REFERENCE TITLE: partition; property; inheritance

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

HB 2521

Introduced by Representatives Peña: Dunn

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 14-3911, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING TITLE 14, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING CHAPTER 14; RELATING TO THE PARTITION OF PROPERTY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 14-3911, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 14-3911. Partition for purpose of distribution 5 When two or more heirs or devisees are entitled to distribution of 6 undivided interests in any real or personal property of the estate, the 7 personal representative or one or more of the heirs or devisees may 8 petition the court prior to BEFORE the formal or informal closing of the 9 estate, to make partition. After notice to the interested heirs or devisees, the court shall partition the property EITHER: 10 11 1. In the same manner as provided by the law for civil actions of 12 partition. The court may direct the personal representative to sell any 13 property which THAT cannot be partitioned without prejudice to the owners and which THAT cannot conveniently be allotted to any one party. 14 2. BEGINNING ON THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS AMENDMENT TO THIS 15 16 SECTION, PURSUANT TO CHAPTER 14 OF THIS TITLE. 17 Sec. 2. Title 14, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding 18 chapter 14, to read: 19 CHAPTER 14 20 UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY ACT 21 ARTICLE 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS 22 14-14101. Short title 23 THIS CHAPTER MAY BE CITED AS THE UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY 24 ACT. 25 14-14102. Definitions 26 IN THIS CHAPTER, UNLESS THE CONTEXT OTHERWISE REQUIRES: 27 "ASCENDANT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO PRECEDES ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL 1. 28 IN LINEAGE, IN THE DIRECT LINE OF ASCENT FROM THE OTHER INDIVIDUAL. 29 2. "COLLATERAL" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS RELATED TO ANOTHER 30 INDIVIDUAL UNDER THE LAW OF INTESTATE SUCCESSION OF THIS STATE BUT WHO IS 31 NOT THE OTHER INDIVIDUAL'S ASCENDANT OR DESCENDANT. 3. "DESCENDANT" MEANS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO FOLLOWS ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL 32 IN LINEAGE, IN THE DIRECT LINE OF DESCENT FROM THE OTHER INDIVIDUAL. 33 34 4. "DETERMINATION OF VALUE" MEANS A COURT ORDER THAT DETERMINES THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF HEIRS PROPERTY OR THAT ADOPTS THE VALUATION OF THE 35 36 PROPERTY AGREED TO BY ALL COTENANTS. 5. "HEIRS PROPERTY" MEANS REAL PROPERTY THAT IS HELD IN TENANCY IN 37 COMMON AND THAT SATISFIES ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS AS OF THE 38 FILING OF A PARTITION ACTION: 39 40 (a) THERE IS NO AGREEMENT IN A RECORD THAT BINDS ALL THE COTENANTS 41 AND THAT GOVERNS THE PARTITION OF THE PROPERTY. (b) ONE OR MORE OF THE COTENANTS ACQUIRED TITLE FROM A RELATIVE. 42 43 WHETHER LIVING OR DECEASED.

1	(c) ANY OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
2	(i) TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE INTERESTS ARE HELD BY COTENANTS
3	WHO ARE RELATIVES.
4	(ii) TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE INTERESTS ARE HELD BY AN
5	INDIVIDUAL WHO ACQUIRED TITLE FROM A RELATIVE, WHETHER LIVING OR DECEASED.
6	(iii) TWENTY PERCENT OR MORE OF THE COTENANTS ARE RELATIVES.
7	6. "PARTITION BY SALE" MEANS A COURT-ORDERED SALE OF THE ENTIRE
8	HEIRS PROPERTY, WHETHER BY OPEN-MARKET SALE, SEALED BIDS OR AUCTION.
9	7. "PARTITION IN KIND" MEANS THE DIVISION OF HEIRS PROPERTY INTO
10	PHYSICALLY DISTINCT AND SEPARATELY TITLED PARCELS.
11	8. "RECORD" MEANS INFORMATION THAT IS INSCRIBED ON A TANGIBLE
12	MEDIUM OR THAT IS STORED IN AN ELECTRONIC OR OTHER MEDIUM AND IS
13	RETRIEVABLE IN PERCEIVABLE FORM.
14	9. "RELATIVE" MEANS AN ASCENDANT, DESCENDANT OR COLLATERAL OR AN
15	INDIVIDUAL WHO IS OTHERWISE RELATED TO ANOTHER INDIVIDUAL BY BLOOD,
16	MARRIAGE OR ADOPTION OR BY ANY OTHER LAW OF THIS STATE.
17	14-14103. <u>Applicability</u>
18	THIS CHAPTER APPLIES TO PARTITION ACTIONS FILED ON OR AFTER THE
19	EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS CHAPTER.
20	14-14104. <u>Relation to other law; service; notice by posting</u>
21	A. IN AN ACTION TO PARTITION REAL PROPERTY UNDER SECTION 14-3911,
22	THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER THE PROPERTY IS HEIRS PROPERTY. IF THE
23	COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPERTY IS HEIRS PROPERTY, THE HEIRS PROPERTY
24	MUST BE PARTITIONED PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER UNLESS ALL OF THE COTENANTS
25	OTHERWISE AGREE. THIS SECTION DOES NOT LIMIT OR AFFECT THE METHOD BY
26	WHICH SERVICE OF A PETITION IN A PARTITION ACTION MAY BE MADE.
27	B. IN A PARTITION ACTION, IF THE PLAINTIFF SEEKS TO GIVE NOTICE OF
28	THE ACTION BY PUBLICATION AND THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPERTY MAY
29	BE HEIRS PROPERTY, NOT LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE COURT'S DETERMINATION
30	THAT THE PROPERTY MAY BE HEIRS PROPERTY THE PLAINTIFF SHALL POST AND
30 31	MAINTAIN WHILE THE ACTION IS PENDING A CONSPICUOUS SIGN ON THE PROPERTY
32	THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF THE PARTITION ACTION. THE SIGN SHALL STATE THAT
33	THE PARTITION ACTION HAS COMMENCED AND SHALL IDENTIFY THE NAME AND ADDRESS
34	OF THE COURT AND THE LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY. THE COURT MAY
35	REQUIRE THE PETITIONER TO PUBLISH ON THE SIGN THE NAME OF THE PETITIONER
36	AND THE KNOWN RESPONDENTS.
37	14-14105. Determination of value
38	A. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE PROPERTY THAT IS THE SUBJECT OF
39	A PARTITION ACTION IS HEIRS PROPERTY, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE FAIR
40	MARKET VALUE OF THE HEIRS PROPERTY BY ORDERING AN APPRAISAL PURSUANT TO
41	SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, UNLESS ONE OF THE FOLLOWING APPLIES:
42	1. IF ALL COTENANTS HAVE AGREED TO THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY OR TO
43	ANOTHER METHOD OF VALUATION, THE COURT SHALL ADOPT THAT VALUE OR THE VALUE
44	PRODUCED BY THE AGREED METHOD OF VALUATION.

2. IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THE EVIDENTIARY VALUE OF AN
 APPRAISAL IS OUTWEIGHED BY THE COST OF THE APPRAISAL, THE COURT, AFTER AN
 EVIDENTIARY HEARING, SHALL DETERMINE THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY
 AND PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE PARTIES OF THE VALUE.

5 B. IF THE COURT ORDERS AN APPRAISAL, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT A DISINTERESTED REAL ESTATE APPRAISER LICENSED IN THIS STATE TO DETERMINE 6 7 THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY ASSUMING SOLE OWNERSHIP OF THE FEE 8 SIMPLE ESTATE. ON COMPLETION OF THE APPRAISAL, THE APPRAISER SHALL FILE A 9 SWORN OR VERIFIED APPRAISAL WITH THE COURT. IF AN APPRAISAL IS CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE OF THE 10 11 APPRAISAL TO EACH PARTY WITH A KNOWN ADDRESS NOT LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER 12 THE APPRAISAL IS FILED. THE NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:

13 14 THE APPRAISED FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY.
 THAT THE APPRAISAL IS AVAILABLE AT THE COURT CLERK'S OFFICE.

15 3. THAT A PARTY MAY FILE WITH THE COURT AN OBJECTION TO THE 16 APPRAISAL NOT LATER THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE NOTICE IS PROVIDED. THE 17 OBJECTION SHALL STATE THE GROUNDS FOR THE OBJECTION.

18 C. IF AN APPRAISAL IS FILED WITH THE COURT PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B 19 OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL CONDUCT A HEARING TO DETERMINE THE FAIR 20 MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY NOT SOONER THAN THIRTY DAYS AFTER A COPY OF 21 THE NOTICE OF THE APPRAISAL IS PROVIDED TO EACH PARTY PURSUANT TO 22 SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, WHETHER OR NOT AN OBJECTION TO THE APPRAISAL IS FILED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 3 OF THIS SECTION. IN 23 24 ADDITION TO THE COURT-ORDERED APPRAISAL, THE COURT MAY CONSIDER ANY OTHER EVIDENCE OF VALUE OFFERED BY A PARTY. AFTER THE HEARING BUT BEFORE 25 26 CONSIDERING THE MERITS OF THE PARTITION ACTION, THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY AND PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE PARTIES OF 27 THE DETERMINATION OF VALUE. 28

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14-14106. Cotenant buyout

COTENANT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE AFTER 30 A. IF ANY THE 31 DETERMINATION OF VALUE PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14105, SUBSECTION C, THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE PARTIES THAT ANY COTENANT, EXCEPT A 32 COTENANT THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, MAY BUY ALL THE INTERESTS OF 33 THE COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE. NOT LATER THAN FORTY-FIVE 34 DAYS AFTER THE NOTICE IS PROVIDED, ANY COTENANT, EXCEPT A COTENANT THAT 35 36 REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, MAY FILE NOTICE WITH THE COURT THAT THE COTENANT ELECTS TO BUY ALL THE INTERESTS OF THE COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED 37 PARTITION BY SALE. THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR EACH OF THE INTERESTS OF A 38 COTENANT THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE SHALL BE THE FAIR MARKET VALUE 39 40 OF THE ENTIRE PARCEL DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14105, SUBSECTION C 41 MULTIPLIED BY THE COTENANT'S FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP OF THE ENTIRE PARCEL. AFTER EXPIRATION OF THE FORTY-FIVE-DAY PERIOD, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY: 42

43 1. IF ONLY ONE COTENANT ELECTS TO BUY ALL THE INTERESTS OF THE
44 COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY ALL THE
45 PARTIES OF THAT FACT.

2. IF MORE THAN ONE COTENANT ELECTS TO BUY ALL THE INTERESTS OF THE
 COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, THE COURT SHALL ALLOCATE THE
 RIGHT TO BUY THOSE INTERESTS AMONG THE ELECTING COTENANTS BASED ON EACH
 ELECTING COTENANT'S EXISTING FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP OF THE ENTIRE PARCEL
 DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL EXISTING FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP OF ALL COTENANTS
 ELECTING TO BUY AND PROVIDE NOTICE TO ALL THE PARTIES OF THAT FACT AND OF
 THE PRICE TO BE PAID BY EACH ELECTING COTENANT.

8 3. IF NO COTENANT ELECTS TO BUY ALL THE INTERESTS OF THE COTENANTS 9 THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, THE COURT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO ALL 10 THE PARTIES OF THAT FACT AND RESOLVE THE PARTITION ACTION PURSUANT TO 11 SECTION 14-14107.

B. IF THE COURT PROVIDES NOTICE TO THE PARTIES PURSUANT TO
SUBSECTION A, PARAGRAPH 1 OR 2 OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL SET A DATE
NOT SOONER THAN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE DATE THE NOTICE WAS PROVIDED BY
WHICH ELECTING COTENANTS MUST PAY THEIR APPORTIONED PRICE TO THE COURT.
AFTER NINETY DAYS, THE FOLLOWING RULES APPLY:

17 1. IF ALL ELECTING COTENANTS TIMELY PAY THEIR APPORTIONED PRICE,
 18 THE COURT SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER REALLOCATING ALL THE INTERESTS OF THE
 19 COTENANTS AND DISBURSE THE AMOUNTS HELD BY THE COURT TO THE PERSONS
 20 ENTITLED TO THEM.

2. IF NO ELECTING COTENANT TIMELY PAYS ITS APPORTIONED PRICE, THE
 COURT SHALL RESOLVE THE PARTITION ACTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14107 AS
 IF THE INTERESTS OF THE COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE WERE
 NOT PURCHASED.

3. IF ONE OR MORE BUT NOT ALL OF THE ELECTING COTENANTS FAILS TO
PAY THEIR APPORTIONED PRICE ON TIME, THE COURT, ON MOTION, SHALL PROVIDE
NOTICE TO THE ELECTING COTENANTS THAT PAID THEIR APPORTIONED PRICE OF THE
INTEREST REMAINING AND THE PRICE FOR THAT INTEREST.

29 C. NOT LATER THAN TWENTY DAYS AFTER THE COURT PROVIDES NOTICE 30 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 3 OF THIS SECTION, ANY COTENANT THAT 31 PAID MAY ELECT TO PURCHASE ALL OF THE REMAINING INTEREST BY PAYING THE 32 ENTIRE AMOUNT TO THE COURT. AFTER THE TWENTY-DAY PERIOD, THE FOLLOWING 33 RULES APPLY:

I. IF ONLY ONE COTENANT PAYS THE ENTIRE PRICE FOR THE REMAINING
 INTEREST, THE COURT SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER REALLOCATING THE REMAINING
 INTEREST TO THAT COTENANT. THE COURT SHALL PROMPTLY ISSUE AN ORDER
 REALLOCATING THE INTERESTS OF ALL OF THE COTENANTS AND DISBURSE THE
 AMOUNTS HELD BY THE COURT TO THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO THEM.

2. IF NO COTENANT PAYS THE ENTIRE PRICE FOR THE REMAINING INTEREST,
THE COURT SHALL RESOLVE THE PARTITION ACTION PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14107
AS IF THE INTERESTS OF THE COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE WERE
NOT PURCHASED.

433. IF MORE THAN ONE COTENANT PAYS THE ENTIRE PRICE FOR THE44REMAINING INTEREST, THE COURT SHALL REAPPORTION THE REMAINING INTEREST45AMONG THOSE PAYING COTENANTS, BASED ON EACH PAYING COTENANT'S ORIGINAL

FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP OF THE ENTIRE PARCEL DIVIDED BY THE TOTAL ORIGINAL
 FRACTIONAL OWNERSHIP OF ALL COTENANTS THAT PAID THE ENTIRE PRICE FOR THE
 REMAINING INTEREST. THE COURT SHALL PROMPTLY ISSUE AN ORDER REALLOCATING
 ALL OF THE COTENANTS' INTERESTS, DISBURSE THE AMOUNTS HELD BY THE COURT TO
 THE PERSONS ENTITLED TO THEM AND PROMPTLY REFUND ANY EXCESS PAYMENT HELD
 BY THE COURT.

7 D. NOT LATER THAN FORTY-FIVE DAYS AFTER THE COURT PROVIDES NOTICE 8 TO THE PARTIES PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, ANY COTENANT WHO 9 IS ENTITLED TO BUY AN INTEREST UNDER THIS SECTION MAY REQUEST THE COURT TO 10 AUTHORIZE THE SALE AS PART OF THE PENDING ACTION OF THE INTERESTS OF 11 COTENANTS NAMED AS RESPONDENTS AND SERVED WITH THE COMPLAINT BUT THAT DID 12 NOT APPEAR IN THE ACTION. IF THE COURT RECEIVES A TIMELY REQUEST PURSUANT 13 TO THIS SUBSECTION, THE COURT, AFTER A HEARING, MAY DENY THE REQUEST OR 14 AUTHORIZE THE REQUESTED ADDITIONAL SALE ON SUCH TERMS AS THE COURT DETERMINES ARE FAIR AND REASONABLE, SUBJECT TO ALL OF THE FOLLOWING: 15

16 1. A SALE AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION MAY OCCUR ONLY AFTER THE 17 PURCHASE PRICES FOR ALL INTERESTS SUBJECT TO SALE PURSUANT TO SUBSECTIONS 18 A, B AND C OF THIS SECTION HAVE BEEN PAID TO THE COURT AND THOSE INTERESTS 19 HAVE BEEN REALLOCATED AMONG THE COTENANTS AS PROVIDED IN SUBSECTIONS A, B 20 AND C OF THIS SECTION.

2. THE PURCHASE PRICE FOR THE INTEREST OF A NONAPPEARING COTENANT
 22 IS BASED ON THE COURT'S DETERMINATION OF VALUE PURSUANT TO SECTION
 23 14-14105, SUBSECTION C.

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14-14107. <u>Partition alternative</u>

25 IF ALL THE INTERESTS OF ALL COTENANTS THAT REQUESTED PARTITION Α. 26 BY SALE ARE NOT PURCHASED BY OTHER COTENANTS OR IF AFTER THE CONCLUSION OF A BUYOUT PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14106 A COTENANT REMAINS THAT HAS 27 REQUESTED PARTITION IN KIND, THE COURT SHALL ORDER PARTITION IN KIND 28 29 UNLESS THE COURT, AFTER CONSIDERING THE FACTORS PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 14-14108, FINDS THAT PARTITION IN KIND WILL RESULT IN MANIFEST PREJUDICE 30 31 TO THE COTENANTS AS A GROUP. IN CONSIDERING WHETHER TO ORDER PARTITION IN KIND, THE COURT SHALL APPROVE A REQUEST BY TWO OR MORE PARTIES TO HAVE 32 33 THEIR INDIVIDUAL INTERESTS AGGREGATED.

34 B. IF THE COURT DOES NOT ORDER PARTITION IN KIND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ORDER PARTITION BY SALE 35 36 PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14109. IF NO COTENANT REQUESTED PARTITION BY SALE, THE COURT SHALL DISMISS THE ACTION. IF THE COURT ORDERS PARTITION IN KIND 37 PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT MAY REQUIRE THAT ONE 38 OR MORE COTENANTS PAY ONE OR MORE OTHER COTENANTS AMOUNTS SO THAT THE 39 40 PAYMENTS, TAKEN TOGETHER WITH THE VALUE OF THE IN-KIND DISTRIBUTIONS TO 41 THE COTENANTS, WILL MAKE THE PARTITION IN KIND JUST AND PROPORTIONATE IN VALUE TO THE FRACTIONAL INTERESTS HELD. IF THE COURT ORDERS PARTITION IN 42 43 KIND PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION, THE COURT SHALL ALLOCATE TO THE COTENANTS THAT ARE UNKNOWN, UNLOCATABLE OR THE SUBJECT OF A DEFAULT 44 45 JUDGMENT, IF THEIR INTERESTS WERE NOT BOUGHT OUT PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14106, A PART OF THE PROPERTY REPRESENTING THE COMBINED INTERESTS OF
 THESE COTENANTS AS DETERMINED BY THE COURT, AND THIS PART OF THE PROPERTY
 SHALL REMAIN UNDIVIDED.

4

14-14108. Considerations for partition in kind

5 A. IN DETERMINING UNDER SECTION 14-14107 WHETHER PARTITION IN KIND 6 WOULD RESULT IN MANIFEST PREJUDICE TO THE COTENANTS AS A GROUP, THE COURT 7 SHALL CONSIDER ALL OF THE FOLLOWING FACTORS:

8 1. WHETHER THE HEIRS PROPERTY PRACTICABLY CAN BE DIVIDED AMONG THE 9 COTENANTS.

10 2. WHETHER PARTITION IN KIND WOULD APPORTION THE PROPERTY IN SUCH A 11 WAY THAT THE AGGREGATE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PARCELS RESULTING FROM THE 12 DIVISION WOULD BE MATERIALLY LESS THAN THE VALUE OF THE PROPERTY IF IT 13 WERE SOLD AS A WHOLE, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE CONDITION UNDER WHICH A 14 COURT-ORDERED SALE LIKELY WOULD OCCUR.

3. EVIDENCE OF THE COLLECTIVE DURATION OF OWNERSHIP OR POSSESSION
OF THE PROPERTY BY A COTENANT AND ONE OR MORE PREDECESSORS IN TITLE OR
PREDECESSORS IN POSSESSION TO THE COTENANT WHO ARE OR WERE RELATIVES OF
THE COTENANT OR EACH OTHER.

A COTENANT'S SENTIMENTAL ATTACHMENT TO THE PROPERTY, INCLUDING
 ANY ATTACHMENT ARISING BECAUSE THE PROPERTY HAS ANCESTRAL OR OTHER UNIQUE
 OR SPECIAL VALUE TO THE COTENANT.

5. THE LAWFUL USE BEING MADE OF THE PROPERTY BY A COTENANT AND THE
 DEGREE TO WHICH THE COTENANT WOULD BE HARMED IF THE COTENANT COULD NOT
 CONTINUE THE SAME USE OF THE PROPERTY.

6. THE DEGREE TO WHICH THE COTENANTS HAVE CONTRIBUTED THEIR PRO
RATA SHARE OF THE PROPERTY TAXES, INSURANCE AND OTHER EXPENSES ASSOCIATED
WITH MAINTAINING OWNERSHIP OF THE PROPERTY OR HAVE CONTRIBUTED TO THE
PHYSICAL IMPROVEMENT, MAINTENANCE OR UPKEEP OF THE PROPERTY.

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7. ANY OTHER RELEVANT FACTOR.

30B. THE COURT MAY NOT CONSIDER ANY ONE FACTOR LISTED IN SUBSECTION A31OF THIS SECTION TO BE DISPOSITIVE WITHOUT WEIGHING THE TOTALITY OF ALL32RELEVANT FACTORS AND CIRCUMSTANCES.

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14-14109. <u>Open-market sale; sealed bids; auctions</u>

A. IF THE COURT ORDERS A SALE OF HEIRS PROPERTY, THE SALE MUST BE 34 AN OPEN-MARKET SALE UNLESS THE COURT FINDS THAT A SALE BY SEALED BID OR AN 35 36 AUCTION WOULD BE MORE ECONOMICALLY ADVANTAGEOUS AND IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE COTENANTS AS A GROUP. IF THE COURT ORDERS AN OPEN-MARKET SALE AND 37 THE PARTIES, NOT LATER THAN TEN DAYS AFTER THE ENTRY OF THE ORDER, AGREE 38 ON A REAL ESTATE BROKER LICENSED IN THIS STATE TO OFFER THE PROPERTY FOR 39 40 SALE, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT THE BROKER AND ESTABLISH A REASONABLE 41 COMMISSION. IF THE PARTIES DO NOT AGREE ON A BROKER, THE COURT SHALL APPOINT A DISINTERESTED REAL ESTATE BROKER LICENSED IN THIS STATE TO OFFER 42 43 THE PROPERTY FOR SALE AND SHALL ESTABLISH A REASONABLE COMMISSION. THE BROKER SHALL OFFER THE PROPERTY FOR SALE IN A COMMERCIALLY REASONABLE 44 45 MANNER AT A PRICE NOT LOWER THAN THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY

1 DETERMINED PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-14105, SUBSECTION C AND ON THE TERMS AND 2 CONDITIONS ESTABLISHED BY THE COURT. IF THE BROKER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO 3 THIS SUBSECTION OBTAINS WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AN OFFER TO PURCHASE THE 4 PROPERTY FOR AT LEAST THE DETERMINED FAIR MARKET VALUE, BOTH OF THE 5 FOLLOWING APPLY: 6 1. THE BROKER SHALL COMPLY WITH THE REPORTING REQUIREMENTS IN 7 SUBSECTION D OF THIS SECTION. 8 2. THE SALE MAY BE COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE LAW OTHER 9 THAN THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION. 10 B. IF THE BROKER APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A DOES NOT OBTAIN 11 WITHIN A REASONABLE TIME AN OFFER TO PURCHASE THE PROPERTY FOR AT LEAST THE DETERMINED FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE PROPERTY, THE COURT, AFTER A 12 13 HEARING, MAY DO ANY OF THE FOLLOWING: 1. APPROVE THE HIGHEST OUTSTANDING OFFER, IF ANY. 14 2. REDETERMINE THE VALUE OF THE HEIRS PROPERTY AND ORDER THAT THE 15 16 HEIRS PROPERTY CONTINUE TO BE OFFERED FOR AN ADDITIONAL TIME. 17 3. ORDER THAT THE HEIRS PROPERTY BE SOLD BY SEALED BIDS OR AT AN 18 AUCTION. 19 C. IF THE COURT ORDERS A SALE BY SEALED BIDS OR AT AN AUCTION, THE 20 COURT SHALL SET TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE SALE. IF THE COURT ORDERS AN 21 AUCTION, THE AUCTION MUST BE CONDUCTED PURSUANT TO TITLE 33, CHAPTER 6, 22 ARTICLE 2. IF A PURCHASER IS ENTITLED TO A SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS OF THE SALE, THE PURCHASER IS ENTITLED TO A CREDIT AGAINST THE PRICE IN AN AMOUNT 23 24 EQUAL TO THE PURCHASER'S SHARE OF THE PROCEEDS. D. UNLESS REQUIRED TO DO SO WITHIN A SHORTER TIME. A BROKER WHO IS 25 26 APPOINTED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION A OF THIS SECTION TO OFFER HEIRS PROPERTY FOR OPEN-MARKET SALE SHALL FILE A REPORT WITH THE COURT NOT LATER THAN 27 SEVEN DAYS AFTER RECEIVING AN OFFER TO PURCHASE THE HEIRS PROPERTY FOR AT 28 LEAST THE FAIR MARKET VALUE OF THE HEIRS PROPERTY. THE REPORT MUST 29 CONTAIN ALL OF THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION: 30 31 1. A DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD TO EACH BUYER. 32 2. THE NAME OF EACH BUYER. 33 3. THE PROPOSED PURCHASE PRICE. THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE PROPOSED SALE, INCLUDING THE 34 4. 35 TERMS OF ANY OWNER FINANCING. 36 5. THE AMOUNTS TO BE PAID TO LIENHOLDERS. 37 6. A STATEMENT OF CONTRACTUAL OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS OR CONDITIONS 38 OF THE BROKER'S COMMISSION. 7. ANY OTHER MATERIAL FACTS RELEVANT TO THE SALE. 39 40 14-14110. Commissioners 41 IF THE COURT APPOINTS COMMISSIONERS PURSUANT TO SECTION 12-1215, EACH COMMISSIONER. IN ADDITION TO THE REQUIREMENTS AND DISQUALIFICATIONS 42

43 APPLICABLE TO COMMISSIONERS, MUST BE DISINTERESTED AND IMPARTIAL AND NOT44 BE A PARTY TO OR A PARTICIPANT IN THE ACTION.

1 2	14-14111. <u>Uniformity of application and construction</u> IN APPLYING AND CONSTRUING THIS CHAPTER, THE COURTS SHALL CONSIDER
3	THE NEED TO PROMOTE UNIFORMITY OF THE LAW WITH RESPECT TO ITS SUBJECT
4	MATTER AMONG THE STATES THAT ENACT THE UNIFORM PARTITION OF HEIRS PROPERTY
5	ACT.
6	14–14112. <u>Relation to electronic signatures in global and</u>
7	<u>national commerce act</u>
8	THIS SECTION MODIFIES, LIMITS AND SUPERSEDES THE ELECTRONIC
9	SIGNATURES IN GLOBAL AND NATIONAL COMMERCE ACT (15 UNITED STATES CODE
10	SECTIONS 7001 THROUGH 7031) BUT DOES NOT MODIFY, LIMIT OR SUPERSEDE
11	SECTION 101(c) OF THAT ACT (15 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 7001(c)) OR
12	AUTHORIZE ELECTRONIC DELIVERY OF ANY OF THE NOTICES DESCRIBED IN SECTION
13	103(b) OF THAT ACT (15 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 7003(b)).