BRONCHODILATOR TO A PERSON IN RESPIRATORY DISTRESS.

36 38. Develop policies and procedures to allow principals to budget 37 for or assist with budgeting federal, state and local monies.

38 Sec. 4. Section 36-2229, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 39 read:

40 41 36-2229. <u>Emergency administration of inhalers: authorized</u> <u>entities; training; immunity; definitions</u>

A. A physician who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or a nurse practitioner who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter may prescribe inhalers and spacers or holding chambers in the name of an authorized entity for use in accordance with this section, and pharmacists may dispense inhalers and spacers or holding chambers pursuant a prescription issued in the name of an authorized entity. A prescription issued pursuant to this section is valid for two years.

4 B. An authorized entity may acquire and stock a supply of inhalers 5 and spacers or holding chambers pursuant to a prescription issued in 6 accordance with this section. The inhalers shall be stored in a location 7 that is readily accessible in an emergency and in accordance with the 8 inhaler's instructions for use. An authorized entity shall designate 9 employees or agents who have completed the training required by subsection 10 D of this section to be responsible for the storage, maintenance, control 11 and general oversight of the inhalers and spacers or holding chambers 12 acquired by the authorized entity.

C. If an employee or agent of an authorized entity or another 13 14 individual who has completed the training required by subsection D of this section believes in good faith that an individual is experiencing 15 16 respiratory distress, the employee, agent or other individual may provide 17 and administer an inhaler to that individual or may provide an inhaler to 18 the parent, guardian or caregiver of that individual, for immediate 19 administration, regardless of whether the individual who is believed to be 20 experiencing respiratory distress has a prescription for an inhaler and 21 spacer or holding chamber or has previously been diagnosed with a 22 condition requiring an inhaler.

D. An employee, agent or other individual described in subsection B or C of this section shall complete initial training for the use of inhalers and, at least every two years thereafter, shall complete subsequent training. The training shall be conducted by a nationally recognized organization that is experienced in training laypersons in emergency health treatment. Training may be conducted online or in person and, at a minimum, shall cover:

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1. How to recognize signs and symptoms of respiratory distress.

31 2. Standards and procedures for the storage and administration of 32 an inhaler.

3. Emergency follow-up procedures after the administration of an
 inhaler.

E. The organization that conducts the training required by subsection D of this section shall issue a certificate to each person who successfully completes the training.

38 F. The administration of an inhaler pursuant to this section is not 39 the practice of medicine or any other profession that otherwise requires 40 licensure.

G. Physicians licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17 and nurse practitioners licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 15 who prescribe an inhaler and spacer or holding chamber in the name of an authorized entity, authorized entities and employees and agents of authorized entities that provide or administer inhalers and organizations 1 that provide training pursuant to subsection D of this section are immune 2 from civil liability with respect to all decisions made and actions or 3 omissions taken that are based on good faith implementation of the 4 requirements of this section, except in cases of gross negligence, wilful 5 misconduct or intentional wrongdoing.

6 H. The immunity from civil liability provided in subsection G of 7 this section does not affect a manufacturer's product liability regarding 8 the design, manufacturing or instructions for use of an inhaler and spacer 9 or holding chamber.

I. An authorized entity may accept monetary donations to purchase inhalers and spacers or holding chambers and may accept donations of inhalers and spacers or holding chambers directly from the product manufacturer.

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J. For the purposes of this section:

1. "AGENT" MEANS A PERSON WHO IS AUTHORIZED TO ACT ON BEHALF OF THE
 AUTHORIZED ENTITY AND WHO IS TRAINED IN ADMINISTERING A BRONCHODILATOR TO
 A PERSON IN RESPIRATORY DISTRESS.

18 1. 2. "Authorized entity" means any entity or organization in 19 connection with or at which allergens capable of causing respiratory 20 distress symptoms may be present, including recreation camps, day care 21 facilities, PRIVATE SCHOOLS, PRESCHOOLS, youth sports leagues, amusement 22 parks, restaurants and sports arenas.

23 2. 3. "Bronchodilator" means albuterol or another short-acting
 24 bronchodilator that is approved by the United States food and drug
 25 administration for the treatment of respiratory distress.

26 3. 4. "Inhaler" means a device that delivers a bronchodilator to 27 alleviate symptoms of respiratory distress, that is manufactured in the 28 form of a metered-dose inhaler or dry-powder inhaler and that includes a 29 spacer or holding chamber that attaches to the inhaler to improve the 30 delivery of the bronchodilator.

31 4. 5. "Respiratory distress" includes the perceived or actual
 32 presence of coughing, wheezing or shortness of breath.