REFERENCE TITLE: tax; revisions; distributions; 2022-2023.

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-fifth Legislature Second Regular Session 2022

## SB 1738

Introduced by Senators Fann: Borrelli, Gowan, Gray, Leach (with permission of Committee on Rules)

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 28-8335, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 42, CHAPTER 1, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 42-1009; REPEALING SECTION 42-1009, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-5029.02 AND 42-5032.02. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES: AMENDING TITLE 42. CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 42-5041; AMENDING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 266, SECTION 3, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 7, CHAPTER 417, SECTION 4 AND CHAPTER 443, SECTION 2; AMENDING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 266, SECTION 4, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 8, CHAPTER 417, SECTION 5 AND CHAPTER 443, SECTION 3; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-5071, 42-5075 AND 42-5159, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 417, SECTION 10; AMENDING SECTION 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 417, SECTION 11: AMENDING TITLE 43, CHAPTER 2, ARTICLE 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 43-212; AMENDING SECTIONS 43-222, 43-401 AND 43-1089, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; REPEALING SECTION 43-1089.03, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 43-1184, 43-1502, 43-1503, 43-1504, 43-1505, 43-1602, 43-1603 AND 43-1604, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 26; AMENDING LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 30; APPROPRIATING MONIES: RELATING TO TAXATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 28-8335, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 28-8335. License tax; tax rate 5 A. An annual license tax is imposed on all aircraft based in this 6 state and required to be registered pursuant to this article, unless an 7 exemption for the aircraft is established pursuant to this article. The 8 license tax is payable to the department on initial registration and 9 annually on or before the last day of February. 10 B. Except as provided in sections 28-8336, through 28-8337, 11 28-8338, 28-8339, 28-8340 AND 28-8341, the department shall determine and assess the license tax prescribed by subsection A of this section on the 12 13 basis of one-half <del>per cent</del> PERCENT of the average fair market value of the 14 particular make, model and year of aircraft. THE AVERAGE FAIR MARKET 15 VALUE: 16 1. MAY NOT HAVE AN ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE THAT IS MORE THAN THE 17 ANNUAL PERCENTAGE CHANGE IN THE AVERAGE CONSUMER PRICE INDEX AS PUBLISHED 18 BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS. 19 2. IN FISCAL YEAR 2021-2022, SHALL BE BENCHMARKED TO WHAT THE 20 AVERAGE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE AIRCRAFT WAS IN 2019. 21 C. The tax assessed under this subsection SECTION shall not be less 22 than twenty dollars AT LEAST \$20 for a full year of registration. 23 Sec. 2. Title 42, chapter 1, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, 24 is amended by adding section 42-1009, to read: 25 42-1009. Department of revenue tax system modernization 26 project advisory committee; membership 27 THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROJECT ADVISORY COMMITTEE IS ESTABLISHED AND SHALL SERVE AS THE LIAISON BETWEEN THE 28 29 DEPARTMENT AND THE USERS OF THE TAX SYSTEM. THE COMMITTEE SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING MEMBERS: 30 31 1. THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE OR THE DIRECTOR'S 32 DESIGNEE WHO SHALL SERVE AS THE CHAIRPERSON OF THE COMMITTEE. 33 2. THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATION OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE. 34 35 3. THE AUDITOR GENERAL OR THE AUDITOR GENERAL'S DESIGNEE AS A 36 NONVOTING MEMBER. 4. THE DIRECTOR OF THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE BUDGET COMMITTEE OR THE 37 DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE AS A NONVOTING MEMBER. 38 5. THE DIRECTOR OF THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF STRATEGIC PLANNING AND 39 40 BUDGETING OR THE DIRECTOR'S DESIGNEE. 41 6. ONE MEMBER WHO REPRESENTS A CITY OR TOWN IN THIS STATE. THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL APPOINT THIS MEMBER. 42 43 ONE MEMBER WHO REPRESENTS A COUNTY IN THIS STATE. THE DIRECTOR 44 OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL APPOINT THIS MEMBER.

1	8. ONE MEMBER WHO REPRESENTS THE BUSINESS COMMUNITY IN THIS STATE.
2	THE DIRECTOR OF THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SHALL APPOINT THIS MEMBER.
3	9. ONE MEMBER WHO IS APPOINTED BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE.
4	10. ONE MEMBER WHO IS APPOINTED BY THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE OF
5	REPRESENTATIVES.
6	Sec. 3. <u>Repeal</u>
7	Section 42–1009, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, is
8	repealed from and after December 31, 2029.
9	Sec. 4. Section 42-5029.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
10	read:
11	42-5029.02. <u>Distribution of revenues for education;</u>
12	definitions
13	A. All monies collected pursuant to section 42-5010.01 and section
13 14	42-5155, subsection E shall be distributed each fiscal year pursuant to
	•
15	this subsection. The monies distributed pursuant to this subsection are
16	in addition to any other appropriation, transfer or other allocation of
17	public or private monies from any other source and may not supplant,
18	replace or cause a reduction in other school district, charter school,
19	university or community college funding sources. The monies shall be
20	distributed as follows:
21	1. \$64,100,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in
22	monthly installments, to the superintendent of public instruction for
23	basic state aid.
24	2. After any transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this
25	subsection, twelve percent of the remaining monies collected during the
26	preceding month shall be transferred to the technology and research
27	initiative fund established by section 15–1648 to be distributed among the
28	universities under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents for
29	the purpose of investment in technology and research-based initiatives.
30	3. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this
31	subsection, three percent of the remaining monies collected during the
32	preceding month shall be transferred to the workforce development account
33	established in each community college district pursuant to section 15-1472
34	for the purpose of investment in workforce development programs.
35	4. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3
36	of this subsection, one-twelfth of the amount a community college that is
37	owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe on its own
38	
38 39	
	subsection D, paragraph 2 if it were a community college district shall be
40	distributed each month to the treasurer or other designated depository of
41	the qualifying Indian tribe. Monies distributed pursuant to this
42	paragraph are for the exclusive purpose of providing support to one or
43	more community colleges that are owned, operated or chartered by a
44	qualifying Indian tribe and shall be used in a manner consistent with
45	section 15–1472, subsection B.

1 5. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 2 of this subsection, one-twelfth of \$86,280,500 shall be transferred each 3 month to the department of education for the increased cost of basic state 4 aid under section 15-971 due to added school days and associated teacher 5 salary increases that were enacted in 2000.

6 6. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 7 of this subsection, \$7,800,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be 8 paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used 9 for school safety as provided in section 15-154 and \$200,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the 10 11 department of education to be used for the character education matching 12 grant program as provided in section 15-154.01.

13 7. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 subsection, the legislature may not appropriate more than 14 of this \$7,000,000 each fiscal year to the department of education to be used for 15 16 accountability purposes as described in section 15-241.02 and title 15, 17 chapter 9, article 8.

18 8. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 19 of this subsection, \$1,500,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be 20 paid in monthly installments, to the failing schools tutoring fund 21 established by section 15-241.

22 9. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, \$25,000,000 shall be transferred each fiscal year to 23 24 the state general fund to reimburse the state general fund for the cost of 25 the income tax credit allowed by section 43-1072.02.

26 10. FROM AND AFTER JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2028, AFTER THE 27 TRANSFER OF MONIES PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPHS 1 THROUGH 9 OF THIS SUBSECTION. AN AMOUNT DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5041 TO THE 28 29 DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM PROJECT FUND ESTABLISHED BY 30 SECTION 42-5041.

31 10. 11. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 9-10 of this subsection, the remaining monies collected during 32 33 the preceding month shall be transferred to the classroom site fund established by section 15-977. The monies shall be allocated in the 34 35 manner prescribed by section 15-977.

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For the purposes of this section: Β.

"Community college district" means a community college district 37 1. 38 that is established pursuant to sections 15-1402 and 15-1403 and that is a 39 political subdivision of this state and, unless otherwise specified, 40 includes a community college tuition financing district established 41 pursuant to section 15-1409.

2. "Qualifying Indian tribe" has the same meaning as defined in 42 43 section 42-5031.01.

1	Sec. 5. Section 42–5032.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
2	read:
3	42-5032.02. Distribution of revenues for city, town or county
4	<u>infrastructure improvements related to</u>
5	manufacturing facilities; definitions
6	A. Subject to subsection B of this section, from and after
7	September 30, 2013 through September 30, 2033, each month the state
8	treasurer shall pay a city, town or county the amount determined under
9	subsection C of this section for the purpose of funding up to eighty
10	percent of the cost of public infrastructure improvements for the benefit
11	of a manufacturing facility.
12	B. The state treasurer shall not make any payments under subsection
13	C of this section until both of the following apply:
14	1. Ten percent of the qualifying capital investment that is
15	certified under subsection D of this section and that constitutes
16	construction phase services, as defined in section 42-5075, has been made
17	by the manufacturing facility.
18	2. From and after June 30, 2014.
19	C. The amount to be paid to a city, town or county under subsection
20	A of this section is the total amount of state transaction privilege tax
21	revenues collected under section 42-5010, subsection A from persons
22	conducting business under section 42-5075 derived from contracts to
23	construct buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a
24	manufacturing facility. The total amount paid to all cities, towns and
25	counties under this subsection shall not exceed a maximum of \$50,000,000
26	\$100,000.
27	D. Within one hundred eighty days after the commencement of the
28	construction of buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a
29	manufacturing facility that will require a city, town or county to make
30	infrastructure improvements, the manufacturing facility shall file a sworn
31	certification with the Arizona commerce authority and submit a copy of
32	this sworn certification to the applicable city, town or county that the
33	manufacturing facility agrees to either:
34	1. Make at least \$500,000,000 in capital investment if the
35	manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of
36	eight hundred thousand persons or more.
37	2. Make at least \$50,000,000 in capital investment if the
38	manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of
39	less than eight hundred thousand persons.
40	E. The certification under subsection D of this section shall
41	contain a sworn statement or certification, signed by an officer of the
42	manufacturing facility under penalty of perjury, that the information
43	contained is true and correct according to the best belief and knowledge
44	of the person submitting the information after a reasonable investigation
45	of the facts.
10	
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F. Before submitting the certification to the Arizona commerce authority, the manufacturing facility and the city, town or county must enter into a written agreement that:

4 1. Identifies and states the cost of the public infrastructure 5 improvements that will be constructed.

6 2. Identifies the sources of monies, including monies received 7 pursuant to this section, that will be used to pay for the public 8 infrastructure improvements.

9 G. On receipt of the sworn certification from a manufacturing 10 facility pursuant to subsection D of this section, the city, town or 11 county shall enter into a written agreement with the department. This 12 agreement and any amendments or changes to the agreement shall:

13 1. State the cost of the public infrastructure improvements and 14 separately identify the particular improvements that will be made.

15 2. State that the monies received under this section will be used 16 exclusively to pay for public infrastructure improvements that are 17 necessary to support the activities of the manufacturing facility.

18 3. State that the city, town or county will commit all of its 19 portion of the revenue received pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D 20 derived from contracts subject to section 42-5075 to construct buildings 21 and associated improvements for the benefit of the manufacturing facility 22 for public infrastructure improvements that benefit the manufacturing 23 facility.

4. State that the city, town or county will immediately notify the department when monies received under this section exceed eighty percent of the cost of the infrastructure improvements and will return the amount of the excess to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.

Stipulate the actual amount of the construction funding that
 will be derived from sources other than this state.

6. Identify the persons who will be prime contractors on the construction of buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a manufacturing facility and state that each prime contractor has been notified as to which portion of the contractor's income shall be separately identified to the department pursuant to section 42-5075, subsection H.

7. State that the city, town or county agrees that any amounts paid 37 38 by the department to a prime contractor as identified under paragraph 6 of 39 this subsection resulting from an audit adjustment or claim for credit or 40 refund of taxes described in subsection C of this section shall be 41 recovered by the department from the city, town or county by reducing the 42 amount paid to the city, town or county under section 42-5029 from monies 43 designated as distribution base in the month next succeeding the month in 44 which the adjustment or claim is paid.

8. State that the city, town or county agrees that the department will use the amounts subject to any distribution required under subsection A of this section in calculating the maximum amount set by subsection C of this section.

5 9. State that the city, town or county agrees that if, on 6 notification by the department, the state treasurer ceases payments 7 because of the condition described in subsection H of this section, the 8 city, town or county has no claim to additional payments if the department 9 subsequently pays amounts to a prime contractor identified in an agreement with any city, town or county, as described in paragraph 6 of this 10 11 subsection, due to an audit adjustment or claim for credit or refund of 12 taxes described in subsection C of this section.

13 10. Provide any other information deemed necessary by the 14 department.

H. On notification by the department, the state treasurer shall cease payments under subsection A of this section if either of the following occurs:

18 1. The city, town or county has received monies that meet or exceed 19 eighty percent of the cost of the public infrastructure improvements that 20 are necessary to support the activities related to the manufacturing 21 facility as described in the written agreement pursuant to subsection G of 22 this section.

2. The total amount subject to any distribution required under
subsection A of this section has met the maximum amount set by subsection
C of this section.

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I. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Associated improvement" includes any public infrastructure improvement that is made for the benefit of the manufacturing facility outside of the parcel or parcels of real property where the manufacturing facility is located.

2. "Capital investment" means an expenditure to acquire, lease or
 improve property that is used for the benefit of a manufacturing facility,
 including land, buildings, machinery and fixtures.

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3. "Manufacturing facility":

35 (a) Means an establishment that is engaged in the mechanical, 36 chemical transformation or fabrication physical or of materials. 37 substances or components into new products in this state, that is classified within sections 31 through 33 inclusive of the 2007 edition of 38 39 the North American industry classification system as published by the 40 national technical information service of the United States department of 41 commerce and that agrees to either:

42 (i) Make at least \$500,000,000 in capital investment if the 43 manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of 44 eight hundred thousand persons or more. 1 (ii) Make at least \$50,000,000 in capital investment if the 2 manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of 3 less than eight hundred thousand persons.

4 (b) Does not include mining, milling or smelting mineral ore or 5 generating electricity.

6 4. "Population" means the population determined in the most recent 7 United States decennial census or the most recent special census as 8 provided in section 28-6532.

9 5. "Public infrastructure" means water production, delivery and 10 disposal facilities, wastewater production, delivery and disposal 11 facilities and roads that are necessary to support the activities of the 12 manufacturing facility.

13 Sec. 6. Title 42, chapter 5, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, 14 is amended by adding section 42-5041, to read:

- 15 16
- 42-5041. Assessment of fees; integrated tax system modernization project; fund

A. FROM AND AFTER JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2028, THE
DEPARTMENT SHALL ASSESS AND COLLECT FEES FROM COUNTIES, CITIES, TOWNS,
COUNCILS OF GOVERNMENTS AND REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITIES AS
DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR AND AS PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION TO IMPLEMENT AN
INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROJECT AT THE DEPARTMENT.

B. FROM AND AFTER JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2028, A FEE IS ASSESSED TO EACH COUNTY, CITY AND TOWN THAT RECEIVES STATE SHARED REVENUES PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5029 OR 43-206, TO EACH COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS THAT RECEIVES REVENUES PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6105 AND TO EACH REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY LOCATED IN A COUNTY WITH A POPULATION OF MORE THAN EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS THAT RECEIVES REVENUES PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6106.

29 C. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ASSESS THE FEES UNDER SUBSECTION A AND B OF 30 THIS SECTION NOT LATER THAN OCTOBER 31 EACH YEAR, AND THE FEES ARE PAYABLE 31 IMMEDIATELY ON ASSESSMENT. IF A COUNTY, CITY, TOWN, COUNCIL 0F GOVERNMENTS OR REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY FAILS TO PAY THE FEES IN 32 FULL ON OR BEFORE DECEMBER 31, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOTIFY THE STATE 33 TREASURER WHO SHALL WITHHOLD THE DELINQUENT AMOUNT FROM THE DISTRIBUTION 34 OF MONIES TO THE AFFECTED COUNTY, CITY OR TOWN PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 35 36 42-5029 AND 43-206, FROM THE DISTRIBUTION OF MONIES TO THE AFFECTED 37 COUNCIL OF GOVERNMENTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6105 AND FROM THE DISTRIBUTION OF MONIES TO THE AFFECTED REGIONAL TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY 38 PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6106, AND WHO SHALL CONTINUE TO WITHHOLD MONIES 39 40 UNTIL THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE ASSESSMENT HAS BEEN SATISFIED.

41 D. COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS MAY MEET THEIR COST SHARING 42 OBLIGATION FROM ANY SOURCE OF COUNTY, CITY OR TOWN REVENUE DESIGNATED BY 43 THE APPROPRIATE COUNTY, CITY OR TOWN. THE COUNTY SOURCES MAY INCLUDE 44 MONIES OF ANY COUNTYWIDE SPECIAL TAXING JURISDICTION IN WHICH THE BOARD OF 45 SUPERVISORS SERVES AS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS. 1 E. FROM AND AFTER JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2028, PURSUANT TO 2 SECTION 42-5029.02, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL TRANSFER AN AMOUNT FROM MONIES 3 COLLECTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5010.01 AND SECTION 42-5155, SUBSECTION E AS DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR TO IMPLEMENT THE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM 4 5 MODERNIZATION PROJECT AT THE DEPARTMENT. THE AMOUNT TRANSFERRED PURSUANT 6 TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE THE ACTUAL REASONABLE COSTS INCURRED BY THE 7 DEPARTMENT FOR INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION UPGRADES RELATED TO THE 8 TAXES AUTHORIZED AND LEVIED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5010.01 AND SECTION 9 42-5155, SUBSECTION E.

10 F. FROM AND AFTER JUNE 30, 2022 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2028, PURSUANT TO 11 SECTION 36-2856, SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 2, THE STATE TREASURER SHALL 12 TRANSFER AN AMOUNT FROM MONIES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5452 AS 13 DETERMINED BY THE DIRECTOR TO IMPLEMENT THE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROJECT AT THE DEPARTMENT. THE AMOUNT TRANSFERRED PURSUANT 14 TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE THE ACTUAL REASONABLE COSTS INCURRED BY THE 15 16 DEPARTMENT FOR INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION UPGRADES RELATED TO THE 17 TAX AUTHORIZED AND LEVIED BY SECTION 42-5452.

G. ALL MONIES PAID TO THE DEPARTMENT OR WITHHELD BY THE STATE
TREASURER FOR THE FEES ASSESSED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION
OR TRANSFERRED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS E AND F OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE
CREDITED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM PROJECT FUND
ESTABLISHED BY SUBSECTION H OF THIS SECTION.

H. THE DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM PROJECT FUND IS
ESTABLISHED CONSISTING OF MONIES DEPOSITED OR TRANSFERRED TO THE FUND
PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. THE DIRECTOR SHALL ADMINISTER THE FUND. MONIES
IN THE FUND ARE SUBJECT TO LEGISLATIVE APPROPRIATION. THE DIRECTOR SHALL
USE MONIES IN THE FUND SOLELY FOR THE ADMINISTRATIVE, DEVELOPMENT AND
OTHER OPERATING COSTS INCURRED IN IMPLEMENTING THE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM
MODERNIZATION PROJECT AT THE DEPARTMENT.

30 Sec. 7. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 31 Laws 2021, chapter 266, section 3, chapter 412, section 7, chapter 417, 32 section 4 and chapter 443, section 2, is amended to read:

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42-5061. <u>Retail classification; definitions</u>

A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that
 involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as
 inconsequential elements.

42 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal43 property at retail.

1 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or 2 consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of 3 such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.

4 4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit 5 organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes 6 and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 7 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

8 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the 9 restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink 10 or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

11 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other 12 business classification that is taxable under this article.

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7. The sale of stocks and bonds.

8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, if prescribed by a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 and as
prescribed or recommended by a health professional who is licensed
pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.

21

10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

22 23 11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.

12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

13. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

31 14. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 32 outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor 33 vehicle to a destination out of this state.

34 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 35 of this chapter and sections 42-5074 and 42-6017.

36 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture 37 coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 38 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States 39 40 department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments 41 issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code 42 43 section 1786).

44 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state 45 university or community college. 1 18. Food and drink to a person that is engaged in a business that 2 is classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such 3 food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own 4 consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

5 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible 6 personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles 7 and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to 8 persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the 9 district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.

10 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, 11 article 1.

12 21. The sale of cash equivalents and the sale of precious metal 13 bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of 14 coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art 15 is subject to the tax and the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 16 derived from the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a 17 means of payment for goods or services that are taxable under this article 18 is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

19 (a) "Cash equivalents" means items or intangibles, whether or not 20 negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value 21 denominated in money is purchased in advance and may be redeemed in full 22 or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash 23 equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, 24 vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other instruments, orders or electronic mechanisms, such as an electronic code, personal identification 25 26 number or digital payment mechanism, or any other prepaid intangible right 27 to acquire tangible personal property, intangibles or services in the future, whether from the seller of the cash equivalent or from another 28 29 person. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

30 (i) Items or intangibles that are sold to one or more persons,31 through which a value is not denominated in money.

32 (ii) Prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for 33 telecommunications services made taxable by subsection P of this section.

34 (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that 35 are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or 36 are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United 37 States or a foreign nation.

(c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold,
 silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined
 so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

41 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax 42 imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a 43 holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 44 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.

23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.

7 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign 8 commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the constitution of the 9 United States or the constitution of this state.

10 11 25. Tangible personal property sold to:

(a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.

12 (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 13 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization 14 solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable 15 services.

16 (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 17 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 18 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for 19 blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple 20 disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

21 (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 22 42-5001.

(e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under
 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves
 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

26 (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 27 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential 28 29 apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a 30 facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible 31 personal property is used by the organization solely to provide 32 residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy. 33

34 (g) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined 35 in section 42-5001.

(h) Any person representing or working on behalf of another person
 described in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this paragraph if the
 tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project
 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

40 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this 41 state to encourage tourist travel.

42

27. Tangible personal property sold to:

(a) A person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of
 being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 or to a
 subcontractor working under the control of a person engaged in business

1 classified under section 42-5075, if the property so sold is any of the 2 following:

3 (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real 4 property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the 5 business.

6 (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project 7 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

8 (iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities 9 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

10 (b) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and 11 that has been provided a copy of a certificate under section 42-5009, 12 subsection L, if the property so sold is incorporated or fabricated by the 13 person into the real property, structure, project, development or 14 improvement described in the certificate.

15 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state if 16 the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax 17 exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the 18 nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration 19 permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.

20 29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a 21 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 22 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in 23 and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or 24 physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job 25 placement, rehabilitation or testing.

26 30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 27 is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or that 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated 28 29 with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures 30 31 to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in 32 33 whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association 34 35 or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or 36 agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in 37 this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from taxation under 38 section 42-5073.

39 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 40 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in 41 or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future 42 delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the 43 United States commodity futures trading commission.

44 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 45 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 1 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the 2 organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and 3 ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 4 benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

5 33. Sales of propagative materials to persons who use those items 6 to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or 7 floricultural crops in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph, 8 "propagative materials":

9 (a) Includes seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, liners, transplants, cuttings, soil and plant additives, agricultural minerals, auxiliary soil 10 11 plant substances, micronutrients, fertilizers, insecticides, and 12 fumigants. herbicides. fungicides. soil desiccants. rodenticides. 13 adjuvants, plant nutrients and plant growth regulators.

(b) Except for use in commercially producing industrial hemp as defined in section 3-311, does not include any propagative materials used in producing any part, including seeds, of any plant of the genus cannabis.

18 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are 19 only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in 20 section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined 21 in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be 22 more independent and functional.

35. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel
a motor vehicle.

25 36. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer 26 felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper 27 manufacturing.

28 37. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and 29 electricity sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used 30 31 or consumed in generating or providing on-site power or energy solely for 32 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or 33 environmental protection. This paragraph applies for twenty full 34 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper In the case of 35 manufacturing machine is placed in service. an 36 environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor that does not 37 manufacture paper, the time period begins with the date the first 38 manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

39 38. Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in 40 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical 41 operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, 42 printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an 43 integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or allowing 44 45 a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the

1 production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are 2 such used or consumed in activities as packaging. storage or 3 transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that 4 otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this is 5 paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes 6 job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

7 39. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation 8 transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after 9 December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be 10 taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall 11 be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or 12 transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.

(b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retainedto conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.

40. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

41. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier that is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and that is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

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42. Sales of:

(a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of
 farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.

(b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons for use or consumption by their own livestock or poultry, for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

40 43. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable 41 medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for 42 livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons that are engaged 43 in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or that 44 are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the 45 purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites. 1 44. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this 2 state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered 3 out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes 4 or its free on board point.

5 45. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business 6 and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the 7 tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by 8 human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, 9 that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be 10 consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

11 46. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a 12 used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used 13 oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.

47. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded 14 15 libraries, including school district libraries, charter school libraries, 16 community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, 17 county or municipal libraries, for use by the public as follows:

18

Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985. (a)

19

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

20 48. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and 21 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for 22 serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without 23 additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the 24 purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a 25 federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air 26 carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or 27 United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

28 49. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was 29 manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel 30 31 fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative 32 fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

50. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that 33 34 is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor 35 licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

36 51. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or 37 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6. 38

39 52. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 40 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal 41 revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural 42 or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net 43 earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

44 53. Application services that are designed to assess or test 45 student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased 1 by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state 2 university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

3 (a) "Application services" means software applications provided 4 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

5 (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing 6 or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning 7 activities.

8 54. Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified 9 business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing 10 or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying 11 projects as defined in section 41-1516.

55. Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

16 56. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any 17 other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy 18 resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or 19 20 governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of 21 electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour 22 equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed 23 renewable energy resources.

57. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice of dentistry.

58. Sales of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

32 (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
 33 who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
 34 benefit the Indian reservation was established.

35 (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits 36 of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and 37 occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that 38 are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of 39 the interior.

40 (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or 41 community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 42 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 43 of the Indian tribe.

44 59. Sales of works of fine art, as defined in section 44-1771, at 45 an art auction or gallery in this state to nonresidents of this state for 1 use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the work of fine 2 art to a destination outside this state.

60. Sales of tangible personal property by a marketplace seller that are facilitated by a marketplace facilitator in which the marketplace facilitator has remitted or will remit the applicable tax to the department pursuant to section 42-5014.

B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by
subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income
derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal
property shall be deducted from the tax base:

11 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, 12 processing. fabricating. job printing, refining or metallurgical 13 The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job operations. printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer 14 to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary 15 16 meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling. 17 precipitating, smelting and refining.

2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

24 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification, including a person 25 26 representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and consisting of central office 27 switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, 28 29 microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier 30 31 systems.

32 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in 33 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission 34 35 substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting 36 electrical power.

37 5. Machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for
 38 later electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a
 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such
 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for
electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy
for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses
mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

1 (c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and 2 equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of 3 receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric 4 energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

6. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

9 7. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to 10 transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, 11 including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, 12 seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

13 8. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 14 accessories and related equipment sold to:

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(a) A person:

(i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal
 certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction
 with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for

19 hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce. 20 (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation 21 administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 22 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as 23 or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to 24 transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation
for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be
used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate,
interstate or foreign commerce.

29 (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for 30 compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that 31 meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air 32 carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a 33 restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, 34 regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified 35 36 under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code 37 of Federal Regulations.

(v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.

43

(b) Any foreign government.

44 (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not 45 use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.

9. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or
consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft,
aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a
certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

10 10. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control 11 equipment used directly to transport persons or property.

12 11. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 13 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 14 commercial purposes.

12. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used 15 16 directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a 17 governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program 18 and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other 19 20 governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental 21 entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to 22 provide urban mass transportation.

23

13. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

and equipment consisting 24 14. Machinery of agricultural New 25 OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES, tractor-drawn implements, aircraft. tractors. 26 self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting 27 milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 7 28 29 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of 30 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and 31 products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

32 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment
 33 that have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals
 34 that do not total two years or more.

35 (a) "OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES" MEANS OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES AS DEFINED IN 36 SECTION 28-1171 THAT ARE MODIFIED AT THE TIME OF SALE TO FUNCTION AS A 37 TRACTOR OR TO TOW TRACTOR-DRAWN IMPLEMENTS AND THAT ARE NOT EQUIPPED WITH 38 A MODIFIED EXHAUST SYSTEM TO INCREASE HORSEPOWER OR SPEED OR AN ENGINE 39 THAT IS MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND CUBIC CENTIMETERS OR THAT HAVE A MAXIMUM 40 SPEED OF FIFTY MILES PER HOUR OR LESS.

41 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 42 are electric-powered.

43 15. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For 44 the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 45 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing,

1 developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including 2 research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an 3 integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for 4 machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function 5 effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing 6 quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales 7 promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, 8 computer software research that is not included in the definition of 9 development, or other nontechnological research and activities or 10 technical services.

11 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the 12 following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, 13 control or transmit telecommunications information:

(a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

16 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both 17 of the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or
 on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal
 Regulations part 25.

23 (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 24 transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data 25 transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the 26 facility to or on behalf of those services. For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred 27 sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the 28 29 tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct 30 broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first 31 transmits information to its customers.

32 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 15 of 33 34 this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this 35 paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an 36 environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and 37 contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that 38 environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated 39 40 into real property. Clean room:

(a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable
partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to
reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity,
chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing

1 tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in 2 conjunction with the clean room environment.

3 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 4 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

5 18. Machinery and equipment used directly in feeding poultry, 6 environmentally controlling housing for poultry, moving eggs within a 7 production and packaging facility or sorting or cooling eggs. This 8 exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

9 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components structures, that is employed in connection 10 and containment with 11 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, 12 gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, natural 13 producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the 14 federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental 15 16 protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the 17 Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of 18 this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air 19 pollution. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" 20 MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS, MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR 21 HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE ENVIRONMENT.

22 20. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in 23 commercially producing livestock, livestock products or agricultural, 24 horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this 25 state, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a 26 person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the 27 machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, 28 monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

29 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 30 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 31 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 32 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United 33 States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order 34 issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This 35 paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

36 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or
 37 equipment described in this paragraph.

38 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or 39 equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under 40 this paragraph.

41 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television 42 station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 43 2009, whichever occurs first.

44 22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 45 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 1 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from 2 qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this 3 deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must present its 4 certification approved by the department.

5 23. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 6 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 7 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized 8 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 9 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 10 11 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 12 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

13 C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not 14 include sales of:

15 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 16 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible 17 personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of 18 the cost or useful life of that property.

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2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

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3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 12 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of
 whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

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7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

8. Machinery and equipment or other tangible personal property used
by a contractor in performing a contract.

D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by 33 subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base 34 35 the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of 36 machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used 37 directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in 38 39 section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive 40 calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

41 E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross 42 income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any 43 amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States 44 Code section 4051. F. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.

G. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.

H. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to:

Agricultural producers who are owners, proprietors or tenants of
 agricultural lands, orchards, farms or gardens where agricultural products
 are grown, raised or prepared for market and who are marketing their own
 agricultural products.

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2. Businesses classified under the:

(a) Transporting classification.

- (b) Utilities classification.
- 28 (c) Telecommunications classification.
- 29 (d) Pipeline classification.
- 30 (e) Private car line classification.
- 31 (f) Publication classification.

32 (g) Job printing classification.

33 (h) Prime contracting classification.

34

(i) Restaurant classification.

I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:

38 1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its 39 departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or 40 repairer.

2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer. 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.

4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property
to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds
of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer,
modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this
subsection.

J. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies that is not deducted under subsection I of this section.

16 K. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction 17 provided by subsection I or J of this section to file on forms prescribed 18 by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn 19 statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of 20 sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.

21 L. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross 22 income does not include:

23 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor 24 vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the 25 retailer.

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2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

M. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.

N. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.

39 0. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless 40 telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale 41 or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a 42 contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 43 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of 44 business. P. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.

5 Q. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a 6 pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:

7 1. Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole 8 purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not 9 a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.

Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole
 purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is
 not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.

R. For the purposes of this section, the transfer of title or possession of coal from an owner or operator of a power plant to a person in the business of refining coal is not a sale of coal if both of the following apply:

17 1. The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the 18 purpose of refining the coal.

2. The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this paragraph, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids in the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.

25 S. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 26 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require 27 the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. 28 If the 29 purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the 30 31 purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this 32 33 chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount 34 35 under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible 36 37 personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the 38 39 seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.

40 T. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall 41 separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification 42 from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:

1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased
or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5,
chapter 8.

1 2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium 2 located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the 3 Arizona board of regents.

4 U. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a 5 nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a 6 corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this 7 chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is 8 lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the 9 purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration 10 11 permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, 12 there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds 13 or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed 14 by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the 15 16 motor vehicle.

17

V. For the purposes of this section:

18 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for 19 agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or 20 for aerial seeding.

21

2. "Aircraft" includes:

22 (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal 23 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator 24 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

25 (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or 26 attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property. 27

3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 28 29 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation. 30

31 4. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal 32 property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the 33 34 definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or 35 36 rental.

37

For the purposes of subsection I of this section: Ψ.

1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, 38 39 wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or 40 substance without changing or altering the component parts.

41 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in 42 fabricating, producing or manufacturing products, wares or articles for 43 use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new 44 forms, qualities, properties and combinations.

1 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to 2 products, wares or articles of manufacture.

3 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross 4 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be 5 included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in 6 performing a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense 7 account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted 8 accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting 9 standards.

10 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares 11 or articles of manufacture.

6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 12 13 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to perform one or 14 more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 15 16 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken 17 or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in 18 performing the 19 subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions 20 incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the 21 subcontract.

22 Sec. 8. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2021, chapter 266, section 4, chapter 412, section 8, chapter 417, 23 24 section 5 and chapter 443, section 3, is amended to read:

25

## 42-5061. <u>Retail classification; definitions</u>

26 A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of 27 selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from 28 29 the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from: 30

1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that 31 32 involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as 33 inconsequential elements.

34 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal 35 property at retail.

36 Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or 3. 37 consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of 38 such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.

of 39 4. Sales tangible personal property by any nonprofit 40 organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes 41 and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 42 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

43 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink 44 45 or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

1 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other 2 business classification that is taxable under this article.

3

7. The sale of stocks and bonds.

8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, if prescribed by a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

8 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 and as 9 prescribed or recommended by a health professional who is licensed 10 pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.

11

Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.

12 13

12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

14 13. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and 15 medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by 16 medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, 17 chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is 18 primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally 19 not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is 20 appropriate for use in the home.

21 14. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 22 outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor 23 vehicle to a destination out of this state.

15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3
of this chapter and sections 42-5074 and 42-6017.

26 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture 27 coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program 28 pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 29 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments 30 31 issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 32 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code 33 section 1786).

34 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state 35 university or community college.

18. Food and drink to a person that is engaged in a business that is classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

40 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible 41 personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles 42 and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to 43 persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the 44 district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours. 1 2

20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, article 1.

4

3 21. The sale of cash equivalents and the sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of 5 coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art 6 is subject to the tax and the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 7 derived from the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a 8 means of payment for goods or services that are taxable under this article 9 is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

10 (a) "Cash equivalents" means items or intangibles, whether or not 11 negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in money is purchased in advance and may be redeemed in full 12 13 or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, 14 vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other instruments, orders or 15 16 electronic mechanisms, such as an electronic code, personal identification 17 number or digital payment mechanism, or any other prepaid intangible right 18 to acquire tangible personal property, intangibles or services in the future, whether from the seller of the cash equivalent or from another 19 20 person. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

(i) Items or intangibles that are sold to one or more persons, 21 22 through which a value is not denominated in money.

23 (ii) Prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for 24 telecommunications services made taxable by subsection P of this section.

(b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that 25 26 are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or 27 are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United 28 States or a foreign nation.

29 (c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, 30 silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined 31 so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax 32 33 imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a 34 holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 35 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under 36 section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed 37 under article 8 of this chapter.

38 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the 39 business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property 40 rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such 41 person.

42 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign 43 commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the constitution of the United States or the constitution of this state. 44

1 25. Tangible personal property sold to: 2 (a) A gualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001. 3 (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 4 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization 5 solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable 6 services. 7 (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 8 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 9 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for and visually impaired children and children with multiple 10 blind 11 disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one. 12 (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 13 42-5001. 14 (e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves 15 16 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost. 17 (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 18 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 19 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential 20 apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a 21 facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible 22 personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years 23 24 of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy. 25 (g) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined 26 in section 42-5001. 27 (h) Any person representing or working on behalf of another person 28 described in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this paragraph if the 29 tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project 30 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0. 31 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this 32 state to encourage tourist travel. 33 27. Tangible personal property sold to: 34 (a) A person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of 35 being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 or to a 36 subcontractor working under the control of a person engaged in business 37 classified under section 42-5075, if the property so sold is any of the 38 following: 39 (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real 40 property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the 41 business. 42 (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project 43 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

1 (iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities 2 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

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3 (b) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and 4 that has been provided a copy of a certificate under section 42-5009, 5 subsection L, if the property so sold is incorporated or fabricated by the 6 person into the real property, structure, project, development or 7 improvement described in the certificate.

8 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state if 9 the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax 10 exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the 11 nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration 12 permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.

29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

19 30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 20 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 21 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated 22 with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional 23 golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures 24 to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph 25 does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in 26 whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association 27 28 or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or 29 agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in 30 this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from taxation under 31 section 42-5073.

32 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 33 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in 34 or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future 35 delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the 36 United States commodity futures trading commission.

37 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization 38 that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 39 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the 40 organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and 41 ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 42 benefit of any private shareholder or individual. 1 33. Sales of propagative materials to persons who use those items 2 to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or 3 floricultural crops in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph, 4 "propagative materials":

5 (a) Includes seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, liners, transplants, 6 cuttings, soil and plant additives, agricultural minerals, auxiliary soil 7 micronutrients, and plant substances. fertilizers. insecticides. herbicides. 8 fumigants, fungicides, soil desiccants, rodenticides. 9 adjuvants, plant nutrients and plant growth regulators.

10 (b) Except for use in commercially producing industrial hemp as 11 defined in section 3-311, does not include any propagative materials used 12 in producing any part, including seeds, of any plant of the genus 13 cannabis.

14 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are 15 only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in 16 section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined 17 in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be 18 more independent and functional.

19 35. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel 20 a motor vehicle.

21 36. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer 22 felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper 23 manufacturing.

24 37. Petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity 25 sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or 26 processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed 27 generating or providing on-site power or energy solely in for 28 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or 29 environmental protection. This paragraph applies for twenty full 30 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 31 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor that does not 32 manufacture paper, the time period begins with the date the first 33 manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service. 34

35 38. Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in 36 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, 37 printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an 38 integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials 39 40 from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or allowing 41 a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the 42 production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are 43 consumed in activities such as packaging, used or storage or transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that 44 45 is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

3 39. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation 4 transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after 5 December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be 6 taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall 7 be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or 8 transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:

9 (a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of 10 personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on 11 behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the 12 owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if 13 any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of 14 the deceased, if one has been appointed.

15 (b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained 16 to conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.

40. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

41. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier that is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and that is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.

42. Sales of:

26

27 (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of28 farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.

(b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons for use or consumption by their own livestock or poultry, for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

43. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons that are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or that are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

42 44. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this 43 state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered 44 out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes 45 or its free on board point. 45. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

7 46. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a 8 used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used 9 oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.

47. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded
libraries, including school district libraries, charter school libraries,
community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state,
county or municipal libraries, for use by the public as follows:

14

(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

15

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

16 48. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and 17 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for 18 serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the 19 20 purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a 21 federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air 22 carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or 23 United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

49. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

29 50. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that 30 is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor 31 licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or
 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities
 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

52. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

40 53. Application services that are designed to assess or test 41 student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased 42 by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state 43 university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

44 (a) "Application services" means software applications provided
 45 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

1 (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing 2 or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning 3 activities.

54. Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

8 55. Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a 9 qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or 10 transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects 11 as defined in section 41-1516.

12 56. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any 13 other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" 14 means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or 15 16 governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of 17 electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour 18 equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed 19 renewable energy resources.

20 57. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is 21 licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice 22 of dentistry.

58. Sales of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
benefit the Indian reservation was established.

31 (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits 32 of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and 33 occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that 34 are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of 35 the interior.

36 (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or 37 community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 38 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 39 of the Indian tribe.

59. Sales of works of fine art, as defined in section 44-1771, at an art auction or gallery in this state to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the work of fine art to a destination outside this state.

44 60. Sales of coal.

1 61. Sales of tangible personal property by a marketplace seller 2 that are facilitated by a marketplace facilitator in which the marketplace 3 facilitator has remitted or will remit the applicable tax to the 4 department pursuant to section 42-5014.

B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property shall be deducted from the tax base:

9 used directly in 1. Machinery, or equipment, manufacturing, printing, 10 processing. fabricating, job refining or metallurgical 11 operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer 12 13 to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary 14 "Metallurgical meaning. operations" includes leaching, milling, 15 precipitating, smelting and refining.

2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

22 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification, including a person 23 24 representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and consisting of central office 25 26 switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, 27 microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, 28 coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier 29 systems.

4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in 30 31 transmitting electrical power, but not producing or including 32 distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission 33 substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting 34 electrical power.

35 5. Machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for
 36 later electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

37 (a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a
 38 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such
 39 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

40 (b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for 41 electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy 42 for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses 43 mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy. 1 (c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and 2 equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of 3 receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric 4 energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

5 6. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used 6 or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of 7 breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or 8 production.

9 7. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, 10 11 including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, 12 seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

13 8. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other 14 accessories and related equipment sold to:

15

(a) A person:

16 (i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal 17 certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction 18 with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for 19 hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

20 (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation 21 administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 22 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to 23 24 transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

25 (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation 26 for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be 27 used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, 28 interstate or foreign commerce.

29 (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for 30 compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that 31 meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air 32 33 carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a 34 restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, 35 regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified 36 under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code 37 of Federal Regulations.

38 (v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, 39 within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or 40 41 accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q. 42

- 43
- (b) Any foreign government.

1 (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not 2 use such property in this state other than in removing such property from 3 this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not 4 incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business 5 in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this 6 state and the property will not be used in this state other than in 7 removing the property from this state.

8 9. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or 9 consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, 10 aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a 11 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

12 10. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control 13 equipment used directly to transport persons or property.

14 11. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 15 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 16 commercial purposes.

17 Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used 12. 18 directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program 19 20 and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of 21 convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other 22 governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental 23 entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to 24 provide urban mass transportation.

25

13. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

26 14. New Machinery and equipment consisting of agricultural OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES, 27 aircraft. tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting 28 29 milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 7 30 31 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of 32 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and 33 products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

34 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment
 35 that have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals
 36 that do not total two years or more.

37 (a) "OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES" MEANS OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES AS DEFINED IN
38 SECTION 28-1171 THAT ARE MODIFIED AT THE TIME OF SALE TO FUNCTION AS A
39 TRACTOR OR TO TOW TRACTOR-DRAWN IMPLEMENTS AND THAT ARE NOT EQUIPPED WITH
40 A MODIFIED EXHAUST SYSTEM TO INCREASE HORSEPOWER OR SPEED OR AN ENGINE
41 THAT IS MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND CUBIC CENTIMETERS OR THAT HAVE A MAXIMUM
42 SPEED OF FIFTY MILES PER HOUR OR LESS.

43 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that44 are electric-powered.

1 15. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For 2 the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 3 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, 4 developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including 5 research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an 6 integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for 7 machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function 8 effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing 9 quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales 10 promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, 11 computer software research that is not included in the definition of 12 other nontechnological research and development, or activities or 13 technical services.

14 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the 15 following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, 16 control or transmit telecommunications information:

17 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
18 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

19 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both 20 of the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or
 on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal
 Regulations part 25.

(ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data
transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the
facility to or on behalf of those services.

30 For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means 31 the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date 32 on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which 33 the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service 34 first transmits information to its customers.

35 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 36 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 15 of 37 this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an 38 39 environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and 40 contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, 41 without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that 42 environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated 43 into real property. Clean room:

44 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 45 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to 1 reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, 2 chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing 3 tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in 4 conjunction with the clean room environment.

5 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 6 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

18. Machinery and equipment used directly in feeding poultry,
 environmentally controlling housing for poultry, moving eggs within a
 production and packaging facility or sorting or cooling eggs. This
 exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

11 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components 12 structures. and containment that is employed in connection with 13 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, 14 natural producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that 15 16 is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the 17 federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental 18 protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of 19 20 this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air 21 pollution. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" 22 MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS, MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR 23 HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE ENVIRONMENT.

20. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in 25 commercially producing livestock, livestock products or agricultural, 26 horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this 27 state, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a 28 person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the 29 machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, 30 monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

(a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or
 equipment described in this paragraph.

40 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or 41 equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under 42 this paragraph.

43 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television
44 station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1,
45 2009, whichever occurs first.

1 22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 3 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from 4 qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this 5 deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must present its 6 certification approved by the department.

7 Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 23. 8 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 9 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 10 11 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For 12 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 13 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 14 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

15 C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not 16 include sales of:

17 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 18 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible 19 personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of 20 the cost or useful life of that property.

21

2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

22

32

3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 12 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

30 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of 31 whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

8. Machinery and equipment or other tangible personal property used
by a contractor in performing a contract.

D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by 35 36 subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base 37 the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of 38 machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used 39 directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental 40 technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in 41 section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive 42 calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross ncome from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4051.

5 F. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which 6 subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so 7 as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal 8 property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept 9 the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of 10 sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.

G. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.

H. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to:

Agricultural producers who are owners, proprietors or tenants of
 agricultural lands, orchards, farms or gardens where agricultural products
 are grown, raised or prepared for market and who are marketing their own
 agricultural products.

29

2. Businesses classified under the:

30

(a) Transporting classification.

- 31 (b) Utilities classification.
- 32 (c) Telecommunications classification.
- 33 (d) Pipeline classification.
- 34 (e) Private car line classification.
- 35 (f) Publication classification.
- 36 (g) Job printing classification.
- 37 (h) Prime contracting classification.
- 38 (i) Restaurant classification.

I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:

42 1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its 43 departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or 44 repairer. 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

5 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is 6 used in performing a contract between the United States government and a 7 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in 8 performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a 9 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to 10 the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.

4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.

J. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies that is not deducted under subsection I of this section.

K. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection I or J of this section to file on forms prescribed by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.

L. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

30

2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

M. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.

N. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.

43 0. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless
44 telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale
45 or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a

1 contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 2 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of 3 business.

P. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.

8 Q. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a 9 pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:

10 1. Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole 11 purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not 12 a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.

Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole
 purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is
 not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.

16 R. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 17 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require 18 the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, 19 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the 20 purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection Β. 21 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the 22 purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this 23 24 chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 25 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount 26 under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible 27 personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction 28 29 privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the 30 seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.

31 S. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall 32 separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification 33 from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:

1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.

At professional football contests that are held in a stadium
 located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the
 Arizona board of regents.

T. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the motor vehicle.

8

U. For the purposes of this section:

9 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for 10 agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or 11 for aerial seeding.

12

2. "Aircraft" includes:

(a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal
 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator
 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

16 (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or 17 attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a 18 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft
 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically
 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

4. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.

28

V. For the purposes of subsection I of this section:

1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products,
 wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or
 substance without changing or altering the component parts.

2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in fabricating, producing or manufacturing products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.

36 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to 37 products, wares or articles of manufacture.

4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in performing a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards. 1 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares 2 or articles of manufacture.

3 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 4 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing supplies or 5 services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to perform one or more 6 government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 7 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken 8 or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead 9 materials or other tangible personal property used in performing the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions 10 11 incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the 12 subcontract.

13 Sec. 9. Section 42-5071, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

15

42-5071. <u>Personal property rental classification; definitions</u>

A. The personal property rental classification is comprised of the business of leasing or renting tangible personal property for a consideration and includes peer-to-peer car sharing. The tax does not apply to:

Leasing or renting films, tapes or slides used by theaters or
 movies, which are engaged in business under the amusement classification,
 or used by television stations or radio stations.

23 2. Activities engaged in by the Arizona exposition and state fair 24 board or county fair commissions in connection with events sponsored by 25 such entities.

26 3. Leasing or renting tangible personal property by a parent business entity to a subsidiary business entity or by a subsidiary 27 business entity to another subsidiary of the same parent business entity 28 29 if taxes were paid under this chapter on the gross proceeds or gross income accruing from the initial sale of the tangible personal property. 30 31 For the purposes of this paragraph, "subsidiary" means a business entity of which at least eighty percent of the voting shares are owned by the 32 33 parent business entity.

4. Operating coin-operated washing, drying and dry cleaning
 machines or coin-operated car washing machines at establishments for the
 use of such machines.

5. Leasing or renting tangible personal property for incorporation into or comprising any part of a qualified environmental technology facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This paragraph shall apply for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years following the initial lease or rental by each qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor.

43 6. Leasing or renting aircraft, flight simulators or similar 44 training equipment to students or staff by nonprofit, accredited educational institutions that offer associate or baccalaureate degrees in aviation or aerospace related fields.

7. Leasing or renting photographs, transparencies or other creative works used by this state on internet websites, in magazines or in other publications that encourage tourism.

8. Leasing or renting certified ignition interlock devices
installed pursuant to the requirements prescribed by section 28-1461. For
the purposes of this paragraph, "certified ignition interlock device" has
the same meaning prescribed in section 28-1301.

10 9. The leasing or renting of space to make attachments to utility 11 poles, as follows:

12 (a) By a person that is engaged in business under section 42-5063
13 or 42-5064 or that is a cable operator.

14 (b) To a person that is engaged in business under section 42-5063 15 or 42-5064 or that is a cable operator.

10. Leasing or renting billboards that are designed, intended or 17 used to advertise or inform and that are visible from any street, road or 18 other highway.

B. The tax base for the personal property rental classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business, but the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base:

1. Reimbursements by the lessee to the lessor of a motor vehicle for payments by the lessor of the applicable fees and taxes imposed by sections 28-2003, 28-2352, 28-2402, 28-2481 and 28-5801, title 28, chapter 15, article 2 and article IX, section 11, Constitution of Arizona, to the extent such amounts are separately identified as such fees and taxes and are billed to the lessee.

29 2. Leases or rentals of tangible personal property that, if it had 30 been purchased instead of leased or rented by the lessee, would have been 31 exempt under:

32 (a) Section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 8, 9, 12, 13, 25, 29, 33 49 or 53.

34 (b) Section 42-5061, subsection B, except that a lease or rental of
 35 new machinery or equipment is not exempt pursuant to section 42-5061,
 36 subsection B, paragraph 14 if the lease is for less than two years.

37 38 (c) Section 42-5061, subsection I, paragraph 1.

(d) Section 42-5061, subsection M.

39 3. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax 40 imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a 41 holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 42 28-5739 and sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed 43 under section 28-8344. 1 4. Leasing or renting a motor vehicle subject to and on which the 2 fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.

3 5. Amounts received by a motor vehicle dealer for the first month 4 of a lease payment if the lease and the lease payment for the first month 5 of the lease are transferred to a third-party leasing company.

6 C. Sales of tangible personal property to be leased or rented to a 7 person engaged in a business classified under the personal property rental 8 classification are deemed to be resale sales.

9 D. In computing the tax base, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the lease or rental of a motor vehicle does not include any 10 11 amount attributable to the car rental surcharge under section 5-839, 12 28-5810 or 48-4234.

13 E. Until December 31, 1988, leasing or renting animals for recreational purposes is exempt from the tax imposed by this section. 14 Beginning January 1, 1989, the gross proceeds or gross income from leasing 15 16 or renting animals for recreational purposes is subject to taxation under 17 this section. Tax liabilities, penalties and interest paid for taxable 18 periods before January 1, 1989 shall not be refunded unless the taxpayer requesting the refund provides proof satisfactory to the department that 19 20 the monies paid as taxes will be returned to the customer.

21 F. The tax base of the personal property rental classification does 22 not include the gross proceeds or gross income received by a shared 23 vehicle owner from a peer-to-peer car sharing program pursuant to section 24 42-5009, subsection R.

25

For the purposes of this section: G.

26 "Cable operator" has the same meaning prescribed in section 1. 27 9-505 and includes a video service provider.

28 2. "Peer-to-peer car sharing" has the same meaning prescribed in 29 section 28-9601.

30 3. "Peer-to-peer car sharing program" the has same meaning 31 prescribed in section 28-9601.

32 4. "Shared vehicle owner" has the same meaning prescribed in section 28-9601. 33

5. "Utility pole" means any wooden, metal or other pole used for 34 35 utility purposes and the pole's appurtenances that are attached or 36 authorized for attachment by the person controlling the pole.

37 Sec. 10. Section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 38 read:

- 39
- 40

42-5075. Prime contracting classification; exemptions; <u>definitions</u>

41 Α. The prime contracting classification is comprised of the business of prime contracting and the business of manufactured building 42 43 dealer. Sales for resale to another manufactured building dealer are not Sales for resale do not include sales to a lessor of 44 subject to tax. 45 manufactured buildings. The sale of a used manufactured building is not

1 taxable under this chapter. The prime contracting classification does not 2 include any work or operation performed by a person that is not required 3 to be licensed by the registrar of contractors pursuant to section 4 32-1121.

B. The tax base for the prime contracting classification is sixty-five percent of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The following amounts shall be deducted from the gross proceeds of sales or gross income before computing the tax base:

9 1. The sales price of land, which shall not exceed the fair market 10 value.

2. Sales and installation of groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604 and groundwater monitoring wells required by law, including monitoring wells installed for acquiring information for a permit required by law.

3. The sales price of furniture, furnishings, fixtures, appliances and attachments that are not incorporated as component parts of or attached to a manufactured building or the setup site. The sale of such items may be subject to the taxes imposed by article 1 of this chapter separately and distinctly from the sale of the manufactured building.

20 4. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 21 contract entered into for the modification of any building, highway, road, 22 railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development or improvement located in a military reuse zone for providing 23 24 aviation or aerospace services or for a manufacturer, assembler or 25 fabricator of aviation or aerospace products within an active military 26 reuse zone after the zone is initially established or renewed under 27 section 41-1531. To be eligible to qualify for this deduction, before beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor must have applied 28 29 for a letter of qualification from the department of revenue.

30 5. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 31 contract to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility, as described in section 41-1514.02, and 32 from subsequent construction and installation contracts that begin within 33 ten years after the start of initial construction. To qualify for this 34 35 deduction, before beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor 36 must obtain a letter of qualification from the department of revenue. This 37 paragraph shall apply for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction. 38

6. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income from a contract to provide for one or more of the following actions, or a contract for site preparation, constructing, furnishing or installing machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, including structures necessary to protect exempt incorporated materials or installed machinery or equipment, and tangible personal property incorporated into the project, to perform one or more of the following actions in response to a release or suspected 1 release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant from a facility 2 to the environment, unless the release was authorized by a permit issued 3 by a governmental authority:

4 (a) Actions to monitor, assess and evaluate such a release or a 5 suspected release.

6 (b) Excavation, removal and transportation of contaminated soil and 7 its treatment or disposal.

8 (c) Treatment of contaminated soil by vapor extraction, chemical or 9 physical stabilization, soil washing or biological treatment to reduce the 10 concentration, toxicity or mobility of a contaminant.

11 (d) Pumping and treatment or in situ treatment of contaminated 12 groundwater or surface water to reduce the concentration or toxicity of a 13 contaminant.

(e) The installation of structures, such as cutoff walls or caps, to contain contaminants present in groundwater or soil and prevent them from reaching a location where they could threaten human health or welfare or the environment.

18 This paragraph does not include asbestos removal or the construction or 19 use of ancillary structures such as maintenance sheds, offices or storage 20 facilities for unattached equipment, pollution control equipment, 21 facilities or other control items required or to be used by a person to 22 prevent or control contamination before it reaches the environment.

7. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived from a contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is either deducted from the tax base of the retail classification under section 42-5061, subsection B or that is exempt from use tax under section 42-5159, subsection B and that has independent functional utility, pursuant to the following provisions:

30 (a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross
 31 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following:

32 (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other 33 tangible personal property with independent functional utility.

(ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property
 relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with
 independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes
 provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph.

38 (iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in 39 items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the 40 installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible 41 personal property.

42 (b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross 43 proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting 44 activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real 45 property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, 1 maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 2 property that is either deducted from the tax base of the retail 3 classification under section 42-5061, subsection B or exempt from use tax 4 under section 42-5159, subsection B.

5 (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined 6 without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or 7 other tangible personal property.

8 (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional 9 utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property can independently perform its function without attachment to real 10 11 property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:

12 (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 13 property.

14 (ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible 15 personal property to each other.

16 (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible 17 personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items, 18 to water, power, gas, communication or other services.

19 (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other 20 tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or 21 performing other similar nonpermanent connections to either real property 22 or real property improvements.

23 8. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to the 24 purchase of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is exempt from or deductible from transaction privilege and use tax under: 25

26

(a) Section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 25, 29 or 58.

27

(b) Section 42-5061, subsection B.

(c) Section 42-5159, subsection A, paragraph 13, subdivision (a), 28 29 (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (j), (k), (m) or (n) or paragraph 55.

30

(d) Section 42-5159, subsection B.

31 9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 32 contract for the construction of an environmentally controlled facility 33 for the raising of poultry for the production of eggs and the sorting, 34 cooling and packaging of eggs.

35 10. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived 36 from a contract entered into with a person who is engaged in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, 37 38 horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this 39 state for the modification of any building, highway, road, excavation, 40 manufactured building or other structure, project, development or 41 improvement used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or 42 reduce air, water or land pollution.

1 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived 2 from the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of clean rooms that 3 are deducted from the tax base of the retail classification pursuant to 4 section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 17.

5 12. For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, the 6 gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract entered 7 into for the construction of a residential apartment housing facility that 8 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy for low income LOW-INCOME persons 9 over sixty-two years of age and that is owned by a nonprofit charitable 10 organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal 11 revenue code.

12 13. For taxable periods beginning from and after December 31, 1996 13 and ending before January 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross 14 income derived from a contract to provide and install a solar energy 15 device. The contractor shall register with the department as a solar 16 energy contractor. By registering, the contractor acknowledges that it 17 will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices 18 available to the department for examination.

19 14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 20 contract entered into for the construction of a launch site, as defined in 21 14 Code of Federal Regulations section 401.5.

15. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract entered into for the construction of a domestic violence shelter that is owned and operated by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

26 16. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from 27 contracts to perform postconstruction treatment of real property for 28 termite and general pest control, including wood-destroying organisms.

17. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from contracts entered into before July 1, 2006 for constructing a state university research infrastructure project if the project has been reviewed by the joint committee on capital review before the university enters into the construction contract for the project. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research infrastructure" has the same meaning prescribed in section 15-1670.

18. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 36 contract for the construction of any building, or other structure, 37 project, development or improvement owned by a qualified business under 38 39 section 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516 if actual 40 41 construction begins before January 1, 2024. To qualify for this 42 deduction, the prime contractor must obtain a letter of qualification from 43 the Arizona commerce authority before beginning work under the contract.

1 19. Any amount of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 2 attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to a 3 contract for construction, development or improvement of real property and 4 that are paid by a prime contractor or subcontractor. For the purposes of 5 this paragraph:

6 (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the 7 development fees actually imposed.

8 (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of 9 development fees paid by the prime contractor or subcontractor, and the 10 total development fees credited in exchange for the construction of, 11 contribution to or dedication of real property for providing public 12 infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the 13 development. The real property must be the subject of the development 14 fees.

15 (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs 16 of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services 17 to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 18 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are 19 paid.

20 20. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 21 contract entered into for the construction of a mixed waste processing 22 facility that is located on a municipal solid waste landfill and that is 23 constructed for the purpose of recycling solid waste or producing 24 renewable energy from landfill waste. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Mixed waste processing facility" means a solid waste facility 25 26 that is owned, operated or used for the treatment, processing or disposal 27 of solid waste, recyclable solid waste, conditionally exempt small quantity generator waste or household hazardous waste. For the purposes 28 29 of this subdivision, "conditionally exempt small quantity generator waste", "household hazardous waste" and "solid waste facility" have the 30 31 same meanings prescribed in section 49-701, except that solid waste facility does include a site that stores, treats or processes paper, 32 33 glass, wood, cardboard, household textiles, scrap metal, plastic. vegetative waste, aluminum, steel or other recyclable material. 34

35 (b) "Municipal solid waste landfill" has the same meaning 36 prescribed in section 49-701.

37 (c) "Recycling" means collecting, separating, cleansing, treating
 38 and reconstituting recyclable solid waste that would otherwise become
 39 solid waste, but does not include incineration or other similar processes.

40 (d) "Renewable energy" has the same meaning prescribed in section 41 41–1511.

42 21. THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM A
43 CONTRACT TO INSTALL CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS
44 PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS,

1 MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE 2 ENVIRONMENT.

C. Entitlement to the deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 7 of this section is subject to the following provisions:

5 1. A prime contractor may establish entitlement to the deduction by 6 both:

7 (a) Marking the invoice for the transaction to indicate that the 8 gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the transaction was 9 deducted from the base.

10 (b) Obtaining a certificate executed by the purchaser indicating 11 the name and address of the purchaser, the precise nature of the business 12 of the purchaser, the purpose for which the purchase was made, the 13 necessary facts to establish the deductibility of the property under 14 section 42-5061, subsection B, and a certification that the person executing the certificate is authorized to do so on behalf of the 15 16 purchaser. The certificate may be disregarded if the prime contractor has 17 reason to believe that the information contained in the certificate is not 18 accurate or complete.

A person who does not comply with paragraph 1 of this subsection
 may establish entitlement to the deduction by presenting facts necessary
 to support the entitlement, but the burden of proof is on that person.

3. The department may prescribe a form for the certificate described in paragraph 1, subdivision (b) of this subsection. The department may also adopt rules that describe the transactions with respect to which a person is not entitled to rely solely on the information contained in the certificate provided in paragraph 1, subdivision (b) of this subsection but must instead obtain such additional information as required in order to be entitled to the deduction.

29 4. If a prime contractor is entitled to a deduction by complying 30 with paragraph 1 of this subsection, the department may require the 31 purchaser who caused the execution of the certificate to establish the 32 accuracy and completeness of the information required to be contained in the certificate that would entitle the prime contractor to the deduction. 33 If the purchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the 34 35 information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, 36 penalty and interest that the prime contractor would have been required to 37 pay under article 1 of this chapter if the prime contractor had not complied with paragraph 1 of this subsection. Payment of the amount under 38 this paragraph exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed 39 40 under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be treated as a 41 transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the prime contractor in order to designate the distribution base for 42 43 purposes of section 42-5029.

D. Subcontractors or others who perform modification activities are not subject to tax if they can demonstrate that the job was within the control of a prime contractor or contractors or a dealership of manufactured buildings and that the prime contractor or dealership is liable for the tax on the gross income, gross proceeds of sales or gross receipts attributable to the job and from which the subcontractors or others were paid.

8 E. Amounts received by a contractor for a project are excluded from 9 the contractor's gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business if the person who hired the contractor executes and provides a 10 11 certificate to the contractor stating that the person providing the 12 certificate is a prime contractor and is liable for the tax under article 13 1 of this chapter. The department shall prescribe the form of the 14 certificate. If the contractor has reason to believe that the information contained on the certificate is erroneous or incomplete, the department 15 16 may disregard the certificate. If the person who provides the certificate 17 is not liable for the tax as a prime contractor, that person is 18 nevertheless deemed to be the prime contractor in lieu of the contractor 19 and is subject to the tax under this section on the gross receipts or 20 gross proceeds received by the contractor.

F. Every person engaging or continuing in this state in the business of prime contracting or dealership of manufactured buildings shall present to the purchaser of such prime contracting or manufactured building a written receipt of the gross income or gross proceeds of sales from such activity and shall separately state the taxes to be paid pursuant to this section.

G. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the prime contracting classification from any prime contractor engaged in the preparation or construction of a multipurpose facility, and related infrastructure, that is owned, operated or leased by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.

H. For the purposes of section 42-5032.02, from and after 33 September 30, 2013, the department shall separately account for revenues 34 reported and collected under the prime contracting classification from any 35 36 prime contractor engaged in the construction of any buildings and 37 associated improvements that are for the benefit of a manufacturing For the purposes of this subsection, "associated improvements" 38 facility. and "manufacturing facility" have the same meanings prescribed in section 39 40 42-5032.02.

I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract for lawn maintenance services is not subject to tax under this section if the contract does not include landscaping activities. Lawn maintenance service is a service pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 1, and includes lawn mowing and edging, weeding, repairing sprinkler heads or drip irrigation heads, seasonal replacement of flowers, refreshing gravel, lawn dethatching, seeding winter lawns, leaf and debris collection and removal, tree or shrub pruning or clipping, garden and gravel raking and applying pesticides, as defined in section 3-361, and fertilizer materials, as defined in section 3-262.

J. Except as provided in subsection 0 of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from landscaping activities is subject to tax under this section. Landscaping includes installing lawns, grading or leveling ground, installing gravel or boulders, planting trees and other plants, felling trees, removing or mulching tree stumps, removing other imbedded plants, building irrigation berms, installing railroad ties and installing underground sprinkler or watering systems.

13 K. The portion of gross proceeds of sales or gross income 14 attributable to the actual direct costs of providing architectural or 15 engineering services that are incorporated in a contract is not subject to 16 tax under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, "direct 17 costs" means the portion of the actual costs that are directly expended in 18 providing architectural or engineering services.

L. Operating a landfill or a solid waste disposal facility is not subject to taxation under this section, including filling, compacting and creating vehicle access to and from cell sites within the landfill. Constructing roads to a landfill or solid waste disposal facility and constructing cells within a landfill or solid waste disposal facility may be deemed prime contracting under this section.

25 M. The following apply in determining the taxable situs of sales of 26 manufactured buildings:

For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer
 contracts to deliver the building to a setup site or to perform the setup
 in this state, the taxable situs is the setup site.

2. For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer does not contract to deliver the building to a setup site or does not perform the setup, the taxable situs is the location of the dealership where the building is delivered to the buyer.

34 3. For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer 35 contracts to deliver the building to a setup site that is outside this 36 state, the situs is outside this state and the transaction is excluded 37 from tax.

N. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to a 38 39 written contract for design phase services or professional services, 40 executed before modification begins and with terms, conditions and pricing 41 of all of these services separately stated in the contract from those for 42 construction phase services, is not subject to tax under this section, 43 regardless of whether the services are provided sequential to or 44 concurrent with prime contracting activities that are subject to tax under 45 this section. This subsection does not include the gross proceeds of

1 sales or gross income attributable to construction phase services. For 2 the purposes of this subsection:

3 1. "Construction phase services" means services for the execution 4 and completion of any modification, including the following:

5 (a) Administration or supervision of any modification performed on 6 the project, including team management and coordination, scheduling, cost 7 controls, submittal process management, field management, safety program, 8 close-out process and warranty period services.

9 (b) Administration or supervision of any modification performed pursuant to a punch list. For the purposes of this subdivision, "punch 10 11 list" means minor items of modification work performed after substantial 12 completion and before final completion of the project.

13 (c) Administration or supervision of any modification performed pursuant to change orders. For the purposes of this subdivision, "change 14 order" means a written instrument issued after execution of a contract for 15 16 modification work, providing for all of the following:

17 (i) The scope of a change in the modification work, contract for 18 modification work or other contract documents.

19 (ii) The amount of an adjustment, if any, to the guaranteed maximum 20 price as set in the contract for modification work. For the purposes of 21 this item, "guaranteed maximum price" means the amount guaranteed to be 22 the maximum amount due to a prime contractor for the performance of all 23 modification work for the project.

24 (iii) The extent of an adjustment, if any, to the contract time of 25 performance set forth in the contract.

26 (d) Administration or supervision of any modification performed 27 pursuant to change directives. For the purposes of this subdivision, 28 directive" means a written order directing a change "change in 29 modification work before agreement on an adjustment of the guaranteed 30 maximum price or contract time.

31 (e) Inspection to determine the dates of substantial completion or 32 final completion.

(f) Preparation of any manuals, warranties, as-built drawings, 33 spares or other items the prime contractor must furnish pursuant to the 34 35 contract for modification work. For the purposes of this subdivision, 36 "as-built drawing" means a drawing that indicates field changes made to adapt to field conditions, field changes resulting from change orders or 37 buried and concealed installation of piping, conduit and utility services. 38

39 (g) Preparation of status reports after modification work has begun 40 detailing the progress of work performed, including preparation of any of 41 the following:

- 42
- (i) Master schedule updates.
- 43

44

(ii) Modification work cash flow projection updates.

(iii) Site reports made on a periodic basis.

1 (iv) Identification of discrepancies, conflicts or ambiguities in 2 modification work documents that require resolution.

3 (v) Identification of any health and safety issues that have arisen 4 in connection with the modification work.

5

(h) Preparation of daily logs of modification work, including 6 documentation of personnel, weather conditions and on-site occurrences.

7 (i) Preparation of any submittals or shop drawings used by the 8 prime contractor to illustrate details of the modification work performed.

9 (j) Administration or supervision of any other activities for which a prime contractor receives a certificate for payment or certificate for 10 11 final payment based on the progress of modification work performed on the 12 project.

13 "Design phase services" means services for developing and 2. 14 completing a design for a project that are not construction phase 15 services, including the following:

16 (a) Evaluating surveys, reports, test results or any other 17 information on-site conditions for the project, including physical 18 characteristics, legal limitations and utility locations for the site.

19 (b) Evaluating any criteria or programming objectives for the 20 project to ascertain requirements for the project, such as physical 21 requirements affecting cost or projected utilization of the project.

22 (c) Preparing drawings and specifications for architectural program 23 documents, schematic design documents, design development documents, 24 modification work documents or documents that identify the scope of or 25 materials for the project.

26 (d) Preparing an initial schedule for the project, excluding the 27 preparation of updates to the master schedule after modification work has 28 begun.

29 (e) Preparing preliminary estimates of costs of modification work 30 before completion of the final design of the project, including an 31 estimate or schedule of values for any of the following:

32 (i) Labor, materials, machinery and equipment, tools, water, heat, 33 utilities, transportation and other facilities and services used in the 34 execution and completion of modification work, regardless of whether they 35 are temporary or permanent or whether they are incorporated in the 36 modifications.

37 (ii) The cost of labor and materials to be furnished by the owner 38 of the real property.

39 (iii) The cost of any equipment of the owner of the real property 40 to be assigned by the owner to the prime contractor.

41 (iv) The cost of any labor for installation of equipment separately 42 provided by the owner of the real property that has been designed, 43 specified, selected or specifically provided for in any design document 44 for the project.

1 (v) Any fee paid by the owner of the real property to the prime 2 contractor pursuant to the contract for modification work.

3

(vi) Any bond and insurance premiums.

4

(vii) Any applicable taxes. 5 (viii) Any contingency fees for the prime contractor that may be 6 used before final completion of the project.

7 (f) Reviewing and evaluating cost estimates and project documents 8 to prepare recommendations on site use, site improvements, selection of 9 materials, building systems and equipment, modification feasibility, availability of materials and labor, local modification activity as 10 11 related to schedules and time requirements for modification work.

12 (g) Preparing the plan and procedures for selection of 13 subcontractors, including any prequalification of subcontractor 14 candidates.

3. "Professional services" means architect services, 15 engineer 16 services, geologist services, land surveying services or landscape 17 architect services that are within the scope of those services as provided 18 in title 32, chapter 1 and for which gross proceeds of sales or gross 19 income has not otherwise been deducted under subsection K of this section.

20 0. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 21 contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property 22 for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing 23 property is not subject to tax under this section if the contract does not 24 include modification activities, except as specified in this subsection. 25 The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a de minimis 26 amount of modification activity does not subject the contract or any part 27 of the contract to tax under this section. For the purposes of this 28 subsection:

29 1. Tangible personal property that is incorporated or fabricated 30 into a project described in this subsection may be subject to the amount 31 prescribed in section 42-5008.01.

32 2. Each contract is independent of any other contract, except that 33 any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under 34 35 this chapter, regardless of the amount of modification activities included 36 in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate to the 37 scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be treated as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change order 38 39 to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of work of 40 the subsequent change order directly relates.

41 P. Notwithstanding subsection 0 of this section, a contract that 42 primarily involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is 43 subject to title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 is taxable under this section, even if the contract also includes vertical 44 45 improvements. Agencies that are subject to procurement processes under 1 those provisions shall include in the request for proposals a notice to 2 bidders when those projects are subject to this section. This subsection 3 does not apply to contracts with:

4 districts, fire districts, county 1. Community facilities television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts, 5 cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, 6 pest abatement 7 districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, 8 county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium 9 health care districts, public districts, special health services districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts. 10

11 2. Any special taxing district not specified in paragraph 1 of this 12 subsection if the district does not substantially engage in the 13 modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or 14 subsurface improvements to land.

15 Q. Notwithstanding subsection R, paragraph 10 of this section, a 16 person owning real property who enters into a contract for sale of the 17 real property, who is responsible to the new owner of the property for 18 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the transfer of title and who receives a consideration for the modifications 19 20 is considered a prime contractor solely for purposes of taxing the gross 21 proceeds of sale or gross income received for the modifications made 22 subsequent to the transfer of title. The original owner's gross proceeds 23 of sale or gross income received for the modifications shall be determined 24 according to the following methodology:

25 1. If any part of the contract for sale of the property specifies 26 amounts to be paid to the original owner for the modifications to be made 27 in the period subsequent to the transfer of title, the amounts are 28 included in the original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income 29 under this section. Proceeds from the sale of the property that are 30 received after transfer of title and that are unrelated the to 31 modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title are not considered gross proceeds of sale or gross income from the modifications. 32

2. If the original owner enters into an agreement separate from the contract for sale of the real property providing for amounts to be paid to the original owner for the modifications to be made in the period subsequent to the transfer of title to the property, the amounts are included in the original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income received for the modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title.

39 3. If the original owner is responsible to the new owner for 40 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the 41 transfer of title and derives any gross proceeds of sale or gross income 42 from the project subsequent to the transfer of title other than a delayed 43 disbursement from escrow unrelated to the modifications, it is presumed 44 that the amounts are received for the modifications made subsequent to the 1 transfer of title unless the contrary is established by the owner through 2 its books, records and papers kept in the regular course of business.

3 4. The tax base of the original owner is computed in the same4 manner as a prime contractor under this section.

5

R. For the purposes of this section:

6 1. "Alteration" means an activity or action that causes a direct 7 physical change to existing property. For the purposes of this paragraph:

8 (a) For existing property that is properly classified as class two 9 property under section 42-12002, paragraph 1, subdivision (c) or paragraph 2, subdivision (c) and that is used for residential purposes, class three 10 11 property under section 42-12003 or class four property under section 12 42-12004, this paragraph does not apply if the contract amount is more 13 than twenty-five percent of the most recent full cash value established under chapter 13, article 2 of this title as of the date of any bid for 14 the work or the date of the contract, whichever value is higher. 15

16 (b) For all existing property other than existing property 17 described in subdivision (a) of this paragraph, this paragraph does not 18 apply if the contract amount is more than \$750,000.

19 (c) Project elements may not be artificially separated from a 20 contract to cause a project to qualify as an alteration. The department 21 has the burden of proof that project elements have been artificially 22 separated from a contract.

(d) If a project for which the owner and the person performing the work reasonably believed, at the inception of the contract, would be treated as an alteration under this paragraph and, on completion of the project, the project exceeded the applicable threshold described in either subdivision (a) or (b) of this paragraph by no more than twenty-five percent of the applicable threshold for any reason, the work performed under the contract qualifies as an alteration.

30 (e) A change order that directly relates to the scope of work of 31 the original contract shall be treated as part of the original contract, 32 and the contract amount shall include any amount attributable to a change 33 order that directly relates to the scope of work of the original contract.

34

(f) Alteration does not include maintenance, repair or replacement.2. "Contracting" means engaging in business as a contractor.

35

"Contracting" means engaging in business as a contractor. "Contractor" is synonymous with the term "builder" and me

36 "Contractor" is synonymous with the term "builder" and means any 3. 37 person or organization that undertakes to or offers to undertake to, or 38 purports to have the capacity to undertake to, or submits a bid to, or 39 does personally or by or through others, modify any building, highway, 40 road, railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, 41 project, development or improvement, or to do any part of such a project, including the erection of scaffolding or other structure or works in 42 43 connection with such a project, and includes subcontractors and specialty 44 contractors. For all purposes of taxation or deduction, this definition shall govern without regard to whether or not such a contractor is acting in fulfillment of a contract.

4. "Manufactured building" means a manufactured home, mobile home
or factory-built building, as defined in section 41-4001.

5

5. "Manufactured building dealer" means a dealer who either:

6 (a) Is licensed pursuant to title 41, chapter 37, article 4 and who 7 sells manufactured buildings to the final consumer.

8 (b) Supervises, performs or coordinates the excavation and 9 completion of site improvements or the setup of a manufactured building, 10 including the contracting, if any, with any subcontractor or specialty 11 contractor for the completion of the contract.

12 6. "Modification" means construction, grading and leveling ground,
 13 wreckage or demolition. Modification does not include:

14

(a) Any project described in subsection 0 of this section.

15 (b) Any wreckage or demolition of existing property, or any other 16 activity that is a necessary component of a project described in 17 subsection 0 of this section.

18 (c) Any mobilization or demobilization related to a project 19 described in subsection 0 of this section, such as the erection or removal 20 of temporary facilities to be used by those persons working on the 21 project.

7. "Modify" means to make a modification or cause a modification tobe made.

24 8. "Owner" means the person that holds title to the real property 25 or improvements to real property that is the subject of the work, as well 26 as an agent of the title holder and any person with the authority to 27 perform or authorize work on the real property or improvements, including 28 a tenant and a property manager. For the purposes of subsection 0 of this 29 section, a person who is hired by a general contractor that is hired by an 30 owner, or a subcontractor of a general contractor that is hired by an 31 owner, is considered to be hired by the owner.

32 9. "Prime contracting" means engaging in business as a prime33 contractor.

34 10. "Prime contractor" means a contractor who supervises, performs 35 or coordinates the modification of any building, highway, road, railroad, 36 excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development 37 or improvement, including the contracting, if any, with any subcontractors 38 or specialty contractors and who is responsible for the completion of the 39 contract. Except as provided in subsections E and Q of this section, a 40 person who owns real property, who engages one or more contractors to 41 modify that real property and who does not itself modify that real 42 property is not a prime contractor within the meaning of this paragraph 43 regardless of the existence of a contract for sale or the subsequent sale 44 of that real property.

1 "Replacement" means the removal from service of one component 11. 2 or system of existing property or tangible personal property installed in 3 existing property, including machinery or equipment, and the installation 4 of a new component or system or new tangible personal property, including 5 machinery or equipment, that provides the same, a similar or an upgraded 6 design or functionality, regardless of the contract amount and regardless 7 of whether the existing component or system or existing tangible personal 8 property is physically removed from the existing property.

9 12. "Sale of a used manufactured building" does not include a lease 10 of a used manufactured building.

11 Sec. 11. Section 42–5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read:

13

42-5159. <u>Exemptions</u>

A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, use or consumption in this state of the following described tangible personal property:

17 1. Tangible personal property, sold in this state, the gross 18 receipts from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax 19 imposed by articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.

20 2. Tangible personal property, the sale or use of which has already 21 been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax 22 imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United 23 States. If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less 24 than the tax imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is 25 reduced by the amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.

3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state from taxing or to the extent that the rate or imposition of tax is unconstitutional under the laws of the United States.

4. Tangible personal property that directly enters into and becomes
 an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or
 processed article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course
 of business.

34 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use 35 of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under title 28, 36 chapter 16, article 1, use fuel that is sold to or used by a person 37 holding a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, aviation fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in 38 39 this state is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet 40 fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to 41 the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.

42 6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an
43 individual who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased
44 for storage, use or consumption by the individual if the first actual use

1 or consumption of the property was outside this state, unless the property 2 is used in conducting a business in this state.

7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

9

8. Purchases of:

10 (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of 11 farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.

(b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives sold to persons for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock or poultry or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

Propagative materials for use in commercially producing
 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this
 state. For the purposes of this paragraph, "propagative materials":

20 (a) Includes seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, liners, transplants, 21 cuttings, soil and plant additives, agricultural minerals, auxiliary soil 22 and plant substances. micronutrients, fertilizers. insecticides. rodenticides, 23 herbicides. fungicides, soil fumigants, desiccants, 24 adjuvants, plant nutrients and plant growth regulators.

(b) Except for use in commercially producing industrial hemp as defined in section 3-311, does not include any propagative materials used in producing any part, including seeds, of any plant of the genus cannabis.

10. Tangible personal property not exceeding \$200 in any one month
 purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits of the
 United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.

11. Advertising supplements that are intended for sale with newspapers published in this state and that have already been subjected to an excise tax under the laws of another state in the United States that equals or exceeds the tax imposed by this article.

36 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded 37 libraries, including school district libraries, charter school libraries, 38 community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, 39 county or municipal libraries, for use by the public as follows:

40

(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

41

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

42

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994 13. Tangible personal property purchased by:

15. Tangible personal property purchased by:

43 (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable
 44 purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of
 45 any private shareholder or individual.

1 (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of 2 this state.

3 (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential 4 care institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction 5 with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis 6 center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health 7 related services and is not used or held for profit.

8 (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 9 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization 10 solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable 11 services.

12 (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 13 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 14 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for 15 blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple 16 disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

(f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

(g) A person that is subject to tax under this chapter by reason of being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075, or a subcontractor working under the control of a person that is engaged in business classified under section 42-5075, if the tangible personal property is any of the following:

27 (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into a structure,
 28 project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.

29 (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project 30 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

(iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities
 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

(h) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and that has been provided a copy of a certificate described in section 42-5009, subsection L, if the property purchased is incorporated or fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project, development or improvement described in the certificate.

(i) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under
 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is
 purchased from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located
 outside this state.

42 (j) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 43 42-5001. 1 2

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(k) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

4

4 (1) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging 5 classification if the property is a personal hygiene item or articles used 6 by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, 7 which are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be 8 consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

9 (m) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has gualified under section 10 11 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential 12 apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a 13 facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible 14 property is used by the organization solely to provide personal residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years 15 16 of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.

17 (n) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined18 in section 42-5001.

(o) A person representing or working on behalf of any person described in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (i), (j), (k), (m) or (n) of this paragraph, if the tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.

29

15. Tangible personal property sold by:

(a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively
 for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal
 revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

33 (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if 34 35 the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a 36 national touring professional golfing association and no part of the 37 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 38 shareholder or individual. This subdivision does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by 39 40 a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or 41 agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the 42 43 organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from transaction privilege tax under 44 45 section 42-5073.

1 (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the 2 3 internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo 4 primarily farm and ranch animals and no featuring part of the 5 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 6 shareholder or individual.

7 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or 8 tent, regulator and tank, if prescribed by a member of the medical, dental 9 or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such 10 substances.

11 17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed 12 or recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise 13 professionally credentialed as a physician, dentist, podiatrist, 14 chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist.

15

18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.

16

19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

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Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901. 20.

18 21. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by 19 20 medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, 21 chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and 22 customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in 23 24 the home.

25 Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 22. 26 of this chapter and sections 42-5074 and 42-6017.

27 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture 28 coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program 29 pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States 30 31 department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 32 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code 33 34 section 1786).

35 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer 36 that is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment. 37

25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a 38 business subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, 39 40 whether simple, mixed or compounded.

41 26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property that are acquired for use by or provided to a school district or 42 43 charter school if they are to be either served or prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school in the school 44 45 district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.

1 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, 2 chapter 5.1, article 1.

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28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state 4 university or community college.

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29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by 6 this state to encourage tourist travel.

7 8

30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in 9 paper manufacturing.

10 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and 11 electricity purchased by а qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and 12 13 directly used or consumed in generating or providing on-site power or energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or 14 15 processing or environmental protection. This paragraph applies for twenty 16 full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 17 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an 18 environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor that does not manufacture paper, the time period begins with the date the first 19 20 manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

21 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor 22 vehicle dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:

23 (a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from 24 taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

25

(b) Public educational institutions.

26 (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 27 28 benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

29 Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor 33. 30 vehicle.

31 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are 32 only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in 33 section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined 34 in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be 35 more independent and functional.

36 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, 37 processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if 38 39 using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system 40 of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the 41 product is produced for the purpose of causing or allowing a chemical or 42 physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production 43 process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but 44 45 does not affect any exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise

provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

4 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the 5 premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction 6 of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, 7 the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

8 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and 9 tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a 10 motor carrier that is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 11 article 4 and that is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such a 12 property.

13 38. Tangible personal property that is or directly enters into and 14 becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan 15 identification cards.

39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, that is used or consumed in performing a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.

"Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 30 (b) 31 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to perform one or 32 33 more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 34 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken 35 or assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead 36 materials or other tangible personal property used in performing the 37 subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions 38 incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the 39 subcontract.

40 40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold 41 pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in 42 section 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal 43 property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as 44 defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were 1 included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or 2 if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.

41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064.

7 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a 8 used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used 9 oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.

10 43. Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline 11 and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without 12 13 additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a 14 federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air 15 16 carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce. 17

18 44. Alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a 19 diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and 20 equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to 21 convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in 22 section 1-215.

45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the business of:

(a) Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or
 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that
 pressurizes the pipeline.

(b) Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, and used or
 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the
 conversion process.

31 46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or 32 deductible from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.

47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or
 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities
 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

48. Tangible personal property sold by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

41 49. Prepared food, drink or condiment donated by a restaurant as 42 classified in section 42-5074, subsection A to a nonprofit charitable 43 organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal 44 revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on 45 a continuing basis at no cost. 1 50. Application services that are designed to assess or test 2 student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased 3 by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state 4 university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

- 5
- 6

(a) "Application services" means software applications provided remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

7 (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing
8 or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning
9 activities.

10 51. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under 11 section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting 12 qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in 13 section 41-1516.

52. Repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

18 53. Renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track 19 energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this 20 paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively 21 by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power entity 22 to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy 23 resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources 24 displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.

25 54. Coal acquired from an owner or operator of a power plant by a 26 person that is responsible for refining coal if both of the following 27 apply:

(a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for thepurpose of refining the coal.

30 (b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the 31 owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining 32 process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" 33 means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of 34 power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of 35 flue gas.

55. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
benefit the Indian reservation was established.

1 (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits 2 of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and 3 occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that 4 are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of 5 the interior.

6 (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or 7 community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 8 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 9 of the Indian tribe.

56. Cash equivalents, precious metal bullion and monetized bullion purchased by the ultimate consumer, but coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art are subject to tax, and tangible personal property that is purchased through the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a means of payment for goods that are subject to tax under this article is subject to tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Cash equivalents" means items, whether or not negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in money is purchased in advance and that may be redeemed in full or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other tangible instruments or orders. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

24 (i) Items that are sold to one or more persons and through which a 25 value is not denominated in money.

26

(ii) Prepaid calling cards for telecommunications services.

(b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.

31 (c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, 32 silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined 33 so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also exempt:

37 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, 38 fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical processing, operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job 39 printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer 40 41 to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary 42 meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling. 43 precipitating, smelting and refining.

2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

7 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business 8 classified under the telecommunications classification under section 9 42-5064, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection O, and 10 11 consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private 12 branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment 13 including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that 14 are components of carrier systems.

4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in 15 16 producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including 17 distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission 18 substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting 19 electrical power.

20 5. Machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for 21 later electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a
 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such
 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

(c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

6. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

7. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to
transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry,
including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings,
seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

8. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other
 accessories and related equipment sold to:

43 (a) A person:

44 (i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal 45 certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

3 (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation 4 administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 5 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as 6 or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to 7 transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

8 (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation 9 for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be 10 used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, 11 interstate or foreign commerce.

12 (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for 13 compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air 15 16 carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a 17 restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, 18 regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified 19 under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code 20 of Federal Regulations.

(v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.

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(b) Any foreign government.

(c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.

9. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

38 10. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used 39 directly to transport persons or property.

40 11. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 41 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 42 commercial purposes.

12. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used
 directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a
 governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program

and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.

6

13. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

7 and equipment consisting of 14. New Machinery agricultural 8 aircraft. OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES, tractor-drawn implements, tractors, 9 self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and 10 11 livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 7 12 of this subsection and that are used for commercially producing 13 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and 14 products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

15 (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery or equipment that 16 has never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals that do 17 not total two years or more.

(a) "OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES" MEANS OFF-HIGHWAY VEHICLES AS DEFINED IN
SECTION 28-1171 THAT ARE MODIFIED AT THE TIME OF SALE TO FUNCTION AS A
TRACTOR OR TO TOW TRACTOR-DRAWN IMPLEMENTS AND THAT ARE NOT EQUIPPED WITH
A MODIFIED EXHAUST SYSTEM TO INCREASE HORSEPOWER OR SPEED OR AN ENGINE
THAT IS MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND CUBIC CENTIMETERS OR THAT HAVE A MAXIMUM
SPEED OF FIFTY MILES PER HOUR OR LESS.

24 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 25 are electric-powered.

26 15. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For 27 the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 28 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing. 29 developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an 30 31 integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function 32 33 effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales 34 35 promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, 36 computer software research that is not included in the definition of 37 research and development, or other nontechnological activities or 38 technical services.

39 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the 40 following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, 41 control or transmit telecommunications information:

42 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
43 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

1 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:

2

3 (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 4 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or 5 on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data 6 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal 7 Regulations part 25.

8 (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 9 transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the 10 11 facility to or on behalf of those services.

12 For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means 13 the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which 14 the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service 15 16 first transmits information to its customers.

17 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 18 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 15 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this 19 20 paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an 21 environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and 22 contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters. 23 without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that 24 environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated 25 into real property. Clean room:

26 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to 27 28 reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, 29 chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in 30 31 conjunction with the clean room environment.

32 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 33 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

34 18. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in feeding 35 poultry, environmentally controlling housing for poultry, moving eggs 36 within a production and packaging facility or sorting or cooling eggs. 37 This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components 38 39 and containment structures, that is employed in connection with 40 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, 41 natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, 42 producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that 43 is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental 44 45 protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the

Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS, MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE ENVIRONMENT.

6 20. Machinery and equipment that are used in commercially producing 7 livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural 8 or floricultural crops or products in this state, including production by 9 a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner 10 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment 11 are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce 12 air, water or land pollution.

13 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 14 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 15 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 16 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United 17 States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order 18 issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This 19 paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

20 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 21 equipment described in this paragraph.

(b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or
 equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under
 this paragraph.

(c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television
 station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1,
 2009, whichever occurs first.

22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 28 29 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 30 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from 31 qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this 32 exemption. the gualified business must obtain and present its 33 certification from the Arizona commerce authority at the time of purchase.

23. Machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This paragraph applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

40 24. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 41 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 42 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized 43 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 44 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For 45 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 1 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 2 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

C. The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not include:

5 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 6 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible 7 personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of 8 the cost or useful life of that property.

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2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

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3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
 activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
 subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 12 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

18 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of 19 whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

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7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

8. Machinery and equipment or tangible personal property used by a
 contractor in performing a contract.

D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

1. Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.

2. Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax imposed under section 42-5063 has been paid.

E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase of solar energy devices from a retailer that is registered with the department as a solar energy retailer or a solar energy contractor.

F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase priceof electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

1. Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons constructing residential, commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential, commercial or industrial developments to a municipal utility system or systems if the fees are segregated and used 1 only for capital expansion, system enlargement or debt service of the 2 utility system or systems.

2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or persons owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to provide utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility consumer if the property and equipment become the property of the utility. This deduction shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.

6. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase price of electricity, natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas by:

10 1. A qualified manufacturing or smelting business. A utility that 11 claims this deduction shall report each month, on a form prescribed by the 12 department, the name and address of each qualified manufacturing or 13 smelting business for which this deduction is taken. This paragraph 14 applies to gas transportation services. For the purposes of this 15 paragraph:

16 (a) "Gas transportation services" means the services of 17 transporting natural gas to a natural gas customer or to a natural gas 18 distribution facility if the natural gas was purchased from a supplier 19 other than the utility.

(b) "Manufacturing" means the performance as a business of an integrated series of operations that places tangible personal property in a form, composition or character different from that in which it was acquired and transforms it into a different product with a distinctive name, character or use. Manufacturing does not include job printing, publishing, packaging, mining, generating electricity or operating a restaurant.

27 (c) "Qualified manufacturing or smelting business" means one of the 28 following:

(i) A business that manufactures or smelts tangible products in this state, of which at least fifty-one percent of the manufactured or smelted products will be exported out of state for incorporation into another product or sold out of state for a final sale.

(ii) A business that derives at least fifty-one percent of its
 gross income from the sale of manufactured or smelted products
 manufactured or smelted by the business.

36 (iii) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of its square 37 footage in this state for manufacturing or smelting and business 38 activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.

(iv) A business that employs at least fifty-one percent of its
 workforce in this state in manufacturing or smelting and business
 activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.

42 (v) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of the value of 43 its capitalized assets in this state, as reflected on the business's books 44 and records, for manufacturing or smelting and business activities 45 directly related to manufacturing or smelting. 1 (d) "Smelting" means to melt or fuse a metalliferous mineral, often 2 with an accompanying chemical change, usually to separate the metal.

2. A business that operates an international operations center in this state and that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority pursuant to section 41-1520.

6 H. A city or town may exempt proceeds from sales of paintings, 7 sculptures or similar works of fine art if such works of fine art are sold 8 by the original artist. For the purposes of this subsection, fine art 9 does not include an art creation such as jewelry, macrame, glasswork, 10 pottery, woodwork, metalwork, furniture or clothing if the art creation 11 has a dual purpose, both aesthetic and utilitarian, whether sold by the 12 artist or by another person.

13

I. For the purposes of subsection B of this section:

14 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for 15 agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or 16 for aerial seeding.

17

2. "Aircraft" includes:

(a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal
 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator
 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

21 (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or 22 attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a 23 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

24 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 25 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 26 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

J. For the purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service", "electric transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings prescribed in section 42-5063.

31 Sec. 12. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 32 Laws 2021, chapter 417, section 10, is amended to read:

33

42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax; definitions

A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:

36 1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 37 38 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the 39 organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national 40 touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's 41 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is 42 individual. 43 owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major 44 45 league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its

owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from state transaction privilege tax under section 42-5073.

2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that
portion of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service,
allocable by federal law to interstate telecommunications service.

7

3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.

8 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 9 outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor 10 vehicle to a destination outside this state.

11

5. Interest on finance contracts.

12

6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.

7. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is
licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice
of dentistry.

16 8. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers 17 and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

18 (a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities 19 that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ 20 the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor 21 or successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or 22 radio.

(b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access
 content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet.
 Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a
 common carrier.

9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income retained by the
Arizona exposition and state fair board from ride ticket sales at the
annual Arizona state fair.

Leasing real property between affiliated companies, businesses,
 persons or reciprocal insurers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

32 (a) "Affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal 33 insurers" means the lessor holds a controlling interest in the lessee, the 34 lessee holds a controlling interest in the lessor, affiliated persons hold 35 a controlling interest in both the lessor and the lessee, or an unrelated 36 person holds a controlling interest in both the lessor and lessee.

37 (b) "Affiliated persons" means members of the individual's family38 or persons who have ownership or control of a business entity.

39 (c) "Controlling interest" means direct or indirect ownership of at 40 least eighty percent of the voting shares of a corporation or of the 41 interests in a company, business or person other than a corporation.

42 (d) "Members of the individual's family" means the individual's
43 spouse and brothers and sisters, whether by whole or half blood, including
44 adopted persons, ancestors and lineal descendants.

1 2

(e) "Reciprocal insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 20-762.

3 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 4 contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of 5 machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is described 6 in section 42-5061, subsection B and that has independent functional 7 utility, pursuant to the following provisions:

8 (a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross 9 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following:

10 (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other 11 tangible personal property with independent functional utility.

12 (ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property 13 relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes 14 provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph. 15

16 (iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in 17 items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the 18 installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible 19 personal property.

20 (b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross 21 proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting 22 activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real 23 property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, 24 maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 25 property described in section 42-5061, subsection B.

26 (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined 27 without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or 28 other tangible personal property.

29 (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 30 31 property can independently perform its function without attachment to real 32 property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:

33 (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 34 property.

(ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible 35 36 personal property to each other.

37 (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items, 38 39 to water, power, gas, communication or other services.

40 (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other 41 tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or 42 performing other dissimilar nonpermanent connections to either real 43 property or real property improvements.

12. The leasing or renting of certified ignition interlock devices 44 45 installed pursuant to the requirements prescribed by section 28-1461. For

1 the purposes of this paragraph, "certified ignition interlock device" has 2 the same meaning prescribed in section 28-1301.

3 Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 13. 4 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 5 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized 6 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 7 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For 8 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 9 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 10 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 12 contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property 13 for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing 14 property, except as specified in this paragraph. The gross proceeds of 15 sales or gross income derived from a de minimis amount of modification 16 activity does not subject the contract or any part of the contract to tax. 17 For the purposes of this paragraph:

18 (a) Each contract is independent of another contract, except that 19 any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the 20 original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under 21 this paragraph, regardless of the amount of modification activities 22 included in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate to the scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be 23 24 treated as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change 25 order to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of 26 work of the subsequent change order directly relates.

(b) Any term not defined in this paragraph that is defined in
 section 42-5075 has the same meaning prescribed in section 42-5075.

29 (c) This paragraph does not apply to a contract that primarily involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is subject to 30 31 title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 even if the contract also includes vertical improvements. If a city or town imposes a 32 33 tax on contracts that are subject to procurement processes under those 34 provisions, the city or town shall include in the request for proposals a 35 notice to bidders when those projects are subject to the tax. This 36 subdivision does not apply to contracts with:

37 (i) Community facilities districts, fire districts. county 38 television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts, 39 cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, pest abatement 40 districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, 41 county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium 42 districts. special health care districts, public health services 43 districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts.

44 (ii) Any special taxing district not specified in item (i) of this 45 subdivision if the district does not substantially engage in the 1 modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or 2 subsurface improvements to land.

3 15. Monitoring services relating to an alarm system as defined in 4 section 32-101.

5 16. Tangible personal property, job printing or publications sold 6 to or purchased by, or tangible personal property leased, rented or 7 licensed for use to or by, a qualifying health sciences educational 8 institution as defined in section 42-5001.

9 17. The transfer of title or possession of coal back and forth 10 between an owner or operator of a power plant and a person who is 11 responsible for refining coal if both of the following apply:

12 (a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the 13 purpose of refining the coal.

(b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.

18. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in paragraph 14 of this subsection, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
 who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
 benefit the Indian reservation was established.

(b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.

33 (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or 34 community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 35 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 36 of that Indian tribe.

37 19. The charges for the leasing or renting of space to make 38 attachments to utility poles as follows:

39 (a) By a person that is engaged in the business of providing or
 40 furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a
 41 cable operator.

42 (b) To a person that is engaged in the business of providing or 43 furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a 44 cable operator. 1 20. Until March 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross 2 income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that 3 consist of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any 4 combination of these events.

5 21. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry 6 fees paid by participants for events that are operated or conducted by 7 nonprofit organizations that are exempt from taxation under section 8 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and of which no part of the 9 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 10 shareholder or individual, if the event consists of a run, walk, swim or 11 bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.

12 22. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales 13 of machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for later 14 electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a
 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such
 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for
 electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy
 for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses
 mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

(c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

26 23. THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM A 27 CONTRACT TO INSTALL CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS 28 PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS, 29 MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE 30 ENVIRONMENT.

B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.

C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:

39 1. A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if 40 the motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 41 article 4.

42 2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and on 43 which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.

44 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts 45 and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a 1 motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 2 article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or 3 licensing such property.

4 4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail 5 or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the 6 United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of 7 this state or of any other state.

5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.

6. Any amount attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to the construction, development or improvement of real property and paid by the taxpayer as defined in the model city tax code or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer. For the purposes of this paragraph:

15 (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the 16 development fees actually imposed.

17 (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of 18 development fees paid by the taxpayer or by a contractor providing 19 services to the taxpayer and the total development fees credited in 20 exchange for the construction of, contribution to or dedication of real 21 property for providing public infrastructure, public safety or other 22 public services necessary to the development. The real property must be 23 the subject of the development fees.

(c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are paid.

7. Any amount attributable to fees collected by transportation
 network companies issued a permit pursuant to section 28-9552.

8. Transporting for hire persons by transportation network company
 drivers on transactions involving transportation network services as
 defined in section 28-9551.

34 9. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire companies that
 35 are issued permits pursuant to section 28-9503.

10. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire drivers on transactions involving vehicle for hire services as defined in section 28-9501.

D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one percent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail. 1 E. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing 2 jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross 3 income:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

7

2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

8 F. A city or town shall not levy a use tax on the storage, use or 9 consumption of tangible personal property in the city or town by a school 10 district or charter school.

11 G. A city, town or taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction 12 privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or 13 fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from over-the-top services. For the purposes of this subsection, 14 "over-the-top services" means audio or video programming services that are 15 16 received by the purchaser by means of an internet connection, regardless 17 of the technology used, that include linear or live programming and that 18 are generally considered comparable to programming provided by a radio or 19 television broadcast station and includes related on-demand programming 20 that is provided at no additional charge, regardless of whether the 21 services are provided independently or packaged with other audio or video 22 programming.

23

H. For the purposes of this section:

24 1. "Cable operator" has the same meaning prescribed in section
 25 9-505 and includes a video service provider.

26 2. "Electrical services" means transmitting or distributing 27 electricity, electric lights, current or power over lines, wires or 28 cables.

3. "Telecommunication services" means transmitting or relaying
sound, visual image, data, information, images or material over lines,
wires or cables by radio signal, light beam, telephone, telegraph or other
electromagnetic means.

4. "Utility pole" means any wooden, metal or other pole used for utility purposes and the pole's appurtenances that are attached or authorized for attachment by the person controlling the pole.

36 Sec. 13. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 37 Laws 2021, chapter 417, section 11, is amended to read:

38

42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax; definitions

A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:

1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's 1 net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or 2 individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is 3 owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league 4 baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major 5 league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its 6 owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted 7 or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that 8 were exempt from state transaction privilege tax under section 42-5073.

9 2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that 10 portion of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, 11 allocable by federal law to interstate telecommunications service.

12

3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.

4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use
outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor
vehicle to a destination outside this state.

16

5. Interest on finance contracts.

17

6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.

18 7. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is 19 licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice 20 of dentistry.

8. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers
and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities
 that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ
 the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor
 or successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or
 radio.

(b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access
 content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet.
 Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a
 common carrier.

32 9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income retained by the
 33 Arizona exposition and state fair board from ride ticket sales at the
 34 annual Arizona state fair.

Leasing real property between affiliated companies, businesses,
 persons or reciprocal insurers. For the purposes of this paragraph:

37 (a) "Affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal 38 insurers" means the lessor holds a controlling interest in the lessee, the 39 lessee holds a controlling interest in the lessor, affiliated persons hold 40 a controlling interest in both the lessor and the lessee, or an unrelated 41 person holds a controlling interest in both the lessor and lessee.

42 (b) "Affiliated persons" means members of the individual's family43 or persons who have ownership or control of a business entity.

1 (c) "Controlling interest" means direct or indirect ownership of at 2 least eighty percent of the voting shares of a corporation or of the 3 interests in a company, business or person other than a corporation.

4 (d) "Members of the individual's family" means the individual's 5 spouse and brothers and sisters, whether by whole or half blood, including 6 adopted persons, ancestors and lineal descendants.

7 (e) "Reciprocal insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 8 20-762.

9 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 10 contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of 11 machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is described 12 in section 42-5061, subsection B and that has independent functional 13 utility, pursuant to the following provisions:

(a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross
 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following:

16 (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other 17 tangible personal property with independent functional utility.

(ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph.

(iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.

(b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property described in section 42-5061, subsection B.

32 (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined 33 without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or 34 other tangible personal property.

35 (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional 36 utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 37 property can independently perform its function without attachment to real 38 property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:

39 (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 40 property.

41 (ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible 42 personal property to each other.

43 (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible
44 personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items,
45 to water, power, gas, communication or other services.

1 (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other 2 tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or 3 performing other dissimilar nonpermanent connections to either real 4 property or real property improvements.

5 12. The leasing or renting of certified ignition interlock devices 6 installed pursuant to the requirements prescribed by section 28-1461. For 7 the purposes of this paragraph, "certified ignition interlock device" has 8 the same meaning prescribed in section 28-1301.

9 Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 13. 10 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 11 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized 12 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 13 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For 14 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 15 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 16 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

17 14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 18 contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property 19 for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing 20 property, except as specified in this paragraph. The gross proceeds of 21 sales or gross income derived from a de minimis amount of modification 22 activity does not subject the contract or any part of the contract to tax. 23 For the purposes of this paragraph:

24 (a) Each contract is independent of another contract, except that 25 any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the 26 original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under 27 this paragraph, regardless of the amount of modification activities included in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate 28 29 to the scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be 30 treated as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change 31 order to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of 32 work of the subsequent change order directly relates.

33 (b) Any term not defined in this paragraph that is defined in 34 section 42-5075 has the same meaning prescribed in section 42-5075.

35 (c) This paragraph does not apply to a contract that primarily 36 involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is subject to 37 title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 even if the contract also includes vertical improvements. If a city or town imposes a 38 39 tax on contracts that are subject to procurement processes under those 40 provisions, the city or town shall include in the request for proposals a 41 notice to bidders when those projects are subject to the tax. This 42 subdivision does not apply to contracts with:

43 (i) Community facilities districts, fire districts, county
44 television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts,
45 cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, pest abatement

districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium districts, special health care districts, public health services districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts.

5 (ii) Any special taxing district not specified in item (i) of this 6 subdivision if the district does not substantially engage in the 7 modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or 8 subsurface improvements to land.

9 15. Monitoring services relating to an alarm system as defined in 10 section 32-101.

11 16. Tangible personal property, job printing or publications sold 12 to or purchased by, or tangible personal property leased, rented or 13 licensed for use to or by, a qualifying health sciences educational 14 institution as defined in section 42-5001.

15

17. The sale of coal.

16 18. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a 17 project described in paragraph 14 of this subsection, that is located 18 within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the 19 owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or 20 an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
 who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
 benefit the Indian reservation was established.

(b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.

(c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of that Indian tribe.

33 19. The charges for the leasing or renting of space to make 34 attachments to utility poles as follows:

35 (a) By a person that is engaged in the business of providing or 36 furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a 37 cable operator.

38 (b) To a person that is engaged in the business of providing or 39 furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a 40 cable operator.

41 20. Until March 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross 42 income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that 43 consist of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any 44 combination of these events. 1 21. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry 2 fees paid by participants for events that are operated or conducted by 3 nonprofit organizations that are exempt from taxation under section 4 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and of which no part of the 5 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 6 shareholder or individual, if the event consists of a run, walk, swim or 7 bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.

8 22. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales 9 of machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for later 10 electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

11 (a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a 12 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such 13 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for
electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy
for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses
mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

18 (c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and 19 equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of 20 receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric 21 energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

22 23. THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM A
23 CONTRACT TO INSTALL CONTAINMENT STRUCTURES. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS
24 PARAGRAPH, "CONTAINMENT STRUCTURE" MEANS A STRUCTURE THAT PREVENTS,
25 MONITORS, CONTROLS OR REDUCES NOXIOUS OR HARMFUL DISCHARGE INTO THE
26 ENVIRONMENT.

B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.

C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:

35 1. A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if 36 the motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 37 article 4.

2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and on which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.

3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing such property. 1 4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail 2 or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the 3 United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of 4 this state or of any other state.

5 5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light 6 motor vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.

7 6. Any amount attributable to development fees that are incurred in 8 relation to the construction, development or improvement of real property 9 and paid by the taxpayer as defined in the model city tax code or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer. For the purposes of this 10 11 paragraph:

12 (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the 13 development fees actually imposed.

(b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of 14 development fees paid by the taxpayer or by a contractor providing 15 services to the taxpayer and the total development fees credited in 16 17 exchange for the construction of, contribution to or dedication of real 18 property for providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the development. The real property must be 19 20 the subject of the development fees.

21 (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs 22 of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services 23 to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 24 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are 25 paid.

26 7. Any amount attributable to fees collected by transportation 27 network companies issued a permit pursuant to section 28-9552.

28 8. Transporting for hire persons by transportation network company 29 drivers on transactions involving transportation network services as defined in section 28-9551. 30

31 9. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire companies that 32 are issued permits pursuant to section 28-9503.

33 10. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire drivers on 34 transactions involving vehicle for hire services as defined in section 35 28-9501.

36 A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a D. 37 transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, 38 however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one percent of the value of 39 the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or 40 prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the 41 business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is 42 computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.

E. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross income:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.

7

2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.

8 F. A city or town shall not levy a use tax on the storage, use or 9 consumption of tangible personal property in the city or town by a school 10 district or charter school.

11 G. A city, town or taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction 12 privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or 13 fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from over-the-top services. For the purposes of this subsection, 14 "over-the-top services" means audio or video programming services that are 15 16 received by the purchaser by means of an internet connection, regardless 17 of the technology used, that include linear or live programming and that 18 are generally considered comparable to programming provided by a radio or television broadcast station and includes related on-demand programming 19 20 that is provided at no additional charge, regardless of whether the 21 services are provided independently or packaged with other audio or video 22 programming.

23

H. For the purposes of this section:

24 1. "Cable operator" has the same meaning prescribed in section
 25 9-505 and includes a video service provider.

26 2. "Electrical services" means transmitting or distributing 27 electricity, electric lights, current or power over lines, wires or 28 cables.

3. "Telecommunication services" means transmitting or relaying
sound, visual image, data, information, images or material over lines,
wires or cables by radio signal, light beam, telephone, telegraph or other
electromagnetic means.

4. "Utility pole" means any wooden, metal or other pole used for
 utility purposes and the pole's appurtenances that are attached or
 authorized for attachment by the person controlling the pole.

36 Sec. 14. Title 43, chapter 2, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, 37 is amended by adding section 43-212, to read:

38 39 43-212. <u>Individual income tax model; fiscal impact requests;</u> <u>staff access</u>

40 A. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAINTAIN AN INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX MODEL 41 THAT ESTIMATES THE FISCAL IMPACT OF PROPOSED INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX 42 LEGISLATION.

1	B. THE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX MODEL SHALL:
2	1. AT A MINIMUM, ALLOW FOR THE ADJUSTMENT OF INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX
3	LAW PARAMETERS AGAINST AN ANONYMIZED REPRESENTATIVE SAMPLE OF INDIVIDUAL
4	INCOME TAX RETURNS.
5	2. INCLUDE PROCEDURES TO PROTECT TAXPAYER CONFIDENTIALITY UNDER
6	APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL LAW.
7	C. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ACCEPT REQUESTS FROM THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE
8	BUDGET COMMITTEE STAFF AND LEGISLATIVE STAFF FOR ESTIMATES OF THE FISCAL
9	IMPACT OF PROPOSED INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX LEGISLATION USING THE INDIVIDUAL
10	INCOME TAX MODEL. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FULFILL ANY REQUEST UNDER THIS
11	SUBSECTION IN A PROMPT AND TIMELY MANNER.
12	D. ON COMPLETION OF THE INTEGRATED TAX SYSTEM MODERNIZATION PROJECT
13	DEVELOPED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5041, THE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX MODEL
14	REQUIRED BY THIS SECTION SHALL PROVIDE DEPARTMENT STAFF, JOINT LEGISLATIVE
15	BUDGET COMMITTEE STAFF AND THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF STRATEGIC PLANNING AND
16	BUDGETING STAFF DIRECT ACCESS TO THE INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX MODEL SO THAT
17	INDIVIDUAL INCOME TAX LAW PARAMETERS MAY BE INTERACTIVELY ADJUSTED TO
18	DEVELOP IMMEDIATE FISCAL IMPACT ESTIMATES WITHOUT ANY ADDITIONAL
19	PROGRAMMING REQUIRED FOR EACH ESTIMATE.
20	Sec. 15. Section 43-222, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
21	read:
22	43-222. <u>Income tax credit review schedule</u>
23	The joint legislative income tax credit review committee shall
24	review the following income tax credits:
25	1. For years ending in 0 and 5, sections 43-1079.01, 43-1088,
26	43-1089.04, 43-1167.01 and 43-1175.
27	2. For years ending in 1 and 6, sections 43-1072.02, 43-1074.02,
28	43-1075, 43-1076.01, 43-1077, 43-1078, 43-1083, 43-1083.02, 43-1162,
29	10 10/0, 10 10/0101, 10 10/7, 10 10/0, 10 1000, 10 1000,02, 10 1102,
	43-1164.03 and 43-1183.
	43-1164.03 and 43-1183. 3. For years ending in 2 and 7. sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086.
30	3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086,
30 31	3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43–1073, 43–1085, 43–1086, 43–1089, 43–1089.01, 43–1089.02, <mark>43–1089.03,</mark> 43–1164, 43–1169 and 43–1181.
30 31 32	<ol> <li>For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081,</li> </ol>
30 31 32 33	<ol> <li>For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> </ol>
30 31 32 33 34	<ol> <li>For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076,</li> </ol>
30 31 32 33 34 35	<ul> <li>3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184.</li> </ul>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36	<ul> <li>3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184.</li> <li>Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to</li> </ul>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	<ul> <li>3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184.</li> <li>Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:</li> </ul>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	<ul> <li>3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184.</li> <li>Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>43-401. Withholding tax; rates; election by employee</li> </ul>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	<ul> <li>3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181.</li> <li>4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178.</li> <li>5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184.</li> <li>Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:</li> <li>43-401. Withholding tax: rates: election by employee</li> <li>A. Except as provided by subsections B and H of this section, every</li> </ul>
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181. 4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178. 5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184. Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-401. Withholding tax; rates; election by employee A. Except as provided by subsections B and H of this section, every employer at the time of the payment of PAYING wages, salary, bonus or
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41	3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181. 4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178. 5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184. Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-401. Withholding tax: rates: election by employee A. Except as provided by subsections B and H of this section, every employer at the time of the payment of PAYING wages, salary, bonus or other emolument to any employee whose compensation is for services
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40	3. For years ending in 2 and 7, sections 43-1073, 43-1085, 43-1086, 43-1089, 43-1089.01, 43-1089.02, 43-1089.03, 43-1164, 43-1169 and 43-1181. 4. For years ending in 3 and 8, sections 43-1074.01, 43-1081, 43-1168, 43-1170 and 43-1178. 5. For years ending in 4 and 9, sections 43-1073.01, 43-1076, 43-1081.01, 43-1083.03, 43-1084, 43-1164.04, 43-1164.05 and 43-1184. Sec. 16. Section 43-401, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read: 43-401. Withholding tax; rates; election by employee A. Except as provided by subsections B and H of this section, every employer at the time of the payment of PAYING wages, salary, bonus or

1 B. An employer may voluntarily elect to not withhold tax during 2 December by notifying:

3

1. The department on a form prescribed by the department.

4 2. The employer's employees in writing in a manner prescribed by 5 the department.

6 C. If the amount collected and payable by the employer to the 7 department in each of the preceding four calendar quarters did not exceed 8 an average of <del>one thousand five hundred dollars</del> \$1,500, the amount 9 collected shall be paid to the department on or before April 30, July 31, October 31 and January 31 for the preceding calendar quarter. If the 10 11 amount exceeded one thousand five hundred dollars \$1,500 in each of the 12 preceding four calendar quarters, the employer shall pay to the department 13 the amount the employer deducts and retains pursuant to this section at the same time as the employer is required to make deposits of DEPOSIT 14 federal tax pursuant to section 6302 of the internal revenue code. On or 15 16 before April 30, July 31, October 31 and January 31 each year, the 17 employer shall reconcile the amounts payable during the preceding calendar 18 quarter in a manner prescribed by the department, except that if the full 19 amount collected and payable is paid timely to the department under this 20 subsection, the employer may reconcile the amounts on or before May 10, 21 August 10, November 10 and February 10 each year. The department by rule 22 may allow and determine which employers qualify for annual payments of 23 withholding taxes, with an annual report by the employer pursuant to 24 section 43-412, subsection B, if the qualifying employer has established 25 sufficient payment history to indicate that the employer is current and in 26 good standing pursuant to standards established by rule. For any business 27 that has not had a withholding certificate for the four preceding 28 consecutive quarters, the quarterly average shall be computed in a manner 29 prescribed by the department.

30 D. If an employer fails to make a timely monthly payment because 31 prior to BEFORE that reporting period it reported on a quarterly basis instead of on a monthly basis, the department shall notify the employer 32 that it is out of compliance with this section. Notwithstanding section 33 34 42-1125, the department shall not assess a penalty against an employer for 35 failing to make a timely monthly payment if the employer had filed and 36 remitted all taxes due on a quarterly basis and brings all filings and 37 payments into current compliance within thirty days after being notified 38 by the department.

E. Each employee shall elect the amount authorized by subsection A of this section to be withheld for application TO APPLY toward the employee's state income tax liability. The election provided under this subsection shall be exercised by each employee, in writing on a form prescribed by the department. The election shall be made within five days of AFTER STARTING employment. Each employer shall notify the employees of the election made available under this subsection and shall have election forms available at all times. Each form shall be completed in triplicate, with one copy each for the department, the employer and the employee. The employer shall file a copy of each completed form with the department. Any employee failing to complete an election form as prescribed shall be IS deemed to have elected the withholding percentage prescribed by the department.

F. Before July 1 of each year, each employer who chooses to not withhold tax pursuant to subsection B of this section shall notify each employee that:

10 1. State income taxes will not be withheld from compensation in 11 December.

The employee may elect to change the rate of withholding tax
 prescribed by this section to compensate for the resulting change in
 annual withholdings from the employee's compensation.

15 G. At an employee's written request, the employer may agree to 16 reduce the amount withheld under this section by the amount of credit that the employee represents to the employer that the employee will qualify for 17 18 and be entitled to under sections 43-1088, 43-1089, AND 43-1089.01 and 43-1089.03. The employee's request must include the name and address of 19 20 qualifying charitable organization, qualified school the tuition 21 organization or public school. Within thirty days after agreeing to the 22 employee's request, the employer shall reduce the withholding amount by 23 the amount of the credit, but not below zero, prorated for the number of 24 pay periods remaining in the employee's taxable year after the employee 25 makes the request. If an employer agrees to reduce the withholding amount 26 pursuant to this subsection, the following apply:

1. Within fifteen days after the end of each calendar quarter, the employer must pay the entire amount of the reduction in withholding tax for that quarter to the designated charitable organization, school tuition organization or public school. These payments are considered to be on the employee's behalf, and not the employer's, for the purposes of qualifying for the income tax credits under sections 43-1088, 43-1089, AND 43-1089.01 and 43-1089.03.

2. The employee is responsible and accountable for the accuracy and the amount of reduction in withholding tax and the payments to the charitable organization, school tuition organization or public school.

37 3. The employer is responsible and accountable to the charitable 38 organization, school tuition organization or public school, to the 39 employee and to the department for actually making the required payments.

40 4. Within thirty days after the end of each calendar year, or 41 within fifteen days after the termination of TERMINATING employment, the 42 employer must furnish to each electing employee a statement of the amount 43 withheld and paid on behalf of the employee during that year.

1 H. An employer shall not withhold tax on the wages of the 2 employer's nonresident employees who are in this state on a temporary 3 basis for the purpose of performing disaster recovery from a declared 4 disaster during a disaster period as defined in section 42-1130. 5 Sec. 17. Section 43-1089, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 6 read: 7 43-1089. Credit for contributions to school tuition 8 organization 9 A. A credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the amount of voluntary cash contributions by the taxpayer or on the 10 11 taxpayer's behalf pursuant to section 43-401, subsection G during the 12 taxable year to a school tuition organization that is certified pursuant 13 to chapter 16 of this title at the time of donation. Except as provided 14 by subsection C of this section, the amount of the credit shall not 15 exceed: 16 1. Five hundred dollars \$500 in any taxable year THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2022 for a single individual or a head of household. 17 18 2. One thousand dollars \$1,000 in any taxable year THROUGH 19 DECEMBER 31, 2022 for a married couple filing a joint return. 3. \$1,493 IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 20 2022 FOR A SINGLE INDIVIDUAL OR A HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD. 21 22 4. \$2,983 IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR BEGINNING FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 23 2022 FOR A MARRIED COUPLE FILING A JOINT RETURN. 24 B. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year 25 in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half 26 of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return. 27 C. For each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, the 28 department shall adjust the dollar amounts prescribed by subsection A, 29 paragraphs 1 and 2 of this section THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPHS 3 AND 4 OF THIS SECTION BEGINNING FROM AND AFTER 30 31 DECEMBER 31, 2023 according to the average annual change in the 32 metropolitan Phoenix consumer price index published by the United States 33 DEPARTMENT OF LABOR, bureau of labor statistics, except that the dollar amounts shall not be revised downward below the amounts allowed in the 34 35 prior taxable year. The revised dollar amounts shall be raised to the 36 nearest whole dollar. 37 D. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due 38 under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due 39 under this title, the taxpayer may carry the amount of the claim not used 40 to offset the taxes under this title forward for not more than five 41 consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.

42 E. The credit allowed by this section is in lieu of any deduction 43 pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code and taken for state 44 tax purposes. 1 F. The tax credit is not allowed if the taxpayer designates the 2 taxpayer's contribution to the school tuition organization for the direct 3 benefit of any dependent of the taxpayer or if the taxpayer designates a 4 student beneficiary as a condition of the taxpayer's contribution to the 5 school tuition organization. The tax credit is not allowed if the 6 taxpayer, with the intent to benefit the taxpayer's dependent, agrees with 7 one or more other taxpayers to designate each taxpayer's contribution to 8 the school tuition organization for the direct benefit of the other 9 taxpayer's dependent.

10 G. For the purposes of this section, a contribution, for which a 11 credit is claimed, that is made on or before the fifteenth day of the 12 fourth month following the close of the taxable year may be applied to 13 either the current or preceding taxable year and is considered to have 14 been made on the last day of that taxable year.

15

Sec. 18. <u>Delayed repeal</u>

16 Section 43–1089.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed from and 17 after December 31, 2022.

18 Sec. 19. Section 43–1184, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 19 read:

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## 43-1184. <u>Credit for contributions to school tuition</u> <u>organization; displaced students; students with</u> <u>disabilities</u>

A. Beginning from and after June 30, 2009, a credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for the amount of voluntary cash contributions made by the taxpayer during the taxable year to a school tuition organization that is certified pursuant to chapter 15 of this title at the time of donation.

B. The amount of the credit is the total amount of the taxpayer's contributions for the taxable year under subsection A of this section and is preapproved by the department of revenue pursuant to subsection D of this section.

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C. The department of revenue:

Shall not allow tax credits under this section and section 33 1. 20-224.07 that exceed in the aggregate a combined total of \$5,000,000 in 34 35 any fiscal year through fiscal year 2020-2021. Beginning in FOR fiscal 36 year 2021–2022, the aggregate dollar amount of the tax credits allowed is \$6,000,000 in any fiscal year. FOR FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023, THE AGGREGATE 37 DOLLAR AMOUNT OF THE TAX CREDITS ALLOWED IS \$8,000,000. 38 BEGINNING IN FISCAL YEAR 2023-2024 AND EACH FISCAL YEAR THEREAFTER, THE AGGREGATE 39 40 DOLLAR AMOUNT OF THE TAX CREDIT CAP FROM THE PREVIOUS FISCAL YEAR SHALL BE 41 INCREASED BY TWO PERCENT.

42 2. Shall preapprove tax credits under this section and section43 20-224.07 subject to subsection D of this section.

44 3. Shall allow the tax credits under this section and section 45 20-224.07 on a first-come, first-served basis.

1 D. For the purposes of subsection C, paragraph 2 of this section, 2 before making a contribution to a school tuition organization, the 3 taxpayer under this title or title 20 must notify the school tuition 4 organization of the total amount of contributions that the taxpayer 5 intends to make to the school tuition organization. Before accepting the 6 contribution, the school tuition organization shall request preapproval 7 from the department of revenue for the taxpayer's intended contribution 8 amount. The department of revenue shall preapprove or deny the requested 9 amount within twenty days after receiving the request from the school tuition organization. If the department of revenue preapproves the 10 11 request, the school tuition organization shall immediately notify the 12 taxpayer that the requested amount was preapproved by the department of 13 revenue. In order to receive a tax credit under this subsection, the taxpayer shall make the contribution to the school tuition organization 14 15 within twenty days after receiving notice from the school tuition 16 organization that the requested amount was preapproved. If the school 17 tuition organization does not receive the preapproved contribution from 18 the taxpayer within the required twenty days, the school tuition 19 organization shall immediately notify the department of revenue and the 20 department shall no longer include this preapproved contribution amount 21 when calculating the limit prescribed in subsection C, paragraph 1 of this 22 section.

E. If the allowable tax credit exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title forward for not more than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.

F. Co-owners of a business, including corporate partners in a partnership and stockholders of an S corporation as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim only the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on the ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed a sole owner.

G. The credit allowed by this section is in lieu of any deduction pursuant to section 170 of the internal revenue code and taken for state tax purposes.

H. A taxpayer shall not claim a credit under this section and also
 under section 43-1183 with respect to the same contribution.

39 I. The tax credit is not allowed if the taxpayer designates the 40 taxpayer's contribution to the school tuition organization for the direct 41 benefit of any specific student.

42 J. The department of revenue shall adopt rules necessary to 43 administer this section.

1 Sec. 20. Section 43-1502, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 43-1502. Certification; requirements; violations; hearing 4 A. A nonprofit organization in this state that is exempt or that 5 has applied for exemption from federal taxation under section 501(c)(3) of 6 the internal revenue code may apply to the department of revenue for 7 certification as a school tuition organization, and the department shall 8 certify the school tuition organization if it meets the requirements 9 prescribed by this chapter. An organization must apply for certification 10 on a form prescribed and furnished on request by the department. 11 B. The department shall: 12 1. Maintain a public registry of currently certified school tuition organizations. 13 14 2. Make the registry available to the public on request. 15 3. Post the registry on the department's official website. 16 С. The department shall send notice by certified mail or by e-mail 17 EMAIL to a school tuition organization if the department determines that 18 the school tuition organization has engaged in any of the following 19 activities: 20 1. Failed or refused to allocate at least ninety percent of annual 21 revenues from contributions made for the purposes of sections 20-224.06, 22 20-224.07, 43-1183 and 43-1184 for educational scholarships or tuition 23 grants. 24 2. Failed or refused to file the annual reports required by section 25 43-1506. 26 3. Limited the availability of scholarships to students of only one 27 school. 28 4. Encouraged, facilitated or knowingly permitted ALLOWED taxpayers 29 to engage in actions prohibited by this article. 30 5. Knowingly colluded with any other school tuition organization to 31 circumvent the limits of section 43-1504, subsection C. 32 6. 5. Failed or refused to meet any of the requirements in section 33 43-1503, subsection B. 34 7. 6. Failed or refused to comply with the audit or financial 35 review requirements of section 43-1507. 36 D. A school tuition organization that receives notice from the 37 department pursuant to subsection C of this section has ninety days to 38 correct the violation identified by the department in the notice. If a 39 school tuition organization fails or refuses to comply after ninety days, 40 the department may remove the organization from the list of certified 41 school tuition organizations and shall make available to the public notice 42 of removal as soon as possible. An organization that is removed from the 43 list of certified school tuition organizations must notify any taxpayer

1 eligible for the tax credit and offer to refund all donations received 2 after the date of the notice of termination of certification.

E. A school tuition organization may request an administrative hearing on the revocation of its certification as provided by title 41, chapter 6, article 10. Except as provided in section 41-1092.08, subsection H, a decision of the department is subject to judicial review pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

8 9

read:

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## 43-1503. <u>Operational requirements for school tuition</u> <u>organizations</u>

Sec. 21. Section 43-1503, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to

11 12

A. A certified school tuition organization must be established to receive contributions from taxpayers for the purposes of income tax credits under sections 43-1183 and 43-1184 and insurance premium tax credits under sections 20-224.06 and 20-224.07 and to pay educational scholarships or tuition grants to allow students to attend any qualified school of their parents' or custodians' choice.

18 B. To be eligible for certification and retain certification, the 19 school tuition organization:

Must allocate at least ninety percent of its annual revenue from
 contributions made for the purposes of sections 20-224.06, 20-224.07,
 43-1183 and 43-1184 for educational scholarships or tuition grants.

23 2. Shall not limit the availability of educational scholarships or24 tuition grants to only students of one school.

25 3. Must allow the department of revenue to verify that the 26 educational scholarships and tuition grants that are issued are awarded to 27 students who attend a qualified school.

4. Must not knowingly collude with any other school tuition
 organization to circumvent the limits of section 43-1504, subsection C.

304. MAY NOT REQUIRE A STUDENT OR THE STUDENT'S FAMILY TO PROVIDE A31GOOD OR SERVICE THAT BENEFITS THE SCHOOL TUITION ORGANIZATION IN EXCHANGE32FOR AWARDING THE STUDENT AN EDUCATIONAL SCHOLARSHIP OR TUITION GRANT.

5. Must not award educational scholarships or tuition grants to students who are simultaneously enrolled in a district school or charter school and a qualified school.

6. Shall include on the organization's website, if one exists, the percentage and total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition grants awarded during the previous fiscal year to:

39 (a) Students whose family income meets the economic eligibility 40 requirements established under the national school lunch and child 41 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through <del>1785</del> 1793) for 42 free or reduced-price lunches.

(b) Students whose family income exceeds the threshold prescribed
by subdivision (a) of this paragraph but does not exceed one hundred
eighty-five percent of the economic eligibility requirements established

under the national school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through 1785 1793) for free or reduced-price lunches. Sec. 22. Section 43-1504, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

- 5 6
- 43-1504. <u>Special provisions; corporate donations for</u> <u>low-income scholarships; rules</u>

7 A. A school tuition organization that receives contributions from a 8 corporation for the purposes of section 20-224.06 or 43-1183 must use at 9 least ninety percent of those contributions to provide educational scholarships or tuition grants only to children whose family income does 10 11 not exceed one hundred eighty-five percent of the income limit required to qualify a child for reduced-price lunches under the national school lunch 12 13 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 and child through 1793) and to whom any of the following applies: 14

15 1. Attended a governmental primary or secondary school as a 16 full-time student as defined in section 15-901 or attended a preschool 17 program that offers services to students with disabilities at a 18 governmental school for at least ninety days of the prior fiscal year or 19 one full semester and transferred from a governmental school to a 20 qualified school.

21 2. Enroll in a qualified school in a kindergarten program or a 22 preschool program that offers services to students with disabilities.

3. Are the dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United
States who is stationed in this state pursuant to military orders.

25

4. Are homeschooled before enrolling in a qualified school.

26 5. Moved to this state from out of state before enrolling in a 27 qualified school.

6. Participated in an Arizona empowerment scholarship account and did not renew the account or accept the scholarship in order to accept a scholarship or tuition grant under this section.

7. Received an educational scholarship or tuition grant under paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this subsection or chapter 16, article 1 of this title if the children continue to attend a qualified school in a subsequent year.

B. A child is eligible to receive an educational scholarship or tuition grant under subsection A of this section if the child meets the criteria to receive a reduced-price lunch but does not actually claim that benefit.

39 C. In 2021, a school tuition organization shall not issue an 40 educational scholarship or a tuition grant for the purposes of section 41 20-224.06 or 43-1183 in an amount that exceeds \$5,600 for students who are 42 in a kindergarten program, a preschool program that offers services to 43 students with disabilities or grades one through eight or \$7,500 for 44 students who are in grades nine through twelve. In each year after 2021,

## 1 the limit amount for a scholarship or a grant under this subsection shall 2 be increased by \$200.

3 C. A SCHOOL TUITION ORGANIZATION MAY NOT ISSUE AN EDUCATIONAL 4 SCHOLARSHIP OR TUITION GRANT THAT EXCEEDS THE AMOUNT OF THE SCHOOL'S 5 TUITION.

6 D. A school tuition organization shall require that student 7 beneficiaries use the educational scholarships or tuition grants on a 8 full-time basis. If a child leaves the school before completing an entire 9 school year, the school shall refund a prorated amount of the educational 10 scholarship or tuition grant to the school tuition organization that 11 issued the scholarship or grant. The school tuition organization shall 12 allocate any refunds it receives under this subsection for educational 13 scholarships or tuition grants.

14 E. Students who receive an educational scholarship or tuition grant 15 under this section shall be allowed to attend any qualified school of 16 their parents' choice.

F. The department of revenue, with the cooperation of the department of insurance and financial institutions, shall adopt rules and publish and prescribe forms and procedures necessary to administer this section.

21 Sec. 23. Section 43–1505, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 22 read:

23

24 25 43-1505. <u>Special provisions: corporate donations for</u> <u>displaced students and students with disabilities;</u> definitions

A. A school tuition organization that receives contributions for the purposes of section 20-224.07 or 43-1184 must use at least ninety <del>per cent</del> PERCENT of those contributions to provide educational scholarships or tuition grants to qualified students.

30 B. The amount of an educational scholarship or a tuition grant that 31 is issued by a school tuition organization under this section shall not exceed the cost of tuition for the student to attend the qualified school 32 or ninety per cent PERCENT of the amount of state aid that otherwise would 33 be computed for the student as provided in title 15, chapter 9, article 5, 34 35 whichever is less. On request from a school tuition organization, the 36 department of education shall provide to the school tuition organization 37 in a timely manner the amount computed for the student under this 38 subsection that represents the ninety per cent limitation PERCENT LIMIT 39 prescribed in this subsection.

C. A school tuition organization shall require that student beneficiaries use the educational scholarships or tuition grants on a full-time basis. If a child leaves the school before completing an entire school year, the school shall refund a prorated amount of the educational scholarship or tuition grant to the school tuition organization that issued the scholarship or grant. The school tuition organization shall 1 allocate any refunds it receives under this subsection for educational 2 scholarships or tuition grants.

D. Qualified students who receive an educational scholarship or tuition grant under this section shall be allowed to attend any qualified school of their custodians' choice.

6

E. For the purposes of this section: —

7 1. "QUALIFIED EXAMINER" MEANS A LICENSED PHYSICIAN, PSYCHIATRIST OR8 PSYCHOLOGIST.

9 2. "Qualified student" means a student, including a student who 10 previously qualified for an educational scholarship or tuition grant under 11 this section and continues to attend a qualified school, who has been 12 either:

13 1. (a) Placed in foster care pursuant to title 8, chapter 4 at any 14 time before the student graduates from high school or obtains a general 15 equivalency diploma.

16 2. (b) Identified as having a disability under section 504 of the 17 rehabilitation act (29 United States Code section 794) or identified at 18 any time by a school district as a child with a disability as defined in 19 section 15-761 or a child with a disability who is eligible to receive 20 services from a school district under section 15-763.

(c) IDENTIFIED AS HAVING A DISABILITY BY A PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM IN
 ANOTHER STATE OR THROUGH AN INDEPENDENT EDUCATION EVALUATION BY A
 QUALIFIED EXAMINER.

24 Sec. 24. Section 43–1602, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 25 read:

26

43-1602. <u>Certification; requirements; violations; hearing</u>

A. A nonprofit organization in this state that is exempt or has applied for exemption from federal taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code may apply to the department of revenue for certification as a school tuition organization, and the department shall certify the school tuition organization if it meets the requirements prescribed by this chapter. An organization must apply for certification on a form prescribed and furnished on request by the department.

34

B. The department shall:

Maintain a public registry of currently certified school tuition
 organizations.

37

2. Make the registry available to the public on request.

38

3. Post the registry on the department's official website.

39 C. The department shall send notice by certified mail or by <del>e-mail</del> 40 EMAIL to a school tuition organization if the department determines that 41 the school tuition organization has engaged in any of the following 42 activities:

Failed or refused to allocate at least ninety percent of annual
 revenues from contributions made for the purposes of sections SECTION
 43-1089 and 43-1089.03 for educational scholarships or tuition grants.

1 2. Failed or refused to file the annual reports required by section 2 43-1604.

3

3. Limited the availability of scholarships to students of only one 4 school.

5 6

4. Encouraged, facilitated or knowingly permitted ALLOWED taxpayers to engage in actions prohibited by this article.

7 5. Awarded, restricted or reserved educational scholarships or 8 tuition grants for use by a particular student based solely on the 9 recommendation of the donor.

6. Failed or refused to meet any of the requirements in section 10 11 43-1603, subsection B.

7. Failed or refused to include the notice required in section 12 13 43-1603, subsection C.

14 8. Failed or refused to comply with the audit or financial review 15 requirements of section 43-1605.

16 D. A school tuition organization that receives notice from the 17 department pursuant to subsection C of this section has ninety days to 18 correct the violation identified by the department in the notice. If a school tuition organization fails or refuses to comply after ninety days, 19 20 the department may remove the organization from the list of certified 21 school tuition organizations and shall make available to the public notice 22 of removal as soon as possible. An organization that is removed from the 23 list of certified school tuition organizations must notify any taxpayer 24 who attempts to make a contribution that the contribution is not eligible 25 for the tax credit and offer to refund all donations received after the 26 date of the notice of termination of certification.

27 E. A school tuition organization may request an administrative 28 hearing on the revocation of its certification as provided by title 41, 29 chapter 6, article 10. Except as provided in section 41-1092.08, 30 subsection H, a decision of the department is subject to judicial review 31 pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

32 Sec. 25. Section 43-1603, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 33 read:

34

35

43-1603. Operational requirements for school tuition organizations; notice; qualified schools

36 A. A certified school tuition organization must be established to 37 receive contributions from taxpayers for the purposes of income tax credits under <del>sections</del> SECTION 43-1089 <del>and 43-1089.03</del> and to 38 pay 39 educational scholarships or tuition grants to allow students to attend any 40 qualified school of their parents' choice.

41 B. To be eligible for certification and retain certification, the 42 school tuition organization:

43 1. Must allocate at least ninety percent of its annual revenue from 44 contributions made for the purposes of sections SECTION 43-1089 and 45 43-1089.03 for educational scholarships or tuition grants.

1 2. Shall not limit the availability of educational scholarships or 2 tuition grants to only students of one school.

3

3. May allow donors to recommend student beneficiaries, but shall 4 not award, designate or reserve scholarships solely on the basis of donor 5 recommendations.

6 4. Shall not allow donors to designate student beneficiaries as a 7 condition of any contribution to the organization, or facilitate, 8 knowingly allow the exchange of beneficiary student encourage or 9 designations in violation of section 43-1089, subsection F<del>, section</del> 10 43-1089.03, subsection F and section 43-1089.04, subsection E.

11 5. Shall include on the organization's website, if one exists, the 12 percentage and total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition 13 grants awarded during the previous fiscal year to:

14 (a) Students whose family income meets the economic eligibility requirements established under the national school lunch and child 15 16 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free 17 or reduced-price lunches.

18 (b) Students whose family income exceeds the threshold prescribed by subdivision (a) of this paragraph but does not exceed one hundred 19 20 eighty-five percent of the economic eligibility requirements established 21 under the national school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States 22 Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free or reduced-price lunches.

6. Must not award educational scholarships or tuition grants to 23 24 students who are simultaneously enrolled in a district school or charter 25 school and a gualified school.

26 C. A school tuition organization shall include the following notice 27 any printed materials soliciting donations, in applications for in scholarships and on its website, if one exists: 28 29

Notice

30 A school tuition organization cannot award, restrict or 31 reserve scholarships solely on the basis of a donor's 32 recommendation.

A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit if the taxpayer 33 agrees to swap donations with another taxpayer to benefit 34 35 either taxpayer's own dependent.

36 D. In evaluating applications and awarding, designating or 37 reserving scholarships, a school tuition organization:

1. Shall not award, designate or reserve a scholarship solely on 38 39 the recommendation of any person contributing money to the organization, 40 but may consider the recommendation among other factors.

41

2. Shall consider the financial need of applicants.

42 E. A taxpayer's contribution to a school tuition organization that 43 exceeds the amount of the credit allowed by section 43-1089 but does not 44 exceed the amount of the credit allowed by section 43-1089.03 is 45 considered a contribution pursuant to section 43-1089.03. A school

1 tuition organization must use at least ninety percent of contributions 2 made pursuant to section 43-1089.03 for educational scholarships or 3 tuition grants for students to whom any of the following applies:

1. Attended a governmental primary or secondary school as a full-time student as defined in section 15-901 or attended a preschool program that offers services to students with disabilities at a governmental school for at least ninety days of the prior fiscal year and transferred from a governmental school to a qualified school.

9 2. Enroll in a qualified school in a kindergarten program or a 10 preschool program that offers services to students with disabilities.

3. Are the dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United
 States who is stationed in this state pursuant to military orders.

4. Are homeschooled before enrolling in a qualified school.

14 5. Moved to this state from out of state before enrolling in a 15 qualified school.

16 6. Participated in an Arizona empowerment scholarship account and 17 did not renew the account or accept the scholarship in order to accept a 18 scholarship or tuition grant under this section.

19 7. Received an educational scholarship or tuition grant under 20 paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this subsection or under chapter 15 of 21 this title if the student continues to attend a qualified school in a 22 subsequent year.

F. In awarding educational scholarships or tuition grants from contributions made pursuant to section 43-1089.03, a school tuition organization shall give priority to students and siblings of students on a waiting list for scholarships if the school tuition organization maintains a waiting list.

6. E. If an individual educational scholarship or tuition grant exceeds the school's tuition, the amount in excess shall be returned to the school tuition organization that made the award or grant. The school tuition organization may allocate the returned monies as a multiyear award for that student and report the award pursuant to section 43-1604, subsection A, paragraph 5, subdivision (b) or may allocate the returned monies for educational scholarships or tuition grants for other students.

Sec. 26. Section 43-1604, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

37

13

43-1604. Annual report; posting

A. On or before September 30 of each year, each school tuition organization shall report electronically to the department, in a form prescribed by the department, the following information, separately compiled and identified for the purposes of sections SECTION 43-1089 and 42 43-1089.03:

43 1. The name, address and contact person of the school tuition 44 organization.

1 2. The total number of contributions received during the previous 2 fiscal year. 3 3. The total dollar amount of contributions received during the 4 previous fiscal year. 5 4. The total number of children awarded educational scholarships or 6 tuition grants during the previous fiscal year. 7 5. The total dollar amount of: 8 (a) Educational scholarships and tuition grants distributed during 9 the previous fiscal year. (b) Money being held for identified students' scholarships and 10 11 tuition grants in future years. 6. The cost of audits pursuant to section 43-1605 paid during the 12 13 fiscal year. 7. The total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition 14 15 grants awarded during the previous fiscal year to: 16 (a) Students whose family income meets the economic eligibility 17 requirements established under the national school lunch and child 18 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free 19 or reduced-price lunches. 20 (b) Students whose family income exceeds the threshold prescribed 21 by subdivision (a) of this paragraph but does not exceed one hundred 22 eighty-five percent of the economic eligibility requirements established under the national school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States 23 24 Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free or reduced-price lunches. 25 8. For each school to which educational scholarships or tuition 26 grants were awarded: 27 (a) The name and address of the school. 28 (b) The number of educational scholarships and tuition grants 29 awarded during the previous fiscal year. (c) The total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition 30 31 grants awarded during the previous fiscal year. 32 9. The names, job titles and annual salaries of the three employees 33 who receive the highest annual salaries from the school tuition 34 organization. B. The department shall post on its website a report of the 35 36 information it receives pursuant to subsection A of this section on or 37 before March 31 of the calendar year following the year in which the 38 information is received. Sec. 27. Laws 2021, chapter 412, section 26 is amended to read: 39 40 Sec. 26. Refunds 41 Any claim for refund of transaction privilege or use tax based on the retroactive application of section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 42 18, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, and LAWS 2021, 43 CHAPTER 412, SECTION 42-5061, SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 19, ARIZONA REVISED 44 45 STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY THIS ACT, SECTION 42-5075, SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH

1 21, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS ADDED BY THIS ACT, section 42-5159, 2 subsection B, paragraph 18, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this 3 act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 42-5159, SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 19, 4 ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY THIS ACT, AND SECTION 42-6004, 5 SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 23, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS ADDED BY THIS 6 ACT, shall be submitted to the department of revenue on or before December 7 31, 2021 2022, pursuant to section 42-1118, Arizona Revised Statutes, and 8 is subject to the following:

9 1. A failure to file such a claim on or before December 31, 10 <del>2021</del> 2022 constitutes a waiver of the claim for refund.

11 2. The aggregate refund amount may not exceed \$10,000 for such 12 claims filed from and after December 31, 2020 2021 through December 31, 13 2021 2022.

14 3. If the aggregate refund amount of such claims ultimately 15 determined to be correct is more than \$10,000, the department of revenue 16 shall reduce each claim proportionally so that the aggregate refund amount 17 equals \$10,000.

18 4. Interest is not allowed and may not be compounded on any 19 refundable amount of such claims if paid before July 1, 2022 2023, but if 20 the amount cannot be determined or paid until after June 30, 2022 2023, 21 interest accrues after that date pursuant to section 42-1123, Arizona 22 Revised Statutes.

5. Any refund claim that is filed before January 1, 2021 2022 or that is not related to the changes under this act is not subject to the \$10,000 aggregate refund amount.

26 27 Sec. 28. Laws 2021, chapter 412, section 30 is amended to read: Sec. 30. <u>Retroactivity</u>

A. SECTION 42-5075, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY THIS 28 29 ACT, section 42-5159, SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 18, Arizona Revised 30 Statutes. AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 42-5159, 31 SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 19, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, as amended by this 32 act, section 42-5061, as amended by Laws 2019, chapter 273, section 7 and 33 chapter 288, section 1 SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 18, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, SECTION 42-5061, 34 35 SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 19, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY THIS 36 ACT, AND SECTION 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 37 2021, CHAPTER 417, SECTION 10 and this act, apply retroactively to taxable 38 periods beginning from and after December 31, 2015.

B. Section 43-1122, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by
this act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, applies retroactively to taxable years
beginning from and after December 31, 2020.

42 C. Section 43-1022, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 43 this act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, sections 43-1076.01 and 43-1162, Arizona 44 Revised Statutes, as added by this act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, and 45 sections 43-1504 and 43-1603, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 1 this act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, apply retroactively to taxable years 2 beginning from and after December 31, 2020.

3 D. Section 43-1184, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 4 this act LAWS 2021, CHAPTER 412, applies retroactively to from and after 5 June 30, 2021.

6

Sec. 29. Legislative intent

7

The legislature intends:

8 1. That in fiscal year 2022-2023 the fee prescribed in section 9 42-5041, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, be assessed and collected pursuant to the following guidelines: 10

11 (a) The total amount of fees for all counties, cities, towns, 12 councils of governments and regional transportation authorities may not 13 exceed \$5,388,200 in fiscal year 2022-2023.

(b) The share of fees assessed to all counties pursuant to 14 subdivision (a) of this paragraph shall be in proportion to the aggregate 15 16 amount of monies distributed to counties for the fiscal year two years 17 preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to sections 42-5029, 42-6103, 18 42-6107, 42-6108, 42-6108.01, 42-6109, 42-6109.01, 42-6110, 42-6111, 19 42–6112 and 42–6113, Arizona Revised Statutes, as a percentage of 20 aggregate distributions to all counties, cities, towns, councils of 21 governments and regional transportation authorities located in a county 22 with a population of more than eight hundred thousand persons for the 23 fiscal year two years preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to 24 sections 42-5029, 42-6001, 42-6103, 42-6105, 42-6106, 42-6107, 42-6108, 25 42-6108.01, 42-6109, 42-6109.01, 42-6110, 42-6111, 42-6112, 42-6113 and 26 43-206, Arizona Revised Statutes.

27 (c) The share of fees assessed to all cities and towns pursuant to 28 subdivision (a) of this paragraph shall be in proportion to the aggregate 29 amount of monies distributed to cities and towns for the fiscal year two 30 years preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to sections 42-5029, 31 42-6001 and 43-206, Arizona Revised Statutes, as a percentage of aggregate 32 distributions to all counties, cities, towns, councils of governments and 33 regional transportation authorities located in a county with a population of more than eight hundred thousand persons for the fiscal year two years 34 35 preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to sections 42-5029, 42-6001, 36 42-6105, 42-6106, 42-6107, 42-6108, 42-6108.01, 42-6109. 42-6103. 37 42-6109.01, 42-6110, 42-6111, 42-6112, 42-6113 and 43-206, Arizona Revised 38 Statutes.

39 (d) The share of fees assessed to all councils of governments 40 pursuant to subdivision (a) of this paragraph shall be in proportion to 41 the aggregate amount of monies distributed to all councils of governments 42 for the fiscal year two years preceding the current fiscal year pursuant 43 to section 42-6105, Arizona Revised Statutes, as a percentage of aggregate distributions to all counties, cities, towns, councils of governments and 44 45 regional transportation authorities located in a county with a population

of more than eight hundred thousand persons for the fiscal year two years preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to sections 42-5029, 42-6001, 42-6103, 42-6105, 42-6106, 42-6107, 42-6108, 42-6108.01, 42-6109, 42-6109.01, 42-6110, 42-6111, 42-6112, 42-6113 and 43-206, Arizona Revised 5 Statutes.

6 (e) The share of fees assessed to all regional transportation 7 authorities located in a county with a population of more than eight 8 hundred thousand persons pursuant to subdivision (a) of this paragraph 9 shall be in proportion to the aggregate amount of monies distributed to all regional transportation authorities located in a county with a 10 11 population of more than eight hundred thousand persons for the fiscal year two years preceding the current fiscal year pursuant to section 42-6106, 12 13 Arizona Revised Statutes, as a percentage of aggregate distributions to all counties, cities, towns, councils of governments and regional 14 transportation authorities located in a county with a population of more 15 16 than four hundred thousand persons for the fiscal year two years preceding 17 the current fiscal year pursuant to sections 42-5029, 42-6001, 42-6103, 18 42-6105, 42-6106, 42-6107, 42-6108, 42-6108.01, 42-6109, 42-6109.01, 42-6110, 42-6111, 42-6112, 42-6113 and 43-206, Arizona Revised Statutes. 19

(f) Except as provided by sections 42-5033 and 42-5033.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, the population of a county as determined by the most recent United States decennial census plus any revision to the decennial census certified by the United States census bureau shall be used as the basis for apportioning monies pursuant to subdivision (b) of this paragraph.

(g) Except as provided by sections 42-5033 and 42-5033.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, the population of a city or town as determined by the most recent United States decennial census plus any revision to the decennial census certified by the United States census bureau shall be used as the basis for apportioning monies pursuant to subdivision (c) of this paragraph.

32 2. That in fiscal year 2022-2023 the transfer prescribed in section
33 42-5041, subsection E, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, not
34 exceed \$653,400.

35 3. That in fiscal year 2022-2023 the transfer prescribed in section 36 42-5041, subsection F, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, not 37 exceed \$145,500.

- 38
- 39

Sec. 30. <u>Aircraft taxation; market value; department of</u> <u>transportation; registration credit</u>

If a person pays an aircraft's annual license tax in fiscal year 2021-2022 before the effective date of this act and the aircraft's average fair market value has an annual percentage change that is more than the annual percentage change in the average consumer price index as published by the United States department of labor, bureau of labor statistics, using 2019 as a benchmark to what the average fair market value of the 1 aircraft was in 2019, the department of transportation shall offer the person a credit to be applied toward the aircraft's registration fees in 2 fiscal year 2022-2023. The credit shall be the difference between the 3 4 amount that the person paid based on the aircraft's actual average fair 5 market value and the amount that the person would have paid based on the 6 aircraft's consumer price index adjusted fair market value as described by 7 section 28-8335, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by 8 this act.

- 9
- 10

Sec. 31. Distribution of revenues; border security fund; state highway fund: state aviation fund: state parks revenue fund; intent

11

A. For fiscal year 2022-2023, beginning the month following the general effective date of this act, the state treasurer shall distribute the following amounts proportionately for each month remaining in the fiscal year from the portion of the revenues derived from the tax levied by title 42, chapter 5, articles 1 and 5, Arizona Revised Statutes, that is not designated as the distribution base:

\$209,205,000 to the border security fund established by section
 26-105, Arizona Revised Statutes.

20 2. \$944,774,800 to the state highway fund established by section 21 28-6991, Arizona Revised Statutes.

3. \$20,600,000 to the state aviation fund established by section
28-8202, Arizona Revised Statutes.

24 4. \$425,000,000 to the budget stabilization fund established by 25 section 35-144, Arizona Revised Statutes.

26 5. \$38,237,100 to the state parks revenue fund established by 27 section 41-511.21, Arizona Revised Statutes.

B. It is the intent of the legislature that the distributions made in subsection A of this section will not impact the portion of transaction privilege tax revenues that cities and counties in this state receive pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D, Arizona Revised Statutes.

32 33 Sec. 32. <u>Fiscal year 2022-2023 state general fund</u> determination

For the purposes of section 43-243, subsection B, Arizona Revised 34 Statutes, and section 43-244, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, the 35 36 director of the joint legislative budget committee and the director of the 37 governor's office of strategic planning and budgeting shall add the total 38 amount of revenues distributed pursuant to section 31 of this act in 39 fiscal year 2022-2023 to the actual amount of fiscal year 2022-2023 state 40 general fund revenue reported, excluding the beginning balance, for the 41 purposes of determining whether the threshold in section 43-243, 42 subsection B, paragraph 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, and section 43-244, 43 subsection B, paragraph 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is met.

1	Sec. 33. Applicability
2	Except as provided in section 37 of this act, section 42-5061,
3	subsection B, paragraph 14, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this
4	act, section 42–5071, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act,
5	and section 42–5159, subsection B, paragraph 14, Arizona Revised Statutes,
6	as amended by this act, apply to taxable periods beginning on or after the
7	first day of the month following the general effective date.
8	Sec. 34. Applicability; use of revenues; reporting
9	A. The repeal of section 43–1089.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, by
10	this act applies to taxable years beginning from and after December 31,
11	2022.
12	B. Any revenues from contributions made for the purposes of section
13	43–1089.03, Arizona Revised Statutes, as repealed by this act, that have
14	not been allocated before January 1, 2023 are subject to the provisions of
15	title 43, chapter 16, Arizona Revised Statutes, as if the contributions
16	were made pursuant to section 43–1089, Arizona Revised Statutes, as
17	amended by this act.
18	C. Each school tuition organization shall include in the annual
19	report prepared pursuant to section 43–1604, Arizona Revised Statutes, as
20	amended by this act, all of the information required by section 43–1604,
21	Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, for the revenues
22	relating to the contributions made for the purposes of section 43–1089.03,
23	Arizona Revised Statutes, as repealed by this act, that have not been
24	allocated before January 1, 2023.
25	Sec. 35. <u>Retroactivity</u>
26	Section 28-8335, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act,
27	applies retroactively to from and after June 30, 2021.
28	Sec. 36. <u>Saving clause</u>
29	The repeal of the income tax credit under section 43-1089.03,
30 21	Arizona Revised Statutes, as repealed by this act, does not affect the
31	continuing validity of any amount of the credit carried forward from
32	previous taxable years for application against subsequent tax liabilities
33 24	as allowed by prior law.
34 35	Sec. 37. <u>Conditional enactment: applicability: retroactivity</u>
35 36	Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2021,
30 37	chapter 266, section 4, chapter 412, section 8, chapter 417, section 5, chapter 443, section 3 and this act, and section 42-6004, Arizona Revised
38	Statutes, as amended by Laws 2021, chapter 417, section 11 and this act,
39	become effective on the date prescribed by Laws 2018, chapter 263, section
39 40	5 and apply as follows but only on the occurrence of the condition
40 41	prescribed by Laws 2018, chapter 263, section 5:
41	1. For section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 14, Arizona Revised
43	Statutes, as amended by this act, to taxable periods beginning on or after
44	the first day of the month following the general effective date of this
45	act.

2. For section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 19, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, and section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2021, chapter 417, section 11 and this act, retroactively to taxable periods beginning from and after December 31, 2015.