REFERENCE TITLE: meetings; homeowners' associations

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

## HB 2607

Introduced by Representative Parker B

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 33-1243, 33-1248, 33-1804 AND 33-1813, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO CONDOMINIUMS AND PLANNED COMMUNITIES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:
Section 1. Section 33-1243, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to
read:
33-1243. <u>Board of directors and officers: conflict: powers:</u>
<u>limitations: removal: annual audit: applicability</u>
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6 A. Except as provided in the declaration, the bylaws, subsection B 7 of this section or other provisions of this chapter, the board of 8 directors may act in all instances on behalf of the association.

9 B. The board of directors shall not act on behalf of the 10 association to amend the declaration, terminate the condominium, elect 11 members of the board of directors or determine the qualifications, powers 12 and duties or terms of office of board of directors members. Except as 13 provided in subsection H of this section, the board of directors may fill 14 vacancies in its membership for the unexpired portion of any term.

C. If any contract, decision or other action for compensation taken 15 16 by or on behalf of the board of directors would benefit any member of the board of directors or any person who is a parent, grandparent, spouse, 17 18 child or sibling of a member of the board of directors or a parent or spouse of any of those persons, that member of the board of directors 19 20 shall declare a conflict of interest for that issue. The member shall 21 declare the conflict in an open meeting of the board before the board 22 discusses or takes action on that issue and that member may then vote on 23 that issue. Any contract entered into in violation of this subsection is 24 void and unenforceable.

Except as provided in the declaration, within thirty days after 25 D. 26 adoption of any proposed budget for the condominium, the board of directors shall provide a summary of the budget to all the unit owners. 27 28 Unless the board of directors is expressly authorized in the declaration 29 to adopt and amend budgets from time to time, any budget or amendment shall be ratified by the unit owners in accordance with the procedures set 30 31 forth in this subsection. If ratification is required, the board of directors shall set a date for a meeting of the unit owners to consider 32 33 ratification of the budget not fewer than fourteen nor OR more than thirty 34 days after mailing of the summary. Unless at that meeting a majority of 35 all the unit owners or any larger vote specified in the declaration 36 rejects the budget, the budget is ratified, whether or not a quorum is present. If the proposed budget is rejected, the periodic budget last 37 ratified by the unit owners shall be continued until such time as the unit 38 39 owners ratify a subsequent budget proposed by the board of directors.

E. The declaration may provide for a period of declarant control of the association, during which period a declarant or persons designated by the declarant may appoint and remove the officers and members of the board of directors. Regardless of the period provided in the declaration, a period of declarant control terminates no NOT later than the earlier of: 1 1. Ninety days after conveyance of seventy-five percent of the 2 units that may be created to unit owners other than a declarant.

3 2. Four years after all declarants have ceased to offer units for 4 sale in the ordinary course of business.

5 F. A declarant may voluntarily surrender the right to appoint and 6 remove officers and members of the board of directors before termination 7 of the period prescribed in subsection E of this section, but in that 8 event the declarant may require, for the duration of the period of 9 declarant control, that specified actions of the association or board of directors, as described in a recorded instrument executed by the 10 11 declarant, be approved by the declarant before they become effective.

12 G. Not later than the termination of any period of declarant 13 control the unit owners shall elect a board of directors of at least three members, at least a majority of whom must be unit owners. 14 The board of directors shall elect the officers. The board members and officers shall 15 16 take office on election.

17 H. Notwithstanding any provision of the declaration or bylaws to 18 the contrary, all of the following apply to a meeting at which a member of the board of directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, is 19 20 proposed to be removed from the board of directors:

21 1. The unit owners who are eligible to vote at the time of the 22 meeting may remove any member of the board of directors, other than a 23 member appointed by the declarant, by a majority vote of those voting on 24 the matter at a meeting of the unit owners.

25 2. The meeting of the unit owners shall be called pursuant to this 26 section and action may be taken only if a quorum is present.

27 3. The unit owners may remove any member of the board of directors 28 with or without cause, other than a member appointed by the declarant.

29 4. For purposes of calling for removal of a member of the board of 30 directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, the following 31 apply:

32 (a) In an association with one thousand or fewer members, on 33 receipt of a petition that calls for removal of a member of the board of directors and that is signed by the number of persons who are eligible to 34 35 vote in the association at the time the person signs the petition equal to 36 at least twenty-five percent of the votes in the association or by the 37 number of persons who are eligible to vote in the association at the time 38 the person signs the petition equal to at least one hundred votes in the 39 association, whichever is less, the board OR THE UNIT OWNERS shall call 40 and provide written notice of a special meeting of the association as 41 prescribed by section 33-1248, subsection B.

42 (b) Notwithstanding section 33-1248, subsection Β. in an 43 association with more than one thousand members, on receipt of a petition that calls for removal of a member of the board of directors and that is 44 45 signed by the number of persons who are eligible to vote in the 1 association at the time the person signs the petition equal to at least 2 ten percent of the votes in the association or by the number of persons 3 who are eligible to vote in the association at the time the person signs 4 the petition equal to at least one thousand votes in the association, 5 whichever is less, the board shall call and provide written notice of a 6 special meeting of the association. The board OR THE UNIT OWNERS shall 7 provide written notice of a special meeting as prescribed by section 8 33-1248, subsection B.

9 (c) The special meeting shall be called, noticed and held within 10 thirty days after receipt of the petition.

11 (d) For purposes of a special meeting called pursuant to this 12 subsection, a quorum is present if the number of owners who are eligible 13 to vote in the association at the time the person attends the meeting equal to at least twenty percent of the votes of the association or the 14 number of persons who are eligible to vote in the association at the time 15 16 the person attends the meeting equal to at least one thousand votes, 17 whichever is less, is present at the meeting in person or as otherwise 18 permitted ALLOWED by law.

(e) If a civil action is filed regarding the removal of a board member, the prevailing party in the civil action shall be awarded its reasonable attorney fees and costs.

(f) The board of directors shall retain all documents and other records relating to the proposed removal of the member of the board of directors and any election or other action taken for that director's replacement for at least one year after the date of the special meeting and shall permit ALLOW members to inspect those documents and records pursuant to section 33-1258.

28 (g) A petition that calls for the removal of the same member of the 29 board of directors shall not be submitted more than once during each term 30 of office for that member.

5. On removal of at least one but fewer than a majority of the members of the board of directors at a special meeting of the membership called pursuant to this subsection, the vacancies shall be filled as provided in the condominium documents.

6. On removal of a majority of the members of the board of directors at a special meeting of the membership called pursuant to this subsection, or if the condominium documents do not provide a method for filling board vacancies, the association shall hold an election for the replacement of the removed directors at a separate meeting of the members of the association that is held not later than thirty days after the meeting at which the members of the board of directors were removed.

A member of the board of directors who is removed pursuant to
this subsection is not eligible to serve on the board of directors again
until after the expiration of the removed board member's term of office,

1 unless the condominium documents specifically provide for a longer period 2 of ineligibility.

I. For an association in which board members are elected from separately designated voting districts, a member of the board of directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, may be removed only by a vote of the members from that voting district, and only the members from that voting district are eligible to vote on the matter or be counted for purposes of determining a quorum.

J. Unless any provision in the condominium documents requires an annual audit by a certified public accountant, the board of directors shall provide for an annual financial audit, review or compilation of the association. The audit, review or compilation shall be completed no later than one hundred eighty days after the end of the association's fiscal year and shall be made available on request to the unit owners within thirty days after its completion.

16 K. This section does not apply to timeshare plans or associations, 17 or the period of declarant control under timeshare instruments, that are 18 subject to chapter 20 of this title.

19 Sec. 2. Section 33–1248, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 20 read:

21

33-1248. <u>Open meetings; exceptions; notice; policy statement</u>

22 A. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or other documents to the contrary, all meetings of the unit owners' 23 24 association and the board of directors, and any regularly scheduled 25 committee meetings, are open to all members of the association or any 26 person designated by a member in writing as the member's representative 27 and all members or designated representatives so desiring shall be permitted ALLOWED to attend and speak at an appropriate time during the 28 29 deliberations and proceedings. The board may place reasonable time restrictions on those persons speaking during the meeting but shall permit 30 31 ALLOW a member or a member's designated representative to speak once after the board has discussed a specific agenda item but before the board takes 32 formal action on that item in addition to any other opportunities to 33 speak. The board shall provide for a reasonable number of persons to 34 speak on each side of an issue. Persons attending may audiotape or 35 36 videotape those portions of the meetings of the board of directors and 37 meetings of the members that are open. The board of directors of the association shall not require advance notice of the audiotaping or 38 videotaping and may adopt reasonable rules governing the audiotaping or 39 40 videotaping of open portions of the meetings of the board and the 41 membership, but such rules shall not preclude such audiotaping or 42 videotaping by those attending, unless the board audiotapes or videotapes 43 the meeting and makes the unedited audiotapes or videotapes available to members on request without restrictions on its THEIR use as evidence in 44 45 any dispute resolution process. Any portion of a meeting may be closed

1 only if that portion of the meeting is limited to consideration of one or 2 more of the following:

1. Legal advice from an attorney for the board or the association. On final resolution of any matter for which the board received legal advice or that concerned pending or contemplated litigation, the board may disclose information about that matter in an open meeting except for matters that are required to remain confidential by the terms of a settlement agreement or judgment.

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2. Pending or contemplated litigation.

3. Personal, health or financial information about an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association, including records of the association directly related to the personal, health or financial information about an individual member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for the association.

4. Matters relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.

5. Discussion of a unit owner's appeal of any violation cited or penalty imposed by the association except on request of the affected unit owner that the meeting be held in an open session.

24 B. Notwithstanding any provision in the condominium documents, all meetings of the unit owners' association and the board shall be held in 25 26 this state. A meeting of the unit owners' association shall be held at least once each year. Special meetings of the unit owners' association 27 28 may be called by the president, by a majority of the board of directors or 29 by unit owners having at least twenty-five percent, or any lower percentage specified in the bylaws, of the votes in the association. 30 Not 31 fewer than ten nor OR more than fifty days in advance of any meeting of the unit owners, the secretary OF THE BOARD OR A REPRESENTATIVE DESIGNATED 32 33 BY THE UNIT OWNERS, AS APPLICABLE, shall cause notice to be hand delivered 34 or sent prepaid by United States mail to the mailing address of each unit 35 or to any other mailing address designated in writing by the unit owner. 36 The notice of any meeting of the unit owners shall state the date, time 37 and place of the meeting. The notice of any annual, regular or special 38 meeting of the unit owners shall also state the purpose for which the 39 meeting is called, including the general nature of any proposed amendment 40 to the declaration or bylaws, any changes in assessments that require 41 approval of the unit owners and any proposal to remove a director or 42 officer. The failure of any unit owner to receive actual notice of a 43 meeting of the unit owners does not affect the validity of any action 44 taken at that meeting.

1 C. Before entering into any closed portion of a meeting of the 2 board of directors, or on notice of a meeting under subsection D of this 3 section that will be closed, the board shall identify the paragraph under 4 subsection A of this section that authorizes the board to close the 5 meeting.

6 D. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or 7 other condominium documents, for meetings of the board of directors that 8 are held after the termination of declarant control of the association, 9 notice to unit owners of meetings of the board of directors shall be given at least forty-eight hours in advance of the meeting by newsletter, 10 11 conspicuous posting or any other reasonable means as determined by the 12 board of directors. An affidavit of notice by an officer of the 13 association is prima facie evidence that notice was given as prescribed by this section. Notice to unit owners of meetings of the board of directors 14 is not required if emergency circumstances require action by the board 15 16 before notice can be given. Any notice of a board meeting shall state the 17 date, time and place of the meeting. The failure of any unit owner to 18 receive actual notice of a meeting of the board of directors does not 19 affect the validity of any action taken at that meeting.

E. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or other condominium documents, for meetings of the board of directors that are held after the termination of declarant control of the association, all of the following apply:

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1. The agenda shall be available to all unit owners attending.

2. An emergency meeting of the board of directors may be called to 25 26 discuss business or take action that cannot be delayed for the forty-eight 27 hours required for notice. At any emergency meeting called by the board 28 directors, the board of directors may act only on emergency of 29 matters. The minutes of the emergency meeting shall state the reason necessitating the emergency meeting. The minutes of the emergency meeting 30 31 shall be read and approved at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the 32 board of directors.

33 3. A quorum of the board of directors may meet by means of a 34 telephone conference if a speakerphone is available in the meeting room 35 that allows board members and unit owners to hear all parties who are 36 speaking during the meeting.

4. Any quorum of the board of directors that meets informally to discuss association business, including workshops, shall comply with the open meeting and notice provisions of this section without regard to whether the board votes or takes any action on any matter at that informal meeting.

F. It is the policy of this state as reflected in this section that all meetings of a condominium, whether meetings of the unit owners' association or meetings of the board of directors of the association, be conducted openly and that notices and agendas be provided for those 1 meetings that contain the information that is reasonably necessary to 2 inform the unit owners of the matters to be discussed or decided and to 3 ensure that unit owners have the ability to speak after discussion of 4 agenda items, but before a vote of the board of directors or members is 5 Toward this end, any person or entity that is charged with the taken. 6 interpretation of these provisions, including members of the board or OF 7 directors and any community manager, shall take into account this 8 declaration of policy and shall construe any provision of this section in 9 favor of open meetings.

10 G. This section does not apply to timeshare plans or associations 11 that are subject to chapter 20 of this title.

12 Sec. 3. Section 33–1804, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 13 read:

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33-1804. Open meetings: exceptions: notice: policy statement

Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or 15 Α. 16 other documents to the contrary, all meetings of the members' association 17 and the board of directors, and any regularly scheduled committee 18 meetings, are open to all members of the association or any person designated by a member in writing as the member's representative and all 19 20 members or designated representatives so desiring shall be permitted 21 ALLOWED to attend and speak at an appropriate time during the 22 deliberations and proceedings. The board may place reasonable time 23 restrictions on those persons speaking during the meeting but shall permit 24 ALLOW a member or member's designated representative to speak once after the board has discussed a specific agenda item but before the board takes 25 26 formal action on that item in addition to any other opportunities to 27 speak. The board shall provide for a reasonable number of persons to 28 speak on each side of an issue. Persons attending may audiotape or 29 videotape those portions of the meetings of the board of directors and meetings of the members that are open. The board of directors of the 30 31 association shall not require advance notice of the audiotaping or videotaping and may adopt reasonable rules governing the audiotaping and 32 33 videotaping of open portions of the meetings of the board and the 34 membership, but such rules shall not preclude such audiotaping or videotaping by those attending, unless the board audiotapes or videotapes 35 36 the meeting and makes the unedited audiotapes or videotapes available to members on request without restrictions on its THEIR use as evidence in 37 any dispute resolution process. Any portion of a meeting may be closed 38 39 only if that closed portion of the meeting is limited to consideration of 40 one or more of the following:

41 1. Legal advice from an attorney for the board or the association.
42 On final resolution of any matter for which the board received legal
43 advice or that concerned pending or contemplated litigation, the board may
44 disclose information about that matter in an open meeting except for

1 matters that are required to remain confidential by the terms of a 2 settlement agreement or judgment.

3

2. Pending or contemplated litigation.

4 3. Personal, health or financial information about an individual 5 member of the association, an individual employee of the association or an 6 individual employee of a contractor for the association, including records 7 of the association directly related to the personal, health or financial 8 information about an individual member of the association, an individual 9 employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor for 10 the association.

4. Matters relating to the job performance of, compensation of, health records of or specific complaints against an individual employee of the association or an individual employee of a contractor of the association who works under the direction of the association.

15 5. Discussion of a member's appeal of any violation cited or 16 penalty imposed by the association except on request of the affected 17 member that the meeting be held in an open session.

18 B. Notwithstanding any provision in the community documents, all meetings of the members' association and the board shall be held in this 19 20 state. A meeting of the members' association shall be held at least once 21 each year. Special meetings of the members' association may be called by 22 the president, by a majority of the board of directors or by members having at least twenty-five percent, or any lower percentage specified in 23 24 the bylaws, of the votes in the association. Not fewer than ten nor OR 25 more than fifty days in advance of any meeting of the members the 26 secretary OF THE BOARD OR A REPRESENTATIVE DESIGNATED BY THE MEMBERS, AS 27 APPLICABLE, shall cause notice to be hand-delivered or sent prepaid by 28 United States mail to the mailing address for each lot, parcel or unit 29 owner or to any other mailing address designated in writing by a member. The notice shall state the date, time and place of the meeting. A notice 30 31 of any annual, regular or special meeting of the members shall also state the purpose for which the meeting is called, including the general nature 32 33 of any proposed amendment to the declaration or bylaws, changes in assessments that require approval of the members and any proposal to 34 35 remove a director or an officer. The failure of any member to receive 36 actual notice of a meeting of the members does not affect the validity of 37 any action taken at that meeting.

C. Before entering into any closed portion of a meeting of the board of directors, or on notice of a meeting under subsection D of this section that will be closed, the board shall identify the paragraph under subsection A of this section that authorizes the board to close the meeting.

D. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or
other community documents, for meetings of the board of directors that are
held after the termination of declarant control of the association, notice

1 to members of meetings of the board of directors shall be given at least 2 forty-eight hours in advance of the meeting by newsletter, conspicuous 3 posting or any other reasonable means as determined by the board of 4 directors. An affidavit of notice by an officer of the corporation is 5 prima facie evidence that notice was given as prescribed by this section. 6 Notice to members of meetings of the board of directors is not required if 7 emergency circumstances require action by the board before notice can be 8 given. Any notice of a board meeting shall state the date, time and place 9 of the meeting. The failure of any member to receive actual notice of a meeting of the board of directors does not affect the validity of any 10 11 action taken at that meeting.

12 E. Notwithstanding any provision in the declaration, bylaws or 13 other community documents, for meetings of the board of directors that are 14 held after the termination of declarant control of the association, all of 15 the following apply:

16

1. The agenda shall be available to all members attending.

17 An emergency meeting of the board of directors may be called to 2. 18 discuss business or take action that cannot be delayed for the forty-eight 19 hours required for notice. At any emergency meeting called by the board 20 directors, the board of directors may act only on emergency of 21 matters. The minutes of the emergency meeting shall state the reason 22 necessitating the emergency meeting. The minutes of the emergency meeting 23 shall be read and approved at the next regularly scheduled meeting of the 24 board of directors.

25 3. A quorum of the board of directors may meet by means of a 26 telephone conference if a speakerphone is available in the meeting room 27 that allows board members and association members to hear all parties who 28 are speaking during the meeting.

4. Any quorum of the board of directors that meets informally to discuss association business, including workshops, shall comply with the open meeting and notice provisions of this section without regard to whether the board votes or takes any action on any matter at that informal meeting.

F. It is the policy of this state as reflected in this section that 34 all meetings of a planned community, whether meetings of the members' 35 36 association or meetings of the board of directors of the association, be conducted openly and that notices and agendas be provided for those 37 38 meetings that contain the information that is reasonably necessary to inform the members of the matters to be discussed or decided and to ensure 39 40 that members have the ability to speak after discussion of agenda items, 41 but before a vote of the board of directors or members is taken. Toward 42 this end, any person or entity that is charged with the interpretation of 43 these provisions, including members of the board of directors and any 44 community manager, shall take into account this declaration of policy and 45 shall construe any provision of this section in favor of open meetings.

1 Sec. 4. Section 33-1813, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 33-1813. Removal of board member; special meeting 4 A. Notwithstanding any provision of the declaration or bylaws to 5 the contrary, all of the following apply to a meeting at which a member of 6 the board of directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, is 7 proposed to be removed from the board of directors: 8 1. The members of the association who are eligible to vote at the 9 time of the meeting may remove any member of the board of directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, by a majority vote of those 10 11 voting on the matter at a meeting of the members. 12 2. The meeting of the members shall be called pursuant to this 13 section and action may be taken only if a quorum is present. 14 3. The members of the association may remove any member of the board of directors with or without cause, other than a member appointed by 15 16 the declarant. 17 4. For purposes of calling for removal of a member of the board of 18 directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, the following 19 apply: 20 (a) In an association with one thousand or fewer members, on 21 receipt of a petition that calls for removal of a member of the board of 22 directors and that is signed by the number of persons who are eligible to 23 vote in the association at the time the person signs the petition equal to 24 at least twenty-five percent of the votes in the association or by the 25 number of persons who are eligible to vote in the association at the time 26 the person signs the petition equal to at least one hundred votes in the 27 association, whichever is less, the board OR THE MEMBERS shall call and 28 provide written notice of a special meeting of the association as 29 prescribed by section 33-1804, subsection B. 30 (b) Notwithstanding section 33-1804, subsection Β. in an 31 association with more than one thousand members, on receipt of a petition that calls for removal of a member of the board of directors and that is 32

signed by the number of persons who are eligible to vote in the 33 association at the time the person signs the petition equal to at least 34 35 ten percent of the votes in the association or by the number of persons 36 who are eligible to vote in the association at the time the person signs 37 the petition equal to at least one thousand votes in the association, 38 whichever is less, the board shall call and provide written notice of a 39 special meeting of the association. The board OR THE MEMBERS shall 40 provide written notice of a special meeting as prescribed by section 41 33-1804, subsection B.

42 (c) The special meeting shall be called, noticed and held within 43 thirty days after receipt of the petition.

44 (d) For purposes of a special meeting called pursuant to this 45 subsection, a quorum is present if the number of owners who are eligible to vote in the association at the time the person attends the meeting equal to at least twenty percent of the votes of the association or the number of persons who are eligible to vote in the association at the time the person attends the meeting equal to at least one thousand votes, whichever is less, is present at the meeting in person or as otherwise permitted ALLOWED by law.

7 (e) If a civil action is filed regarding the removal of a board 8 member, the prevailing party in the civil action shall be awarded its 9 reasonable attorney fees and costs.

10 (f) The board of directors shall retain all documents and other 11 records relating to the proposed removal of the member of the board of 12 directors and any election or other action taken for that director's 13 replacement for at least one year after the date of the special meeting 14 and shall permit ALLOW members to inspect those documents and records 15 pursuant to section 33-1805.

16 (g) A petition that calls for the removal of the same member of the 17 board of directors shall not be submitted more than once during each term 18 of office for that member.

19 5. On removal of at least one but fewer than a majority of the 20 members of the board of directors at a special meeting of the membership 21 called pursuant to this subsection, the vacancies shall be filled as 22 provided in the community documents.

6. On removal of a majority of the members of the board of directors at a special meeting of the membership called pursuant to this subsection, or if the community documents do not provide a method for filling board vacancies, the association shall hold an election for the replacement of the removed directors at a separate meeting of the members of the association that is held not later than thirty days after the meeting at which the members of the board of directors were removed.

30 7. A member of the board of directors who is removed pursuant to 31 this subsection is not eligible to serve on the board of directors again 32 until after the expiration of the removed board member's term of office, 33 unless the community documents specifically provide for a longer period of 34 ineligibility.

B. For an association in which board members are elected from separately designated voting districts, a member of the board of directors, other than a member appointed by the declarant, may be removed only by a vote of the members from that voting district, and only the members from that voting district are eligible to vote on the matter or be counted for purposes of determining a quorum.