REFERENCE TITLE: abortion; authorized providers; waiting period

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2022

SB 1646

Introduced by

Senators Terán: Alston, Contreras, Gabaldon, Gonzales, Hatathlie, Otondo, Quezada, Rios, Stahl Hamilton, Steele; Representatives Hernandez M, Solorio

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1606, 32-2501, 32-2531, 32-2532, 32-2534, 36-449.01, 36-449.03, 36-2152, 36-2153, 36-2155, 36-2156, 36-2158, 36-2161 AND 36-2162.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 36-3604, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO ABORTION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 32-1606, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 32-1606. Powers and duties of board 5 A. The board may: 6 1. Adopt and revise rules necessary to carry into effect this 7 chapter. 8 Publish advisory opinions regarding registered and practical 2. 9 nursing practice and nursing education. 3. Issue limited licenses or certificates if it determines that an 10 11 applicant or licensee cannot function safely in a specific setting or within the full scope of practice. 12 13 4. Refer criminal violations of this chapter to the appropriate law 14 enforcement agency. 5. Establish a confidential program for monitoring licensees who 15 16 are chemically dependent and who enroll in rehabilitation programs that 17 meet the criteria established by the board. The board may take further 18 action if the licensee refuses to enter into a stipulated agreement or fails to comply with its terms. In order to protect the public health and 19 20 safety, the confidentiality requirements of this paragraph do not apply if 21 the licensee does not comply with the stipulated agreement. 22 6. On the applicant's or regulated party's request, establish a 23 payment schedule with the applicant or regulated party. 24 7. Provide education regarding board functions. 8. Collect or assist in collecting workforce data. 25 26 9. Adopt rules to conduct pilot programs consistent with public safety for innovative applications in nursing practice, education and 27 28 regulation. 29 10. Grant retirement status on request to retired nurses who are or 30 were licensed under this chapter, who have no open complaint or 31 investigation pending against them and who are not subject to discipline. 11. Accept and spend federal monies and private grants, gifts, 32 33 contributions and devises to assist in carrying out the purposes of this 34 chapter. These monies do not revert to the state general fund at the end 35 of the fiscal year. 36 B. The board shall: Approve regulated training and educational programs that meet 37 1. 38 the requirements of this chapter and rules adopted by the board. 39 2. By rule, establish approval and reapproval processes for nursing 40 and nursing assistant training programs that meet the requirements of this 41 chapter and board rules. 3. Prepare and maintain a list of approved nursing programs to 42 43 prepare registered NURSES and practical nurses whose graduates are eligible for licensing under this chapter as registered nurses or as 44

1 practical nurses if they satisfy the other requirements of this chapter 2 and board rules. 3 4. Examine qualified registered NURSE and practical nurse 4 applicants. 5 5. License and renew the licenses of qualified registered NURSE and 6 practical nurse applicants and licensed nursing assistants who are not 7 qualified to be licensed by the executive director. 8 6. Adopt a seal, which the executive director shall keep. 9 7. Keep a record of all proceedings. 8. For proper cause, deny or rescind approval of a regulated 10 11 training or educational program for failure to comply with this chapter or 12 the rules of the board. 13 9. Adopt rules to approve credential evaluation services that evaluate the qualifications of applicants who graduated from 14 an 15 international nursing program. 16 10. Determine and administer appropriate disciplinary action 17 against all regulated parties who are found guilty of violating this 18 chapter or rules adopted by the board. 19 11. Perform functions necessary to carry out the requirements of 20 THE nursing assistant and nurse aide training and competency evaluation 21 program as set forth in the omnibus budget reconciliation act of 1987 22 (P.L. 100-203; 101 Stat. 1330), as amended by the medicare catastrophic coverage act of 1988 (P.L. 100-360; 102 Stat. 683). These functions shall 23 24 include: 25 (a) Testing and registering certified nursing assistants. 26 (b) Testing and licensing licensed nursing assistants. 27 (c) Maintaining a list of board-approved training programs. (d) Maintaining a registry of nursing assistants for all certified 28 29 nursing assistants and licensed nursing assistants. 30 (e) Assessing fees. 31 12. Adopt rules establishing those acts that may be performed by a 32 registered nurse practitioner or certified nurse midwife, except that the 33 board does not have authority to decide scope of practice relating to 34 abortion as defined in section 36-2151. 35 13. Adopt rules that prohibit registered nurse practitioners, 36 clinical nurse specialists or certified nurse midwives from dispensing a 37 schedule II controlled substance that is an opioid, except for an implantable device or an opioid that is for medication-assisted treatment 38 39 for substance use disorders. 40 14. Adopt rules establishing educational requirements to certify 41 school nurses. 15. Publish copies of board rules and distribute these copies on 42 43 request. 16. Require each applicant for initial licensure or certification 44 45 to submit a full set of fingerprints to the board for the purpose of

obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section
41-1750 and Public Law 92-544. The department of public safety may
exchange this fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.

4 17. Except for a licensee who has been convicted of a felony that 5 has been designated a misdemeanor pursuant to section 13-604, revoke a 6 license of a person, revoke the multistate licensure privilege of a person 7 pursuant to section 32-1669 or not issue a license or renewal to an 8 applicant who has one or more felony convictions and who has not received 9 an absolute discharge from the sentences for all felony convictions three 10 or more years before the date of filing an application pursuant to this 11 chapter.

12 18. Establish standards to approve and reapprove REGISTERED nurse 13 practitioner and clinical nurse specialist programs and provide for 14 surveys of REGISTERED nurse practitioner and clinical nurse specialist 15 programs as it deems necessary.

16 19. Provide the licensing authorities of health care institutions, 17 facilities and homes with any information the board receives regarding 18 practices that place a patient's health at risk.

19 20. Limit the multistate licensure privilege of any person who 20 holds or applies for a license in this state pursuant to section 32–1668.

21 21. Adopt rules to establish competency standards for obtaining and 22 maintaining a license.

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22. Adopt rules to qualify and certify clinical nurse specialists.

24 23. Adopt rules to approve and reapprove refresher courses for 25 nurses who are not currently practicing.

26 24. Maintain a list of approved medication assistant training 27 programs.

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25. Test and certify medication assistants.

29 26. Maintain a registry and disciplinary record of medication 30 assistants who are certified pursuant to this chapter.

27. Adopt rules to establish the requirements for a clinical nurse specialist to prescribe and dispense drugs and devices consistent with section 32-1651 and within the clinical nurse specialist's population or disease focus.

35 C. The board may conduct an investigation on receipt of information 36 that indicates that a person or regulated party may have violated this 37 chapter or a rule adopted pursuant to this chapter. Following the 38 investigation, the board may take disciplinary action pursuant to this 39 chapter.

40 D. The board may limit, revoke or suspend the privilege of a nurse 41 to practice in this state granted pursuant to section 32-1668.

42 E. Failure to comply with any final order of the board, including 43 an order of censure or probation, is cause for suspension or revocation of 44 a license or a certificate.

1 F. The president or a member of the board designated by the 2 president may administer oaths in transacting the business of the board. 3 Sec. 2. Section 32-2501, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 4 read: 5 32-2501. Definitions 6 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires: 7 "Active license" means a regular license issued pursuant to this 1. 8 chapter. 9 "Adequate records" means legible medical records containing, at 2. a minimum, sufficient information to identify the patient, support the 10 11 diagnosis, justify the treatment, accurately document the results, indicate advice and cautionary warnings provided to the patient and 12 13 provide sufficient information for another practitioner to assume continuity of the patient's care at any point in the course of treatment. 14 15 3. "Advisory letter" means a nondisciplinary letter to notify a 16 physician assistant that either: 17 (a) While there is insufficient evidence to support disciplinary 18 action, the board believes that continuation of the activities that led to 19 the investigation may result in further board action against the licensee. 20 (b) The violation is a minor or technical violation that is not of 21 sufficient merit to warrant disciplinary action. 22 (c) While the licensee has demonstrated substantial compliance through rehabilitation or remediation that has mitigated the need for 23 24 disciplinary action, the board believes that repetition of the activities 25 that led to the investigation may result in further board action against 26 the licensee. 27 4. "Approved program" means a physician assistant educational program accredited by the accreditation review commission on education for 28 29 physician assistants, or one of its predecessor agencies, the committee on 30 allied health education and accreditation or the commission on the 31 accreditation of allied health educational programs. 32 5. "Board" means the Arizona regulatory board of physician assistants. 33 34 6. "Completed application" means an application for which the applicant has supplied all required fees, information and correspondence 35 36 requested by the board on forms and in a manner acceptable to the board. 7. "Immediate family" means the spouse, natural or 37 adopted 38 children, father, mother, brothers and sisters of the physician assistant and the natural or adopted children, father, mother, brothers and sisters 39 40 of the physician assistant's spouse. 41 8. "Letter of reprimand" means a disciplinary letter that is issued by the board and that informs the physician assistant that the physician 42 43 assistant's conduct violates state or federal law and may require the 44 board to monitor the physician assistant.

9. "Limit" means a nondisciplinary action that is taken by the board and that alters a physician assistant's practice or medical activities if there is evidence that the physician assistant is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in health care tasks.

5 10. "Medically incompetent" means that a physician assistant lacks 6 sufficient medical knowledge or skills, or both, in performing delegated 7 health care tasks to a degree likely to endanger the health or safety of 8 patients.

9 11. "Minor surgery" means those invasive procedures that may be 10 delegated to a physician assistant by a supervising physician, that are 11 consistent with the training and experience of the physician assistant, 12 that are normally taught in courses of training approved by the board and 13 that have been approved by the board as falling within a scope of practice 14 of a physician assistant. Minor surgery does not include a surgical 15 abortion.

16 12. "Physician" means a physician who is licensed pursuant to 17 chapter 13 or 17 of this title.

18 13. "Physician assistant" means a person who is licensed pursuant 19 to this chapter and who practices medicine with physician supervision.

20 14. "Regular license" means a valid and existing license that is 21 issued pursuant to section 32-2521 to perform health care tasks.

15. "Restrict" means a disciplinary action that is taken by the board and that alters a physician assistant's practice or medical activities if there is evidence that the physician assistant is or may be medically incompetent or guilty of unprofessional conduct.

16. "Supervising physician" means a physician who holds a current unrestricted license, who supervises a physician assistant and who assumes legal responsibility for health care tasks performed by the physician assistant.

30 17. "Supervision" means a physician's opportunity or ability to 31 provide or exercise direction and control over the services of a physician 32 assistant. Supervision does not require a physician's constant physical 33 presence if the supervising physician is or can be easily in contact with 34 the physician assistant by telecommunication.

35 18. "Unprofessional conduct" includes the following acts by a 36 physician assistant that occur in this state or elsewhere:

37 (a) Violating any federal or state law or rule that applies to the
 38 performance of health care tasks as a physician assistant. Conviction in
 39 any court of competent jurisdiction is conclusive evidence of a violation.

40 (b) Claiming to be a physician or knowingly permitting ALLOWING 41 another person to represent that person as a physician.

42 (c) Performing health care tasks that have not been delegated by 43 the supervising physician.

44 (d) Exhibiting a pattern of using or being under the influence of 45 alcohol or drugs or a similar substance while performing health care tasks 1 or to the extent that judgment may be impaired and the ability to perform 2 health care tasks detrimentally affected.

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(e) Signing a blank, undated or predated prescription form.

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(f) Committing gross malpractice, repeated malpractice or any 5 malpractice resulting in the death of a patient.

6 (g) Representing that a manifestly incurable disease or infirmity 7 can be permanently cured or that a disease, ailment or infirmity can be 8 cured by a secret method, procedure, treatment, medicine or device, if 9 this is not true.

(h) Refusing to divulge to the board on demand the means, method, 10 11 procedure, modality of treatment or medicine used in the treatment of a disease, injury, ailment or infirmity. 12

13 (i) Prescribing or dispensing controlled substances or prescription-only drugs for which the physician assistant is not approved 14 or in excess of the amount authorized pursuant to this chapter. 15

16 (j) Committing any conduct or practice that is or might be harmful 17 or dangerous to the health of a patient or the public.

18 (k) Violating a formal order, probation or stipulation issued by 19 the board.

20 (1) Failing to clearly disclose the person's identity as a 21 physician assistant in the course of the physician assistant's employment.

22 (m) Failing to use and affix the initials "P.A." or "P.A.-C." after 23 the physician assistant's name or signature on charts, prescriptions or 24 professional correspondence.

(n) Procuring or attempting to procure a physician assistant 25 26 license by fraud, misrepresentation or knowingly taking advantage of the 27 mistake of another.

28 (o) Having professional connection with or lending the physician 29 assistant's name to an illegal practitioner of any of the healing arts.

30 (p) Failing or refusing to maintain adequate records on FOR a 31 patient.

32 (g) Using controlled substances that have not been prescribed by a 33 physician, physician assistant, dentist or nurse practitioner for use 34 during a prescribed course of treatment.

35 (r) Prescribing or dispensing controlled substances to members of 36 the physician assistant's immediate family.

37 (s) Prescribing, dispensing or administering any controlled substance or prescription-only drug for other than accepted therapeutic 38 39 purposes.

40 (t) Dispensing a schedule II controlled substance that is an 41 opioid, except as provided in section 32-2532.

42 (u) Knowingly making any written or oral false or fraudulent 43 statement in connection with the performance of health care tasks or when 44 applying for privileges or renewing an application for privileges at a 45 health care institution.

1 (v) Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude, 2 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude. In either case, conviction by 3 a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea of no contest is conclusive 4 evidence of the commission.

5 (w) Having a certification or license refused, revoked, suspended, 6 limited or restricted by any other licensing jurisdiction for the 7 inability to safely and skillfully perform health care tasks or for 8 unprofessional conduct as defined by that jurisdiction that directly or 9 indirectly corresponds to any act of unprofessional conduct as prescribed 10 by this paragraph.

11 (x) Having sanctions including restriction, suspension or removal 12 from practice imposed by an agency of the federal government.

13 (y) Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or 14 assisting in or abetting the violation of or conspiring to violate a 15 provision of this chapter.

16 (z) Using the term "doctor" or the abbreviation "Dr." on a name tag 17 or in a way that leads the public to believe that the physician assistant 18 is licensed to practice as an allopathic or an osteopathic physician in 19 this state.

20 (aa) Failing to furnish legally requested information to the board 21 or its investigator in a timely manner.

(bb) Failing to allow properly authorized board personnel to
 examine on demand documents, reports and records of any kind relating to
 the physician assistant's performance of health care tasks.

25 (cc) Knowingly making a false or misleading statement on a form 26 required by the board or in written correspondence or attachments 27 furnished to the board.

(dd) Failing to submit to a body fluid examination and other
 examinations known to detect the presence of alcohol or other drugs
 pursuant to an agreement with the board or an order of the board.

31 (ee) Violating a formal order, probation agreement or stipulation
 32 issued or entered into by the board or its executive director.

33 (ff) Except as otherwise required by law, intentionally betraying a 34 professional secret or intentionally violating a privileged 35 communication.

36 (gg) Allowing the use of the licensee's name in any way to enhance 37 or permit ALLOW the continuance of the activities of, or maintaining a 38 professional connection with, an illegal practitioner of medicine or the 39 performance of health care tasks by a person who is not licensed pursuant 40 to this chapter.

(hh) Committing false, fraudulent, deceptive or misleading
advertising by a physician assistant or the physician assistant's staff or
representative.

44 (ii) Knowingly failing to disclose to a patient on a form that is 45 prescribed by the board and that is dated and signed by the patient or 1 guardian acknowledging that the patient or guardian has read and 2 understands that the licensee has a direct financial interest in a 3 separate diagnostic or treatment agency or in nonroutine goods or services 4 that the patient is being prescribed and if the prescribed treatment, 5 goods or services are available on a competitive basis. This subdivision 6 does not apply to a referral by one physician assistant to another 7 physician assistant or to a doctor of medicine or a doctor of osteopathic 8 medicine within a group working together.

9 (jj) With the exception of heavy metal poisoning, using chelation 10 therapy in the treatment of arteriosclerosis or as any other form of 11 therapy without adequate informed patient consent or without conforming to 12 generally accepted experimental criteria, including protocols, detailed 13 records, periodic analysis of results and periodic review by a medical 14 peer review committee, or without approval by the United States food and 15 drug administration or its successor agency.

(kk) Prescribing, dispensing or administering anabolic or
 androgenic steroids for other than therapeutic purposes.

(11) Prescribing, dispensing or furnishing a prescription medication or a prescription-only device as defined in section 32-1901 to a person unless the licensee first conducts a physical examination of that person or has previously established a professional relationship with the person. This subdivision does not apply to:

23 (i) A physician assistant who provides temporary patient care on 24 behalf of the patient's regular treating licensed health care 25 professional.

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(ii) Emergency medical situations as defined in section 41–1831.

27 (iii) Prescriptions written to prepare a patient for a medical 28 examination.

(iv) Prescriptions written or antimicrobials dispensed to a contact as defined in section 36-661 who is believed to have had significant exposure risk as defined in section 36-661 with another person who has been diagnosed with a communicable disease as defined in section 36-661 by the prescribing or dispensing physician assistant.

(mm) Engaging in sexual conduct with a current patient or with a former patient within six months after the last medical consultation unless the patient was the licensee's spouse at the time of the contact or, immediately preceding the professional relationship, was in a dating or engagement relationship with the licensee. For the purposes of this subdivision, "sexual conduct" includes:

40 (i) Engaging in or soliciting sexual relationships, whether 41 consensual or nonconsensual.

42 (ii) Making sexual advances, requesting sexual favors or engaging 43 in other verbal conduct or physical contact of a sexual nature with a 44 patient. (iii) Intentionally viewing a completely or partially disrobed
 patient in the course of treatment if the viewing is not related to
 patient diagnosis or treatment under current practice standards.
 (nn) Performing health care tasks under a false or assumed name in

5 this state.
6 Sec. 3. Section 32-2531, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 7 read:

8 9 32-2531. <u>Physician assistant scope of practice; health care</u> <u>tasks; supervising physician duties; civil penalty</u>

10 A. A supervising physician may delegate health care tasks to a 11 physician assistant.

12 B. A physician assistant shall not perform surgical abortions as 13 defined in section 36-2151.

14 C. B. The physician assistant may perform those duties and 15 responsibilities, including the ordering, prescribing, dispensing and 16 administration of ADMINISTERING drugs and medical devices, that are 17 delegated by the supervising physician.

18 D. C. The physician assistant may provide any medical service that 19 is delegated by the supervising physician if the service is within the 20 physician assistant's skills, is within the physician's scope of practice 21 and is supervised by the physician.

22 E. D. The physician assistant may pronounce death and, if 23 delegated, may authenticate by the physician assistant's signature any 24 form that may be authenticated by a physician's signature.

F. E. The physician assistant is the agent of the physician
 assistant's supervising physician in the performance of PERFORMING all
 practice related activities, including the ordering of diagnostic,
 therapeutic and other medical services.

29 G. F. The physician assistant may perform health care tasks in any 30 setting authorized by the supervising physician, including physician 31 offices, clinics, hospitals, ambulatory surgical centers, patient homes, 32 nursing homes and other health care institutions. These tasks may 33 include:

34 1. Obtaining patient histories.

35 2. Performing physical examinations.

36 3. Ordering and performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.

37 4. Formulating a diagnostic impression.

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5. Developing and implementing a treatment plan.

39 6. Monitoring the effectiveness of therapeutic interventions.

40 7. Assisting in surgery.

41 8. Offering counseling and education to meet patient needs.

42 9. Making appropriate referrals.

43 10. Prescribing schedule IV or V controlled substances as defined 44 in the federal controlled substances act of 1970 (P.L. 91-513; 84 Stat. 1 1242; 21 United States Code section 802) and prescription-only 2 medications.

3 11. Prescribing schedule II and III controlled substances as
4 defined in the federal controlled substances act of 1970.

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12. Performing minor surgery as defined in section 32-2501.

6 13. Performing other nonsurgical health care tasks that are 7 normally taught in courses of training approved by the board, that are 8 consistent with the training and experience of the physician assistant and 9 that have been properly delegated by the supervising physician.

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H. G. The supervising physician shall:

Meet the requirements established by the board for supervising a
 physician assistant.

Accept responsibility for all tasks and duties the physician
 delegates to a physician assistant.

15 3. Notify the board and the physician assistant in writing if the 16 physician assistant exceeds the scope of the delegated health care tasks.

17 4. Maintain a written agreement with the physician assistant. The 18 agreement must state that the physician will exercise supervision over the physician assistant and retains professional and legal responsibility for 19 20 the care rendered by the physician assistant. The agreement must be 21 signed by the supervising physician and the physician assistant and 22 updated annually. The agreement must be kept on file at the practice site 23 and made available to the board on request. Each year the board shall 24 randomly audit at least five per cent PERCENT of these agreements for 25 compliance.

H. A physician's ability to supervise a physician assistant is
 not affected by restrictions imposed by the board on a physician assistant
 pursuant to disciplinary action taken by the board.

29 J. I. Supervision must be continuous but does not require the personal presence of the physician at the place where health care tasks 30 31 are performed if the physician assistant is in contact with the supervising physician by telecommunication. If the physician assistant 32 33 practices in a location where a supervising physician is not routinely 34 present, the physician assistant must meet in person or by 35 telecommunication with a supervising physician at least once each week to 36 ensure ongoing direction and oversight of the physician assistant's work. 37 The board by order may require the personal presence of a supervising physician when designated health care tasks are performed. 38

39 K. J. At all times while a physician assistant is on duty, the 40 physician assistant shall wear a name tag with the designation "physician 41 assistant" on it.

42 t. K. The board by rule may prescribe a civil penalty for a 43 violation of this article. The penalty shall not exceed fifty dollars \$50 44 for each violation. The board shall deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 45 and 35-147, all monies it receives from this penalty in the state general fund. A physician assistant and the supervising physician may contest the imposition of this penalty pursuant to board rule. The imposition of a civil penalty is public information, and the board may use this information in any future disciplinary actions.

5 Sec. 4. Section 32-2532, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 6 read:

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32-2532. <u>Prescribing, administering and dispensing drugs;</u> <u>limits and requirements; notice</u>

9 A. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, a physician 10 assistant shall not prescribe, dispense or administer:

11 1. A schedule II or schedule III controlled substance as defined in 12 the federal controlled substances act of 1970 (P.L. 91-513; 84 Stat. 1242; 13 21 United States Code section 802) without delegation by the supervising 14 physician, board approval and United States drug enforcement 15 administration registration.

16 2. A schedule IV or schedule V controlled substance as defined in 17 the federal controlled substances act of 1970 without United States drug 18 enforcement administration registration and delegation by the supervising 19 physician.

20 3. Prescription-only medication without delegation by the 21 supervising physician.

22 4. Prescription medication intended to perform or induce an 23 abortion.

B. All prescription orders issued by a physician assistant shall contain the name, address and telephone number of the physician assistant. A physician assistant shall issue prescription orders for controlled substances under the physician assistant's own United States drug enforcement administration registration number.

29 C. If certified for prescription privileges pursuant to section 32-2504, subsection A, initial prescriptions for schedule II controlled 30 31 substances that are opioids are subject to the limits prescribed in sections 32-3248 and 32-3248.01 if the physician assistant has been 32 33 delegated to prescribe schedule II controlled substances by the supervising physician pursuant to this section. For each schedule IV or 34 35 schedule V controlled substance, the physician assistant may not prescribe 36 the controlled substance more than five times in a six-month period for 37 each patient.

D. A prescription for a schedule III controlled substance that is an opioid or benzodiazepine is not refillable without the written consent of the supervising physician.

41 E. Prescription-only drugs shall not be dispensed, prescribed or 42 refillable for a period exceeding one year.

F. Except in an emergency, a physician assistant may dispense schedule II or schedule III controlled substances for a period of use of not to exceed seventy-two hours with board approval or any other 1 controlled substance for a period of use of not to exceed ninety days and 2 may administer controlled substances without board approval if it is 3 medically indicated in an emergency dealing with potential loss of life or 4 limb or major acute traumatic pain. Notwithstanding the authority granted 5 in this subsection, a physician assistant may not dispense a schedule II 6 controlled substance that is an opioid, except for an implantable device 7 or an opioid that is for medication-assisted treatment for substance use 8 disorders.

9 G. Except for samples provided by manufacturers, all drugs 10 dispensed by a physician assistant shall be labeled to show the name of 11 the physician assistant.

H. A physician assistant shall not obtain a drug from any source other than the supervising physician or a pharmacist. A physician assistant may receive manufacturers' samples if delegated to do so by the supervising physician.

16 I. If a physician assistant is approved by the board to prescribe, 17 administer or dispense schedule II and schedule III controlled substances, 18 the physician assistant shall maintain an up-to-date and complete log of 19 all schedule II and schedule III controlled substances the physician 20 assistant administers or dispenses. The board may not grant a physician 21 assistant the authority to dispense schedule II controlled substances that 22 are opioids, except for implantable devices or opioids that are for medication-assisted treatment for substance use disorders. 23

J. The ARIZONA REGULATORY board OF PHYSICIAN ASSISTANTS shall advise the Arizona state board of pharmacy and the United States drug enforcement administration of all physician assistants who are authorized to prescribe or dispense drugs and any modification of their authority.

28 K. The Arizona state board of pharmacy shall notify all pharmacies 29 at least quarterly of physician assistants who are authorized to prescribe 30 or dispense drugs.

31 Sec. 5. Section 32-2534, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 32 read:

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32-2534. Initiation of practice

A physician assistant may not perform health care tasks until the physician assistant has completed and signed a written agreement with a supervising physician pursuant to section 32-2531, subsection H G, paragraph 4.

38 Sec. 6. Section 36-449.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 39 read:

40 41 36-449.01. Definitions

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Abortion" means the use of any means with the intent to terminate a woman's pregnancy for reasons other than to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after a live birth, to terminate an ectopic pregnancy or to remove a dead

1 fetus. Abortion does not include birth control devices or oral 2 contraceptives. 3 2. "Abortion clinic" means a facility, other than a hospital, in 4 which five or more first trimester abortions in any month or any second or 5 third trimester abortions are performed. 6 3. "Bodily remains" has the same meaning prescribed in section 7 36-2151. 8 "Director" means the director of the department of health 4. 9 services. 4. "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" MEANS A PHYSICIAN WHO IS LICENSED 10 11 PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 13 OR 17, A PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT WHO IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 25 OR A NURSE PRACTITIONER WHO IS 12 13 LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 15. 14 5. "Final disposition" has the same meaning prescribed in section 36-301. 15 16 6. "Medication abortion" means the use of any medication, drug or 17 other substance that is intended to cause or induce an abortion. 18 7. "Perform" includes the initial administration of any medication. 19 drug or other substance intended to cause or induce an abortion. 20 8. "Surgical abortion" has the same meaning prescribed in section 21 36-2151. 22 9. "Viable fetus" has the same meaning prescribed in section 23 36-2301.01. 24 Sec. 7. Section 36-449.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 25 read: 26 36-449.03. Abortion clinics; rules; civil penalties 27 A. The director shall adopt rules for an abortion clinic's physical facilities. At a minimum these rules shall prescribe standards for: 28 29 1. Adequate private space that is specifically designated for 30 interviewing, counseling and medical evaluations. 31 2. Dressing rooms for staff and patients. 32 3. Appropriate lavatory areas. 4. Areas for preprocedure hand washing. 33 34 5. Private procedure rooms. 6. Adequate lighting and ventilation for abortion procedures. 35 36 7. Surgical or gynecologic examination tables and other fixed 37 equipment. 38 Postprocedure recovery rooms that are supervised, staffed and 8. 39 equipped to meet the patients' needs. 40 9. Emergency exits to accommodate a stretcher or gurney. 41 10. Areas for cleaning and sterilizing instruments. 42 11. Adequate areas to securely store medical records and necessary 43 equipment and supplies.

1 12. The display in the abortion clinic, in a place that is 2 conspicuous to all patients, of the clinic's current license issued by the 3 department.

4 B. The director shall adopt rules to prescribe abortion clinic 5 supplies and equipment standards, including supplies and equipment that 6 are required to be immediately available for use or in an emergency. At a 7 minimum these rules shall:

8 1. Prescribe required equipment and supplies, including 9 medications, required to conduct, in an appropriate fashion, any abortion 10 procedure that the medical staff of the clinic anticipates performing and 11 to monitor the progress of each patient throughout the procedure and 12 recovery period.

13 2. Require that the number or amount of equipment and supplies at 14 the clinic is adequate at all times to ensure sufficient quantities of 15 clean and sterilized durable equipment and supplies to meet the needs of 16 each patient.

17 3. Prescribe required equipment, supplies and medications that 18 shall be available and ready for immediate use in an emergency and 19 requirements for written protocols and procedures to be followed by staff 20 in an emergency, such as the loss of electrical power.

21 4. Prescribe required equipment and supplies for required 22 laboratory tests and requirements for protocols to calibrate and maintain 23 laboratory equipment at the abortion clinic or operated by clinic staff. 24

5. Require ultrasound equipment.

25 Require that all equipment is safe for the patient and the 6. 26 staff, meets applicable federal standards and is checked annually to 27 ensure safety and appropriate calibration.

28 C. The director shall adopt rules relating to abortion clinic 29 personnel. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

30 1. The abortion clinic designate a medical director of the abortion 31 clinic who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13, 17 or 29.

2. Physicians HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS performing abortions are 32 licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17, demonstrate competence in 33 34 the procedure involved and are acceptable to the medical director of the 35 abortion clinic.

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3. A physician is available:

37 (a) For a surgical abortion who has admitting privileges at a health care institution that is classified by the director as a hospital 38 39 pursuant to section 36-405, subsection B and that is within thirty miles 40 of the abortion clinic.

41 (b) For a medication abortion who has admitting privileges at a health care institution that is classified by the director as a hospital 42 43 pursuant to section 36-405, subsection B.

4. If a physician is not present, a registered nurse, nurse 44 45 practitioner, licensed practical nurse or physician assistant is present

1 and remains at the clinic when abortions are performed to provide 2 postoperative monitoring and care, or monitoring and care after inducing a 3 medication abortion, until each patient who had an abortion that day is 4 discharged.

5 5. Surgical assistants receive training in counseling, patient 6 advocacy and the specific responsibilities of the services the surgical 7 assistants provide.

8 6. Volunteers receive training in the specific responsibilities of 9 the services the volunteers provide, including counseling and patient 10 advocacy as provided in the rules adopted by the director for different 11 types of volunteers based on their responsibilities.

D. The director shall adopt rules relating to the medical MEDICALLY screening and evaluation of EVALUATING each abortion clinic patient. At a minimum these rules shall require:

1. A medical history, including the following:

16 (a) Reported allergies to medications, antiseptic solutions or 17 latex.

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(b) Obstetric and gynecologic history.

19 (c) Past surgeries.

20 2. A physical examination, including a bimanual examination 21 estimating uterine size and palpation of the adnexa.

3. The appropriate laboratory tests, including:

23 (a) Urine or blood tests for pregnancy performed before the 24 abortion procedure.

25 (b) A

(b) A test for anemia.

26 (c) Rh typing, unless reliable written documentation of blood type 27 is available.

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(d) Other tests as indicated from the physical examination.

29 4. An ultrasound evaluation for all patients. The rules shall require that if a person who is not a physician performs an ultrasound 30 31 examination, that person shall have documented evidence that the person completed a course in operating ultrasound equipment as prescribed in 32 rule. The physician or other health care professional shall review, at 33 the request of the patient, the ultrasound evaluation results with the 34 35 patient before the abortion procedure is performed, including the probable 36 gestational age of the fetus.

5. That the A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT 37 is responsible for estimating the gestational age of the fetus based on 38 39 the ultrasound examination and obstetric standards in keeping with 40 established standards of care regarding the estimation of fetal age as 41 defined in rule and shall write the estimate in the patient's medical history. The physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT shall 42 43 keep original prints of each ultrasound examination of a patient in the 44 patient's medical history file.

1 E. The director shall adopt rules relating to the abortion 2 procedure. At a minimum these rules shall require:

3 1. That medical personnel is available to all patients throughout 4 the abortion procedure.

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2. Standards for the safe conduct of abortion procedures that 6 conform to obstetric standards in keeping with established standards of 7 care regarding the estimation of fetal age as defined in rule.

8 3. Appropriate use of local anesthesia, analgesia and sedation if 9 ordered by the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT.

10 4. The use of appropriate precautions, such as establishing 11 intravenous access at least for patients undergoing second or third 12 trimester abortions.

13 5. The use of appropriate monitoring of the vital signs and other defined signs and markers of the patient's status throughout the abortion 14 procedure and during the recovery period until the patient's condition is 15 16 deemed to be stable in the recovery room.

17 6. For abortion clinics performing or inducing an abortion for a 18 woman whose unborn child is the gestational age of twenty weeks or more, minimum equipment standards to assist the physician in complying with 19 20 section 36-2301. For the purposes of this paragraph, "abortion" and 21 "gestational age" have the same meanings prescribed in section 36-2151.

22 F. The director shall adopt rules relating to the final disposition 23 of bodily remains. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

24 1. The final disposition of bodily remains from a surgical abortion 25 be by cremation or interment.

26 2. For a surgical abortion, the woman on whom the abortion is performed has the right to determine the method and location for final 27 28 disposition of bodily remains.

29 G. The director shall adopt rules that prescribe minimum recovery room standards. At a minimum these rules shall require that: 30

31 1. For a surgical abortion, immediate postprocedure care, or care 32 provided after inducing a medication abortion, consists of observation in 33 a supervised recovery room for as long as the patient's condition 34 warrants.

2. The clinic arrange hospitalization if any complication beyond 35 36 the management capability of the staff occurs or is suspected.

37 3. A licensed health professional who is trained in managing the 38 recovery area and who is capable of providing basic cardiopulmonary 39 resuscitation and related emergency procedures remains on the premises of the abortion clinic until all patients are discharged. 40

41 4. For a surgical abortion, a physician with admitting privileges at a health care institution that is classified by the director as a 42 43 hospital pursuant to section 36-405, subsection B and that is within 44 thirty miles of the abortion clinic remains on the premises of the 45 abortion clinic until all patients are stable and are ready to leave the

1 recovery room and to facilitate the transfer of emergency cases if 2 hospitalization of the patient or viable fetus is necessary. A physician, 3 NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT shall sign the discharge order 4 and be readily accessible and available until the last patient is 5 discharged.

5. A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT discusses RhO(d) immune globulin with each patient for whom it is indicated and ensures that it is offered to the patient in the immediate postoperative period or that it will be available to her within seventy-two hours after completion of the abortion procedure. If the patient refuses, a refusal form approved by the department shall be signed by the patient and a witness and included in the medical record.

6. Written instructions with regard to postabortion coitus, signs of possible problems and general aftercare are given to each patient. Each patient shall have specific instructions regarding access to medical care for complications, including a telephone number to call for medical emergencies.

18 7. There is a specified minimum length of time that a patient 19 remains in the recovery room by type of abortion procedure and duration of 20 gestation.

8. The physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT ensures that a licensed health professional from the abortion clinic makes a good faith effort to contact the patient by telephone, with the patient's consent, within twenty-four hours after a surgical abortion to assess the patient's recovery.

9. Equipment and services are located in the recovery room to
provide appropriate emergency resuscitative and life support procedures
pending the transfer of the patient or viable fetus to the hospital.

H. The director shall adopt rules that prescribe standards for
 follow-up visits. At a minimum these rules shall require that:

1. For a surgical abortion, a postabortion medical visit is offered and, if requested, scheduled for three weeks after the abortion, including a medical examination and a review of the results of all laboratory tests. For a medication abortion, the rules shall require that a postabortion medical visit is scheduled between one week and three weeks after the initial dose for a medication abortion to confirm the pregnancy is completely terminated and to assess the degree of bleeding.

2. A urine pregnancy test is obtained at the time of the follow-up visit to rule out continuing pregnancy. If a continuing pregnancy is suspected, the patient shall be evaluated and a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who performs abortions shall be consulted.

43 I. The director shall adopt rules to prescribe minimum abortion 44 clinic incident reporting. At a minimum these rules shall require that: 1 1. The abortion clinic records each incident resulting in a 2 patient's or viable fetus' serious injury occurring at an abortion clinic 3 and shall report them in writing to the department within ten days after 4 the incident. For the purposes of this paragraph, "serious injury" means 5 an injury that occurs at an abortion clinic and that creates a serious 6 risk of substantial impairment of a major body organ and includes any 7 injury or condition that requires ambulance transportation of the patient.

8 2. If a patient's death occurs, other than a fetal death properly 9 reported pursuant to law, the abortion clinic reports it to the department 10 not later than the next department work day.

11 3. Incident reports are filed with the department and appropriate 12 professional regulatory boards.

J. The director shall adopt rules relating to enforcement of this article. At a minimum, these rules shall require that:

15 1. For an abortion clinic that is not in substantial compliance 16 with this article and the rules adopted pursuant to this article and 17 section 36-2301 or that is in substantial compliance but refuses to carry 18 out a plan of correction acceptable to the department of any deficiencies 19 that are listed on the department's statement of deficiency, the 20 department may do any of the following:

21 22 (a) Assess a civil penalty pursuant to section 36-431.01.

(b) Impose an intermediate sanction pursuant to section 36-427.

(c) Suspend or revoke a license pursuant to section 36-427.

(d) Deny a license.

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(e) Bring an action for an injunction pursuant to section 36-430.

26 2. In determining the appropriate enforcement action, the 27 department consider the threat to the health, safety and welfare of the 28 abortion clinic's patients or the general public, including:

29 (a) Whether the abortion clinic has repeated violations of statutes30 or rules.

31 (b) Whether the abortion clinic has engaged in a pattern of 32 noncompliance.

(c) The type, severity and number of violations.

34 K. The department shall not release personally identifiable patient 35 or physician HEALTH CARE PROVIDER information.

L. The rules adopted by the director pursuant to this section do not limit the ability of a physician or other health professional to advise a patient on any health issue.

39 Sec. 8. Section 36-2152, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 40 read:

41 36-2152. <u>Parental consent: exceptions: hearings: time limits:</u>
 42 <u>violations; classification; civil relief; statute</u>
 43 <u>of limitations</u>

44 A. In addition to the other requirements of this chapter, a person 45 shall not knowingly perform an abortion on a pregnant unemancipated minor 1 unless the attending physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT 2 has secured the written and notarized consent from one of the minor's 3 parents or the minor's guardian or conservator or unless a judge of the 4 superior court authorizes the physician to perform the abortion pursuant 5 to subsection B of this section. Notwithstanding section 41-319, the 6 notarized statement of parental consent and the description of the 7 document or notarial act recorded in the notary journal are confidential 8 and are not public records.

9 B. A judge of the superior court, on petition or motion, and after an appropriate hearing, shall authorize a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR 10 11 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT to perform the abortion if the judge determines that 12 the pregnant minor is mature and capable of giving informed consent to the 13 proposed abortion. If the judge determines that the pregnant minor is not mature or if the pregnant minor does not claim to be mature, the judge 14 15 shall determine whether the performance of an abortion on her without the 16 consent from one of her parents or her guardian or conservator would be in 17 her best interests and shall authorize a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR 18 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT to perform the abortion without consent if the judge 19 concludes that the pregnant minor's best interests would be served.

20 С. If the pregnant minor claims to be mature at a proceeding held 21 pursuant to subsection B of this section, the minor must prove by clear 22 and convincing evidence that she is sufficiently mature and capable of 23 giving informed consent without consulting her parent or legal guardian 24 based on her experience level, perspective and judgment. In assessing the 25 pregnant minor's experience level, the court may consider, among other 26 relevant factors, the minor's age and experiences working outside the home, living away from home, traveling on her own, handling personal 27 28 finances and making other significant decisions. In assessing the 29 pregnant minor's perspective, the court may consider, among other relevant factors, what steps the minor took to explore her options and the extent 30 31 to which she considered and weighed the potential consequences of each 32 option. In assessing the pregnant minor's judgment, the court may consider, among other relevant factors, the minor's conduct since learning 33 34 of her pregnancy and her intellectual ability to understand her options 35 and to make an informed decision.

D. The pregnant minor may participate in the court proceedings on her own behalf. The court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for her. The court shall advise her that she has the right to court-appointed counsel and, on her request, shall provide her with counsel unless she appears through private counsel or she knowingly and intelligently waives her right to counsel.

42 E. Proceedings in the court under this section are confidential and 43 have precedence over other pending matters. Members of the public shall 44 not inspect, obtain copies of or otherwise have access to records of court 45 proceedings under this section unless authorized by law. A judge who 1 conducts proceedings under this section shall make in writing specific 2 factual findings and legal conclusions supporting the decision and shall 3 order a confidential record of the evidence to be maintained, including 4 the judge's own findings and conclusions. The minor may file the petition 5 using a fictitious name. For the purposes of this subsection, public does 6 not include judges, clerks, administrators, professionals or other persons 7 employed by or working under the supervision of the court or employees of 8 other public agencies who are authorized by state or federal rule or law 9 to inspect and copy closed court records.

F. The court shall hold the hearing and shall issue a ruling within forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition is filed. If the court fails to issue a ruling within this time period, the petition is deemed to have been granted and the consent requirement is waived.

G. An expedited confidential appeal is available to a pregnant minor for whom the court denies an order authorizing an abortion without parental consent. The appellate court shall hold the hearing and issue a ruling within forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and holidays, after the petition for appellate review is filed. Filing fees are not required of the pregnant minor at either the trial or the appellate level.

21 H. Parental consent or judicial authorization is not required under 22 this section if either:

23 1. The pregnant minor certifies to the attending physician, NURSE 24 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT that the pregnancy resulted from sexual conduct with \overline{a} THE minor by the minor's parent, stepparent, uncle, 25 26 grandparent, sibling, adoptive parent, legal guardian or foster parent or 27 by a person who lives in the same household with the minor and the minor's mother. The physician HEALTH CARE PROVIDER performing the abortion shall 28 29 report the sexual conduct with a THE minor to the proper law enforcement officials pursuant to section 13-3620 and shall preserve and forward a 30 31 sample of the fetal tissue to these officials for use in a criminal 32 investigation.

2. The attending physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT certifies in the pregnant minor's medical record that, on the basis of the physician's HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S good faith clinical judgment, the pregnant minor has a condition that so complicates her medical condition as to necessitate the immediate abortion of her pregnancy to avert her death or for which a delay will create serious risk of substantial and irreversible impairment of major bodily function.

I. A person who performs an abortion in violation of this section is guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor. A person who intentionally causes, aids or assists a minor in obtaining an abortion in violation of this section is guilty of a class 1 misdemeanor. A person is not subject to any liability under this section if the person establishes by written evidence that the person relied on evidence sufficient to convince a 1 careful and prudent person that the representations of the pregnant minor 2 regarding information necessary to comply with this section are true.

3 J. In addition to other remedies available under the common or 4 statutory law of this state, one or both of the minor's parents or the 5 minor's guardian may bring a civil action in the superior court in the 6 county in which the parents or the guardian resides to obtain appropriate 7 relief for a violation of this section, unless the pregnancy resulted from 8 the criminal conduct of the parent or guardian. The civil action may be 9 based on a claim that failure to obtain consent was a result of simple negligence, gross negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any 10 11 other legal standard of care. The civil action may be brought against the 12 person who performs the abortion in violation of this section and any 13 person who causes, aids or assists a minor to obtain an abortion without 14 meeting the requirements of this section. Relief pursuant to this 15 subsection includes the following:

16 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical 17 injuries that result from the violation of this section.

18 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to \$5,000 or three times19 the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

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3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

21 K. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be 22 initiated within six years after the violation occurred.

23 L. The consent required by this section must be obtained on a form 24 prescribed by the department of health services. At a minimum, the form 25 must:

List the possible medical risks that may occur with any
 surgical, medical or diagnostic procedure, including the potential for
 infection, blood clots, hemorrhage, allergic reactions and death.

29 2. List the possible medical risks that may occur with a surgical 30 abortion, including hemorrhage, uterine perforation, sterility, injury to 31 the bowel or bladder, a possible hysterectomy as a result of a 32 complication or injury during the procedure and failure to remove the 33 unborn child that may result in an additional procedure.

34 3. List the possible medical risks that may occur with a medication 35 abortion, including hemorrhage, infection, failure to remove the unborn 36 child that may result in an additional procedure, sterility and the 37 possible continuation of the pregnancy.

38 4. Require the pregnant minor's and the pregnant minor's parent's
 39 initials on each page of the form and a full signature on the final page
 40 of the form.

41 5. Include a space for the notary's signature and seal on the final 42 page of the form.

43 M. The physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT must 44 maintain the form in the pregnant minor's records for seven years after

1 the date of the procedure or five years after the date of the minor's 2 maturity, whichever is longer. 3 Sec. 9. Section 36-2153, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 4 read: 5 36-2153. Informed consent; requirements; information; 6 website; signage; violation; civil relief; statute 7 of limitations 8 An abortion shall not be performed or induced without the Α. 9 voluntary and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed or induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency and in 10 11 addition to the other requirements of this chapter, consent to an abortion 12 is voluntary and informed only if all of the following are true: 13 1. At least twenty-four hours Before the abortion, the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who is to perform the abortion 14 15 or the referring physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT has 16 informed the woman, orally and in person, of: 17 (a) The name of the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 18 ASSISTANT who will perform the abortion. 19 (b) The nature of the proposed procedure or treatment. 20 (c) The immediate and long-term medical risks associated with the 21 procedure that a reasonable patient would consider material to the 22 decision of whether or not to undergo the abortion. 23 (d) Alternatives to the procedure or treatment that a reasonable 24 patient would consider material to the decision of whether or not to 25 undergo the abortion. 26 (e) The probable gestational age of the unborn child at the time 27 the abortion is to be performed. 28 (f) The probable anatomical and physiological characteristics of 29 the unborn child at the time the abortion is to be performed. 30 (g) The medical risks associated with carrying the child to term. 31 2. At least twenty-four hours Before the abortion, the physician, 32 NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who is to perform the abortion, 33 the referring physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT or a 34 qualified physician, physician assistant, nurse, psychologist or licensed 35 behavioral health professional to whom the responsibility has been 36 delegated by either physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT 37 has informed the woman, orally and in person, that: 38 (a) Medical assistance benefits may be available for prenatal care, 39 childbirth and neonatal care. (b) The father of the unborn child is liable to assist in the 40 41 support of the child, even if he has offered to pay for the abortion. Ιn 42 the case of rape or incest, this information may be omitted. 43 (c) Public and private agencies and services are available to assist the woman during her pregnancy and after the birth of her child if 44

1 she chooses not to have an abortion, whether she chooses to keep the child 2 or place the child for adoption.

3 (d) It is unlawful for any person to coerce a woman to undergo an 4 abortion.

5 (e) The woman is free to withhold or withdraw her consent to the 6 abortion at any time without affecting her right to future care or 7 treatment and without the loss of any state or federally funded benefits 8 to which she might otherwise be entitled.

9 (f) The department of health services maintains a website that 10 describes the unborn child and lists the agencies that offer alternatives 11 to abortion.

12 (g) The woman has the right to review the website and that a 13 printed copy of the materials on the website will be provided to her free 14 of charge if she chooses to review these materials.

15 (h) In the case of a surgical abortion, the woman has the right to 16 determine final disposition of bodily remains and to be informed of the 17 available options for locations and methods for disposition of bodily 18 remains.

19 3. The information in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection is 20 provided to the woman individually and in a private room to protect her 21 privacy and to ensure that the information focuses on her individual 22 circumstances and that she has adequate opportunity to ask questions.

23 4. The woman certifies in writing before the abortion that the 24 information required to be provided pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this 25 subsection has been provided.

5. In the case of a surgical abortion, if the woman desires to exercise her right to determine final disposition of bodily remains, the woman indicates in writing her choice for the location and method of final disposition of bodily remains.

30 B. If a woman has taken mifepristone as part of a two-drug regimen 31 to terminate her pregnancy, has not yet taken the second drug and consults 32 an abortion clinic questioning her decision to terminate her pregnancy or 33 seeking information regarding the health of her fetus or the efficacy of 34 mifepristone alone to terminate a pregnancy, the abortion clinic staff 35 shall inform the woman that the use of mifepristone alone to end a 36 pregnancy is not always effective and that she should immediately consult 37 a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT if she would like 38 more information.

C. If a medical emergency compels the performance of an abortion, the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT shall inform the woman, before the abortion if possible, of the medical indications supporting the physician's, NURSE PRACTITIONER'S OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT'S judgment that an abortion is necessary to avert the woman's death or to avert substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function. D. The department of health services shall establish and shall annually update a website that includes a link to a printable version of all materials listed on the website. The materials must be written in an easily understood manner and printed in a typeface that is large enough to be clearly legible. The website must include all of the following materials:

7 1. Information that is organized geographically by location and 8 that is designed to inform the woman about public and private agencies and 9 services that are available to assist a woman through pregnancy, at childbirth and while her child is dependent, including adoption agencies. 10 11 The materials shall include a comprehensive list of the agencies, a 12 description of the services they offer and the manner in which these 13 agencies may be contacted, including the agencies' telephone numbers and 14 website addresses.

Information on the availability of medical assistance benefits
 for prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care.

A statement that it is unlawful for any person to coerce a woman
 to undergo an abortion.

19 4. A statement that any physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 20 ASSISTANT who performs an abortion on a woman without obtaining the 21 woman's voluntary and informed consent or without affording her a private 22 medical consultation may be liable to the woman for damages in a civil 23 action.

5. A statement that the father of a child is liable to assist in the support of that child, even if the father has offered to pay for an abortion, and that the law allows adoptive parents to pay costs of prenatal care, childbirth and neonatal care.

Information that is designed to inform the woman of the probable 28 6. 29 anatomical and physiological characteristics of the unborn child at two-week gestational increments from fertilization to full term, including 30 31 pictures or drawings representing the development of unborn children at 32 two-week gestational increments and any relevant information on the 33 possibility of the unborn child's survival. The pictures or drawings must contain the dimensions of the unborn child and must be realistic and 34 35 appropriate for each stage of pregnancy. The information provided 36 pursuant to this paragraph must be objective, nonjudgmental and designed 37 to convey only accurate scientific information about the unborn child at 38 the various gestational ages.

39 7. Objective information that describes the methods of abortion 40 procedures commonly employed, the medical risks commonly associated with 41 each procedure, the possible detrimental psychological effects of abortion 42 and the medical risks commonly associated with carrying a child to term.

8. Information explaining the efficacy of mifepristone taken alone,
without a follow-up drug as part of a two-drug regimen, to terminate a
pregnancy and advising a woman to immediately contact a physician, NURSE

PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT if the woman has taken only
 mifepristone and questions her decision to terminate her pregnancy or
 seeks information regarding the health of her fetus.

4 E. An individual who is not a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR 5 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT shall not perform a surgical abortion.

F. A person shall not write or communicate a prescription for a
drug or drugs to induce an abortion or require or obtain payment for a
service provided to a patient who has inquired about an abortion or
scheduled an abortion until the twenty-four-hour reflection period
required by subsection A of this section expires.

11 G. F. A person shall not intimidate or coerce in any way any 12 person to obtain an abortion. A parent, a guardian or any other person 13 shall not coerce a minor to obtain an abortion. If a minor is denied financial support by the minor's parents, guardians or custodian due to 14 15 the minor's refusal to have an abortion performed, the minor is deemed 16 emancipated for the purposes of eligibility for public assistance 17 benefits, except that the emancipated minor may not use these benefits to 18 obtain an abortion.

19 H. G. An abortion clinic as defined in section 36-449.01 shall 20 conspicuously post signs that are visible to all who enter the abortion 21 clinic, that are clearly readable and that state it is unlawful for any 22 person to force a woman to have an abortion and a woman who is being 23 forced to have an abortion has the right to contact any local or state law 24 enforcement or social service agency to receive protection from any actual 25 or threatened physical, emotional or psychological abuse. The signs shall 26 be posted in the waiting room, consultation rooms and procedure rooms.

H. A person shall not require a woman to obtain an abortion as
a provision in a contract or as a condition of employment.

J. I. A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who
 knowingly violates this section commits an act of unprofessional conduct
 and is subject to license suspension or revocation pursuant to title 32,
 chapter 13 or 17 BY THE HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S REGULATORY BOARD.

33 K. J. In addition to other remedies available under the common or 34 statutory law of this state, any of the following may file a civil action 35 to obtain appropriate relief for a violation of this section:

36 1. A woman on whom an abortion has been performed without her 37 informed consent as required by this section.

2. The father of the unborn child if the father was married to the mother at the time she received the abortion, unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

41 3. A maternal grandparent of the unborn child if the mother was not 42 at least eighteen years of age at the time of the abortion, unless the 43 pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct.

1 t. K. A civil action filed pursuant to subsection t J of this 2 section shall be brought in the superior court in the county in which the woman on whom the abortion was performed resides and may be based on a 3 4 claim that failure to obtain informed consent was a result of simple 5 negligence, gross negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal standard of care. Relief pursuant to subsection K J of this 6 7 section includes the following: 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical 8 9 injuries resulting from the violation of this section. 10 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to \$5,000 or three times 11 the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater. 12 3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs. 13 M. L. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be 14 initiated within six years after the violation occurred. 15 Sec. 10. Section 36-2155, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 16 read: 17 36-2155. Performance of an abortion by individual who is not 18 a health care provider: prohibition: definitions 19 A. An individual who is not a physician HEALTH CARE PROVIDER shall 20 not perform a surgical abortion. B. For the purposes of this section: 21 22 1. "Physician" means a person who is "HEALTH CARE PROVIDER" MEANS A 23 PHYSICIAN WHO IS licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 13 or 17, A NURSE 24 PRACTITIONER WHO IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 15 OR A 25 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT WHO IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 32, CHAPTER 25. 26 2. "Surgical abortion": 27 (a) Means the use of a surgical instrument or a machine to terminate the clinically diagnosable pregnancy of a woman with knowledge 28 29 the termination by those means will cause, with reasonable that 30 likelihood, the death of the unborn child. Surgical abortion 31 (b) Does not include: 32 (i) The use of any means to increase the probability of a live birth, to preserve the life or health of the child after a live birth, to 33 terminate an ectopic pregnancy or to remove a dead fetus. Surgical 34 35 abortion does not include 36 (ii) Patient care incidental to the procedure. 37 Sec. 11. Section 36-2156, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 38 read: 39 36-2156. Informed consent; ultrasound required; violation; 40 civil relief; statute of limitations 41 A. An abortion shall not be performed or induced without the voluntary and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be 42 43 performed or induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency and in addition to the other requirements of this chapter, consent to an abortion 44 45 is voluntary and informed only if both of the following are true:

1 1. At least twenty-four hours Before the woman having any part of 2 an abortion performed or induced, and before the administration of any 3 anesthesia or medication in preparation for the abortion on the woman, the 4 physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who is to perform the 5 abortion, the referring physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 6 ASSISTANT or a qualified person working in conjunction with either 7 physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT shall:

8 (a) Perform fetal ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal 9 heart tone services on the woman undergoing the abortion.

(b) Offer to provide the woman with an opportunity to view the 10 11 active ultrasound image of the unborn child and hear the heartbeat of the unborn child if the heartbeat is audible. The active ultrasound image 12 must be of a quality consistent with standard medical practice in the 13 community, contain the dimensions of the unborn child and accurately 14 portray the presence of external members and internal organs, if present 15 16 or viewable, of the unborn child. The auscultation of fetal heart tone 17 must be of a quality consistent with standard medical practice in the 18 community.

19 (c) Offer to provide the woman with a simultaneous explanation of 20 what the ultrasound is depicting, including the presence and location of 21 the unborn child within the uterus, the number of unborn children 22 depicted, the dimensions of the unborn child and the presence of any 23 external members and internal organs, if present or viewable.

24 (d) Offer to provide the patient with a physical picture of the 25 ultrasound image of the unborn child.

26 2. The woman certifies in writing before the abortion that she has 27 been given the opportunity to view the active ultrasound image and hear 28 the heartbeat of the unborn child if the heartbeat is audible and that she 29 opted to view or not view the active ultrasound image and hear or not hear 30 the heartbeat of the unborn child.

B. A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who
 knowingly violates this section commits an act of unprofessional conduct
 and is subject to license suspension or revocation pursuant to title 32,
 chapter 13 or 17 BY THAT HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S REGULATORY BOARD.

35 C. In addition to other remedies available under the common or 36 statutory law of this state, any of the following may file a civil action 37 to obtain appropriate relief for a violation of this section:

38 1. A woman on whom an abortion has been performed without her 39 informed consent as required by this section.

40 2. The father of the unborn child if THE FATHER WAS married to the 41 mother at the time she received the abortion, unless the pregnancy 42 resulted from the plaintiff's criminal conduct. 1 3. The A maternal grandparents GRANDPARENT of the unborn child if 2 the mother was not at least eighteen years of age at the time of the 3 abortion, unless the pregnancy resulted from the plaintiff's criminal 4 conduct.

5 D. A civil action filed pursuant to subsection C of this section 6 shall be brought in the superior court in the county in which the woman on 7 whom the abortion was performed resides and may be based on a claim that 8 failure to obtain informed consent was a result of simple negligence, 9 gross negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal 10 standard of care. Relief pursuant to subsection C of this section 11 includes any of the following:

Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical
 injuries resulting from the violation of this section.

14 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to five thousand dollars 15 \$5,000 or three times the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

17 E. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be 18 initiated within six years after the violation occurred.

19 Sec. 12. Section 36-2158, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 20 read:

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36-2158. <u>Informed consent; fetal condition; website;</u> <u>unprofessional conduct; civil relief; statute of</u> <u>limitations; definitions</u>

A. A person shall not perform or induce an abortion without first obtaining the voluntary and informed consent of the woman on whom the abortion is to be performed or induced. Except in the case of a medical emergency and in addition to the other requirements of this chapter, consent to an abortion is voluntary and informed only if all of the following occur:

30 1. In the case of a woman seeking an abortion of her unborn child 31 diagnosed with a lethal fetal condition, at least twenty-four hours before 32 the abortion the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who 33 is to perform the abortion or the referring physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER 34 OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT has informed the woman, orally and in person, that:

35 (a) Perinatal hospice services are available and the physician, 36 NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT has offered this care as an 37 alternative to abortion.

38 (b) The department of health services maintains a website that 39 lists perinatal hospice programs that are available both in this state and 40 nationally and that are organized geographically by location.

41 (c) The woman has a right to review the website and that a printed 42 copy of the materials on the website will be provided to her free of 43 charge if she chooses to review these materials.

44 2. In the case of a woman seeking an abortion of her unborn child 45 diagnosed with a nonlethal fetal condition, at least twenty-four hours before the abortion the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN
 ASSISTANT who is to perform the abortion or the referring physician, NURSE
 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT has informed the woman, orally and in
 person:

5 (a) Of up-to-date, evidence-based information concerning the range 6 of outcomes for individuals living with the diagnosed condition, including 7 physical, developmental, educational and psychosocial outcomes.

8 (b) That the department of health services maintains a website that 9 lists information regarding support services, hotlines, resource centers or clearinghouses, national and local peer support groups and other 10 11 education and support programs available to assist the woman and her 12 unborn child, any national or local registries of families willing to 13 adopt newborns with the nonlethal fetal condition and contact information 14 for adoption agencies willing to place newborns with the nonlethal fetal condition with families willing to adopt. 15

16 (c) That the woman has a right to review the website and that a 17 printed copy of the materials on the website will be provided to her free 18 of charge if she chooses to review these materials.

19 (d) That section 13-3603.02 prohibits abortion because of the 20 unborn child's sex or race or because of a genetic abnormality.

21 3. The woman certifies in writing before the abortion that the 22 information required to be provided pursuant to this subsection has been 23 provided.

B. The department of health services shall establish and annually update a website that includes the information prescribed in subsection A, paragraph 1, subdivision (b) and paragraph 2, subdivision (b) of this section.

C. A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who
 knowingly violates this section commits an act of unprofessional conduct
 and is subject to license suspension or revocation pursuant to title 32,
 chapter 13 or 17 BY THAT HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S REGULATORY BOARD.

D. In addition to other remedies available under the common or statutory law of this state, any of the following individuals may file a civil action to obtain appropriate relief for a violation of this section:

35 1. A woman on whom an abortion has been performed without her 36 informed consent as required by this section.

37 2. The father of the unborn child if the father was married to the 38 mother at the time she received the abortion, unless the pregnancy 39 resulted from the father's criminal conduct.

A maternal grandparent of the unborn child if the mother was not
at least eighteen years of age at the time of the abortion, unless the
pregnancy resulted from the maternal grandparent's criminal conduct.

43 E. A civil action filed pursuant to subsection D of this section 44 shall be brought in the superior court in the county in which the woman on 45 whom the abortion was performed resides and may be based on a claim that 1 failure to obtain informed consent was a result of simple negligence, 2 gross negligence, wantonness, wilfulness, intention or any other legal 3 standard of care. Relief pursuant to this subsection includes the 4 following:

5 1. Money damages for all psychological, emotional and physical 6 injuries resulting from the violation of this section.

7 2. Statutory damages in an amount equal to \$5,000 or three times8 the cost of the abortion, whichever is greater.

9

3. Reasonable attorney fees and costs.

10 F. A civil action brought pursuant to this section must be 11 initiated within six years after the violation occurred.

G. For the purposes of this section:

13 1. "Lethal fetal condition" means a fetal condition that is 14 diagnosed before birth and that will result, with reasonable certainty, in 15 the death of the unborn child within three months after birth.

16 2. "Nonlethal fetal condition" means a fetal condition that is 17 diagnosed before birth and that will not result in the death of the unborn 18 child within three months after birth but may result in A physical or 19 mental disability or abnormality.

20 3. "Perinatal hospice" means comprehensive support to the pregnant 21 woman and her family that includes supportive care from the time of 22 diagnosis through the time of birth and death of the infant and through 23 the postpartum period. Supportive care may include counseling and medical 24 care by maternal-fetal medical specialists, obstetricians, neonatologists, 25 anesthesia specialists, clergy, social workers and specialty nurses who 26 are focused on alleviating fear and ensuring that the woman and her family 27 experience the life and death of the child in a comfortable and supportive 28 environment.

29 Sec. 13. Section 36-2161, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 30 read:

31

36-2161. Abortions: reporting requirements

32 A. A hospital or facility in this state where abortions are performed must submit to the department of health services on a form 33 prescribed by the department a report of each abortion performed in the 34 35 hospital or facility. The report shall not identify the individual 36 patient by name or include any other information or identifier that would 37 make it possible to identify, in any manner or under any circumstances, a 38 woman who has obtained or sought to obtain an abortion. The report must 39 include the following information:

40 1. The name and address of the facility where the abortion was 41 performed.

- 42
- 2. The type of facility where the abortion was performed.
- 43 3. The county where the abortion was performed.
- 44 4. The woman's age.

1 5. The woman's educational background by highest grade completed 2 and, if applicable, level of college completed. 3 6. The county and state in which the woman resides. 4 The woman's race and ethnicity. 7. 5 8. The woman's marital status. 6 9. The number of prior pregnancies and prior abortions of the 7 woman. 8 10. The number of previous spontaneous terminations of pregnancy of 9 the woman. 10 11. The gestational age of the unborn child at the time of the 11 abortion. 12. The reason for the abortion, including at least one of the 12 13 following: (a) The abortion is elective. 14 (b) The abortion is due to maternal health considerations, 15 16 including one of the following: 17 (i) A premature rupture of membranes. 18 (ii) An anatomical abnormality. 19 (iii) Chorioamnionitis. 20 (iv) Preeclampsia. 21 (v) Other. 22 (c) The abortion is due to fetal health considerations, including the fetus being diagnosed with at least one of the following: 23 24 (i) A lethal anomaly. (ii) A central nervous system anomaly. 25 26 (iii) Other. (d) The pregnancy is the result of a sexual assault. 27 (e) The pregnancy is the result of incest. 28 29 (f) The woman is being coerced into obtaining an abortion. (q) The woman is a victim of sex trafficking. 30 (h) The woman is a victim of domestic violence. 31 32 (i) Other. (j) The woman declined to answer. 33 13. The type of procedure performed or prescribed and the date of 34 35 the abortion. 36 14. Any preexisting medical conditions of the woman that would 37 complicate pregnancy. 38 15. Any known medical complication that resulted from the abortion, 39 including at least one of the following: 40 (a) Shock. 41 (b) Uterine perforation. 42 (c) Cervical laceration requiring suture or repair. 43 (d) Heavy bleeding or hemorrhage with estimated blood loss of at least five hundred cubic centimeters. 44 45 (e) Aspiration or allergic response.

1 (f) Postprocedure infection. 2 (q) Sepsis. 3 (h) Incomplete abortion retaining part of the fetus requiring 4 reevacuation. 5 (i) Damage to the uterus. 6 (j) Failed termination of pregnancy. 7 (k) Death of the patient. 8 (1) Other. 9 (m) None. 16. The basis for any medical judgment that a medical emergency 10 11 existed that excused the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT from compliance with the requirements of this chapter. 12 13 17. The physician's statement if required pursuant to section 14 36-2301.01. 18. If applicable, the weight of the aborted fetus for any abortion 15 16 performed pursuant to section 36-2301.01. 17 19. Whether a fetus or embryo was delivered alive as defined in 18 section 36-2301 during or immediately after an attempted abortion and the efforts made to promote, preserve and maintain the life of the fetus or 19 20 embryo pursuant to section 36-2301. 21 20. Statements by the physician and all clinical staff who observed 22 the fetus or embryo during or immediately after the abortion certifying 23 under penalty of perjury that, to the best of their knowledge, the aborted 24 fetus or embryo was not delivered alive as defined in section 36-2301. 25 21. The medical specialty of the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR 26 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT performing the abortion, including one of the 27 following: 28 (a) Obstetrics-gynecology. 29 (b) General or family practice. 30 (c) Emergency medicine. 31 (d) Other. 32 22. The type of admission for the patient, including whether the 33 abortion was performed: 34 (a) As an outpatient procedure in an abortion clinic. 35 (b) As an outpatient procedure at a hospital. 36 (c) As an inpatient procedure at a hospital. 37 (d) As an outpatient procedure at a health care institution other 38 than an abortion clinic or hospital. 23. Whether anesthesia was administered to the mother. 39 40 24. Whether anesthesia was administered to the unborn child. 41 25. Whether any genetic abnormality of the unborn child was 42 detected at or before the time of the abortion by genetic testing, such as 43 maternal serum tests, or by ultrasound, such as nuchal translucency

44 screening, or by other forms of testing.

1 26. If a surgical abortion was performed, the method of final 2 disposition of bodily remains and whether the woman exercised her right to 3 choose the final disposition of bodily remains.

4 B. The hospital or facility shall request the information specified 5 in subsection A, paragraph 12 of this section at the same time the 6 information pursuant to section 36-2153 is provided to the woman 7 individually and in a private room to protect the woman's privacy. The 8 information requested pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 12 of this 9 section may be obtained on a medical form provided to the woman to 10 complete if the woman completes the form individually and in a private 11 room.

12 If the woman who is seeking the abortion discloses that the С. 13 abortion is being sought because of a reason described in subsection A, paragraph 12, subdivision (d), (e), (f), (g) or (h) of this section, the 14 hospital or facility shall provide the woman with information regarding 15 16 the woman's right to report a crime to law enforcement and resources 17 available for assistance and services, including a national human 18 trafficking resource hotline.

19 D. The report must be signed by the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER 20 OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who performed the abortion or, if a health 21 professional other than a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 22 ASSISTANT is authorized by law to prescribe or administer abortion medication, the signature and title of the person who prescribed or 23 24 administered the abortion medication. The form may be signed electronically and shall indicate that the person who signs the report is 25 26 attesting that the information in the report is correct to the best of the 27 person's knowledge. The hospital or facility must transmit the report to 28 the department within fifteen days after the last day of each reporting 29 month.

30 E. Any report filed pursuant to this section shall be filed 31 electronically at an internet website that is designated by the department unless the person required to file the report applies for a waiver from 32 33 electronic reporting by submitting a written request to the department.

34 Sec. 14. Section 36-2162.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 35 to read:

36

36-2162.01. Informed consent: reporting requirements

37 A. A physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT in this 38 state who provides informed consent information regarding abortion 39 pursuant to section 36-2153 or performs fetal ultrasound imaging and 40 auscultation of fetal heart tone services pursuant to section 36-2156 or 41 who delegates to a person authorized by section 36-2153 or 36-2156 the duty to provide the information or services required by those sections 42 43 shall submit to the department of health services on a form prescribed by 44 the department a report that includes the following information:

1 1. The number of women to whom the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR 2 PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT provided the information described in section 36-2153, 3 subsection A, paragraph 1, and, of those women, the number provided in the 4 capacity of a referring physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 5 ASSISTANT and the number provided in the capacity of a physician, NURSE 6 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who is to perform the abortion.

7 2. The number of women to whom the physician, physician assistant, 8 nurse, psychologist or licensed behavioral health professional provided 9 the information described in section 36-2153, subsection A, paragraph 2, and, of those women, the number provided in the capacity of a referring 10 11 physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT and the number 12 provided in the capacity of a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 13 ASSISTANT who is to perform the abortion, and, of each of those numbers, 14 the number provided by the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 15 ASSISTANT and the number provided by a physician assistant, nurse, 16 psychologist or licensed behavioral health professional.

17 3. The number of women for whom the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER 18 OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT or qualified person working in conjunction with the 19 physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT performed fetal 20 ultrasound imaging and auscultation of fetal heart tone services described 21 in section 36-2156, subsection A, paragraph 1, and, of those numbers, the 22 number provided in the capacity of a referring physician, NURSE 23 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT and the number provided in the 24 capacity of a physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who is 25 to perform the abortion, and, of each of those numbers, the number 26 provided by the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT and 27 the number provided by a qualified person working in conjunction with the 28 physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT.

29 4. The number of abortions performed by the physician, NURSE 30 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT in which information required by 31 sections 36-2153 and 36-2156 to be provided at least twenty-four hours before the abortion was not provided because a medical emergency compelled 32 33 the performance of an abortion to avert the woman's death and the number 34 of abortions in which this required information was not provided because a 35 medical emergency compelled the performance of an abortion to avert 36 substantial and irreversible impairment of a major bodily function of the 37 woman.

38 B. The report may not identify the individual patient by name or 39 include any other information or identifier that would make it possible to 40 identify, in any manner or under any circumstances, a woman who has 41 obtained or sought to obtain an abortion.

42 C. The report shall be signed by the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER 43 OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who provided to the woman the information required 44 by section 36-2153, subsection A, paragraph 1 or the physician, NURSE 45 PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT who delegated the duty to another 1 person authorized by law to provide to the woman the information required 2 by section 36-2153, subsection A, paragraph 2 or section 36-2156, 3 subsection A, paragraph 1. The form may be signed electronically and 4 shall indicate that the physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN 5 ASSISTANT who signs the report is attesting that the information in the 6 report is correct to the best of the physician's HEALTH CARE PROVIDER'S 7 knowledge. The physician, NURSE PRACTITIONER OR PHYSICIAN ASSISTANT must 8 transmit the report to the department within fifteen days after the last 9 day of each reporting month.

D. Any report filed pursuant to this section shall be filed electronically at an internet website that is designated by the department unless the person required to file the report applies for a waiver from electronic reporting by submitting a written request to the department.

14 Sec. 15. <u>Repeal</u>

15

Section 36-3604, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.