REFERENCE TITLE: schools; academic standards; social studies

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

HB 2549

Introduced by Representatives Pawlik: Gutierrez, Hernandez C, Schwiebert, Shah, Stahl Hamilton, Sun, Terech, Senators Alston, Marsh

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 15-701.01, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO SCHOOL CURRICULUM.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 15-701.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 3 to read: 4 15-701.01. High schools; graduation; requirements; community 5 college or university courses; transfer from 6 other schools; academic credit; report 7 A. The state board of education shall: 8 Prescribe a minimum course of study that incorporates the 1. 9 academic standards adopted by the state board for the graduation of pupils 10 from high school. 11 2. Prescribe competency requirements for the graduation of pupils 12 from high school incorporating the academic standards in at least the 13 areas of reading, writing, mathematics, science and social studies. The academic standards prescribed by the state board in social studies shall 14 include personal finance, American civics education, THE HISTORY AND 15 16 CONTRIBUTIONS OF ASIAN AMERICANS AND PACIFIC ISLANDERS IN THE UNITED 17 STATES AND IN THIS STATE, and a comparative discussion of political 18 ideologies, such as communism and totalitarianism, that conflict with the 19 principles of freedom and democracy that are essential to the founding 20 principles of the United States. The state board may consider 21 establishing a required separate personal finance course for the purpose 22 of the graduation of pupils from high school. The state board shall 23 require at least one-half of a course credit in economics, which shall 24 include financial literacy and personal financial management. 25 3. Through the graduating class of 2025, include in the competency 26 requirements for social studies prescribed in paragraph 2 of this subsection a requirement that, in order to graduate from high school or 27 obtain a high school equivalency diploma, a pupil must correctly answer at 28 29 least sixty of the one hundred questions listed on a test that is identical to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the 30 31 United States citizenship and immigration services. Beginning with the graduating class of 2026, the state board shall include in the competency 32 33 requirements for social studies prescribed in paragraph 2 of this subsection a requirement that, in order to graduate from high school or 34 35 obtain a high school equivalency diploma, a pupil must correctly answer at 36 least seventy of the one hundred questions listed on a test that is identical to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the 37 United States citizenship and immigration services. A district school or 38 charter school shall document on the pupil's transcript only a pass or 39 40 fail designation that the pupil has passed or failed the test required by 41 this paragraph. A pupil in grade seven or eight may take the test described in this paragraph, and if the pupil correctly answers at least 42 43 seventy of the one hundred questions on the test:

1 (a) The district school or charter school shall document on the 2 pupil's transcript only a pass or fail designation that the pupil has 3 passed or failed the test required by this paragraph.

4 (b) The pupil is not required to take the test required by this 5 paragraph again in high school.

6 4. Develop and adopt competency tests pursuant to section 15-741. 7 English language learners who are subject to article 3.1 of this chapter 8 are subject to the assessments prescribed in section 15-741.

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B. The governing board of a school district shall:

10 Prescribe curricula that include the academic standards in the 1. 11 required subject areas pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1 of this 12 section.

13 Prescribe criteria for the graduation of pupils from the high 2. 14 district. These criteria schools in the school shall include accomplishment of the academic standards in at least reading, writing, 15 16 mathematics, science and social studies, as determined by district 17 assessment. Other criteria may include additional measures of academic 18 achievement and attendance. Pursuant to the prescribed graduation requirements adopted by the state board of education, the governing board 19 20 may approve a rigorous computer science course that would fulfill a 21 mathematics course required for graduation from high school. The 22 governing board may approve a rigorous computer science course only if the rigorous computer science course includes significant mathematics content 23 24 and the governing board determines the high school where the rigorous 25 computer science course is offered has sufficient capacity, infrastructure 26 and qualified staff, including competent teachers of computer science. 27 The school district governing board or charter school governing body may determine the method and manner in which to administer a test that is 28 29 identical to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the United States citizenship and immigration services. A pupil who does not 30 31 obtain a passing score on the test that is identical to the civics portion 32 of the naturalization test may retake the test until the pupil obtains a 33 passing score.

34 C. The governing board may prescribe the course of study and 35 competency requirements for the graduation of pupils from high school that 36 are in addition to or higher than the course of study and competency 37 requirements that the state board prescribes.

D. The governing board may prescribe competency requirements for 38 the passage of pupils in courses that are required for graduation from 39 40 high school.

41 E. A teacher shall determine whether to pass or fail a pupil in a course in high school on the basis of the competency requirements, if any 42 43 have been prescribed. The governing board, if it reviews the decision of 44 a teacher to pass or fail a pupil in a course in high school as provided in section 15-342, paragraph 11, shall base its decision on the competency requirements, if any have been prescribed.

3 F. Graduation requirements established by the governing board may 4 be met by a pupil who passes courses in the required or elective subjects 5 at a community college or university, if the course is at a higher level 6 than the course taught in the high school attended by the pupil or, if the 7 course is not taught in the high school, the level of the course is equal 8 to or higher than the level of a high school course. The governing board 9 shall determine whether the subject matter of the community college or university course is appropriate to the specific requirement the pupil 10 11 intends it to fulfill and whether the level of the community college or 12 university course is less than, equal to or higher than a high school 13 course, and the governing board shall award at least one-half of a Carnegie unit and up to and including one Carnegie unit for each three 14 15 semester hours of credit that the pupil earns in an appropriate community 16 college or university course. If a pupil is not satisfied with the 17 decision of the governing board regarding the amount of credit granted or 18 the subjects for which credit is granted, the pupil may request that the 19 state board of education review the decision of the governing board, and 20 the state board shall make the final determination of the amount of credit 21 to be given the pupil and for which subjects. The governing board shall 22 not limit the number of credits that is required for high school 23 graduation and that may be met by taking community college or university 24 courses. For the purposes of this subsection:

25 1. "Community college" means an educational institution that is 26 operated by a community college district as defined in section 15–1401 or 27 a postsecondary educational institution under the jurisdiction of an 28 Indian tribe recognized by the United States department of the interior.

2. "University" means a university under the jurisdiction of the30 Arizona board of regents.

31 G. A pupil who transfers from a private school shall be provided 32 with a list that indicates those credits that have been accepted and 33 denied by the school district. A pupil may request to take an examination in each particular course in which credit has been denied. The school 34 35 district shall accept the credit for each particular course in which the 36 pupil takes an examination and receives a passing score on a test designed 37 and evaluated by a teacher in the school district who teaches the subject 38 matter on which the examination is based. In addition to the above 39 requirements, the governing board of a school district may prescribe 40 requirements for the acceptance of the credits of pupils who transfer from 41 a private school.

42 H. If a pupil who was previously enrolled in a charter school or 43 school district enrolls in a school district in this state, the school 44 district shall accept credits earned by the pupil in courses or 45 instructional programs at the charter school or school district. The 1 governing board of a school district may adopt a policy concerning the 2 application of transfer credits for the purpose of determining whether a 3 credit earned by a pupil who was previously enrolled in a school district 4 or charter school will be assigned as an elective or core credit. A 5 school district or charter school may note the learning outcomes that a 6 student mastered as prescribed in the rules adopted pursuant to section 7 15-203, subsection A, paragraph 38 to provide a record of the demonstrated 8 competencies and award partial credit.

9 I. A pupil who transfers credit from a charter school, a school 10 district or Arizona online instruction shall be provided with a list that 11 indicates which credits have been accepted as elective credits and which 12 credits have been accepted as core credits by the school district or 13 charter school. Within ten school days after receiving the list, the pupil may request to take an examination in each particular course in 14 which core credit has been denied. The school district or charter school 15 16 shall accept the credit as a core credit for each particular course in 17 which the pupil takes an examination and receives a passing score on a 18 test that is aligned to the competency requirements adopted pursuant to 19 this section and that is designed and evaluated by a teacher in the school 20 district or charter school who teaches the subject matter on which the 21 examination is based. If a pupil is enrolled in a school district or 22 charter school and that pupil also participates in Arizona online instruction between May 1 and July 31, the school district or charter 23 24 school shall not require proof of payment as a condition of the school 25 district or charter school accepting credits earned from the online course 26 provider.

J. The state board of education shall adopt rules to allow high school pupils who can demonstrate competency in a particular academic course or subject to obtain academic credit for the course or subject without enrolling in the course or subject.

31 K. Pupils who earn a Grand Canyon diploma pursuant to article 6 of 32 this chapter are exempt from the graduation requirements prescribed in this section. Pupils who earn a Grand Canyon diploma are entitled to all 33 34 the rights and privileges of persons who graduate with a high school 35 diploma issued pursuant to this section, including access to postsecondary 36 scholarships and other forms of student financial aid and access to all 37 forms of postsecondary education. Notwithstanding any other law, a pupil who is eligible for a Grand Canyon diploma may elect to remain in high 38 39 school through grade twelve and shall not be prevented from enrolling at a 40 high school after the pupil becomes eligible for a Grand Canyon diploma. 41 A pupil who is eligible for a Grand Canyon diploma and who elects not to 42 pursue one of the options prescribed in section 15-792.03 may only be 43 readmitted to that high school or another high school in this state pursuant to policies adopted by the school district of readmission. 44

L. Each school district and charter school shall report to the department of education all of the following aggregate data, organized by grade level, relating to the test that is identical to the civics portion of the naturalization test used by the United States citizenship and immigration services required by subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section:

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1. The median score.

8 2. The percentage of pupils who passed by correctly answering the 9 minimum number of questions required to pass the test pursuant to 10 subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section.

11 3. The percentage of pupils who failed by correctly answering fewer 12 than the minimum number of questions required to pass the test pursuant to 13 subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section.

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4. Any other data required by the department relating to the test.

M. A school district or charter school may not include the personally identifiable information of any pupil in the data reported to the department of education under subsection L of this section. The department of education shall make the data publicly available, organized at a minimum by school district or charter school and grade level, on the website that includes the school report cards required by section 15-746.

Sec. 2. Implementation

Notwithstanding section 15-701.01, subsection A, paragraph 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, the state board of education is not required to include in the academic standards the history and contributions of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders in the United States and this state until the state board of education next updates the social studies standards.