REFERENCE TITLE: dental board; business entities; records

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-sixth Legislature First Regular Session 2023

### **SB 1226**

Introduced by Senator Shope

#### AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1203, 32-1213, 32-1263 AND 32-1264, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- i -

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: Section 1. Section 32-1203, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

## 32-1203. <u>State board of dental examiners; qualifications of members; terms</u>

- A. The state board of dental examiners is established consisting of six licensed dentists, two licensed dental hygienists, two public members and one business entity member appointed by the governor for a term of four years, to begin and end on January 1.
- B. Before appointment by the governor, a prospective member of the board shall submit a full set of fingerprints to the governor for the purpose of obtaining a state and federal criminal records check pursuant to section 41-1750 and Public Law 92-544. The department of public safety may exchange this fingerprint data with the federal bureau of investigation.
- C. The business entity member and the public members may participate in all board proceedings and determinations, except in the preparing, giving or grading of examinations for licensure. Dental hygienist board members may participate in all board proceedings and determinations, except in the preparing, giving and grading of examinations that do not relate to dental hygiene procedures.
  - D. A board member shall not serve more than two consecutive terms.
- E. For the purposes of this section, THE business entity member MUST BE AN EMPLOYEE OR OWNER OF A REGISTERED BUSINESS ENTITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 32-1213 AND does MAY not include a person who is licensed pursuant to this chapter.
- Sec. 2. Section 32-1213, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

# 32-1213. <u>Business entities; registration; renewal; civil</u> penalty; exceptions

- A. A business entity may not offer dental services pursuant to this chapter unless:
- 1. The  ${\hbox{\scriptsize BUSINESS}}$  entity is registered with the board pursuant to this section.
- 2. The services are conducted by a licensee pursuant to this chapter.
- B. The business entity must file a registration application on a form provided by the board. The application must include:
- 1. A description of the  ${\hbox{\scriptsize BUSINESS}}$  entity's services offered to the public.
- 2. The name of any dentist who is authorized to provide and who is responsible for providing the dental services offered at each office.
- 3. The names and addresses of the officers and directors of the business entity.
  - 4. THE NAME OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY'S CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS.

- 1 -

- 4. 5. A registration fee prescribed by the board in rule.
- C. A business entity must file a separate registration application and pay a fee for each branch office in this state.
- D. A registration expires three years after the date the board issues the registration. A business entity that wishes to renew a registration must submit an application for renewal as prescribed by the board on a triennial basis on a form provided by the board before the expiration date. An A BUSINESS entity that fails to renew the registration before the expiration date is subject to a late fee as prescribed by the board by rule. The board may stagger the dates for renewal applications.
- E. The business entity must notify the board in writing within thirty days after any change:
  - 1. In the BUSINESS entity's name, address or telephone number.
  - 2. In the officers or directors of the business entity.
- 3. In the name of any dentist who is authorized to provide and who is responsible for providing the dental services in any facility.
- 4. THE NAME OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY'S CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS WHO WILL ACCEPT SUBPOENAS AND RESPOND TO PATIENT RECORDS REQUESTS.
- F. The business entity shall establish a written protocol for the secure storage, transfer and access of the dental records of the business entity's patients. This protocol must include, at a minimum, procedures for:
- 1. Notifying patients of the future locations of their records if the business entity terminates or sells the practice.
  - 2. Disposing of unclaimed dental records.
- 3. The timely response to requests by patients for copies of their records.
- G. The business entity must notify the board within thirty days after the dissolution of any registered business entity or the closing or relocation of any facility and must disclose to the board the BUSINESS entity's procedure by which its patients may obtain their records.
- H. The board may do any of the following pursuant to its disciplinary procedures if an A BUSINESS entity violates the board's statutes or rules:
  - 1. Refuse to issue a registration.
  - 2. Suspend or revoke a registration.
- 3. Impose a civil penalty of not more than \$2,000 for each violation.
  - 4. Enter a decree of censure.
- 5. Issue an order prescribing a period and terms of probation that are best adapted to protect the public welfare and that may include a requirement for restitution to a patient for a violation of this chapter or rules adopted pursuant to this chapter.

- 2 -

- 6. Issue a letter of concern if a business entity's actions may cause the board to take disciplinary action.
- I. The board shall deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, civil penalties collected pursuant to this section in the state general fund
  - J. This section does not apply to:
- 1. A sole proprietorship or partnership that consists exclusively of dentists who are licensed pursuant to this chapter.
  - 2. Any of the following entities licensed under title 20:
  - (a) A service corporation.
  - (b) An insurer authorized to transact disability insurance.
- (c) A prepaid dental plan organization that does not provide directly for prepaid dental services.
- (d) A health care services organization that does not provide directly for dental services.
- 3. A professional corporation or professional limited liability company, the shares of which are exclusively owned by dentists who are licensed pursuant to this chapter and that is formed to engage in the practice of dentistry pursuant to title 10, chapter 20 or title 29 relating to professional limited liability companies.
- 4. A facility regulated by the federal government or a state, district or territory of the United States.
- 5. An administrator or executor of the estate of a deceased dentist or a person who is legally authorized to act for a dentist who has been adjudicated to be mentally incompetent for not more than one year after the date the board receives notice of the dentist's death or incapacitation pursuant to section 32-1270.
- K. A facility that offers dental services to the public by persons licensed under this chapter shall be registered by the board unless the facility is any of the following:
  - 1. Owned by a dentist who is licensed pursuant to this chapter.
- 2. Regulated by the federal government or a state, district or territory of the United States.
- L. Except for issues relating to insurance coding and billing that require the name, signature and license number of the dentist providing treatment, this section does not:
- 1. Authorize a licensee in the course of providing dental services for  $\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$  A BUSINESS entity registered pursuant to this section to disregard or interfere with a policy or practice established by the BUSINESS entity for the operation and management of the business.
- 2. Authorize an A BUSINESS entity registered pursuant to this section to establish or enforce a business policy or practice that may interfere with the clinical judgment of the licensee in providing dental services for the BUSINESS entity or may compromise a licensee's ability to comply with this chapter.

- 3 -

- M. The board shall adopt rules that provide a method for the board to receive the assistance and advice of business entities licensed pursuant to this chapter in all matters relating to the regulation of business entities.
- N. An individual currently holding a surrendered or revoked license to practice dentistry or dental hygiene in any state or jurisdiction in the United States may not have a majority ownership interest in the business entity registered pursuant to this section. Revocation and surrender of licensure shall be limited to disciplinary actions resulting in loss of license or surrender of license instead of disciplinary action. Dentists or dental hygienists affected by this subsection shall have one year after the surrender or revocation to divest themselves of their ownership interest. This subsection does not apply to publicly held companies. For the purposes of this subsection, "majority ownership interest" means an ownership interest greater than fifty percent.
- Sec. 3. Section 32-1263, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

### 32-1263. Grounds for disciplinary action: definition

- A. The board may invoke disciplinary action against any person who is licensed under this chapter for any of the following reasons:
  - 1. Unprofessional conduct as defined in section 32-1201.01.
- 2. Conviction of a felony or of a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude, in which case the record of conviction or a certified copy is conclusive evidence.
- 3. Physical or mental incompetence to practice pursuant to this chapter.
- 4. Committing or aiding, directly or indirectly, a violation of or noncompliance with any provision of this chapter or of any rules adopted by the board pursuant to this chapter.
  - 5. Dental incompetence as defined in section 32-1201.
- B. This section does not establish a cause of action against a licensee or a registered business entity that makes a report of unprofessional conduct or unethical conduct in good faith.
- C. The board may take disciplinary action against a business entity that is registered pursuant to this chapter for unethical conduct.
- D. For the purposes of this section, "unethical conduct" means the following acts occurring in this state or elsewhere:
- 1. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a dentist, dental therapist, denturist or dental hygienist is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct, is or may be impaired by drugs or alcohol or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the permissible activities of a dentist, dental therapist, denturist or dental hygienist.

- 4 -

- 2. Falsely reporting to the board that a dentist, dental therapist, denturist or dental hygienist is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct, is or may be impaired by drugs or alcohol or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the permissible activities of a dentist, dental therapist, denturist or dental hygienist.
- 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a registration or registration renewal by fraud or by misrepresentation.
- 4. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or other document that contains false information.
- 5. Failing to register or failing to submit a renewal registration with the board pursuant to section 32-1213.
- 6. Failing to provide the following persons with access to any place for which a registration has been issued or for which an application for a registration has been submitted in order to conduct a site investigation, inspection or audit:
  - (a) The board or its employees or agents.
  - (b) An authorized federal or state official.
- 7. Failing to notify the board of a change in officers and directors, a change of address,  $\sigma r$  a change in the dentists providing services OR A CHANGE IN THE CUSTODIAN OF RECORDS pursuant to section 32-1213, subsection E.
- 8. Failing to MAINTAIN OR provide patient records pursuant to section 32-1264.
- 9. Obtaining a fee by fraud or misrepresentation or wilfully or intentionally filing a fraudulent claim with a third party for services rendered or to be rendered to a patient.
  - 10. Engaging in repeated irregularities in billing.
  - 11. Engaging in the following advertising practices:
- (a) Publishing or circulating, directly or indirectly, any false or fraudulent or misleading statements concerning the skill, methods or practices of a registered business entity, a licensee or any other person.
- (b) Advertising in any manner that tends to deceive or defraud the public.
- 12. Failing to comply with a board subpoena in a COMPLETE OR timely manner.
- 13. Failing to comply with a final board order, including a decree of censure, a period or term of probation, a consent agreement or a stipulation.
- 14. Employing or aiding and abetting unlicensed persons to perform work that must be done by a person licensed pursuant to this chapter.
- 15. Engaging in any conduct or practice that constitutes a danger to the health, welfare or safety of the patient or the public.
- 16. Engaging in a policy or practice that interferes with the clinical judgment of a licensee providing dental services for a business entity or compromising a licensee's ability to comply with this chapter.

- 5 -

- 17. Engaging in a practice by which a dental hygienist, dental therapist or dental assistant exceeds the scope of practice or restrictions included in a written collaborative practice agreement.
- 18. FAILING TO PROVIDE MEDICAL RECORDS OR PAYMENT RECORDS TO A THIRD PARTY, INCLUDING CURRENT OR FORMER ASSOCIATES, EMPLOYEES OR DENTISTS OF THE PRACTICE, AS REQUIRED BY SECTIONS 12-2294 AND 12-2294.01.
- Sec. 4. Section 32-1264, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

#### 32-1264. Maintenance of records

- A. A person who is licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter shall make and maintain legible PERMANENT AND CONTEMPORANEOUS written OR ELECTRONIC records concerning all diagnoses, evaluations and treatments of each patient of record. A licensee or certificate holder THE OWNER OF A DENTAL PRACTICE OR A REGISTERED BUSINESS ENTITY shall maintain ALL WRITTEN AND ELECTRONIC records. that are stored or produced electronically in ELECTRONIC RECORDS MUST BE retrievable IN paper form. These records shall include:
- 1. All treatment notes, including current health history and THE RESULTS OF clinical examinations.
- 2. Prescription and dispensing information, including all drugs, medicaments and dental materials used for patient care.
  - 3. A diagnosis and treatment planning PLAN.
- 4. Dental and periodontal charting. Specialist Charting must include EXISTING RESTORATIONS, areas of requested care and notation of visual oral examination describing any areas of potential pathology or radiographic irregularities.
  - 5. DOCUMENTATION OF INFORMED CONSENT.
  - 5. 6. All radiographs.
- B. Records are available for review and for treatment purposes to the dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist or denturist providing care.
- C. On request, the licensee, REGISTERED BUSINESS ENTITY or certificate holder shall allow properly authorized board personnel to have access to the licensee's or certificate holder's place of practice to conduct an inspection and must make the licensee's or certificate holder's records, books and documents available to the board free of charge as part of an investigation process.
- D. Within fifteen business days after a patient's written request, that patient's dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist or denturist or a registered business entity shall transfer legible and diagnostic quality copies of that patient's records to another licensee or certificate holder or that patient. The patient may be charged for the reasonable costs of copying and forwarding these records. A dentist, dental therapist, dental hygienist, denturist or registered business entity may require that payment of reproduction costs be made in advance, unless the records are

- 6 -

 necessary for continuity of care, in which case the records shall not be withheld. Copies of records shall not be withheld because of an unpaid balance for dental services.

- E. Unless otherwise required by law, a person who is licensed or certified pursuant to this chapter or a business entity that is registered pursuant to this chapter must retain the original or a copy of a patient's dental records as follows:
- 1. If the patient is an adult, for at least six years after the last date the adult patient received dental services from that provider.
- 2. If the patient is a child, for at least three years after the child's eighteenth birthday or for at least six years after the last date the child received dental services from the provider, whichever occurs later.
- F. A PERSON WHO IS LICENSED OR CERTIFIED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER AND WHO IS AN ASSOCIATE OR EMPLOYEE OF A DENTAL PRACTICE IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR STORING OR RETAINING MEDICAL RECORDS BUT SHALL COMPILE AND RECORD THE RECORDS IN THE CUSTOMARY MANNER.
- G. A LICENSEE OR BUSINESS ENTITY SHALL RELEASE TREATMENT RECORDS TO THIRD PARTIES, INCLUDING CURRENT AND FORMER ASSOCIATES, EMPLOYEES OR DENTISTS OF THE PRACTICE, AS REQUIRED BY SECTIONS 12-2294 AND 12-2294.01.
- H. WHEN A DENTIST RETIRES OR SELLS A PRACTICE, OR WHEN A REGISTERED BUSINESS ENTITY CLOSES OR SELLS A PRACTICE, THE DENTIST OR REGISTERED BUSINESS ENTITY SHALL TAKE REASONABLE MEASURES TO ENSURE THAT THE PATIENT RECORDS ARE RETAINED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

- 7 -