Senate Engrossed House Bill

mandatory sentences; children; trafficking; smuggling

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2022

## **HOUSE BILL 2696**

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 13-705, 13-1308, 13-1428, 13-2323, 13-3205, 13-3207, 13-3554, 13-3560, 13-3625, 31-412, 41-1604.11 AND 41-1604.13, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO SENTENCING.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 13-705, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 13-705. Dangerous crimes against children; sentences; 5 definitions 6 A. A person who is at least eighteen years of age and who is 7 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree 8 involving commercial sexual exploitation of a minor or child sex 9 trafficking and the person has previously been convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree shall be sentenced to 10 11 imprisonment in the custody of the state department of corrections for 12 natural life. A person who is sentenced to natural life is not eligible 13 for commutation, parole, work furlough, work release or release from 14 confinement on any basis for the remainder of the person's natural life. B. A person who is at least eighteen years of age and who is 15 16 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree 17 involving sexual assault of a minor who is twelve years of age or younger 18 or sexual conduct with a minor who is twelve years of age or younger shall 19 be sentenced to life imprisonment and is not eligible for suspension of 20 sentence, probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis 21 except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B 22 until the person has served thirty-five years or the sentence is commuted. 23 This subsection does not apply to masturbatory contact. 24 C. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who is at 25 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is 26 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree involving attempted first degree murder of a minor who is under twelve 27 years of age, second degree murder of a minor who is under twelve years of 28 29 age, sexual assault of a minor who is under twelve years of age, sexual conduct with a minor who is under twelve years of age or manufacturing 30 31 methamphetamine under circumstances that cause physical injury to a minor who is under twelve years of age may be sentenced to life imprisonment and 32 is not eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release 33 34 from confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section 35 31-233, subsection A or B until the person has served thirty-five years or 36 the sentence is commuted. If a life sentence is not imposed pursuant to 37 this subsection, the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment 38 as follows: 39 <u>Minimum</u> <u>Presumptive</u> <u>Maximum</u> 40 13 years 20 years 27 years 41 D. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who is at 42 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is 43 convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree involving attempted first degree murder of a minor who is twelve, thirteen 44

or fourteen years of age, second degree murder of a minor who is twelve,

1 thirteen or fourteen years of age, sexual assault of a minor who is twelve, thirteen or fourteen years of age, taking a child for the purpose 2 of prostitution, child sex trafficking, commercial sexual exploitation of 3 4 a minor, sexual conduct with a minor who is twelve, thirteen or fourteen 5 years of age, continuous sexual abuse of a child or manufacturing 6 methamphetamine under circumstances that cause physical injury to a minor 7 who is twelve, thirteen or fourteen years of age or involving or using 8 minors in drug offenses shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as 9 follows:

10MinimumPresumptiveMaximum1113 years20 years27 years12A person who has been previously convicted of one predicate felony shall13be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows:

14	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
15	23 years	30 years	37 years

E. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person who is at least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the first degree involving aggravated assault, unlawful mutilation, molestation of a child, sexual exploitation of a minor, aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation, child abuse or kidnapping shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows:

23	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
24	10 years	17 years	24 years
25	A person who has been	previously convicted of o	ne predicate felony shall
26	be sentenced to a term	of imprisonment as follows	:

27	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	
28	21 years	28 years	35 years	

29 F. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a person is at least eighteen years of age or has been tried as an adult and is convicted 30 31 of a dangerous crime against children involving luring a minor for sexual exploitation, sexual extortion or unlawful age misrepresentation and is 32 sentenced to a term of imprisonment, the term of imprisonment is as 33 follows and the person is not eligible for release from confinement on any 34 35 basis except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or 36 B until the sentence imposed by the court has been served OR IS COMMUTED, EXCEPT THAT IF THE PERSON IS CONVICTED OF UNLAWFUL AGE MISREPRESENTATION 37 38 the person is eligible for release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 or the 39 sentence is commuted:

40MinimumPresumptiveMaximum415 years10 years15 years42A person who has been previously convicted of one predicate felony shall43be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows and the person is not

43 be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows and the person is not 44 eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from 45 confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section Minimum

1 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been 2 served OR IS COMMUTED, EXCEPT THAT IF THE PERSON IS CONVICTED OF UNLAWFUL 3 AGE MISREPRESENTATION the person is eligible for release pursuant to 4

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section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted: <u>Presumptive</u> Maximum

8 years 15 years 22 years G. Except as otherwise provided in this section, if a person is at 7 8 least eighteen years of age or has been tried as an adult and is convicted 9 of a dangerous crime against children involving sexual abuse or bestiality under section 13-1411, subsection A, paragraph 2 and is sentenced to a 10 11 term of imprisonment, the term of imprisonment is as follows and the person is not eligible for release from confinement on any basis except as 12 13 specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been served, the person is eligible for 14 release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted: 15

16 Minimum Presumptive Maximum 17 2.5 years 5 years 7.5 years 18 A person who has been previously convicted of one predicate felony shall

be sentenced to a term of imprisonment as follows and the person is not 19 20 eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from 21 confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section 22 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been 23 served, the person is eligible for release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 24 or the sentence is commuted:

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<u>Minimum</u>

8 years

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<u>Presumptive</u>	
15 years	

Maximum

22 years

27 EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION. A PERSON WHO IS AT н. LEAST EIGHTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR WHO HAS BEEN TRIED AS AN ADULT AND WHO IS 28 29 CONVICTED OF A DANGEROUS CRIME AGAINST CHILDREN IN THE FIRST DEGREE INVOLVING CONTINUOUS SEXUAL ABUSE OF A CHILD SHALL BE SENTENCED TO A TERM 30 31 OF IMPRISONMENT AS FOLLOWS:

32	MINIMUM	<u>PRESUMPTIVE</u>	MAXIMUM
33	39 YEARS	60 YEARS	81 YEARS
34	A PERSON WHO HAS BEEN	PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF	ONE PREDICATE FELONY SHALL
35	BE SENTENCED TO A TERM	OF IMPRISONMENT AS FOLLOW	IS:
36	MINIMUM	<u>PRESUMPTIVE</u>	MAXIMUM

MINIMUM	PRESUMPTIVE	MAXIMUM
69 YEARS	90 YEARS	111 YEARS

H. I. The presumptive sentences prescribed in subsections C, D, 38 and E AND H of this section or subsections F and G of this section if the 39 person has previously been convicted of a predicate felony may be 40 41 increased or decreased pursuant to section 13-701, subsections C, D and E.

42 1. J. Except as provided in subsection SUBSECTIONS F, G, L AND M 43 of this section, a person who is sentenced for a dangerous crime against children in the first degree pursuant to this section is not eligible for 44 45 suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from confinement on 1 any basis except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection 2 A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been served or 3 commuted.

4 J. K. A person who is convicted of any dangerous crime against 5 children in the first degree pursuant to subsection C, D,  $\sigma r$  E OR H of 6 this section and who has been previously convicted of two or more 7 predicate felonies shall be sentenced to life imprisonment and is not 8 eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from 9 confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section 31–233, subsection A or B until the person has served not fewer than 10 11 thirty-five years or the sentence is commuted.

12 K. L. Notwithstanding chapter 10 of this title, a person who is at 13 least eighteen years of age or who has been tried as an adult and who is convicted of a dangerous crime against children in the second degree 14 pursuant to subsection B, C, D, or E OR H of this section is guilty of a 15 16 class 3 felony and if the person is sentenced to a term of imprisonment, 17 the term of imprisonment is as follows and the person is not eligible for 18 release from confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by 19 section 31-233, subsection A or B until the person has served the sentence 20 imposed by the court, the person is eligible for release pursuant to 21 section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted:

22	<u>Minimum</u>	<u>Presumptive</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
23	5 years	10 years	15 years
24	<code>↓. M. A person</code>	who is convicted of	any dangerous crime

M. A person who is convicted of any dangerous crime against children in the second degree and who has been previously convicted of one or more predicate felonies is not eligible for suspension of sentence, probation, pardon or release from confinement on any basis except as specifically authorized by section 31-233, subsection A or B until the sentence imposed by the court has been served, the person is eligible for release pursuant to section 41-1604.07 or the sentence is commuted.

M. N. Section 13-704, subsection J and section 13-707, subsection
 B apply to the determination of prior convictions.

N. 0. The sentence imposed on a person by the court for a dangerous crime against children under subsection G of this section involving sexual abuse may be served concurrently with other sentences if the offense involved only one victim. The sentence imposed on a person for any other dangerous crime against children in the first or second degree shall be consecutive to any other sentence imposed on the person at any time, including sexual abuse of the same victim.

40 <del>0.</del> P. In this section, for purposes of punishment an unborn child 41 shall be treated like a minor who is under twelve years of age.

42 P. Q. A dangerous crime against children is in the first degree if 43 it is a completed offense and is in the second degree if it is a 44 preparatory offense, except attempted first degree murder is a dangerous 45 crime against children in the first degree.

1  $\hat{\mathbf{Q}}$ . R. It is not a defense to a dangerous crime against children 2 that the minor is a person posing as a minor or is otherwise fictitious if 3 the defendant knew or had reason to know the purported minor was under 4 fifteen years of age. 5 R. S. For the purposes of this section: 6 1. "Dangerous crime against children" means any of the following 7 that is committed against a minor who is under fifteen years of age: 8 (a) Second degree murder. 9 (b) Aggravated assault resulting in serious physical injury or 10 involving the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a deadly weapon 11 or dangerous instrument. 12 (c) Sexual assault. 13 (d) Molestation of a child. (e) Sexual conduct with a minor. 14 (f) Commercial sexual exploitation of a minor. 15 16 (g) Sexual exploitation of a minor. 17 (h) Child abuse as prescribed in section 13-3623, subsection A, 18 paragraph 1. 19 (i) Kidnapping. 20 (j) Sexual abuse. 21 (k) Taking a child for the purpose of prostitution as prescribed in 22 section 13-3206. (1) Child sex trafficking as prescribed in section 13-3212. 23 24 (m) Involving or using minors in drug offenses. (n) Continuous sexual abuse of a child. 25 26 (o) Attempted first degree murder. 27 (p) Sex trafficking. 28 (q) Manufacturing methamphetamine under circumstances that cause 29 physical injury to a minor. 30 (r) Bestiality as prescribed in section 13-1411, subsection A, 31 paragraph 2. 32 (s) Luring a minor for sexual exploitation. 33 (t) Aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation. (u) Unlawful age misrepresentation. 34 (v) Unlawful mutilation. 35 (w) Sexual extortion as prescribed in section 13-1428. 36 2. "Predicate felony" means any felony involving child abuse 37 pursuant to section 13-3623, subsection A, paragraph 1, a sexual offense, 38 39 conduct involving the intentional or knowing infliction of serious physical injury or the discharge, use or threatening exhibition of a 40 41 deadly weapon or dangerous instrument, or a dangerous crime against

42 children in the first or second degree.

1 Sec. 2. Section 13-1308, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 13-1308. Trafficking of persons for forced labor or services; 4 classification; definitions 5 A. It is unlawful for a person to either: 6 1. Knowingly traffic another person with the intent to or knowledge 7 that the other person will be subject to forced labor or services. 8 Knowingly benefit, financially or by receiving anything of 2. 9 value, from participation in a venture that has engaged in an act in violation of section 13-1306, section 13-1307, this section or section 10 11 13-3212, subsection A, paragraph 9 or 10. B. A violation of this section is a class 2 felony AND THE PERSON 12 13 IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 14 15 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN 16 SERVED OR COMMUTED. 17 C. For the purposes of this section: 18 1. "Forced labor or services": 19 (a) Means labor or services that are performed or provided by 20 another person and that are obtained through a person's either: 21 (i) Causing or threatening to cause serious physical injury to any 22 person. 23 (ii) Restraining or threatening to physically restrain another 24 person. (iii) Knowingly destroying, concealing, removing, confiscating, 25 26 possessing or withholding another person's actual or purported passport or 27 other immigration document, government issued identification document, 28 government record or personal property. 29 (iv) Abusing or threatening to abuse the law or the legal system. 30 (v) Extortion. 31 (vi) Causing or threatening to cause financial harm to any person. 32 (vii) Facilitating or controlling another person's access to a 33 controlled substance. 34 (b) Does not include ordinary household chores and reasonable disciplinary measures between a parent or legal guardian and the parent's 35 36 or legal guardian's child. 2. "Traffic" means to entice, recruit, harbor, provide, transport 37 38 or otherwise obtain another person by deception, coercion or force. 39 Sec. 3. Section 13-1428, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 40 read: 41 13-1428. Sexual extortion: classification: definition 42 A. A person commits sexual extortion by knowingly communicating a 43 threat with the intent to coerce another person to do any of the 44 following: 1. Engage in sexual contact or sexual intercourse.

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1 2. Allow the other person's genitals, anus or female breast to be 2 photographed, filmed, videotaped or digitally recorded. 3 3. Exhibit the other person's genitals, anus or female breast. 4 Sexual extortion is a class 3 felony AND THE PERSON IS NOT Β. 5 ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 6 7 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN 8 SERVED OR COMMUTED. Unless IF the victim is under fifteen years of age, 9 in which case sexual extortion is a class 2 felony AND IS punishable 10 pursuant to section 13-705. 11 C. For the purposes of this section, "communicating a threat" means 12 a threat to do any of the following: Damage the property of the other person. 13 1. 2. Harm the reputation of the other person. 14 3. Produce or distribute a photograph, film, videotape or digital 15 16 recording that depicts the other person engaging in sexual contact or 17 sexual intercourse or the exhibition of the other person's genitals, anus 18 or female breast. 19 Sec. 4. Section 13-2323, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 20 read: 21 13-2323. Participating in a human smuggling organization or 22 operation; classification 23 A. A person commits participating in a human smuggling organization 24 OR OPERATION by any of the following: 25 1. Intentionally OR KNOWINGLY organizing, managing, directing, 26 supervising, COORDINATING, FACILITATING, LEADING, ASSISTING, PARTICIPATING 27 IN or financing a human smuggling organization with the intent to promote 28 or further OR OPERATION THAT FURTHERS the criminal objectives of the human 29 smuggling organization OR OPERATION. 30 2. Knowingly directing or instructing others to engage in violence 31 or intimidation to promote or further the criminal objectives of a human 32 smuggling organization OR OPERATION. 33 3. Furnishing advice or direction in the conduct, financing or 34 management of a human smuggling organization's OR OPERATION'S affairs with 35 the intent to promote or further the criminal objectives of a human 36 smuggling organization OR OPERATION. 37 4. Intentionally promoting or furthering the criminal objectives of 38 a human smuggling organization OR OPERATION by inducing or committing any 39 act or omission by a public servant in violation of the public servant's 40 official duty. 41 5. KNOWINGLY ASSISTING A HUMAN SMUGGLING ORGANIZATION OR OPERATION 42 BY TRANSPORTING A PERSON, OR PROCURING THE TRANSPORTATION FOR A PERSON, 43 WITH THE INTENT TO DO EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:

1 (a) CONCEAL THE PERSON FROM A PEACE OFFICER. 2 (b) ASSIST THE PERSON WITH FLEEING FROM A PEACE OFFICER WHO IS 3 ATTEMPTING TO LAWFULLY ARREST OR DETAIN THE PERSON. 4 B. A person commits assisting a human smuggling organization by 5 committing any felony offense, whether completed or preparatory, at the 6 direction of or in association with any human smuggling organization. 7 C. B. Participating in a human smuggling organization OR OPERATION 8 is a class 2 felony. 9 D. Assisting a human smuggling organization is a class 3 felony. C. A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS NOT 10 11 ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 12 13 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN SERVED OR COMMUTED. 14 Sec. 5. Section 13-3205, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 15 16 read: 17 13-3205. <u>Causing spouse to become prostitute; classification</u> 18 A person who knowingly by force, fraud, intimidation or threats, causes his or her spouse to live in a house of prostitution or 19 20 to lead a life of prostitution, is guilty of a class 5 felony AND THE 21 PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR 22 RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT 23 24 HAS BEEN SERVED OR COMMUTED. 25 Sec. 6. Section 13-3207, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 26 read: 27 13-3207. Detention of persons in house of prostitution for 28 debt: classification 29 A person who knowingly detains any person in a house of prostitution because of a debt <del>such</del> THAT person has contracted or is said to have 30 31 contracted, is guilty of a class 5 felony AND THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT 32 33 ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN SERVED 34 35 OR COMMUTED. 36 Sec. 7. Section 13-3554, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 37 read: 13-3554. Luring a minor for sexual exploitation; 38 39 <u>classification</u> 40 A. A person commits luring a minor for sexual exploitation by 41 offering or soliciting sexual conduct with another person knowing or 42 having reason to know that the other person is a minor. 43 B. It is not a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this 44 section that the other person is not a minor.

1 C. Luring a minor for sexual exploitation is a class 3 felony, and 2 if the minor is under fifteen years of age it is punishable pursuant to 3 section 13-705. A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE 4 5 FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 6 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN 7 SERVED OR COMMUTED.

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read:

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## 13-3560. Aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation: classification; definitions

Sec. 8. Section 13-3560, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to

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A. A person commits aggravated luring a minor for sexual 13 exploitation if the person does both of the following:

14 1. Knowing the character and content of the depiction, uses an electronic communication device to transmit at least one visual depiction 15 16 of material that is harmful to minors for the purpose of initiating or 17 engaging in communication with a recipient who the person knows or has 18 reason to know is a minor.

19 2. By means of the communication, offers or solicits sexual conduct 20 the minor. The offer or solicitation may occur before. with 21 contemporaneously with, after or as an integrated part of the transmission 22 of the visual depiction.

B. It is not a defense to a prosecution for a violation of this 23 24 section that the other person is not a minor or that the other person is a 25 peace officer posing as a minor.

26 C. Aggravated luring a minor for sexual exploitation is a class 2 27 felony, and if the minor is under fifteen years of age it is punishable pursuant to section 13-705, subsection E. A PERSON WHO IS CONVICTED OF A 28 29 VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, 30 PROBATION, PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS 31 SPECIFICALLY AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED BY THE COURT HAS BEEN SERVED OR COMMUTED. 32

D. The defense prescribed in section 13-1407, subsection E applies 33 34 to a prosecution pursuant to this section.

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E. For the purposes of this section:

"Electronic communication device" means any electronic device 36 1. 37 that is capable of transmitting visual depictions and includes any of the 38 following:

(a) A computer, computer system or network as defined in section 39 40 13-2301.

(b) A cellular or wireless telephone as defined in section 13-4801.

42 2. "Harmful to minors" has the same meaning prescribed in section 43 13-3501.

1 Sec. 9. Section 13-3625, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 13-3625. Unlawful sale or purchase of children; 4 <u>classification</u> 5 Except for adoptions pursuant to title 8, chapter 1 and Α. 6 guardianships pursuant to title 14, chapter 5, a person shall not sell or 7 offer to sell a child for money or other valuable consideration and shall 8 not purchase or offer to purchase a child in exchange for money or other 9 valuable consideration. 10 B. A person who violates this section is guilty of a class 5 felony 11 AND THE PERSON IS NOT ELIGIBLE FOR SUSPENSION OF SENTENCE, PROBATION, 12 PARDON OR RELEASE FROM CONFINEMENT ON ANY BASIS EXCEPT AS SPECIFICALLY 13 AUTHORIZED BY SECTION 31-233, SUBSECTION A OR B UNTIL THE SENTENCE IMPOSED 14 BY THE COURT HAS BEEN SERVED OR COMMUTED. 15 Sec. 10. Section 31-412, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 16 read: 17 31-412. Criteria for release on parole; release; custody of 18 parolee: definition 19 A. If a prisoner is certified as eligible for parole pursuant to 20 section 41-1604.09 the board of executive clemency shall authorize the 21 release of the applicant on parole if the applicant has reached the 22 applicant's earliest parole eligibility date pursuant to section 41-1604.09, subsection D and it appears to the board, in its sole 23 24 discretion, that there is a substantial probability that the applicant 25 will remain at liberty without violating the law and that the release is 26 in the best interests of the state. The applicant shall thereupon be 27 allowed to go on parole in the legal custody and under the control of the state department of corrections, until the board revokes the parole or 28 29 grants an absolute discharge from parole or until the prisoner reaches the prisoner's individual earned release credit date pursuant to section 30 31 41-1604.10. When the prisoner reaches the prisoner's individual earned release credit date the prisoner's parole shall be terminated and the 32 prisoner shall no longer be under the authority of the board but shall be 33 34 subject to revocation under section 41-1604.10. 35 B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, the director of 36 the state department of corrections may certify as eligible for parole any 37 prisoner, regardless of the classification of the prisoner, who has reached the prisoner's parole eligibility date pursuant to section 38 39 41-1604.09, subsection D, unless an increased term has been imposed 40 pursuant to section 41-1604.09, subsection F, for the sole purpose of 41 parole to the custody of any other jurisdiction to serve a term of 42 imprisonment imposed by the other jurisdiction or to stand trial on 43 criminal charges in the other jurisdiction or for the sole purpose of parole to the custody of the state department of corrections to serve any 44 consecutive term imposed on the prisoner. On review of an application for 45

1 parole pursuant to this subsection the board may authorize parole if, in 2 its discretion, parole appears to be in the best interests of the state.

C. A prisoner who is otherwise eligible for parole, who is not on home arrest or work furlough and who is currently serving a sentence for a conviction of a serious offense or conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a serious offense shall not be granted parole or absolute discharge from imprisonment except by one of the following votes:

8 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members consider the 9 action.

10 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members consider the 11 action.

A unanimous affirmative vote if two members consider the action
 pursuant to section 31-401, subsection I and the chairman concurs after
 reviewing the information considered by the two members.

D. The board, as a condition of parole, shall order a prisoner to make any court-ordered restitution.

17 E. Payment of restitution by the prisoner in accordance with 18 subsection D of this section shall be made through the clerk of the superior court in the county in which the prisoner was sentenced for the 19 20 offense for which the prisoner has been imprisoned in the same manner as 21 restitution is paid as a condition of probation. The clerk of the 22 superior court, on request, shall make the prisoner's restitution payment history available to the board, victim, victim's attorney and department 23 24 without cost.

F. The board shall not disclose the address of the victim or the victim's immediate family to any party without the written consent of the victim or the victim's family.

28 G. For the purposes of this section, "serious offense" includes any 29 of the following:

1. A serious offense as defined in section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j) or (k).

2. A dangerous crime against children as defined in section
 13-705. The citation of section 13-705 is not a necessary element for a
 serious offense designation.

36 3. A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that 37 possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements 38 that are listed under section 13-705, subsection <del>R</del> S, paragraph 1 or 39 section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1.

1 Sec. 11. Section 41-1604.11, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 2 to read: 3 41-1604.11. Order for removal; purposes; duration; work 4 furlough; notice; failure to return; 5 classification; applicability; definition 6 A. The director of the state department of corrections may 7 authorize the temporary removal under custody from prison or any other 8 institution for the detention of adults under the jurisdiction of the 9 state department of corrections of any inmate for the purpose of employing that inmate in any work directly connected with the administration, 10 11 management or maintenance of the prison or institution in which the inmate 12 is confined, for purposes of cooperating voluntarily in medical research 13 that cannot be performed at the prison or institution, or for participating in community action activities directed toward delinquency 14 prevention and community betterment programs. The removal shall not be 15 16 for a period longer than one day. 17 B. Under specific rules established by the director for the 18 selection of inmates, the director may also authorize furlough, temporary 19

removal or temporary release of any inmate for compassionate leave, for 20 the purpose of furnishing to the inmate medical treatment not available at 21 the prison or institution, for purposes preparatory to a return to the 22 community within ninety days of the inmate's release date or for disaster 23 aid, including local mutual aid and state emergencies. When an inmate is 24 temporarily removed or temporarily released for a purpose preparatory to 25 return to the community or for compassionate leave, the director may 26 require the inmate to reimburse the state, in whole or part, for expenses 27 incurred by the state in connection with the temporary removal or release.

28 C. The board of executive clemency, under specific rules 29 established for the selection of inmates, if it appears to the board, in its sole discretion, that there is a substantial probability that the 30 31 inmate will remain at liberty without violating the law and that the release is in the best interests of the state, may authorize the release 32 of an inmate on work furlough if the inmate has served not less than six 33 months of the sentence imposed by the court, is within twelve months of 34 35 the inmate's parole eligibility date and has not been convicted of a 36 sexual offense. The director shall provide information as the board 37 requests concerning any inmate eligible for release on work furlough. The 38 inmate shall not be released on work furlough unless the release is 39 approved by the board.

D. An inmate who is otherwise eligible for work furlough pursuant to subsection C of this section, who is not on home arrest and who is currently serving a sentence for a conviction of a serious offense or conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a serious offense shall not be granted work furlough except by one of the following votes: 1 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members of the board 2 of executive clemency consider the action.

3 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members of the board of 4 executive clemency consider the action.

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3. A unanimous affirmative vote if two members of the board of executive clemency consider the action pursuant to section 31-401, subsection I and the chairman of the board concurs after reviewing the

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8 information considered by the two members. 9 holding E. Before а hearing on the work furlough under consideration, the board, on request, shall notify and afford an 10 11 opportunity to be heard to the presiding judge of the superior court in 12 the county in which the inmate requesting a work furlough was sentenced, 13 the prosecuting attorney, the director of the arresting law enforcement agency and the victim of the offense for which the inmate is incarcerated. 14 15 The notice shall state the name of the inmate requesting the work 16 furlough, the offense for which the inmate was sentenced, the length of 17 the sentence and the date of admission to the custody of the state 18 department of corrections. The notice to the victim shall also inform the victim of the victim's right to be present and submit a written report to 19 20 the board expressing the victim's opinion concerning the inmate's release. 21 No A hearing concerning work furlough shall NOT be held until fifteen days 22 after the date of giving the notice. On mailing the notice, the board 23 shall file a hard copy of the notice as evidence that notification was 24 sent.

25 F. The board shall require that every inmate released on work 26 furlough comply with the terms and conditions of release as the board may 27 impose, including that the inmate be gainfully employed while on work 28 furlough and that the inmate make restitution to the victim of the offense 29 for which the inmate was incarcerated.

30 G. If the board finds that an inmate has failed to comply with the 31 terms and conditions of release or that the best interests of this state would be served by revocation of an inmate's work furlough, the board may 32 33 issue a warrant for retaking the inmate before the expiration of the inmate's maximum sentence. After return of the inmate, the board may 34 revoke the inmate's work furlough after the inmate has been given an 35 36 opportunity to be heard.

37 H. If the board denies the release of an inmate on work furlough or 38 home arrest, it THE BOARD may prescribe that the inmate not be recommended 39 again for release on work furlough or home arrest for a period of up to 40 one year.

41 I. The director shall transmit a monthly report containing the 42 name, date of birth, offense for which the inmate was sentenced, length of 43 the sentence and date of admission to the state department of corrections of each inmate on work furlough or home arrest to the chairperson of the 44 45 house of representatives judiciary committee or its successor committee

and the chairperson of the senate judiciary committee or its successor committee. The director shall also submit a report containing this information for any inmate released on work furlough or home arrest within a jurisdiction to the county attorney, sheriff and chief of police for the jurisdiction in which the inmate is released on work furlough or home arrest.

J. Any inmate who knowingly fails to return from furlough, home arrest, work furlough or temporary removal or temporary release granted under this section is guilty of a class 5 felony.

K. At any given time if the director declares there is a shortage 10 11 of beds available for inmates within the state department of corrections, the parole eligibility as set forth in sections 31-411 and 41-1604.09 may 12 13 be suspended for any inmate who has served not less than six months of the sentence imposed by the court, who has not been previously convicted of a 14 felony and who has been sentenced for a class 4, 5 or 6 felony, not 15 16 involving a sexual offense, the use or exhibition of a deadly weapon or 17 dangerous instrument or the infliction of serious physical injury pursuant 18 to section 13-704, and the inmate shall be continuously eligible for 19 parole, home arrest or work furlough.

20 L. Prisoners who have served at least one calendar year and who are 21 serving a sentence for conviction of a crime committed on or after October 22 1, 1978, under section 13-604, 13-1406, 13-1410, 13-3406, 36-1002.01, 23 36-1002.02 or 36-1002.03, and who are sentenced to the custody of the 24 state department of corrections, may be temporarily released, according to the rules of the department, at the discretion of the director, one 25 26 hundred eighty calendar days <del>prior to</del> BEFORE expiration of the term imposed and shall remain under the control of the state department of 27 corrections until expiration of the maximum sentence specified. If an 28 29 offender released under this section or pursuant to section 31-411, subsection B violates the rules, the offender may be returned to custody 30 31 and shall be classified to a parole class as provided by the rules of the 32 department.

M. This section applies only to persons who commit felony offenses before January 1, 1994.

N. For the purposes of this section, "serious offense" means any of the following:

1. A serious offense as defined in section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j) or (k).

A dangerous crime against children as defined in section 13-705.
The citation of section 13-705 is not a necessary element for a serious
offense designation.

43 3. A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that 44 possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements

1 that are listed under section 13-705, subsection R S, paragraph 1 or 2 section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1. 3 Sec. 12. Section 41-1604.13, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 4 to read: 5 41-1604.13. Home arrest; eligibility; victim notification; 6 conditions; applicability; definitions 7 A. An inmate who has served not less than six months of the 8 sentence imposed by the court is eligible for the home arrest program if 9 the inmate: 1. Meets the following criteria: 10 11 (a) Was convicted of committing a class 4, 5 or 6 felony not 12 involving a dangerous offense. 13 (b) Was not convicted of a sexual offense. (c) Has not previously been convicted of any felony. 14 2. Violated parole by the commission of a technical violation that 15 16 was not chargeable or indictable as a criminal offense. 17 3. Is eligible for work furlough. 18 4. Is eligible for parole pursuant to section 31-412, subsection A. B. The board of executive clemency shall determine which inmates 19 20 are released to the home arrest program based on the criteria in 21 subsection A of this section and based on a determination that there is a 22 substantial probability that the inmate will remain at liberty without violating the law and that the release is in the best interests of the 23 24 state after considering the offense for which the inmate is presently incarcerated, the prior record of the inmate, the conduct of the inmate 25 26 while incarcerated and any other information concerning the inmate that is 27 in the possession of the state department of corrections, including any 28 presentence report. The board maintains the responsibility of revocation 29 as applicable to all parolees. C. An inmate who is otherwise eligible for home arrest, who is not 30 31 on work furlough and who is currently serving a sentence for a conviction 32 of a serious offense or conspiracy to commit or attempt to commit a 33 serious offense shall not be granted home arrest except by one of the 34 following votes: 1. A majority affirmative vote if four or more members of the board 35 36 of executive clemency consider the action. 2. A unanimous affirmative vote if three members of the board of 37 38 executive clemency consider the action. 3. A unanimous affirmative vote if two members of the board of 39

executive clemency consider the action pursuant to section 31-401, 40 41 subsection I and the chairman of the board concurs after reviewing the 42 information considered by the two members. 43

D. Home arrest is conditioned on the following:

44 1. Active electronic monitoring surveillance for a minimum term of 45 one year or until eligible for general parole.

1 2. Participation in gainful employment or other beneficial 2 activities.

3

3. Submission to alcohol and drug tests as mandated.

4. Payment of the electronic monitoring fee in an amount determined 5 by the board of not less than one dollar \$1 per day and not more than the 6 total cost of the electronic monitoring unless, after determining the 7 inability of the inmate to pay the fee, the board requires payment of a 8 lesser amount. The fees collected shall be returned to the department's 9 home arrest program to offset operational costs of the program.

10 5. Remaining at the inmate's place of residence at all times except 11 for movement out of the residence according to mandated conditions.

12 6. Adherence to any other conditions imposed by the court, board of 13 executive clemency or supervising corrections officers.

14

7. Compliance with all other conditions of supervision.

15 Payment of a monthly home arrest supervision fee of at least 8. 16 sixty-five dollars \$65 unless, after determining the inability of the inmate to pay the fee, the department requires payment of a lesser amount. 17 18 The supervising corrections officer shall monitor the collection of the 19 Monies collected shall be deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and fee. 20 35-147, in the community corrections enhancement fund established by 21 section 31-418.

9. Payment of a drug testing fee in an amount to be determined by the board and not to exceed the costs of the drug testing program. The fees collected pursuant to this paragraph by the department may only be used to offset the costs of the drug testing program.

26 Ε. Before holding a hearing on home arrest, the board on request shall notify and afford an opportunity to be heard to the presiding judge 27 of the superior court in the county in which the inmate requesting home 28 29 arrest was sentenced, the prosecuting attorney and the director of the arresting law enforcement agency. The board shall notify the victim of 30 31 the offense for which the inmate is incarcerated. The notice shall state the name of the inmate requesting home arrest, the offense for which the 32 33 inmate was sentenced, the length of the sentence and the date of admission to the custody of the state department of corrections. The notice to the 34 35 victim shall also inform the victim of the victim's right to be present 36 and to submit a written report to the board expressing the victim's 37 opinion concerning the inmate's release. No A hearing concerning home arrest may NOT be held until fifteen days after the date of giving the 38 39 notice. On mailing the notice, the board shall file a hard copy of the 40 notice as evidence that notification was sent.

F. An inmate who is placed on home arrest is on inmate status, is subject to all the limitations of rights and movement and is entitled only to due process rights of return. 1 G. If an inmate violates a condition of home arrest that poses any 2 threat or danger to the community, or commits an additional felony 3 offense, the board shall revoke the home arrest and return the inmate to 4 the custody of the state department of corrections to complete the term of 5 imprisonment as authorized by law.

H. The ratio of supervising corrections officers to supervisees in
the home arrest program shall NOT be πσ greater than one officer for every
twenty-five supervisees.

9 I. The board shall determine when the supervisee is eligible for 10 transfer to the regular parole program pursuant to section 31-411.

J. This section applies only to persons who commit felony offenses before January 1, 1994.

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K. For the purposes of this section:

14 1. "Dangerous offense" has the same meaning prescribed in section 15 13-105.

2. "Serious offense" includes any of the following:

17 (a) A serious offense as defined in section 13–706, subsection F, 18 paragraph 1, subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (g), (h), (i), (j) 19 or (k).

20 (b) A dangerous crime against children as defined in section 21 13–705. The citation of section 13–705 is not a necessary element for a 22 serious offense designation.

(c) A conviction under a prior criminal code for any offense that possesses reasonably equivalent offense elements as the offense elements that are listed under section 13-705, subsection R S, paragraph 1 or section 13-706, subsection F, paragraph 1.