REFERENCE TITLE: administrative costs; limit; STOs.

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

HB 2795

Introduced by Representatives Mathis: Contreras P, Gutierrez, Pawlik, Travers

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 43-1502, 43-1503, 43-1504, 43-1505, 43-1602 AND 43-1603, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO SCHOOL TUITION ORGANIZATIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 43-1502, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 43-1502. <u>Certification; requirements; violations; hearing</u> 5 A. A nonprofit organization in this state that is exempt or that 6 has applied for exemption from federal taxation under section 501(c)(3) of 7 the internal revenue code may apply to the department of revenue for 8 certification as a school tuition organization, and the department shall 9 certify the school tuition organization if it meets the requirements prescribed by this chapter. An organization must apply for certification 10 11 on a form prescribed and furnished on request by the department. 12 Β. The department shall: 13 1. Maintain a public registry of currently certified school tuition 14 organizations. 2. Make the registry available to the public on request. 15 16 3. Post the registry on the department's official website. 17 C. The department shall send notice by certified mail or by e-mail 18 EMAIL to a school tuition organization if the department determines that 19 the school tuition organization has engaged in any of the following 20 activities: 1. Failed or refused to allocate at least ninety NINETY-FIVE 21 22 percent of annual revenues from contributions made for the purposes of 23 sections 20-224.06, 20-224.07, 43-1183 and 43-1184 for educational 24 scholarships or tuition grants. 2. Failed or refused to file the annual reports required by section 25 26 43-1506. 27 3. Limited the availability of scholarships to students of only one 28 school. 29 Encouraged, facilitated or knowingly permitted ALLOWED taxpayers 30 to engage in actions prohibited by this article. 31 5. Knowingly colluded with any other school tuition organization to 32 circumvent the limits of section 43-1504, subsection C. 33 6. Failed or refused to meet any of the requirements in section 34 43-1503, subsection B. 35 7. Failed or refused to comply with the audit or financial review 36 requirements of section 43-1507. 37 D. A school tuition organization that receives notice from the 38 department pursuant to subsection C of this section has ninety days to 39 correct the violation identified by the department in the notice. If a 40 school tuition organization fails or refuses to comply after ninety days, 41 the department may remove the organization from the list of certified 42 school tuition organizations and shall make available to the public notice 43 of removal as soon as possible. An organization that is removed from the 44 list of certified school tuition organizations must notify any taxpayer 45 who THAT attempts to make a contribution that the contribution is not

1 eligible for the tax credit and offer to refund all donations received 2 after the date of the notice of termination of certification.

3 E. A school tuition organization may request an administrative 4 hearing on the revocation of its certification as provided by title 41, 5 chapter 6, article 10. Except as provided in section 41-1092.08, 6 subsection H, a decision of the department is subject to judicial review 7 pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

8 Sec. 2. Section 43-1503, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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43-1503. Operational requirements for school tuition organizations

12 A. A certified school tuition organization must be established to 13 receive contributions from taxpayers for the purposes of income tax credits under sections 43-1183 and 43-1184 and insurance premium tax 14 credits under sections 20-224.06 and 20-224.07 and to pay educational 15 16 scholarships or tuition grants to allow students to attend any qualified 17 school of their parents' or custodians' choice.

18 B. To be eligible for certification and retain certification, the 19 school tuition organization:

20 1. Must allocate at least ninety NINETY-FIVE percent of its annual 21 revenue from contributions made for the purposes of sections 20-224.06, 22 20-224.07, 43-1183 and 43-1184 for educational scholarships or tuition 23 grants.

24 2. Shall not limit the availability of educational scholarships or 25 tuition grants to only students of one school.

26 3. Must allow the department of revenue to verify that the 27 educational scholarships and tuition grants that are issued are awarded to 28 students who attend a qualified school.

29 4. Must not knowingly collude with any other school tuition organization to circumvent the limits of section 43-1504, subsection C. 30

31 5. Must not award educational scholarships or tuition grants to 32 students who are simultaneously enrolled in a district school or charter 33 school and a qualified school.

6. Shall include on the organization's website, if one exists, the 34 percentage and total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition 35 36 grants awarded during the previous fiscal year to:

37 (a) Students whose family income meets the economic eligibility requirements established under the national school lunch and child 38 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through 1785 1793) for 39 free or reduced-price lunches. 40

41 (b) Students whose family income exceeds the threshold prescribed 42 by subdivision (a) of this paragraph but does not exceed one hundred 43 eighty-five percent of the economic eligibility requirements established under the national school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States 44 45 Code sections 1751 through 1785 1793) for free or reduced-price lunches.

1 Sec. 3. Section 43-1504, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 43-1504. Special provisions; corporate donations for 4 low-income scholarships; rules 5 A. A school tuition organization that receives contributions from a 6 corporation for the purposes of section 20-224.06 or 43-1183 must use at 7 least ninety NINETY-FIVE percent of those contributions to provide 8 educational scholarships or tuition grants only to children whose family 9 income does not exceed one hundred eighty-five percent of the income limit required to qualify a child for reduced-price lunches under the national 10 11 school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 12 through 1793) and to whom any of the following applies: 13 1. Attended a governmental primary or secondary school as a full-time student as defined in section 15-901 or attended a preschool 14 15 program that offers services to students with disabilities at а 16 governmental school for at least ninety days of the prior fiscal year or 17 one full semester and transferred from a governmental school to a 18 qualified school. 19 2. Enroll in a qualified school in a kindergarten program or a 20 preschool program that offers services to students with disabilities. 21 3. Are the dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United 22 States who is stationed in this state pursuant to military orders. 23 4. Are homeschooled before enrolling in a qualified school. 24 5. Moved to this state from out of state before enrolling in a 25 qualified school. 26 6. Participated in an Arizona empowerment scholarship account and 27 did not renew the account or accept the scholarship in order to accept a 28 scholarship or tuition grant under this section. 29 7. Received an educational scholarship or tuition grant under paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this subsection or chapter 16, article 1 30 31 of this title if the children continue to attend a qualified school in a 32 subsequent year. B. A child is eligible to receive an educational scholarship or 33 tuition grant under subsection A of this section if the child meets the 34 35 criteria to receive a reduced-price lunch but does not actually claim that 36 benefit. 37 C. In 2021, a school tuition organization shall not issue an educational scholarship or a tuition grant for the purposes of section 38 20-224.06 or 43-1183 in an amount that exceeds \$5,600 for students who are 39 40 in a kindergarten program, a preschool program that offers services to 41 students with disabilities or grades one through eight or \$7,500 for 42 students who are in grades nine through twelve. In each year after 2021, 43 the limit amount for a scholarship or a grant under this subsection shall 44 be increased by \$200.

1 D. A school tuition organization shall require that student 2 beneficiaries use the educational scholarships or tuition grants on a 3 full-time basis. If a child leaves the school before completing an entire 4 school year, the school shall refund a prorated amount of the educational 5 scholarship or tuition grant to the school tuition organization that 6 issued the scholarship or grant. The school tuition organization shall 7 allocate any refunds it receives under this subsection for educational 8 scholarships or tuition grants.

9 E. Students who receive an educational scholarship or tuition grant 10 under this section shall be allowed to attend any qualified school of 11 their parents' choice.

12 F. The department of revenue, with the cooperation of the 13 department of insurance and financial institutions, shall adopt rules and 14 publish and prescribe forms and procedures necessary to administer this 15 section.

16 Sec. 4. Section 43–1505, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 17 read:

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43-1505. <u>Special provisions: corporate donations for</u> <u>displaced students and students with disabilities:</u> definition

A. A school tuition organization that receives contributions for the purposes of section 20-224.07 or 43-1184 must use at least ninety per cent NINETY-FIVE PERCENT of those contributions to provide educational scholarships or tuition grants to qualified students.

25 B. The amount of an educational scholarship or a tuition grant that 26 is issued by a school tuition organization under this section shall not 27 exceed the cost of tuition for the student to attend the qualified school or ninety per cent PERCENT of the amount of state aid that otherwise would 28 29 be computed for the student as provided in title 15, chapter 9, article 5, whichever is less. On request from a school tuition organization, the 30 31 department of education shall provide to the school tuition organization in a timely manner the amount computed for the student under this 32 subsection that represents the ninety per cent limitation PERCENT LIMIT 33 34 prescribed in this subsection.

35 C. A school tuition organization shall require that student 36 beneficiaries use the educational scholarships or tuition grants on a full-time basis. If a child leaves the school before completing an entire 37 school year, the school shall refund a prorated amount of the educational 38 scholarship or tuition grant to the school tuition organization that 39 40 issued the scholarship or grant. The school tuition organization shall 41 allocate any refunds it receives under this subsection for educational 42 scholarships or tuition grants.

D. Qualified students who receive an educational scholarship or tuition grant under this section shall be allowed to attend any qualified school of their custodians' choice. 1 E. For the purposes of this section, "qualified student" means a 2 student, including a student who previously qualified for an educational 3 scholarship or tuition grant under this section and continues to attend a 4 qualified school, who has been either:

5 1. Placed in foster care pursuant to title 8, chapter 4 at any time 6 before the student graduates from high school or obtains a general 7 equivalency diploma.

8 2. Identified as having a disability under section 504 of the 9 rehabilitation act (29 United States Code section 794) or identified at any time by a school district as a child with a disability as defined in 10 11 section 15-761 or a child with a disability who is eligible to receive 12 services from a school district under section 15-763.

13 Sec. 5. Section 43-1602, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

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43-1602. Certification; requirements; violations; hearing

16 A. A nonprofit organization in this state that is exempt or has 17 applied for exemption from federal taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the 18 internal revenue code may apply to the department of revenue for certification as a school tuition organization, and the department shall 19 20 certify the school tuition organization if it meets the requirements 21 prescribed by this chapter. An organization must apply for certification 22 on a form prescribed and furnished on request by the department.

23 B. The department shall:

24 1. Maintain a public registry of currently certified school tuition 25 organizations.

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2. Make the registry available to the public on request.

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3. Post the registry on the department's official website.

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The department shall send notice by certified mail or by e-mail 28 29 EMAIL to a school tuition organization if the department determines that 30 the school tuition organization has engaged in any of the following 31 activities:

1. Failed or refused to allocate at least ninety NINETY-FIVE 32 percent of annual revenues from contributions made for the purposes of 33 sections 43-1089 and 43-1089.03 for educational scholarships or tuition 34 35 grants.

36 2. Failed or refused to file the annual reports required by section 37 43-1604.

3. Limited the availability of scholarships to students of only one 38 39 school.

40 4. Encouraged, facilitated or knowingly permitted ALLOWED taxpayers 41 to engage in actions prohibited by this article.

42 5. Awarded, restricted or reserved educational scholarships or 43 tuition grants for use by a particular student based solely on the recommendation of the donor. 44

1 6. Failed or refused to meet any of the requirements in section 2 43-1603, subsection B.

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7. Failed or refused to include the notice required in section 43-1603, subsection C.

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8. Failed or refused to comply with the audit or financial review requirements of section 43–1605.

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7 D. A school tuition organization that receives notice from the 8 department pursuant to subsection C of this section has ninety days to 9 correct the violation identified by the department in the notice. If a school tuition organization fails or refuses to comply after ninety days, 10 11 the department may remove the organization from the list of certified school tuition organizations and shall make available to the public notice 12 13 of removal as soon as possible. An organization that is removed from the list of certified school tuition organizations must notify any taxpayer 14 who attempts to make a contribution that the contribution is not eligible 15 16 for the tax credit and offer to refund all donations received after the 17 date of the notice of termination of certification.

18 E. A school tuition organization may request an administrative 19 hearing on the revocation of its certification as provided by title 41, 20 chapter 6, article 10. Except as provided in section 41-1092.08, 21 subsection H, a decision of the department is subject to judicial review 22 pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.

23 Sec. 6. Section 43-1603, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 24 read:

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- 43-1603. <u>Operational requirements for school tuition</u> <u>organizations; notice; qualified schools</u>

A. A certified school tuition organization must be established to receive contributions from taxpayers for the purposes of income tax credits under sections 43-1089 and 43-1089.03 and to pay educational scholarships or tuition grants to allow students to attend any qualified school of their parents' choice.

B. To be eligible for certification and retain certification, the school tuition organization:

1. Must allocate at least ninety NINETY-FIVE percent of its annual revenue from contributions made for the purposes of sections 43-1089 and 43-1089.03 for educational scholarships or tuition grants.

37 2. Shall not limit the availability of educational scholarships or38 tuition grants to only students of one school.

39 3. May allow donors to recommend student beneficiaries, but shall 40 not award, designate or reserve scholarships solely on the basis of donor 41 recommendations.

42 4. Shall not allow donors to designate student beneficiaries as a 43 condition of any contribution to the organization, or facilitate, 44 encourage or knowingly allow the exchange of beneficiary student 1 designations in violation of section 43-1089, subsection F, section 2 43-1089.03, subsection F and section 43-1089.04, subsection E.

3 5. Shall include on the organization's website, if one exists, the 4 percentage and total dollar amount of educational scholarships and tuition 5 grants awarded during the previous fiscal year to:

6 (a) Students whose family income meets the economic eligibility 7 requirements established under the national school lunch and child 8 nutrition acts (42 United States Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free 9 or reduced-price lunches.

10 (b) Students whose family income exceeds the threshold prescribed 11 by subdivision (a) of this paragraph but does not exceed one hundred 12 eighty-five percent of the economic eligibility requirements established 13 under the national school lunch and child nutrition acts (42 United States 14 Code sections 1751 through 1793) for free or reduced-price lunches.

6. Must not award educational scholarships or tuition grants to 15 16 students who are simultaneously enrolled in a district school or charter 17 school and a gualified school.

18 C. A school tuition organization shall include the following notice 19 any printed materials soliciting donations, in applications for in 20 scholarships and on its website, if one exists: 21

Notice

22 A school tuition organization cannot award, restrict or reserve 23 scholarships solely on the basis of a donor's recommendation.

24 A taxpayer may not claim a tax credit if the taxpayer agrees to 25 swap donations with another taxpayer to benefit either taxpayer's own 26 dependent.

27 D. In evaluating applications and awarding, designating or reserving scholarships, a school tuition organization: 28

29 1. Shall not award, designate or reserve a scholarship solely on 30 the recommendation of any person contributing money to the organization, 31 but may consider the recommendation among other factors.

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2. Shall consider the financial need of applicants.

E. A taxpayer's contribution to a school tuition organization that 33 exceeds the amount of the credit allowed by section 43-1089 but does not 34 exceed the amount of the credit allowed by section 43-1089.03 is 35 36 considered a contribution pursuant to section 43-1089.03. A school tuition organization must use at least ninety NINETY-FIVE percent of 37 contributions made pursuant to section 43-1089.03 for 38 educational scholarships or tuition grants for students to whom any of the following 39 40 applies:

41 1. Attended a governmental primary or secondary school as a full-time student as defined in section 15-901 or attended a preschool 42 43 program that offers services to students with disabilities at a governmental school for at least ninety days of the prior fiscal year and 44 45 transferred from a governmental school to a qualified school.

1 2. Enroll in a qualified school in a kindergarten program or a 2 preschool program that offers services to students with disabilities.

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States who is stationed in this state pursuant to military orders.4. Are homeschooled before enrolling in a qualified school.

3. Are the dependent of a member of the armed forces of the United

6 5. Moved to this state from out of state before enrolling in a 7 qualified school.

8 6. Participated in an Arizona empowerment scholarship account and 9 did not renew the account or accept the scholarship in order to accept a 10 scholarship or tuition grant under this section.

7. Received an educational scholarship or tuition grant under paragraph 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6 of this subsection or under chapter 15 of this title if the student continues to attend a qualified school in a subsequent year.

F. In awarding educational scholarships or tuition grants from contributions made pursuant to section 43-1089.03, a school tuition organization shall give priority to students and siblings of students on a waiting list for scholarships if the school tuition organization maintains a waiting list.

G. If an individual educational scholarship or tuition grant exceeds the school's tuition, the amount in excess shall be returned to the school tuition organization that made the award or grant. The school tuition organization may allocate the returned monies as a multiyear award for that student and report the award pursuant to section 43-1604, subsection A, paragraph 5, subdivision (b) or may allocate the returned monies for educational scholarships or tuition grants for other students.