Appropriations H.C.R. 2017

PROPOSED

SENATE AMENDMENTS TO H.C.R. 2017 (Reference to House engrossed resolution)

1 Strike everything after the resolving clause and insert:

2 "1. Article VI, sections 12, 28, 30, 35, 37, 38, 40 and 41,
3 Constitution of Arizona, are proposed to be amended as follows if approved
4 by the voters and on proclamation of the Governor:

5	12. <u>Superior court; election of judges in counties</u>
6	with a population of less than eight hundred
7	<u>thousand persons; appointment of judges in</u>
8	counties with a population of eight hundred
9	thousand persons or more: term of office

Section 12. A. Judges of the superior court in counties 10 11 having a population of less than two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons according to the most recent United States 12 13 census shall be elected by the qualified electors of their 14 counties at the general election. They shall hold office for a 15 regular term of four years except as provided by this section 16 from and after the first Monday in January next succeeding 17 their election, and until their successors are elected and 18 qualify. The names of all candidates for judge of the superior court in such counties shall be placed on the regular ballot 19 20 without partisan or other designation except the division and 21 title of the office.

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6 7 B. The governor shall fill any vacancy in such counties HAVING A POPULATION OF LESS THAN EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS by appointing a person to serve until the election and qualification of a successor. At the next succeeding general election following the appointment of a person to fill a vacancy, a judge shall be elected to serve for the remainder of the unexpired term.

8 C. Judges of the superior court in counties having a 9 population of two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons or more 10 according to the most recent United States census shall BE 11 APPOINTED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED IN SECTION 37 OF THIS ARTICLE 12 AND hold office for a regular term of four years except as 13 provided by this article.

D. JUDGES OF THE SUPERIOR COURT HOLDING OFFICE IN 14 COUNTIES WITH A POPULATION OF LESS THAN EIGHT HUNDRED THOUSAND 15 PERSONS ACCORDING TO THE MOST RECENT UNITED STATES CENSUS WHO 16 17 WERE APPOINTED IN THE MANNER PROVIDED IN SECTION 37 OF THIS ARTICLE OR RETAINED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38 OF THIS ARTICLE 18 BEFORE THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS AMENDMENT TO THIS SECTION 19 SHALL CONTINUE TO SERVE IN OFFICE FOR THE RESPECTIVE TERMS FOR 20 21 WHICH THEY WERE APPOINTED OR RETAINED BUT SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE 22 FOR RETENTION AS PROVIDED IN SECTION 38 OF THIS ARTICLE 23 FOLLOWING THOSE TERMS. FOR SUCH OFFICES. VACANCIES SHALL BE FILLED AND SUCCESSORS SHALL BE ELECTED AS PROVIDED IN 24 SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION. 25

2. Article VI, section 28, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
 be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
 Governor:

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28. <u>Justices and judges; dual office holding;</u> <u>political activity: practice of law</u>

Section 28. Justices and judges of courts of record shall not be eligible for any other public office or for any

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other public employment during their term of office, except 1 2 that they may assume another judicial office, and upon qualifying therefor, the office formerly held shall become 3 vacant. No justice or judge of any court of record shall 4 5 practice law during his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S continuance in office, nor shall the THE JUSTICE OR JUDGE hold any office in a 6 7 political party or actively take part in any political campaign other than his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S own for his reelection 8 9 or retention in office. Any justice or judge who files nomination papers for an elective office, other than for judge 10 of the superior court or a court of record inferior to the 11 12 superior court in a county having a population of less than two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons according to the most 13 14 recent United States census, forfeits his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S judicial office. 15

Article VI, section 30, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
 be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
 Governor:

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30. Courts of record

Section 30. A. The supreme court, the court of appeals and the superior court shall be courts of record. Other courts of record may be established by law, but justice courts shall not be courts of record.

B. All justices and judges of courts of record, except for judges of the superior court and other courts of record inferior to the superior court in counties having a population of less than two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons according to the most recent United States census, shall be appointed in the manner provided in section 37 of this article.

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4. Article VI, section 35, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
 be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
 Governor:

35. <u>Continuance in office; continued existence of</u> <u>offices; application of prior statute and</u> rules

Section 35. A. All justices, judges, justices of the 7 peace and officers of any court who are holding office as such 8 9 by election or appointment at the time of the adoption of this section OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS SECTION shall serve or 10 continue in office for the respective terms for which they are 11 12 so elected or for their respective unexpired terms, and until their successors are elected or appointed and qualify or they 13 14 are retained in office pursuant to section 38 of this article; provided, however, EXCEPT that any justice or judge 15 16 elected at the general election at which this section is 17 adopted shall serve for the term for which he THE JUSTICE OR JUDGE is so elected. The continued existence of any office 18 19 heretofore legally established or held shall not be abolished or repealed by the adoption of this article. The statutes and 20 rules relating to the authority, jurisdiction, practice and 21 22 procedure of courts, judicial officers and offices in force at 23 the time of the adoption of this article and not inconsistent 24 herewith, shall, so far as applicable, apply to and govern 25 such courts, judicial officers and offices until amended or 26 repealed.

B. All judges of the superior court holding office by
appointment or retention in counties with a population of two
EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons or more according to the
most recent United States census at the time of the adoption of
this amendment OR ANY SUBSEQUENT AMENDMENT to this section
shall serve or continue in office for the respective terms for

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which they were appointed. Upon an incumbent vacating the office of judge of the superior court, whether by failing to file a declaration for retention, by rejection by the qualified electors of the county or resignation, the appointment shall be pursuant to section 37 of this article.

5. Article VI, section 37, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
Governor:

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37. Judicial vacancies and appointments; initial

terms; residence; age

Section 37. A. Within sixty days from the occurrence of 11 12 a vacancy in the office of a justice OF THE SUPREME COURT or A judge of any AN INTERMEDIATE APPELLATE court of record, except 13 14 for vacancies occurring in the office of a judge of the 15 superior court or a judge of a court of record inferior to the 16 superior court, the commission on appellate court appointments, 17 if the vacancy is in the supreme court or an intermediate appellate court of record, shall submit to the governor the 18 19 names of not less than three persons nominated by it to fill such vacancy, no more than two of whom shall be members of the 20 21 same political party unless there are more than four such 22 nominees, in which event not more than sixty percentum PERCENT 23 of such nominees shall be members of the same political party.

B. Within sixty days from the occurrence of a vacancy in 24 25 the office of a judge of the superior court or a judge of a 26 court of record inferior to the superior court except for 27 vacancies occurring in the office of a judge of the superior court or a judge of a court of record inferior to the superior 28 29 court in a county having a population of less than two EIGHT 30 hundred fifty thousand persons according to the most recent States census, the commission on trial 31 United court appointments for the county in which the vacancy occurs shall 32

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submit to the governor the names of not less than three persons 1 2 nominated by it to fill such vacancy, no more than two of whom shall be members of the same political party unless there are 3 4 more than four such nominees, in which event no more than sixty per centum PERCENT of such nominees shall be members of the 5 same political party. A nominee shall be under sixty-five 6 years of age at the time his THE NOMINEE'S name is submitted to 7 the governor. Judges of the superior court shall be subject to 8 9 retention or rejection by a vote of the qualified electors of the county from which they were appointed at the general 10 election in the manner provided by section 38 of this article. 11

12 C. A vacancy in the office of a justice or a judge of such courts of record shall be filled by appointment by the 13 14 governor without regard to political affiliation from one of the nominees whose names shall be ARE submitted to him THE 15 16 GOVERNOR as hereinabove provided. In making the appointment, 17 the governor shall consider the diversity of the state's population for an appellate court appointment and the diversity 18 19 of the county's population for a trial court appointment, 20 however, the primary consideration shall be merit. If the 21 governor does not appoint one of such nominees to fill such 22 vacancy within sixty days after their names are submitted to 23 the governor by such commission, the chief justice of the supreme court forthwith shall appoint on the basis of merit 24 25 alone without regard to political affiliation one of such nominees to fill such vacancy. If such commission does not, 26 27 within sixty days after such vacancy occurs, submit the names of nominees as hereinabove provided, the governor shall have 28 29 the power to appoint any qualified person to fill such vacancy 30 at any time thereafter prior to the time the names of the nominees to fill such vacancy are submitted to the governor as 31 hereinabove provided. Each justice or judge so appointed shall 32

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initially hold office for a term ending sixty days following
the next regular general election after the expiration of a
term of two years in office. Thereafter, the terms of justices
or judges of the supreme court and the superior court shall be
as provided by this article.

D. A person appointed to fill a vacancy on 6 an 7 intermediate appellate court or another court of record now existing or hereafter established by law shall have been a 8 9 resident of the counties or county in which that vacancy exists for at least one year prior to his BEFORE THE PERSON'S 10 appointment, in addition to possessing the other required 11 12 qualifications. A nominee shall be under sixty-five years of age at the time his THE NOMINEE'S name is submitted to the 13 14 governor.

6. Article VI, section 38, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
 be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
 Governor:

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38. <u>Declaration of candidacy: form of judicial</u> <u>ballot. rejection and retention: failure to</u> <u>file declaration</u>

21 Section 38. A. A justice or judge of the supreme court 22 or an intermediate appellate court shall file in the office of 23 the secretary of state, and a judge of the superior court or other court of record including such justices or judges who are 24 25 holding office as such by election or appointment at the time 26 of the adoption of this section OR ANY AMENDMENT TO THIS 27 SECTION, except for judges of the superior court and other courts of record inferior to the superior court in counties 28 29 having a population of less than two EIGHT hundred fifty 30 thousand persons, according to the United States census, shall file in the office of the clerk of the board of supervisors of 31 the county in which he THE JUSTICE OR JUDGE regularly sits and 32

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resides, not less than sixty nor more than ninety days prior to 1 2 BEFORE the regular general election next preceding the expiration of his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S term of office. a 3 declaration of his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S desire to be 4 5 retained in office, and the secretary of state shall certify to the several boards of supervisors the appropriate names of the 6 7 candidate or candidates appearing on such declarations filed in his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S office. 8

9 B. The name of any justice or judge whose declaration is 10 filed as provided in this section shall be placed on the 11 appropriate official ballot at the next regular general 12 election under a nonpartisan designation and in substantially 13 the following form:

Shall _____, (Name of justice or judge) of the ______ court be retained in office? Yes __ No __ (Mark X after one).

C. If a majority of those voting on the question votes "No," then, upon the expiration of the term for which such justice or judge was serving, a vacancy shall exist, which shall be filled as provided by this article. If a majority of those voting on the question votes "Yes," such justice or judge shall remain in office for another term, subject to removal as provided by this constitution.

D. The votes shall be counted and canvassed and the result declared as in the case of state and county elections, whereupon a certificate of retention or rejection of the incumbent justice or judge shall be delivered to him THE INCUMBENT by the secretary of state or the clerk of the board of supervisors, as the case may be.

E. If a justice or judge fails to file a declaration of his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S desire to be retained in office, as required by this section, then his THE JUSTICE'S OR JUDGE'S

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office shall become vacant upon expiration of the term for which such justice or judge was serving.

3 7. Article VI, section 40, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
4 be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
5 Governor:

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40. <u>Option for counties with less than eight hundred</u> <u>thousand persons</u>

Section 40. Notwithstanding 8 any provision of this 9 article to the contrary, any county having a population of less than two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons, according to 10 the most recent United States census, may choose to select its 11 12 judges of the superior court or of courts of record inferior to the superior court as if it had a population of two EIGHT 13 14 hundred fifty thousand or more persons. Such choice shall be determined by vote of the qualified electors of such county 15 16 voting on the question at an election called for such purpose 17 by resolution of the board of supervisors of such county. If such qualified electors approve, the provisions of sections 12, 18 19 28, 30, 35, through 37, 38, 39, 41 and 42 shall apply as if 20 such county had a population of two EIGHT hundred fifty 21 thousand persons or more.

8. Article VI, section 41, Constitution of Arizona, is proposed to
be amended as follows if approved by the voters and on proclamation of the
Governor:

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41. <u>Commission on trial court appointments:</u>

membership; terms

A. Except as otherwise provided, judges of the superior
 court in counties having a population of two hundred fifty
 thousand persons or more according to the most recent United
 States census shall hold office for a regular term of four
 years.

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B. A. There shall be a nonpartisan commission on trial court appointments for each county having a population of two EIGHT hundred fifty thousand persons or more according to the most recent United States census which shall be composed of the following members:

 The chief justice of the supreme court, who shall be the chairman of the commission. In the event of the absence or incapacity of the chairman the supreme court shall appoint a justice thereof OF THE SUPREME COURT to serve in his THE JUSTICE'S place and stead.

11 2. Five attorney members, none of whom shall reside in 12 the same supervisorial district and not more than three of whom 13 shall be members of the same political party, who are nominated 14 by the board of governors of the state bar of Arizona and who 15 are appointed by the governor subject to confirmation by the 16 senate in the manner prescribed by law.

17 3. Ten nonattorney members, no more than two of whom18 shall reside in the same supervisorial district.

19 C. B. At least ninety days prior to BEFORE a term 20 expiring or within twenty-one days of a vacancy occurring for a nonattorney member on the commission for trial 21 court 22 appointments, the member of the board of supervisors from the 23 district in which the vacancy has occurred shall appoint a nominating committee of seven members who reside in the 24 25 district, not more than four of whom may be from the same political party. The make-up MAKEUP of the committee shall, to 26 the extent feasible, SHALL reflect the diversity of the 27 population of the district. Members shall not be attorneys and 28 shall not hold any governmental office, elective or appointive, 29 30 for profit. The committee shall provide public notice that a vacancy exists and shall solicit, review and forward to the 31 along with the 32 governor a]] applications committee's

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recommendations for appointment. The governor shall appoint 1 2 two persons from each supervisorial district who shall not be of the same political party, subject to confirmation by the 3 senate in the manner prescribed by law. 4

D. C. In making or confirming appointments to trial court commissions, the governor, the senate and the state bar 7 shall endeavor to see that the commission reflects the diversity of the county's population. 8

E. D. Members of the commission shall serve staggered 9 four year terms. , except that initial appointments for the 10 11 five additional nonattorney members and the two additional attorney members of the commission shall be designated by the 12 13 governor as follows:

14 1. One appointment for a nonattorney member shall be for 15 a one-year term.

2. Two appointments for nonattorney members shall be for a two-year term.

3. Two appointments for nonattorney members shall be for 18 19 a three-year term.

4. One appointment for an attorney member shall be for a one-year term.

5. One appointment for an attorney member shall be for a two-year term.

F. E. Vacancies shall be filled for the unexpired terms in the same manner as the original appointments.

26 G. F. Attorney members of the commission shall have 27 resided in this state and shall have been admitted to practice in this state by the supreme court for at least five years and 28 29 shall have resided in the supervisorial district from which 30 they are appointed for at least one year. Nonattorney members shall have resided in this state for at least five years, shall 31 have resided in the supervisorial district for at least one 32

year before being nominated and shall not be judges, retired judges nor OR admitted to practice before the supreme court. None of the attorney or nonattorney members of the commission shall hold any governmental office, elective or appointive, for profit and no attorney member is eligible for appointment to any judicial office of this state until one year after membership in the commission terminates.

8 H. G. No person other than the chief justice shall 9 serve at the same time as a member of more than one judicial 10 appointment commission.

11 I. H. The commission shall submit the names of not less
 12 than three individuals for nomination for the office of the
 13 superior court judge pursuant to section 37 of this article.

14 J. I. Prior to BEFORE making recommendations to the governor, the commission shall conduct investigations, hold 15 16 public hearings and take public testimony. An executive 17 session as prescribed by rule may be held upon a two-thirds vote of the members of the commission in a public hearing. 18 Final decisions as to recommendations shall be made without 19 regard to political affiliation in an impartial and objective 20 21 manner. The commission shall consider the diversity of the 22 county's population and the geographical distribution of the 23 residences of the judges throughout the county, however the primary consideration shall be merit. Voting shall be in a 24 25 public hearing. The expenses of meetings of the commission and 26 the attendance of members thereof for travel and subsistence 27 shall be paid from the general fund of the state as state officers are paid, upon claims approved by the chairman. 28

29 K. J. After public hearings the supreme court shall
 30 adopt rules of procedure for the commission on trial court
 31 appointments.

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1L. The members of the commission who were appointed2pursuant to section 36 of this article prior to the effective3date of this section may continue to serve until the expiration4of their normal terms. All subsequent appointments shall be5made as prescribed by this section.

6 9. The Secretary of State shall submit this proposition to the 7 voters at the next general election as provided by article XXI, 8 Constitution of Arizona."

9 Amend title to conform

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