COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY SENATE AMENDMENTS TO H.B. 2102 (Reference to House engrossed bill)

1	Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert:
2	"Section 1. Section 8-238, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
3	read:
4	8–238. <u>Advisory hearing; DNA</u>
5	A. If a juvenile is ARRESTED FOR OR charged with a violation of any
6	of the following offenses and is summoned to appear at an advisory hearing,
7	the judicial officer shall order the juvenile to report within five days to
8	the law enforcement agency that investigated the juvenile or to the
9	agency's designee and submit a sufficient sample of buccal cells or other
10	bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction:
11	1. An offense listed in title 13, chapter 11.
12	1. A FELONY OFFENSE.
13	2. A violation of section 13-1402 , OR 13-1403 , 13-1404, 13-1405,
14	13-1406, 13-1410, 13-1411 or 13-1417 .
15	3. A violation of section 13-1507 or 13-1508.
16	4. A violation of any serious offense as defined in section 13-706
17	that is a dangerous offense as defined in section 13-105.
18	B. If a juvenile does not comply with an order issued pursuant to
19	subsection A of this section, the court shall revoke the juvenile's
20	release.
21	C. The investigating law enforcement agency or its designee shall
22	transmit the sample to the department of public safety.
23	D. Section 13-610, subsections H, I, J, K, M and N , are applicable
24	APPLY to samples collected pursuant to this section.

1 Sec. 2. Section 13-610, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read:

2

13-610. DNA testing

Within thirty days after a person is sentenced to the state 4 Α. 5 department of corrections or a person who is accepted under the interstate 6 compact for the supervision of parolees and probationers arrives in this 7 state, the state department of corrections shall secure a sufficient sample 8 of blood or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and 9 extraction from the person if the person was convicted of an offense listed in this section and was sentenced to a term of imprisonment or was 10 convicted of any offense that was committed in another jurisdiction that if 11 12 committed in this state would be a violation of any offense listed in this section and the person is under the supervision of the state department of 13 14 corrections. The state department of corrections shall transmit the sample to the department of public safety. 15

16 B. Within thirty days after a person is placed on probation and 17 sentenced to a term of incarceration in a county jail detention facility or is detained in a county juvenile detention facility, the county detention 18 facility shall secure a sufficient sample of blood or other bodily 19 20 substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction from the person 21 if the person was convicted of or adjudicated delinguent for an offense 22 listed in this section. The county detention facility shall transmit the 23 sample to the department of public safety.

C. Within thirty days after a person is convicted and placed on 24 probation without a term of incarceration or adjudicated delinquent and 25 placed on probation, the county probation department shall secure a 26 27 sufficient sample of blood or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction from the person if the person was convicted of 28 or adjudicated delinquent for an offense listed in this section. The 29 30 county probation department shall transmit the sample to the department of public safety. 31

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1 D. Within thirty days after the arrival of a person who is accepted 2 under the interstate compact for the supervision of parolees and 3 probationers and who is under the supervision of a county probation 4 department, the county probation department shall secure a sufficient 5 sample of blood or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid 6 testing and extraction from the person if the person was convicted of an 7 offense that was committed in another jurisdiction that if committed in 8 this state would be a violation of any offense listed in this section and 9 was sentenced to a term of probation. The county probation department shall transmit the sample to the department of public safety. 10

Within thirty days after a juvenile is committed to the 11 Ε. 12 department of juvenile corrections, the department of juvenile corrections shall secure a sufficient sample of blood or other bodily substances for 13 14 deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction from the youth if the youth was adjudicated delinquent for an offense listed in this section and was 15 16 committed to a secure care facility. The department of juvenile 17 corrections shall transmit the sample to the department of public safety.

F. Within thirty days after the arrival in this state of a juvenile 18 who is accepted by the department of juvenile corrections pursuant to the 19 interstate compact on juveniles and who was adjudicated for an offense that 20 21 was committed in another jurisdiction that if committed in this state would 22 be a violation of any offense listed in this section, the compact 23 administrator shall request that the sending state impose as a condition of supervision that the juvenile submit a sufficient sample of blood or other 24 bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing. If the sending state 25 does not impose that condition, the department of juvenile corrections 26 27 shall request a sufficient sample of blood or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing within thirty days after the juvenile's 28 29 arrival in this state. The department of juvenile corrections shall 30 transmit the sample to the department of public safety.

31 G. Notwithstanding subsections A through F, K, L and O of this 32 section, the agency that is responsible for securing a sample pursuant to

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this section shall not secure the sample if the scientific criminal
 analysis section of the department of public safety has previously received
 and is maintaining a sample sufficient for deoxyribonucleic acid testing.

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H. The department of public safety shall do all of the following:

5 1. Conduct or oversee through mutual agreement an analysis of the 6 samples that it receives pursuant to subsections K, L and O of this 7 section.

8 2. Make and maintain a report of the results of each
9 deoxyribonucleic acid analysis.

103. Maintain samples of blood and other bodily substances for at11least thirty-five years.

I. Any sample and the result of any test that is obtained pursuant
 to this section or section 8-238 may be used only as follows:

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1. For law enforcement identification purposes.

15 2. In a proceeding in a criminal prosecution or juvenile16 adjudication.

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3. In a proceeding under title 36, chapter 37.

J. If the conviction or adjudication of a person who is subject to 18 this section or section 8-238 is overturned on appeal or postconviction 19 relief and a final mandate has been issued, on petition of the person to 20 21 the superior court in the county in which the conviction occurred, the 22 court shall order that the person's deoxyribonucleic acid profile resulting 23 from that conviction or adjudication be expunged from the Arizona deoxyribonucleic acid identification system established by section 41-2418 24 25 unless the person has been convicted or adjudicated delinguent of another 26 offense that would require the person to submit to deoxyribonucleic acid 27 testing pursuant to this section.

28 K. If a person is arrested for A FELONY OFFENSE OR any offense 29 listed in subsection 0, paragraph 3 of this section and is transferred by 30 the arresting authority to a state, county or local law enforcement agency 31 or jail, the arresting authority or its designee shall secure a sufficient 32 sample of buccal cells or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid

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testing and extraction from the person for the purpose of determining 1 2 identification characteristics. The arresting authority or its designee 3 shall transmit the sample to the department of public safety.

4 L. A person who is charged with a felony or A misdemeanor offense 5 listed in subsection 0, paragraph 3 of this section and who is summoned to 6 appear in court for an initial appearance shall report within five days of 7 release on bail or on the person's own recognizance to the law enforcement 8 agency that investigated the person or its designee and submit a sufficient 9 sample of buccal cells or other bodily substances for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction. The arresting authority or its designee shall 10 transmit the sample to the department of public safety. 11

12 M. A person who is subject to subsection K or L of this section or section 8-238 may petition the superior court in the county in which the 13 14 arrest occurred or the criminal charge was filed to order that the person's deoxyribonucleic acid profile and sample be expunged from the Arizona 15 16 deoxyribonucleic acid identification system, unless the person has been 17 arrested, charged with or convicted of or adjudicated delinquent of FOR another offense that would require the person to submit to deoxyribonucleic 18 acid testing pursuant to this section, if any of the following applies: 19

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1. The criminal charges are not filed within the applicable period 21 prescribed by section 13-107.

22

2. The criminal charges are dismissed.

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3. The person is acquitted at trial.

N. If any sample that is submitted to the department of public 24 safety under this section or section 8-238 is found to be unacceptable for 25 26 analysis and use or cannot be used by the department, the department shall 27 require that another sample of blood or other bodily substances be secured pursuant to this section. 28

29

0. This section applies to persons who are:

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31

1. Convicted of any felony offense.

Adjudicated delinquent for any of the following offenses: 2.

- 5 -

(a) A violation or an attempt to violate any offense in chapter 11
 of this title, any felony offense in chapter 14 or 35.1 of this title or
 section 13-1507, 13-1508 or 13-3608.

4 5

(b) Any offense for which a person is required to register pursuant to section 13-3821.

6 (c) A violation of any felony offense in chapter 34 of this title 7 that may be prosecuted pursuant to section 13-501, subsection B, paragraph 8 2.

9 (d) A violation of any felony offense that is listed in section 10 13-501.

3. Arrested for a violation of any offense in chapter 11 of this
 title, a violation of section 13-1402, 13-1403, 13-1404, 13-1405, 13-1406,
 13. 13-1410, 13-1411, 13-1417, 13-1507, 13-1508, 13-3208, 13-3214, OR 13-3555
 or 13-3608 or a violation of any serious offense as defined in section
 13. 13-706 that is a dangerous offense.

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4. ARRESTED FOR ANY FELONY OFFENSE.

P. THE AGENCY THAT IS RESPONSIBLE FOR SECURING A DEOXYRIBONUCLEIC
 ACID SAMPLE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION MUST DO BOTH OF THE FOLLOWING:

PROVIDE TO EACH PERSON WHO SUBMITS A SAMPLE BOTH ORAL AND WRITTEN
 NOTICE THAT EXPLAINS THE EXPUNGEMENT PROCESS AND THAT INCLUDES INSTRUCTIONS
 ON HOW TO REQUEST AN EXPUNGEMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

22 2. POST ON THE AGENCY'S WEBSITE THE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR
 23 EXPUNGEMENT AND THE INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO REQUEST AN EXPUNGEMENT PURSUANT
 24 TO THIS SECTION.

25 Sec. 3. Section 13-3967, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 26 read:

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13-3967. Release on bailable offenses before trial; definition

A. At his appearance before a judicial officer, any person who is charged with a public offense that is bailable as a matter of right shall be ordered released pending trial on his own recognizance or on the execution of bail in an amount specified by the judicial officer.

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B. In determining the method of release or the amount of bail, the judicial officer, on the basis of available information, shall take into account all of the following:

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1. The views of the victim.

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2. The nature and circumstances of the offense charged.

6 3. Whether the accused has a prior arrest or conviction for a 7 serious offense or violent or aggravated felony as defined in section 8 13-706 or an offense in another state that would be a serious offense or 9 violent or aggravated felony as defined in section 13-706 if committed in 10 this state.

4. Evidence that the accused poses a danger to others in thecommunity.

13 5. The results of a risk or lethality assessment in a domestic
14 violence charge that is presented to the court.

15

6. The weight of evidence against the accused.

The accused's family ties, employment, financial resources,
 character and mental condition.

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24

8. The results of any drug test submitted to the court.

9. Whether the accused is using any substance if its possession or
 use is illegal pursuant to chapter 34 of this title.

21 10. Whether the accused violated section 13-3407, subsection A,
 22 paragraph 2, 3, 4 or 7 involving methamphetamine or section 13-3407.01.

23

12. The accused's record of arrests and convictions.

11. The length of residence in the community.

The accused's record of appearance at court proceedings or of
 flight to avoid prosecution or failure to appear at court proceedings.

27 14. Whether the accused has entered or remained in the United States28 illegally.

29 15. Whether the accused's residence is in this state, in another30 state or outside the United States.

31 C. If a judicial officer orders the release of a defendant who is 32 charged with a felony either on his own recognizance or on bail, the

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judicial officer shall condition the defendant's release on the defendant's 1 2 good behavior while so released. On a showing of probable cause that the 3 defendant committed any offense during the period of release, a judicial 4 officer may revoke the defendant's release pursuant to section 13-3968.

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D. After providing notice to the victim pursuant to section 13-4406, a judicial officer may impose any of the following conditions on a person 6 7 who is released on his own recognizance or on bail:

8 1. Place the person in the custody of a designated person or 9 organization agreeing to supervise him.

2. Place restrictions on the person's travel, associates or place of 10 11 abode during the period of release.

12 3. Require the deposit with the clerk of the court of cash or other security, such deposit to be returned on the performance of the conditions 13 14 of release.

4. Prohibit the person from possessing any deadly weapon or engaging 15 16 in certain described activities or indulging in intoxicating liquors or 17 certain drugs.

5. Require the person to report regularly to and remain under the 18 19 supervision of an officer of the court.

6. Impose any other conditions deemed reasonably necessary to assure 20 21 appearance as required including a condition requiring that the person 22 return to custody after specified hours.

23 E. In addition to any of the conditions a judicial officer may impose pursuant to subsection D of this section, the judicial officer shall 24 impose both of the following conditions on a person who is charged with a 25 26 felony violation of chapter 14 or 35.1 of this title and who is released on 27 his own recognizance or on bail:

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1. Electronic monitoring where available.

29 2. A condition prohibiting the person from having any contact with 30 the victim.

F. The judicial officer who authorizes the release of the person 31 charged on his own recognizance or on bail shall do all of the following: 32

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1 1. Issue an appropriate order containing statements of the 2 conditions imposed.

3 2. Inform the person of the penalties that apply to any violation of4 the conditions of release.

5 3. Advise the person that a warrant for his arrest may be issued 6 immediately on any violation of the conditions of release, including the 7 failure to submit to deoxyribonucleic acid testing ordered pursuant to 8 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

9 4. If the person is ARRESTED FOR OR charged with a felony or A misdemeanor offense listed in section 13–610, subsection 0, paragraph 3 and 10 is summoned to appear, order the person to report within five days to the 11 12 law enforcement agency that arrested the person or to the agency's designee and submit a sufficient sample of buccal cells or other bodily substances 13 14 for deoxyribonucleic acid testing and extraction. If a person does not comply with an order issued pursuant to this paragraph, the court shall 15 16 revoke the person's release.

17 G. At any time after providing notice to the victim pursuant to section 13-4406, the judicial officer who orders the release of a person on 18 any condition specified in this section or the court in which a prosecution 19 is pending may amend the order to employ additional or different conditions 20 21 of release, including either an increase or reduction in the amount of 22 bail. On application, the defendant shall be entitled to have the conditions of release reviewed by the judicial officer who imposed them or 23 by the court in which the prosecution is pending. Reasonable notice of the 24 25 application shall be given to the county attorney and the victim.

H. Any information that is stated or offered in connection with any
order pursuant to this section need not conform to the rules pertaining to
admissibility of evidence in a court of law.

I. This section does not prevent the disposition of any case or
class of cases by forfeiture of bail or collateral security if such
disposition is authorized by the court.

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J. A judicial officer who orders the release of a juvenile who has been transferred to the criminal division of the superior court pursuant to section 8-327 or who has been charged as an adult pursuant to section 13-501 shall notify the appropriate school district on the release of the juvenile from custody.

K. For the purposes of this section and section 13-3968, "judicial
officer" means any person or court authorized pursuant to the constitution
or laws of this state to bail or otherwise release a person before trial or
sentencing or pending appeal."

10 Amend title to conform

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