REFERENCE TITLE: healthy forest incentives; procedures; extension

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

## HB 2737

Introduced by Representatives Marshall: Diaz, Hendrix, Jones

## AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 41-1516, 42-5061, 42-5075, 42-5159, 42-12006, 43-1076.01 AND 43-1162, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO TAXATION.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 41-1516, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 4 41-1516. Healthy forest enterprise incentives; definitions 5 The Arizona commerce authority shall: Α. 6 1. Implement a program to encourage counties, cities and towns to 7 provide local incentives to economic enterprises that promote forest 8 health in this state. 9 2. Identify and certify to the department of revenue the names of and relevant information relating to qualified businesses for the purposes 10 11 of available state tax incentives for economic enterprises that promote 12 forest health in this state. 13 B. To qualify for state tax incentives pursuant to this section, a 14 business: 1. Must be primarily engaged in a qualifying project. The business 15 16 shall submit to the authority evidence that it is engaged in a qualifying 17 project as follows: 18 (a) The business operation must enhance or sustain forest health, 19 sustain or recover watershed or improve public safety. 20 (b) If the qualifying forest product is on federal land, the 21 business shall submit <del>a letter from the federal agency administering the</del> 22 land, or official records or documents produced in connection with the project, stating that the business is primarily engaged in the business of 23 24 harvesting or processing qualifying forest products for commercial use as 25 follows: 26 (i) At least seventy percent of the harvested or processed 27 products, measured by weight, must be qualifying forest products. 28 (ii) AND at least seventy-five percent of the qualifying forest 29 products<del>, measured by weight, must</del> WILL be harvested from sources in this 30 state. 31 (c) If the qualifying forest product is not on federal land, the 32 business shall submit <del>a letter from the state forester</del> RECORDS OR DOCUMENTS PRODUCED IN CONNECTION WITH THE PROJECT stating that the 33 business is primarily engaged in the business of harvesting or processing 34 35 qualifying forest products for commercial use as follows: 36 (i) At least seventy percent of the harvested or processed products 37 must be qualifying forest products. 38 (ii) AND at least seventy-five percent of the harvested or 39 processed products must WILL be from areas in this state. 40 (d) If the business is engaged in transporting qualifying forest 41 products, it must submit <del>a letter from the state forester or United States</del> forest service, or official records or documents produced in connection 42 43 with the project, stating that all of the qualifying forest products it transports are harvested from areas in this state. In addition, the 44 45 business must submit evidence to the authority that at least seventy-five

1 percent of the mileage traveled by its units each year are for 2 transporting qualifying forest products from or to qualifying projects 3 described in subdivision (b) or (c) of this paragraph unless a lower 4 mileage is due to forest closures or weather conditions that are beyond 5 the control of the business.

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2. Must employ at least one permanent full-time employee.

7 3. Must agree to furnish to the authority information relating to
 8 the amount of state tax benefits that the business receives each year.

9 4. Must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the authority 10 containing:

11 (a) Employment goals. Each year the business must report in 12 writing to the authority its performance in achieving the goals.

13 (b) A commitment to continue in business and use the qualifying equipment primarily on qualifying projects in this state as described in 14 paragraph 1 of this subsection, other than for reasons beyond the control 15 16 of the business. The authority shall consult with the department of 17 revenue in designing the memorandum of understanding to incorporate the 18 legal qualifications for the available tax incentives and shall include 19 the requirement that any qualifying equipment that is purchased or leased 20 free of transaction privilege or use tax must continue to be used in this 21 state for the term of the memorandum of understanding or the duration of 22 its operational life, whichever is shorter.

(c) Provisions considered necessary by the authority to ensure the competency and responsibility of businesses that qualify under this section, including registration or other accreditation with trade and professional organizations and compliance with best management and operational practices used by governmental agencies in awarding forestry contracts.

29 (d) The authorization for the authority to terminate, adjust or 30 recapture all or part of the tax benefits provided to the business on 31 noncompliance with the law, noncompliance with the terms of the memorandum 32 or violation of the terms of any contracts with the federal or state 33 government relating to the qualifying project.

34 3. AUTHORIZE the authority shall TO notify the department of 35 revenue of the ANY conditions of noncompliance. The department of revenue 36 may also terminate the certification if it obtains information indicating 37 a failure to qualify and comply. The department of revenue may require 38 the business to file appropriate amended tax returns or to file 39 appropriate use tax returns reflecting the recapture of the direct or 40 indirect tax benefits.

41 5. 4. Must submit a copy of the certification to the department of 42 revenue for approval before using the certification for purposes of any 43 tax incentive. The department of revenue shall review and approve the 44 certification in a timely manner if the business is in good standing with 45 the department and is not delinquent in the payment of any tax collected by the department. A failure to approve or deny the certification within sixty days after the date the business submits it to the department constitutes approval of the certification.

C. For the purposes of section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 18, the authority shall certify prime contractors that contract for the construction of any building, or other structure, project, development or improvement owned by a qualified business for purposes of a qualifying project described in subsection B, paragraph 1 of this section.

9 D. To obtain and maintain certification under this section, a 10 business must:

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1. Apply to the authority.

Submit and retain copies of all required information, including
 information relating to the actual or projected number of employees in
 this state.

15 3. Allow inspections and audits to verify the qualification and 16 accuracy of information submitted to the authority.

17 E. Certification under this section is valid for sixty calendar 18 months from AFTER the date of issuance. A business must apply for recertification at least thirty days before the current certification 19 20 expires. The application for recertification shall be in a form 21 prescribed by the authority and shall confirm that the business is 22 continuing in a qualifying project and is in compliance with all requirements prescribed for certification. 23

F. Within sixty days after receiving a complete and correct application and all required information as prescribed by this section, the authority shall grant or deny certification and give written notice by certified mail to the applicant. The applicant is certified as a qualified business on the date the notice of certification is delivered to the applicant. A failure to respond within sixty days after receiving a complete and correct application constitutes approval of the application.

31 G. The certification shall state an effective date with respect to 32 each authorized tax incentive, which, in each case, must be at the start 33 of a taxable year or taxable period.

H. On or before March 1 of each year, each qualifying business shall make a report to the authority on all business activity in the preceding calendar year. Business information contained in the reports is confidential and shall not be disclosed to the public except as provided by this section and except that a copy of the report shall be transmitted to the department of revenue. The report shall be in a form prescribed by the authority and include:

Information prescribed by the authority with respect to both
 qualifying projects and other projects and business activity that do not
 qualify for purposes of this section.

44 2. The quantity, measured by weight, of qualifying forest products
 45 harvested, transported or processed.

1 I. On or before May 1 of each year, the authority shall report to 2 the joint legislative budget committee the quantity, measured by weight, 3 of qualifying forest products reported by harvesters, by transporters and 4 by processors in the preceding calendar year.

5 J. H. For the purposes of administering and ensuring compliance 6 with this section, agents of the authority may enter, and a qualified 7 business shall allow access to, a qualifying project site at reasonable 8 times and on reasonable notice to:

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1. Inspect the facilities at the site.

10 2. Obtain factual data and records pertinent to and required by law 11 to be kept for purposes of tax incentives.

 Otherwise ascertain compliance with law and the terms of the memorandum of understanding.

14 K. I. The authority shall revoke the business' certification and 15 notify the department of revenue and county assessor if either:

16 1. Within thirty days after a formal request from the authority or 17 the department of revenue, the business fails or refuses to provide the 18 information or access for inspections required by this section.

The business no longer meets the terms and conditions required
 for qualification for the applicable tax incentives.

L. J. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Forest health" means the degree to which the integrity of the forest is sustained, including reducing the risk of <del>catastrophic</del> wildfire and destructive insect infestation, benefiting wildland habitats, watersheds and communities.

26 2. "Harvesting" means all operations relating to felling or 27 otherwise removing MECHANICAL OR HAND THINNING OF trees and OR other 28 forest plant growth and preparing them for transport for subsequent 29 processing.

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3. "Processing" means:

31 (a) Any change in the physical structure of qualifying forest 32 products removed from a qualifying project into a marketable commercial 33 product or component of a product that has commercial value to a consumer 34 or purchaser and that is ready to be used with or without further altering 35 its form.

(b) Burning qualifying forest products in the process of commercial
 electrical generation or commercial thermal energy production for heating
 or cooling, regardless of the physical structure of the forest product
 before burning.

40 4. "Qualifying equipment" means equipment used directly in 41 harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from a 42 qualifying project. Qualifying equipment does not include self-propelled 43 vehicles required to be licensed by this state but may include other 44 licensed vehicles as provided by this paragraph. Qualifying equipment 45 includes:

1 (a) Forest thinning and residue removal equipment, including mulching and masticating equipment, feller-bunchers, skidders, log 2 loaders, portable chippers and grinders, slash bundlers, delimbers, log 3 4 trailers, chip trailers and other trailers that are uniquely designed for 5 handling forest products and that are licensed for operation on public 6 highways. 7 (b) Forest residue receiving and handling equipment, -including 8 truck dumpers, log unloaders, scales, log decking facilities and equipment 9 and chip pile facilities. 10 (c) Sorting and processing equipment, including portable and 11 stationary log loaders, front-end loaders, forklifts and cranes, chippers 12 and grinders, screens, decks and debarkers, saws and sawmill equipment, 13 firewood processing, wood residue baling and bagging equipment, kilns, 14 planing and molding equipment and laminating and joining equipment. 15 (d) Forest waste and residue disposal and processing equipment, 16 including: 17 (i) Processing and sizing equipment, hogs, chippers, screens, 18 pelletizers and wood splitters. (ii) Transporting and handling equipment, including loaders, 19 20 conveyors, blowers, receiving hoppers, truck dumpers and dozers. (iii) Waste use equipment, including fuel feed, storage bins, 21 22 boilers and combustors. 23 (iv) Waste project use equipment, including generators, switchgear 24 and substations and on-site distribution systems. 25 (v) Generated waste disposal equipment, including ash silos and 26 wastewater treatment and disposal equipment. 27 (vi) Shop and maintenance equipment and major spares having a value 28 of more than \$5,000 each. 29 5. 4. "Qualifying forest products" means dead standing and fallen timber, and forest thinnings associated with the harvest of small diameter 30 31 timber, slash, wood chips, peelings, brush <del>and</del> OR other woody vegetation, removed from federal, state and other public forest land and 32 33 from private forest land. **6.** 5. "Qualifying project" means harvesting, transporting 34 or 35 processing qualifying forest products as required for certification 36 pursuant to this section. 6. "TRANSPORTING" MEANS PREPARING AND MOVING TREES OR OTHER FOREST 37 38 PLANT GROWTH TO LOCATIONS FOR SUBSEQUENT PROCESSING. Sec. 2. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 39 40 read: 41 42-5061. Retail classification: definitions 42 A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of 43 selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail 44 classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from

1 the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply 2 to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that
 involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as
 inconsequential elements.

6 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal 7 property at retail.

8 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or 9 consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of 10 such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.

4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit
organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes
and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section
501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

15 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the 16 restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink 17 or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

18 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other19 business classification that is taxable under this article.

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7. The sale of stocks and bonds.

8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, if prescribed by a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.

9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 and as
prescribed or recommended by a health professional who is licensed
pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.

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10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

29 30 11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.

30 21 12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.

13. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

38 14. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use 39 outside this state if either of the following apply APPLIES:

40 (a) The motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor vehicle to 41 a destination out of this state.

42 (b) The vehicle, trailer or semitrailer has a gross vehicle weight 43 rating of more than ten thousand pounds, is used or maintained to 44 transport property in the furtherance of interstate commerce and otherwise 1 meets the definition of commercial motor vehicle as defined in section 2 28-5201.

3 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3
4 of this chapter and sections 42-5074 and 42-6017.

5 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture 6 coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program 7 pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 8 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States 9 department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 10 11 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States 12 Code section 1786).

13 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state 14 university or community college.

15 18. Food and drink to a person that is engaged in a business that 16 is classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such 17 food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own 18 consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

19 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible 20 personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles 21 and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to 22 persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the 23 district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.

24 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, 25 article 1.

26 21. The sale of cash equivalents and the sale of precious metal 27 bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of 28 coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art 29 is subject to the tax and the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 30 derived from the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a 31 means of payment for goods or services that are taxable under this article 32 is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Cash equivalents" means items or intangibles, whether or not 33 negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value 34 35 denominated in money is purchased in advance and may be redeemed in full 36 or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash 37 equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, 38 vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other instruments, orders or 39 electronic mechanisms, such as an electronic code, personal identification 40 number or digital payment mechanism, or any other prepaid intangible right 41 to acquire tangible personal property, intangibles or services in the 42 future, whether from the seller of the cash equivalent or from another 43 person. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

44 (i) Items or intangibles that are sold to one or more persons,45 through which a value is not denominated in money.

1 (ii) Prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for 2 telecommunications services made taxable by subsection P of this section.

3 (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that 4 are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or 5 are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United 6 States or a foreign nation.

(c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold,
silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined
so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

10 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax 11 imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a 12 holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 13 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under 14 section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed 15 under article 8 of this chapter.

16 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the 17 business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property 18 rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such 19 person.

20 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign 21 commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the constitution of the 22 United States or the constitution of this state.

23 24 25. Tangible personal property sold to:

(a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.

(b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.

(c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

34 (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 35 42-5001.

(e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under
 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves
 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

(f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide 11

1 residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years 2 of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.

3 (g) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined 4 in section 42-5001.

5 (h) Any person representing or working on behalf of another person 6 described in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this paragraph if the 7 tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project 8 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

9 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this 10 state to encourage tourist travel.

27. Tangible personal property sold to:

12 (a) A person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of 13 being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 or to a 14 subcontractor working under the control of a person engaged in business 15 classified under section 42-5075, if the property so sold is any of the 16 following:

17 (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real 18 property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the 19 business.

20 (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project 21 described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

(iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities
 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

(b) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and that has been provided a copy of a certificate under section 42-5009, subsection L, if the property so sold is incorporated or fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project, development or improvement described in the certificate.

29 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state if 30 the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax 31 exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the 32 nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration 33 permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.

29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from taxation under section 42-5073.

8 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 9 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in 10 or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future 11 delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the 12 United States commodity futures trading commission.

32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

19 33. Sales of propagative materials to persons who use those items 20 to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or 21 floricultural crops in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph, 22 "propagative materials":

23 (a) Includes seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, liners, transplants, 24 cuttings, soil and plant additives, agricultural minerals, auxiliary soil 25 and plant substances. micronutrients, fertilizers, insecticides. 26 herbicides, fungicides, soil fumigants, desiccants, rodenticides, 27 adjuvants, plant nutrients and plant growth regulators.

(b) Except for use in commercially producing industrial hemp as
 defined in section 3-311, does not include any propagative materials used
 in producing any part, including seeds, of any plant of the genus
 cannabis.

32 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are 33 only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in 34 section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined 35 in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be 36 more independent and functional.

37 35. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel 38 a motor vehicle.

36. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer
 40 felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper
 41 manufacturing.

42 37. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and 43 electricity sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, 44 producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used 45 or consumed in generating or providing on-site power or energy solely for 1 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or 2 for environmental protection. This paragraph applies twenty full 3 consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 4 placed in service. manufacturing machine is In the case of an 5 environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor that does not 6 manufacture paper, the time period begins with the date the first 7 manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

8 of liquid, solid 38. Sales or gaseous chemicals used in 9 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, 10 11 printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an 12 integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials 13 from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or allowing a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the 14 15 production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are 16 used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or 17 transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that 18 is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this 19 paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes 20 job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.

39. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.

(b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained
 to conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.

40. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

39 41. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and 40 tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a 41 motor carrier that is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 42 article 4 and that is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such 43 property. 42. Sales of:

2 (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of 3 farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.

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4 (b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives 5 for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons for use or 6 consumption by their own livestock or poultry, for use or consumption in 7 the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock, 8 poultry, or livestock or poultry products or for use or consumption in 9 noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, 10 "poultry" includes ratites.

11 43. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable 12 medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for 13 livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons that are engaged 14 in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or that 15 are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the 16 purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

44. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this 17 18 state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered 19 out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes 20 or its free on board point.

21 45. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business 22 and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the 23 tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by 24 human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, 25 that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be 26 consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

27 46. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a 28 used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used 29 oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.

30 47. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded 31 libraries, including school district libraries, charter school libraries, 32 community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, 33 county or municipal libraries, for use by the public as follows:

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(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

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(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

36 48. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and 37 consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for 38 serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without 39 additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a 40 41 federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air 42 carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or 43 United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

1 49. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was 2 manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on 3 alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel 4 fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative 5 fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

50. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

9 51. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or 10 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities 11 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

52. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

53. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Application services" means software applications provided
 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

(b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing
 or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning
 activities.

54. Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

55. Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

56. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any 34 35 other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy 36 resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" 37 means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or 38 governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of 39 electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour 40 equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed 41 renewable energy resources.

42 57. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is 43 licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice 44 of dentistry. 1 58. Sales of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated 2 into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located 3 within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the 4 owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or 5 an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

6 (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian 7 who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose 8 benefit the Indian reservation was established.

9 (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and 10 11 occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that 12 are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of 13 the interior.

14 "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or (c) community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 15 16 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 17 of the Indian tribe.

18 59. Sales of works of fine art, as defined in section 44-1771, at 19 an art auction or gallery in this state to nonresidents of this state for 20 use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the work of fine 21 art to a destination outside this state.

22 60. Sales of tangible personal property by a marketplace seller 23 that are facilitated by a marketplace facilitator in which the marketplace 24 facilitator has remitted or will remit the applicable tax to the 25 department pursuant to section 42-5014.

26 B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by 27 subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 28 derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal 29 property shall be deducted from the tax base:

30 1. Machinery. or equipment, used directly in manufacturing. 31 fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical processing, The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job 32 operations. printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer 33 to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary 34 35 meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching. milling. 36 precipitating, smelting and refining.

2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of 37 38 extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and 39 40 handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. 41 "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for 42 extracting ores and minerals.

1 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business 2 classified under the telecommunications classification, including a person 3 representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described 4 in section 42-5075, subsection O, and consisting of central office 5 switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, 6 microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, 7 coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier 8 systems.

9 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in electrical 10 producing or transmitting power, but not including 11 distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission 12 substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting 13 electrical power.

14 5. Machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for 15 later electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

16 (a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a 17 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such 18 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for
electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy
for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses
mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

(c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

6. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

7. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to
transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry,
including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings,
seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

35 8. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other 36 accessories and related equipment sold to:

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(a) A person:

(i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal
 certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction
 with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for
 hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

42 (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation 43 administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 44 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as 1 or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to 2 transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

3 (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation 4 for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be 5 used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, 6 interstate or foreign commerce.

7 (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for 8 compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that 9 meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air 10 11 carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a 12 restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, 13 regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified 14 under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code 15 of Federal Regulations.

16 (v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, 17 within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations 18 specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or 19 accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or 20 (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.

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(b) Any foreign government.

(c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.

9. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

10. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control
 equipment used directly to transport persons or property.

35 11. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 36 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 37 commercial purposes.

38 12. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a 39 governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program 40 41 and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of 42 convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other 43 governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental 44 entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to 45 provide urban mass transportation.

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13. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

2 14. Machinery and equipment consisting of agricultural aircraft, 3 tractors, off-highway vehicles, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered 4 implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and 5 machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip 6 irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 7 of this subsection 7 commercial production and that are used for of agricultural. 8 horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this 9 state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

10 (a) "Off-highway vehicles" means off-highway vehicles as defined in 11 section 28-1171 that are modified at the time of sale to function as a 12 tractor or to tow tractor-drawn implements and that are not equipped with 13 a modified exhaust system to increase horsepower or speed or an engine 14 that is more than one thousand cubic centimeters or that have a maximum 15 speed of fifty miles per hour or less.

16 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 17 are electric-powered.

18 15. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For 19 the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 20 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing. 21 developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including 22 research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for 23 24 machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function 25 effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing 26 quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales 27 promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, 28 computer software research that is not included in the definition of 29 research and development, or other nontechnological activities or 30 technical services.

31 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the 32 following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, 33 control or transmit telecommunications information:

34 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission
 35 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

36 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both 37 of the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
 transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or
 on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
 transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal
 Regulations part 25.

1 (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, 2 transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data 3 transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the 4 facility to or on behalf of those services. For the purposes of 5 subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred 6 sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the 7 tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct 8 broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first 9 transmits information to its customers.

10 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 11 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 15 of 12 this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this 13 paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an 14 environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, 15 16 without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that 17 environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated 18 into real property. Clean room:

19 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 20 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to 21 reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, 22 chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing 23 tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in 24 conjunction with the clean room environment.

25 (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable 26 component of the building that houses the clean room environment.

18. Machinery and equipment used directly in feeding poultry, environmentally controlling housing for poultry, moving eggs within a production and packaging facility or sorting or cooling eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

31 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components 32 containment structures, that is employed in connection with and 33 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, 34 natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that 35 36 is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental 37 protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the 38 39 Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of 40 this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air 41 pollution. For the purposes of this paragraph, "containment structure" 42 means a structure that prevents, monitors, controls or reduces noxious or 43 harmful discharge into the environment.

20. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in commercially producing livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

8 21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 9 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 10 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the 11 telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United 12 States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order 13 issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This 14 paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

15 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 16 equipment described in this paragraph.

17 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or 18 equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under 19 this paragraph.

20 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television 21 station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 22 2009, whichever occurs first.

22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 24 2004 through June 30, <del>2024</del> 2034 by a qualified business under section 25 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed 26 from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for 27 this deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must 28 present its certification approved by the department. FOR THE PURPOSES OF 29 THIS PARAGRAPH, "QUALIFYING EQUIPMENT":

30(a) MEANS EQUIPMENT THAT IS USED DIRECTLY FOR HARVESTING OR31PROCESSING QUALIFYING FOREST PRODUCTS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 41-1516 THAT32ARE REMOVED FROM A QUALIFYING PROJECT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 41-1516.

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(b) INCLUDES:

(i) FOREST THINNING AND RESIDUE REMOVAL EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING
MULCHING AND MASTICATING EQUIPMENT, FELLER-BUNCHERS, SKIDDERS, LOG
LOADERS, PORTABLE CHIPPERS AND GRINDERS, SLASH BUNDLERS, DELIMBERS, LOG
TRAILERS, CHIP TRAILERS AND OTHER TRAILERS THAT ARE UNIQUELY DESIGNED FOR
HANDLING FOREST PRODUCTS AND THAT ARE LICENSED FOR OPERATION ON PUBLIC
HIGHWAYS.

40 (ii) FOREST RESIDUE RECEIVING AND HANDLING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING
41 TRUCK DUMPERS, LOG UNLOADERS, SCALES, LOG DECKING FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT
42 AND CHIP PILE FACILITIES.

43 (iii) SORTING AND PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING PORTABLE AND
44 STATIONARY LOG LOADERS, FRONT-END LOADERS, FORKLIFTS AND CRANES, CHIPPERS
45 AND GRINDERS, SCREENS, DECKS AND DEBARKERS, SAWS AND SAWMILL EQUIPMENT,

1 FIREWOOD PROCESSING, WOOD RESIDUE BALING AND BAGGING EQUIPMENT, KILNS, 2 PLANING AND MOLDING EQUIPMENT AND LAMINATING AND JOINING EQUIPMENT.

3 (iv) FOREST WASTE AND RESIDUE DISPOSAL AND PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, 4 INCLUDING PROCESSING AND SIZING EQUIPMENT, HOGS, CHIPPERS, SCREENS. 5 PELLETIZERS AND WOOD SPLITTERS, TRANSPORTING AND HANDLING EQUIPMENT, 6 INCLUDING LOADERS, CONVEYORS, BLOWERS, RECEIVING HOPPERS, TRUCK DUMPERS 7 AND DOZERS, WASTE USE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING FUEL FEED, STORAGE BINS, 8 BOILERS AND COMBUSTORS, WASTE PROJECT USE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING GENERATORS, 9 SWITCHGEAR AND SUBSTATIONS AND ON-SITE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, GENERATED WASTE DISPOSAL EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING ASH SILOS AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND 10 11 DISPOSAL EQUIPMENT AND SHOP AND MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND MAJOR SPARES 12 HAVING A VALUE OF MORE THAN \$5,000 EACH.

13 (c) DOES NOT INCLUDE SELF-PROPELLED VEHICLES REQUIRED TO BE 14 LICENSED BY THIS STATE BUT MAY INCLUDE OTHER LICENSED VEHICLES AS PROVIDED 15 BY THIS PARAGRAPH.

16 23. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 17 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 18 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the 19 20 qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For 21 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 22 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519. 23

24 C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not 25 include sales of:

26 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, 27 expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of 28 29 the cost or useful life of that property.

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2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools. 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

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32 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in 33 34 subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

35 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except 36 buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant 37 to subsection B, paragraph 12 of this section, without regard to the use 38 of such motor vehicles.

6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of 39 40 whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt. 41

7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

42 8. Machinery and equipment or other tangible personal property used 43 by a contractor in performing a contract.

D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by 44 45 subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base

the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.

7 E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross 8 income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any 9 amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States 10 Code section 4051.

F. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.

G. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.

24 H. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, 25 barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise 26 preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or 27 horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this 28 29 state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified 30 under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to:

Agricultural producers who are owners, proprietors or tenants of
 agricultural lands, orchards, farms or gardens where agricultural products
 are grown, raised or prepared for market and who are marketing their own
 agricultural products.

- 35 36
- 2. Businesses classified under the:
- (a) Transporting classification.
- 37 (b) Utilities classification.
- 38 (c) Telecommunications classification.
- 39 (d) Pipeline classification.
- 40 (e) Private car line classification.
- 41 (f) Publication classification.
- 42 (g) Job printing classification.
- 43 (h) Prime contracting classification.
- 44 (i) Restaurant classification.

1 Ι. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the 2 shall be deducted from the tax base following for the retail 3 classification:

1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler

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repairer. 7 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or 8 repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products 9 sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer. 10

or

11 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is 12 used in performing a contract between the United States government and a 13 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in with a 14 performing a subcontract government contractor who is а 15 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to 16 the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.

17 4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property 18 to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, 19 20 modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this 21 subsection.

22 J. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property 23 24 made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies that is not deducted under subsection I of this section. 25

26 K. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection I or J of this section to file on forms prescribed 27 by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn 28 29 statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed. 30

31 In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross L. 32 income does not include:

1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor 33 vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the 34 35 retailer.

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The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302. 2.

37 M. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the 38 39 department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer 40 acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of 41 solar energy devices available to the department for examination.

42 N. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of 43 wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are 44 45 taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income 1 does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by 2 the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a 3 contract for the telecommunications services.

4 of this section, a sale of wireless 0. For the purposes 5 telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale 6 or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a 7 contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 8 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of 9 business.

P. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.

Q. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:

16 1. Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole 17 purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not 18 a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.

Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole
 purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is
 not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.

R. For the purposes of this section, the transfer of title or possession of coal from an owner or operator of a power plant to a person in the business of refining coal is not a sale of coal if both of the following apply:

26 1. The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the 27 purpose of refining the coal.

28 2. The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the 29 owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining 30 process. For the purposes of this paragraph, "coal refining process" 31 means the application of a coal additive system that aids in the reduction 32 of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment 33 of flue gas.

34 S. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require 35 36 the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the 37 38 purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection B, 39 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the 40 purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest 41 that the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this 42 chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, 43 paragraph 16, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax 44 45 imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible

1 personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction 2 privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the 3 seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.

T. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:

1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased
or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5,
chapter 8.

10 2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium 11 located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the 12 Arizona board of regents.

13 U. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a 14 corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this 15 16 chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is 17 lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the 18 purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration 19 20 permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, 21 there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds 22 or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed 23 24 by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the 25 motor vehicle.

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V. For the purposes of this section:

27 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for 28 agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or 29 for aerial seeding.

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2. "Aircraft" includes:

31 (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal 32 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator 33 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

(b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or
 attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a
 certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

37 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 38 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 39 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

40 4. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for 41 resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal 42 property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the 43 definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on 44 investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or 45 rental. 1

W. For the purposes of subsection I of this section:

2 1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, 3 wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or 4 substance without changing or altering the component parts.

5 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in 6 fabricating, producing or manufacturing products, wares or articles for 7 use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new 8 forms, qualities, properties and combinations.

9 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products, wares or articles of manufacture. 10

11 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross 12 proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be 13 included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in performing a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense 14 account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted 15 16 accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting 17 standards.

18 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares 19 or articles of manufacture.

20 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 21 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing supplies or 22 services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to perform one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 23 24 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken 25 or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead 26 materials or other tangible personal property used in performing the 27 subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions 28 incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the 29 subcontract.

30 Sec. 3. Section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 31 read:

32 33 42-5075. Prime contracting classification: exemptions: definitions

A. The prime contracting classification is comprised of the 34 business of prime contracting and the business of manufactured building 35 36 Sales for resale to another manufactured building dealer are not dealer. Sales for resale do not include sales to a lessor of 37 subject to tax. manufactured buildings. The sale of a used manufactured building is not 38 39 taxable under this chapter. The prime contracting classification does not 40 include any work or operation performed by a person that is not required 41 to be licensed by the registrar of contractors pursuant to section 42 32-1121.

B. The tax base for the prime contracting classification is sixty-five percent of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The following amounts shall be deducted from the gross proceeds of sales or gross income before computing the tax base:

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1. The sales price of land, which shall not exceed the fair market value.

2. Sales and installation of groundwater measuring devices required
 under section 45-604 and groundwater monitoring wells required by law,
 including monitoring wells installed for acquiring information for a
 permit required by law.

3. The sales price of furniture, furnishings, fixtures, appliances and attachments that are not incorporated as component parts of or attached to a manufactured building or the setup site. The sale of such items may be subject to the taxes imposed by article 1 of this chapter separately and distinctly from the sale of the manufactured building.

16 4. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 17 contract entered into for the modification of any building, highway, road, 18 railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development or improvement located in a military reuse zone for providing 19 20 aviation or aerospace services or for a manufacturer, assembler or 21 fabricator of aviation or aerospace products within an active military 22 reuse zone after the zone is initially established or renewed under 23 section 41-1531. To be eligible to qualify for this deduction, before 24 beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor must have applied 25 for a letter of qualification from the department of revenue.

26 5. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 27 contract to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility, as described in section 41-1514.02, and 28 29 from subsequent construction and installation contracts that begin within 30 ten years after the start of initial construction. To qualify for this 31 deduction, before beginning work under the contract, the prime contractor 32 must obtain a letter of qualification from the department of revenue. 33 This paragraph shall apply for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal 34 years after the start of initial construction.

35 6. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income from a contract to 36 provide for one or more of the following actions, or a contract for site 37 preparation, constructing, furnishing or installing machinery, equipment 38 or other tangible personal property, including structures necessary to 39 protect exempt incorporated materials or installed machinery or equipment, 40 and tangible personal property incorporated into the project, to perform 41 one or more of the following actions in response to a release or suspected 42 release of a hazardous substance, pollutant or contaminant from a facility 43 to the environment, unless the release was authorized by a permit issued 44 by a governmental authority:

1 (a) Actions to monitor, assess and evaluate such a release or a 2 suspected release.

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(b) Excavation, removal and transportation of contaminated soil and 4 its treatment or disposal.

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(c) Treatment of contaminated soil by vapor extraction, chemical or physical stabilization, soil washing or biological treatment to reduce the 7 concentration, toxicity or mobility of a contaminant.

8 (d) Pumping and treatment or in situ treatment of contaminated 9 groundwater or surface water to reduce the concentration or toxicity of a 10 contaminant.

11 (e) The installation of structures, such as cutoff walls or caps, 12 to contain contaminants present in groundwater or soil and prevent them 13 from reaching a location where they could threaten human health or welfare 14 or the environment.

This paragraph does not include asbestos removal or the construction 15 16 or use of ancillary structures such as maintenance sheds, offices or 17 storage facilities for unattached equipment, pollution control equipment, 18 facilities or other control items required or to be used by a person to 19 prevent or control contamination before it reaches the environment.

20 7. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived from 21 a contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of 22 machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is either deducted from the tax base of the retail classification under section 23 24 42-5061, subsection B or that is exempt from use tax under section 25 42-5159, subsection B and that has independent functional utility, 26 pursuant to the following provisions:

27 (a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following: 28

29 (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other 30 tangible personal property with independent functional utility.

31 (ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with 32 33 independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph. 34

35 (iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in 36 items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the 37 installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible 38 personal property.

(b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross 39 40 proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting 41 activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real 42 property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, 43 maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is either deducted from the tax base of the retail 44

1 classification under section 42-5061, subsection B or exempt from use tax 2 under section 42-5159, subsection B.

3 (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined 4 without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or 5 other tangible personal property.

6 (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional 7 utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 8 property can independently perform its function without attachment to real 9 property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:

10 (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal 11 property.

12 (ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible 13 personal property to each other.

14 (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items, 15 16 to water, power, gas, communication or other services.

17 (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other 18 tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or 19 performing other similar nonpermanent connections to either real property 20 or real property improvements.

21 8. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to the 22 purchase of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that 23 is exempt from or deductible from transaction privilege and use tax under: (a) Section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 25, 29 or 58.

24

25

(b) Section 42-5061, subsection B.

26 (c) Section 42-5159, subsection A, paragraph 13, subdivision (a), 27 (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (j), (k), (m) or (n) or paragraph 55.

28

(d) Section 42-5159, subsection B.

29 9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a contract for the construction of an environmentally controlled facility 30 31 for the raising of poultry for the production of eggs and the sorting, 32 cooling and packaging of eggs.

33 10. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived 34 from a contract entered into with a person who is engaged in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, 35 36 horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this 37 state for the modification of any building, highway, road, excavation, 38 manufactured building or other structure, project, development or 39 improvement used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or 40 reduce air, water or land pollution.

41 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income that is derived 42 from the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of clean rooms that 43 are deducted from the tax base of the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 17. 44

1 12. For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, the 2 gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract entered 3 into for the construction of a residential apartment housing facility that 4 qualifies for a federal housing subsidy for low-income persons over 5 sixty-two years of age and that is owned by a nonprofit charitable 6 organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal 7 revenue code.

8 13. For taxable periods beginning from and after December 31, 1996 9 and ending before January 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross 10 income derived from a contract to provide and install a solar energy 11 device. The contractor shall register with the department as a solar 12 energy contractor. By registering, the contractor acknowledges that it 13 will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices 14 available to the department for examination.

15 14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 16 contract entered into for the construction of a launch site, as defined in 17 14 Code of Federal Regulations section 401.5.

18 15. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 19 contract entered into for the construction of a domestic violence shelter 20 that is owned and operated by a nonprofit charitable organization that has 21 qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

16. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from contracts to perform postconstruction treatment of real property for termite and general pest control, including wood-destroying organisms.

17. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from contracts entered into before July 1, 2006 for constructing a state university research infrastructure project if the project has been reviewed by the joint committee on capital review before the university enters into the construction contract for the project. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research infrastructure" has the same meaning prescribed in section 15-1670.

18. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income received from a 32 33 contract for the construction of any building, or other structure, project, development or improvement owned by a qualified business under 34 35 section 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products 36 removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516 if actual 37 construction begins before January 1, 2024 2034. To qualify for this 38 deduction, the prime contractor must obtain a letter of qualification from the Arizona commerce authority before beginning work under the contract. 39

40 19. Any amount of the gross proceeds of sales or gross income 41 attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to a 42 contract for construction, development or improvement of real property and 43 that are paid by a prime contractor or subcontractor. For the purposes of 44 this paragraph: 1 (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the 2 development fees actually imposed.

3 (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of 4 development fees paid by the prime contractor or subcontractor, and the 5 total development fees credited in exchange for the construction of, 6 contribution to or dedication of real property for providing public 7 infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the 8 development. The real property must be the subject of the development 9 fees.

10 (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs 11 of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 12 13 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are 14 paid.

20. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 15 16 contract entered into for the construction of a mixed waste processing 17 facility that is located on a municipal solid waste landfill and that is 18 constructed for the purpose of recycling solid waste or producing 19 renewable energy from landfill waste. For the purposes of this paragraph:

20 (a) "Mixed waste processing facility" means a solid waste facility 21 that is owned, operated or used for the treatment, processing or disposal 22 of solid waste, recyclable solid waste, conditionally exempt small quantity generator waste or household hazardous waste. For the purposes 23 24 of this subdivision, "conditionally exempt small quantity generator waste", "household hazardous waste" and "solid waste facility" have the 25 26 same meanings prescribed in section 49-701, except that solid waste facility does include a site that stores, treats or processes paper, 27 28 glass, wood, cardboard, household textiles, scrap metal, plastic. 29 vegetative waste, aluminum, steel or other recyclable material.

30 (b) "Municipal solid waste landfill" has the same meaning 31 prescribed in section 49-701.

(c) "Recycling" means collecting, separating, cleansing, treating 32 33 and reconstituting recyclable solid waste that would otherwise become 34 solid waste, but does not include incineration or other similar processes.

35 (d) "Renewable energy" means usable energy, including electricity, 36 fuels, gas and heat, produced through the conversion of energy provided by 37 sunlight, water, wind, geothermal, heat, biomass, biogas, landfill gas or 38 other ANOTHER nonfossil renewable resource.

39 21. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 40 contract to install containment structures. For the purposes of this 41 paragraph, "containment structure" means a structure that prevents, 42 monitors, controls or reduces noxious or harmful discharge into the 43 environment.

1 C. Entitlement to the deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 2 7 of this section is subject to the following provisions:

3 4

- 1. A prime contractor may establish entitlement to the deduction by both:
- 6

5 (a) Marking the invoice for the transaction to indicate that the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the transaction was 7 deducted from the base.

8 (b) Obtaining a certificate executed by the purchaser indicating 9 the name and address of the purchaser, the precise nature of the business of the purchaser, the purpose for which the purchase was made, the 10 11 necessary facts to establish the deductibility of the property under 12 section 42-5061, subsection B, and a certification that the person 13 executing the certificate is authorized to do so on behalf of the 14 purchaser. The certificate may be disregarded if the prime contractor has reason to believe that the information contained in the certificate is not 15 16 accurate or complete.

17 2. A person who does not comply with paragraph 1 of this subsection 18 may establish entitlement to the deduction by presenting facts necessary 19 to support the entitlement, but the burden of proof is on that person.

20 3. The department may prescribe a form for the certificate 21 described in paragraph 1, subdivision (b) of this subsection. The 22 department may also adopt rules that describe the transactions with respect to which a person is not entitled to rely solely on the 23 24 information contained in the certificate provided in paragraph 1, 25 subdivision (b) of this subsection but must instead obtain such additional 26 information as required in order to be entitled to the deduction.

27 4. If a prime contractor is entitled to a deduction by complying 28 with paragraph 1 of this subsection, the department may require the 29 purchaser who caused the execution of the certificate to establish the 30 accuracy and completeness of the information required to be contained in 31 the certificate that would entitle the prime contractor to the deduction. If the purchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the 32 33 information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, 34 penalty and interest that the prime contractor would have been required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the prime contractor had not 35 36 complied with paragraph 1 of this subsection. Payment of the amount under 37 this paragraph exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be treated as a 38 transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected 39 40 from the prime contractor in order to designate the distribution base for 41 purposes of section 42-5029.

D. Subcontractors or others who perform modification activities are 42 43 not subject to tax if they can demonstrate that the job was within the 44 control of a prime contractor or contractors or a dealership of 45 manufactured buildings and that the prime contractor or dealership is 1 liable for the tax on the gross income, gross proceeds of sales or gross 2 receipts attributable to the job and from which the subcontractors or 3 others were paid.

4 E. Amounts received by a contractor for a project are excluded from 5 the contractor's gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the 6 business if the person who hired the contractor executes and provides a 7 certificate to the contractor stating that the person providing the 8 certificate is a prime contractor and is liable for the tax under article 9 1 of this chapter. The department shall prescribe the form of the certificate. If the contractor has reason to believe that the information 10 11 contained on the certificate is erroneous or incomplete, the department may disregard the certificate. If the person who provides the certificate 12 13 is not liable for the tax as a prime contractor, that person is nevertheless deemed to be the prime contractor in lieu of the contractor 14 15 and is subject to the tax under this section on the gross receipts or 16 gross proceeds received by the contractor.

F. Every person engaging or continuing in this state in the business of prime contracting or dealership of manufactured buildings shall present to the purchaser of such prime contracting or manufactured building a written receipt of the gross income or gross proceeds of sales from such activity and shall separately state the taxes to be paid pursuant to this section.

G. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the prime contracting classification from any prime contractor engaged in the preparation or construction of a multipurpose facility, and related infrastructure, that is owned, operated or leased by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.

29 H. For the purposes of section 42-5032.02, from and after September 30, 2013, the department shall separately account for revenues 30 31 reported and collected under the prime contracting classification from any 32 prime contractor engaged in the construction of any buildings and 33 associated improvements that are for the benefit of a manufacturing For the purposes of this subsection, "associated improvements" 34 facility. and "manufacturing facility" have the same meanings prescribed in section 35 36 42-5032.02.

37 I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 38 contract for lawn maintenance services is not subject to tax under this 39 section if the contract does not include landscaping activities. Lawn 40 maintenance service is a service pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection 41 A, paragraph 1, and includes lawn mowing and edging, weeding, repairing 42 sprinkler heads or drip irrigation heads, seasonal replacement of flowers, 43 refreshing gravel, lawn dethatching, seeding winter lawns, leaf and debris 44 collection and removal, tree or shrub pruning or clipping, garden and

1 gravel raking and applying pesticides, as defined in section 3-361, and 2 fertilizer materials, as defined in section 3-262.

J. Except as provided in subsection 0 of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from landscaping activities is subject to tax under this section. Landscaping includes installing lawns, grading or leveling ground, installing gravel or boulders, planting trees and other plants, felling trees, removing or mulching tree stumps, removing other imbedded plants, building irrigation berms, installing railroad ties and installing underground sprinkler or watering systems.

10 K. The portion of gross proceeds of sales or gross income 11 attributable to the actual direct costs of providing architectural or 12 engineering services that are incorporated in a contract is not subject to 13 tax under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, "direct 14 costs" means the portion of the actual costs that are directly expended in 15 providing architectural or engineering services.

L. Operating a landfill or a solid waste disposal facility is not subject to taxation under this section, including filling, compacting and creating vehicle access to and from cell sites within the landfill. Constructing roads to a landfill or solid waste disposal facility and constructing cells within a landfill or solid waste disposal facility may be deemed prime contracting under this section.

22 M. The following apply in determining the taxable situs of sales of 23 manufactured buildings:

1. For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer contracts to deliver the building to a setup site or to perform the setup in this state, the taxable situs is the setup site.

27 2. For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer 28 does not contract to deliver the building to a setup site or does not 29 perform the setup, the taxable situs is the location of the dealership 30 where the building is delivered to the buyer.

31 3. For sales in this state where the manufactured building dealer 32 contracts to deliver the building to a setup site that is outside this 33 state, the situs is outside this state and the transaction is excluded 34 from tax.

35 N. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income attributable to a 36 written contract for design phase services or professional services, 37 executed before modification begins and with terms, conditions and pricing of all of these services separately stated in the contract from those for 38 39 construction phase services, is not subject to tax under this section, 40 regardless of whether the services are provided sequential to or 41 concurrent with prime contracting activities that are subject to tax under 42 this section. This subsection does not include the gross proceeds of 43 sales or gross income attributable to construction phase services. For the purposes of this subsection: 44

1 1. "Construction phase services" means services for the execution 2 and completion of any modification, including the following:

(a) Administration or supervision of any modification performed on 3 4 the project, including team management and coordination, scheduling, cost 5 controls, submittal process management, field management, safety program, 6 close-out process and warranty period services.

7 (b) Administration or supervision of any modification performed 8 pursuant to a punch list. For the purposes of this subdivision, "punch 9 list" means minor items of modification work performed after substantial completion and before final completion of the project. 10

11 (c) Administration or supervision of any modification performed pursuant to change orders. For the purposes of this subdivision, "change 12 13 order" means a written instrument issued after execution of a contract for modification work, providing for all of the following: 14

15 (i) The scope of a change in the modification work, contract for 16 modification work or other contract documents.

(ii) The amount of an adjustment, if any, to the guaranteed maximum 17 18 price as set in the contract for modification work. For the purposes of this item, "guaranteed maximum price" means the amount guaranteed to be 19 20 the maximum amount due to a prime contractor for the performance of all 21 modification work for the project.

22 (iii) The extent of an adjustment, if any, to the contract time of 23 performance set forth in the contract.

24 (d) Administration or supervision of any modification performed 25 pursuant to change directives. For the purposes of this subdivision, 26 "change directive" means a written order directing a change in 27 modification work before agreement on an adjustment of the guaranteed 28 maximum price or contract time.

29 (e) Inspection to determine the dates of substantial completion or 30 final completion.

31 (f) Preparation of any manuals, warranties, as-built drawings, 32 spares or other items the prime contractor must furnish pursuant to the 33 contract for modification work. For the purposes of this subdivision, 34 "as-built drawing" means a drawing that indicates field changes made to 35 adapt to field conditions, field changes resulting from change orders or 36 buried and concealed installation of piping, conduit and utility services.

37 (g) Preparation of status reports after modification work has begun 38 detailing the progress of work performed, including preparation of any of 39 the following:

40

(i) Master schedule updates. (ii) Modification work cash flow projection updates.

41 42

(iii) Site reports made on a periodic basis.

43 (iv) Identification of discrepancies, conflicts or ambiguities in 44 modification work documents that require resolution.

1 (v) Identification of any health and safety issues that have arisen 2 in connection with the modification work.

2 3

(h) Preparation of daily logs of modification work, including documentation of personnel, weather conditions and on-site occurrences.

4 5 6

(i) Preparation of any submittals or shop drawings used by the prime contractor to illustrate details of the modification work performed.

7 (j) Administration or supervision of any other activities for which 8 a prime contractor receives a certificate for payment or certificate for 9 final payment based on the progress of modification work performed on the 10 project.

11 2. "Design phase services" means services for developing and 12 completing a design for a project that are not construction phase 13 services, including the following:

(a) Evaluating surveys, reports, test results or any other
 information on-site conditions for the project, including physical
 characteristics, legal limitations and utility locations for the site.

17 (b) Evaluating any criteria or programming objectives for the 18 project to ascertain requirements for the project, such as physical 19 requirements affecting cost or projected utilization of the project.

(c) Preparing drawings and specifications for architectural program
 documents, schematic design documents, design development documents,
 modification work documents or documents that identify the scope of or
 materials for the project.

(d) Preparing an initial schedule for the project, excluding the
 preparation of updates to the master schedule after modification work has
 begun.

(e) Preparing preliminary estimates of costs of modification work
 before completion of the final design of the project, including an
 estimate or schedule of values for any of the following:

30 (i) Labor, materials, machinery and equipment, tools, water, heat, 31 utilities, transportation and other facilities and services used in the 32 execution and completion of modification work, regardless of whether they 33 are temporary or permanent or whether they are incorporated in the 34 modifications.

35 (ii) The cost of labor and materials to be furnished by the owner 36 of the real property.

37 (iii) The cost of any equipment of the owner of the real property38 to be assigned by the owner to the prime contractor.

39 (iv) The cost of any labor for installation of equipment separately 40 provided by the owner of the real property that has been designed, 41 specified, selected or specifically provided for in any design document 42 for the project.

43 (v) Any fee paid by the owner of the real property to the prime 44 contractor pursuant to the contract for modification work.

- 45
- (vi) Any bond and insurance premiums.

1 (vii) Any applicable taxes. 2 (viii) Any contingency fees for the prime contractor that may be 3 used before final completion of the project. 4 (f) Reviewing and evaluating cost estimates and project documents 5 to prepare recommendations on site use, site improvements, selection of 6 materials, building systems and equipment, modification feasibility, 7 availability of materials and labor, local modification activity as 8 related to schedules and time requirements for modification work. 9 (g) Preparing the plan and procedures for selection of including 10 subcontractors. any prequalification of subcontractor 11 candidates. 3. "Professional services" architect services. 12 means engineer 13 services, geologist services, land surveying services or landscape architect services that are within the scope of those services as provided 14 in title 32, chapter 1 and for which gross proceeds of sales or gross 15 16 income has not otherwise been deducted under subsection K of this section. 17 0. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a 18 contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property 19 for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing 20 property is not subject to tax under this section if the contract does not 21

21 include modification activities, except as specified in this subsection.
22 The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a de minimis
23 amount of modification activity does not subject the contract or any part
24 of the contract to tax under this section. For the purposes of this
25 subsection:

26 1. Tangible personal property that is incorporated or fabricated 27 into a project described in this subsection may be subject to the amount 28 prescribed in section 42-5008.01.

29 2. Each contract is independent of any other contract, except that any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the 30 31 original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under 32 this chapter, regardless of the amount of modification activities included 33 in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate to the 34 scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be treated 35 as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change order 36 to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of work of 37 the subsequent change order directly relates.

38 P. Notwithstanding subsection 0 of this section, a contract that 39 primarily involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is subject to title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 is 40 41 taxable under this section, even if the contract also includes vertical 42 improvements. Agencies that are subject to procurement processes under 43 those provisions shall include in the request for proposals a notice to 44 bidders when those projects are subject to this section. This subsection 45 does not apply to contracts with:

1 1. Community facilities districts, fire districts, county television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts, 2 3 cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, pest abatement 4 districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, 5 county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium 6 districts, special health care districts, public health services 7 districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts.

8 2. Any special taxing district not specified in paragraph 1 of this 9 subsection if the district does not substantially engage in the 10 modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or 11 subsurface improvements to land.

12 Notwithstanding subsection R, paragraph 10 of this section, a Q. 13 person owning real property who enters into a contract for sale of the real property, who is responsible to the new owner of the property for 14 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the 15 16 transfer of title and who receives a consideration for the modifications 17 is considered a prime contractor solely for purposes of taxing the gross 18 proceeds of sale or gross income received for the modifications made 19 subsequent to the transfer of title. The original owner's gross proceeds 20 of sale or gross income received for the modifications shall be determined 21 according to the following methodology:

22 1. If any part of the contract for sale of the property specifies amounts to be paid to the original owner for the modifications to be made 23 24 in the period subsequent to the transfer of title, the amounts are 25 included in the original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income 26 under this section. Proceeds from the sale of the property that are 27 received after transfer of title and that are unrelated to the modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title are not considered 28 29 gross proceeds of sale or gross income from the modifications.

2. If the original owner enters into an agreement separate from the contract for sale of the real property providing for amounts to be paid to the original owner for the modifications to be made in the period subsequent to the transfer of title to the property, the amounts are included in the original owner's gross proceeds of sale or gross income received for the modifications made subsequent to the transfer of title.

36 If the original owner is responsible to the new owner for 3. 37 modifications made to the property in the period subsequent to the transfer of title and derives any gross proceeds of sale or gross income 38 39 from the project subsequent to the transfer of title other than a delayed 40 disbursement from escrow unrelated to the modifications, it is presumed 41 that the amounts are received for the modifications made subsequent to the 42 transfer of title unless the contrary is established by the owner through 43 its books, records and papers kept in the regular course of business.

44 4. The tax base of the original owner is computed in the same 45 manner as a prime contractor under this section. 1

## R. For the purposes of this section:

2 1. "Alteration" means an activity or action that causes a direct 3 physical change to existing property. For the purposes of this paragraph:

4 (a) For existing property that is properly classified as class two 5 property under section 42–12002, paragraph 1, subdivision (c) or paragraph 6 2, subdivision (c) and that is used for residential purposes, class three 7 property under section 42-12003 or class four property under section 8 42-12004, this paragraph does not apply if the contract amount is more 9 than twenty-five percent of the most recent full cash value established under chapter 13, article 2 of this title as of the date of any bid for 10 11 the work or the date of the contract, whichever value is higher.

12 (b) For all existing property other than existing property 13 described in subdivision (a) of this paragraph, this paragraph does not 14 apply if the contract amount is more than \$750,000.

15 (c) Project elements may not be artificially separated from a 16 contract to cause a project to qualify as an alteration. The department 17 has the burden of proof that project elements have been artificially 18 separated from a contract.

(d) If a project for which the owner and the person performing the work reasonably believed, at the inception of the contract, would be treated as an alteration under this paragraph and, on completion of the project, the project exceeded the applicable threshold described in either subdivision (a) or (b) of this paragraph by no NOT more than twenty-five percent of the applicable threshold for any reason, the work performed under the contract qualifies as an alteration.

(e) A change order that directly relates to the scope of work of
the original contract shall be treated as part of the original contract,
and the contract amount shall include any amount attributable to a change
order that directly relates to the scope of work of the original contract.

30 31 (f) Alteration does not include maintenance, repair or replacement.

2. "Contracting" means engaging in business as a contractor.

"Contractor" is synonymous with the term "builder" and means any 32 3. 33 person or organization that undertakes to or offers to undertake to, or 34 purports to have the capacity to undertake to, or submits a bid to, or 35 does personally or by or through others, modify any building, highway, 36 road, railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, 37 project, development or improvement, or to do any part of such a project, 38 including the erection of scaffolding or other structure or works in 39 connection with such a project, and includes subcontractors and specialty 40 contractors. For all purposes of taxation or deduction, this definition 41 shall govern without regard to whether or not such a contractor is acting 42 in fulfillment of a contract.

43 4. "Manufactured building" means a manufactured home, mobile home 44 or factory-built building, as defined in section 41-4001. 1

5. "Manufactured building dealer" means a dealer who either:

2 (a) Is licensed pursuant to title 41, chapter 37, article 4 and who 3 sells manufactured buildings to the final consumer.

4 performs coordinates (b) Supervises, or the excavation and 5 completion of site improvements or the setup of a manufactured building, 6 including the contracting, if any, with any subcontractor or specialty 7 contractor for the completion of the contract.

8 6. "Modification" means construction, grading and leveling ground, 9 wreckage or demolition. Modification does not include:

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(a) Any project described in subsection 0 of this section.

11 (b) Any wreckage or demolition of existing property, or any other 12 activity that is a necessary component of a project described in 13 subsection 0 of this section.

14 (c) Any mobilization or demobilization related to а project described in subsection 0 of this section, such as the erection or removal 15 16 of temporary facilities to be used by those persons working on the 17 project.

18 7. "Modify" means to make a modification or cause a modification to 19 be made.

20 8. "Owner" means the person that holds title to the real property 21 or improvements to real property that is the subject of the work, as well 22 as an agent of the title holder and any person with the authority to 23 perform or authorize work on the real property or improvements, including 24 a tenant and a property manager. For the purposes of subsection 0 of this 25 section, a person who is hired by a general contractor that is hired by an 26 owner, or a subcontractor of a general contractor that is hired by an 27 owner, is considered to be hired by the owner.

28 9. "Prime contracting" means engaging in business as a prime 29 contractor.

"Prime contractor" means a contractor who supervises, performs 30 10. 31 or coordinates the modification of any building, highway, road, railroad, excavation, manufactured building or other structure, project, development 32 33 or improvement, including the contracting, if any, with any subcontractors 34 or specialty contractors and who is responsible for the completion of the 35 contract. Except as provided in subsections E and Q of this section, a 36 person who owns real property, who engages one or more contractors to modify that real property and who does not itself modify that real 37 property is not a prime contractor within the meaning of this paragraph 38 39 regardless of the existence of a contract for sale or the subsequent sale 40 of that real property.

41 11. "Replacement" means the removal from service of one component 42 or system of existing property or tangible personal property installed in 43 existing property, including machinery or equipment, and the installation 44 of a new component or system or new tangible personal property, including 45 machinery or equipment, that provides the same, a similar or an upgraded

design or functionality, regardless of the contract amount and regardless of whether the existing component or system or existing tangible personal property is physically removed from the existing property.

4 12. "Sale of a used manufactured building" does not include a lease 5 of a used manufactured building.

6 Sec. 4. Section 42-5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 7 read:

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## 42-5159. Exemptions

9 A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, 10 use or consumption in this state of the following described tangible 11 personal property:

Tangible personal property, sold in this state, the gross
 receipts from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax
 imposed by articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.

2. Tangible personal property, the sale or use of which has already been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United States. If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less than the tax imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is reduced by the amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.

21 3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of 22 which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state 23 from taxing or to the extent that the rate or imposition of tax is 24 unconstitutional under the laws of the United States.

4. Tangible personal property that directly enters into and becomes an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or processed article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course of business.

29 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under title 28, 30 31 chapter 16, article 1, use fuel that is sold to or used by a person 32 holding a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, aviation fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in 33 this state is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet 34 35 fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to 36 the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.

6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an individual who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased for storage, use or consumption by the individual if the first actual use or consumption of the property was outside this state, unless the property is used in conducting a business in this state.

7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, 1 or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the 2 purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

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8. Purchases of: 4 (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of

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farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry. 6 (b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives 7 sold to persons for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, 8 ranching and producing or feeding livestock or poultry or for use or 9 consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites. 10

11 9. Propagative materials for use in commercially producing 12 agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this 13 state. For the purposes of this paragraph, "propagative materials":

14 (a) Includes seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, liners, transplants, 15 cuttings, soil and plant additives, agricultural minerals, auxiliary soil 16 and plant substances, micronutrients, fertilizers, insecticides, 17 herbicides. fungicides, soil fumigants. desiccants. rodenticides. 18 adjuvants, plant nutrients and plant growth regulators.

19 (b) Except for use in commercially producing industrial hemp as 20 defined in section 3-311, does not include any propagative materials used 21 in producing any part, including seeds, of any plant of the genus 22 cannabis.

23 10. Tangible personal property not exceeding \$200 in any one month 24 purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits of the 25 United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.

26 11. Advertising supplements that are intended for sale with 27 newspapers published in this state and that have already been subjected to 28 an excise tax under the laws of another state in the United States that 29 equals or exceeds the tax imposed by this article.

30 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded 31 libraries, including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, 32 33 county or municipal libraries, for use by the public as follows:

34

(a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.

35

(b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.

36

13. Tangible personal property purchased by:

37 (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable 38 purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of 39 any private shareholder or individual.

40 (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of 41 this state.

42 (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential 43 care institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction 44 with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis

1 center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health 2 related services and is not used or held for profit.

3 (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 4 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization 5 solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable 6 services.

7 (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 8 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, 9 therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for 10 blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple 11 disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.

(f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.

(g) A person that is subject to tax under this chapter by reason of being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075, or a subcontractor working under the control of a person that is engaged in business classified under section 42-5075, if the tangible personal property is any of the following:

(i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into a structure,project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.

(ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any projectdescribed in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

26 (iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities 27 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

(h) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and
that has been provided a copy of a certificate described in section
42-5009, subsection L, if the property purchased is incorporated or
fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project,
development or improvement described in the certificate.

(i) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is purchased from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located outside this state.

37 (j) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 38 42-5001.

(k) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under
 section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves
 meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

42 (1) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging
43 classification if the property is a personal hygiene item or articles used
44 by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages,

1 which are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be 2 consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

3 (m) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a 4 nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 5 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential 6 apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a 7 facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible 8 personal property is used by the organization solely to provide 9 residential apartment housing for low-income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy. 10

11 (n) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined 12 in section 42-5001.

(o) A person representing or working on behalf of any person described in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (i), (j), (k), (m) or (n) of this paragraph, if the tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

18 14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code 19 section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in 20 or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future 21 delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the 22 United States commodity futures trading commission.

23

15. Tangible personal property sold by:

(a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively
 for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal
 revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

27 (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if 28 29 the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a 30 national touring professional golfing association and no part of the 31 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 32 shareholder or individual. This subdivision does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by 33 a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or 34 35 agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing 36 association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the 37 organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before 38 January 1, 2018 that were exempt from transaction privilege tax under 39 section 42-5073.

40 (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under 41 section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the 42 internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo 43 featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the 44 organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private 45 shareholder or individual. 1 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or 2 tent, regulator and tank, if prescribed by a member of the medical, dental 3 or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such 4 substances.

5 17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed 6 or recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise 7 professionally credentialed as a physician, dentist, podiatrist, 8 chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist.

9

18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.

10

19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.

11 12 Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
 Durable medical equipment that has a centers

12 21. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and 13 medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by 14 medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, 15 chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and 16 customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a 17 person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in 18 the home.

19 22. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 320 of this chapter and sections 42-5074 and 42-6017.

21 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture 22 coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 23 24 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments 25 26 issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 27 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code 28 section 1786).

29 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer 30 that is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own 31 consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.

32 25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a 33 business subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, 34 whether simple, mixed or compounded.

26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property that are acquired for use by or provided to a school district or charter school if they are to be either served or prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school in the school district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.

40 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, 41 chapter 5.1, article 1.

42 28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state 43 university or community college.

44 29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by 45 this state to encourage tourist travel. 1 30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer 2 felts, purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in 3 paper manufacturing.

4 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and 5 qualified environmental electricity purchased by а technology 6 manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and 7 directly used or consumed in generating or providing on-site power or 8 energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or 9 processing or environmental protection. This paragraph applies for twenty full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper 10 11 manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an 12 environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor that does not 13 manufacture paper, the time period begins with the date the first 14 manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

15 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor 16 vehicle dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:

17 (a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from
 18 taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.

19

(b) Public educational institutions.

20 (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state 21 university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the 22 benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

33. Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motorvehicle.

25 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are 26 only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in 27 section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined 28 in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be 29 more independent and functional.

30 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, 31 processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if 32 33 using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the 34 35 product is produced for the purpose of causing or allowing a chemical or 36 physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or 37 38 consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but 39 does not affect any exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise 40 provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" 41 means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding. 42

43 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the 44 premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety,
 the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.

3 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and 4 tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a 5 motor carrier that is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, 6 article 4 and that is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such a 7 property.

8 38. Tangible personal property that is or directly enters into and 9 becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan 10 identification cards.

11 39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is 12 used in performing a contract between the United States government and a 13 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in 14 performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is а 15 manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to 16 the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For the 17 purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, that is used or consumed in performing a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.

"Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any 25 (b) 26 person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to perform one or 27 more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's 28 29 obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken 30 or assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead 31 materials or other tangible personal property used in performing the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions 32 33 incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the 34 subcontract.

40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.

42 41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or 43 transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a 44 contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 45 42-5064. 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.

4 43. Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline 5 and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for 6 serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without 7 additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the 8 purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a 9 federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air 10 carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or 11 United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

12 44. Alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a 13 diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and 14 equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to 15 convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in 16 section 1-215.

17 45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the 18 business of:

19 (a) Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or 20 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that 21 pressurizes the pipeline.

(b) Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, and used or
 consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the
 conversion process.

25 46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or 26 deductible from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.

47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or
 installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities
 under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

48. Tangible personal property sold by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

49. Prepared food, drink or condiment donated by a restaurant as classified in section 42-5074, subsection A to a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.

50. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:

44 (a) "Application services" means software applications provided
 45 remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.

1 (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing 2 or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning 3 activities.

51. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.

8 52. Repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a 9 qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or 10 transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects 11 as defined in section 41-1516.

53. Renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power entity to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.

19 54. Coal acquired from an owner or operator of a power plant by a 20 person that is responsible for refining coal if both of the following 21 apply:

(a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for thepurpose of refining the coal.

(b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.

55. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual Native American Indian
 who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose
 benefit the Indian reservation was established.

38 (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits 39 of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and 40 occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that 41 are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of 42 the interior.

43 (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or 44 community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States 1 department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws 2 of the Indian tribe.

56. Cash equivalents, precious metal bullion and monetized bullion purchased by the ultimate consumer, but coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art are subject to tax, and tangible personal property that is purchased through the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a means of payment for goods that are subject to tax under this article is subject to tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

10 (a) "Cash equivalents" means items, whether or not negotiable, that 11 are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in 12 money is purchased in advance and that may be redeemed in full or in part 13 for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents 14 include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, vouchers, 15 traveler's checks, money orders or other tangible instruments or orders. 16 Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

17 (i) Items that are sold to one or more persons and through which a 18 value is not denominated in money.

19

(ii) Prepaid calling cards for telecommunications services.

20 (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that 21 are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or 22 are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United 23 States or a foreign nation.

(c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold,
 silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined
 so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.

B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this
section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also
exempt:

30 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing. 31 processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job 32 printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer 33 to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary 34 35 meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching. milling. 36 precipitating, smelting and refining.

2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.

3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business
classified under the telecommunications classification under section
42-5064, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a

1 person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and 2 consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private 3 branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment 4 including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that 5 are components of carrier systems.

6 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in 7 producing electrical or transmitting power. but not including 8 distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission 9 substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting 10 electrical power.

11 5. Machinery and equipment used directly for energy storage for 12 later electrical use. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Electric utility scale" means a person that is engaged in a
 business activity described in section 42-5063, subsection A or such
 person's equipment or wholesale electricity suppliers.

(b) "Energy storage" means commercially available technology for
 electric utility scale that is capable of absorbing energy, storing energy
 for a period of time and thereafter dispatching the energy and that uses
 mechanical, chemical or thermal processes to store energy.

20 (c) "Machinery and equipment used directly" means all machinery and 21 equipment that are used for electric energy storage from the point of 22 receipt of such energy in order to facilitate storage of the electric 23 energy to the point where the electric energy is released.

6. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

7. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.

32 8. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other 33 accessories and related equipment sold to:

(a) A person:

34

(i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal
 certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction
 with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for
 hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

(ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

44 (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation 45 for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be 1 used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, 2 interstate or foreign commerce.

3 (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for 4 compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that 5 meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 6 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air 7 carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a 8 restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, 9 regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code 10 11 of Federal Regulations.

(v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.

17

42

(b) Any foreign government.

18 (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not 19 use such property in this state other than in removing such property from 20 this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not 21 incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business 22 in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this 23 state and the property will not be used in this state other than in 24 removing the property from this state.

9. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

29 10. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used
 30 directly to transport persons or property.

31 11. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or 32 used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for 33 commercial purposes.

12. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used 34 directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a 35 36 governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program 37 and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of 38 convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental 39 40 entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to 41 provide urban mass transportation.

13. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.

43 14. Machinery and equipment consisting of agricultural aircraft,
 44 tractors, off-highway vehicles, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered
 45 implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and

machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 7 of this subsection and that are used for commercially producing agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

6 (a) "Off-highway vehicles" means off-highway vehicles as defined in 7 section 28-1171 that are modified at the time of sale to function as a 8 tractor or to tow tractor-drawn implements and that are not equipped with 9 a modified exhaust system to increase horsepower or speed or an engine 10 that is more than one thousand cubic centimeters or that have a maximum 11 speed of fifty miles per hour or less.

12 (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that 13 are electric-powered.

15. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For 14 the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and 15 16 applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, 17 developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including 18 research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for 19 20 machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function 21 effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing 22 quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales 23 promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, 24 computer software research that is not included in the definition of 25 research and development, or other nontechnological activities or 26 technical services.

27 16. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the 28 following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, 29 control or transmit telecommunications information:

30 (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission 31 service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.

32 (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both 33 of the following conditions are met:

(i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes,
transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or
on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data
transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal
Regulations part 25.

(ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.

For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date 1 on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission 2 service first transmits information to its customers.

3 17. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, 4 fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 15 of 5 this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this 6 paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an 7 environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and 8 are precisely controlled within specified parameters, contamination 9 without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated 10 11 into real property. Clean room:

12 (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable 13 partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to 14 reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, 15 chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing 16 tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in 17 conjunction with the clean room environment.

(b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovablecomponent of the building that houses the clean room environment.

18. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in feeding
poultry, environmentally controlling housing for poultry, moving eggs
within a production and packaging facility or sorting or cooling eggs.
This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.

24 19. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components 25 containment structures, that is employed in connection with and 26 manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, 27 natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that 28 29 is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental 30 31 protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the 32 Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air 33 For the purposes of this paragraph, "containment structure" 34 pollution. 35 means a structure that prevents, monitors, controls or reduces noxious or 36 harmful discharge into the environment.

20. Machinery and equipment that are used in commercially producing livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state, including production by a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.

21. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to 1 2 originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television 3 signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United 4 5 States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order 6 issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This 7 paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

8 (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or 9 equipment described in this paragraph.

10 (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or 11 equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under 12 this paragraph.

13 (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television 14 station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 15 2009. whichever occurs first.

16 22. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 17 2004 through June 30, <del>2024</del> 2034 by a qualified business under section 18 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed 19 from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for 20 this exemption, the qualified business must obtain and present its 21 certification from the Arizona commerce authority at the time of 22 purchase. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "QUALIFYING EQUIPMENT":

(a) MEANS EQUIPMENT THAT IS USED DIRECTLY FOR HARVESTING OR 23 PROCESSING QUALIFYING FOREST PRODUCTS AS DEFINED BY SECTION 41-1516 THAT 24 25 ARE REMOVED FROM A QUALIFYING PROJECT AS DEFINED BY SECTION 41-1516.

26

## (b) INCLUDES:

27 (i) FOREST THINNING AND RESIDUE REMOVAL EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING 28 MULCHING AND MASTICATING EQUIPMENT, FELLER-BUNCHERS, SKIDDERS, LOG 29 LOADERS, PORTABLE CHIPPERS AND GRINDERS, SLASH BUNDLERS, DELIMBERS, LOG TRAILERS, CHIP TRAILERS AND OTHER TRAILERS THAT ARE UNIQUELY DESIGNED FOR 30 31 HANDLING FOREST PRODUCTS AND THAT ARE LICENSED FOR OPERATION ON PUBLIC 32 HIGHWAYS.

(ii) FOREST RESIDUE RECEIVING AND HANDLING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING 33 34 TRUCK DUMPERS, LOG UNLOADERS, SCALES, LOG DECKING FACILITIES AND EQUIPMENT 35 AND CHIP PILE FACILITIES.

36 (iii) SORTING AND PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING PORTABLE AND 37 STATIONARY LOG LOADERS, FRONT-END LOADERS, FORKLIFTS AND CRANES, CHIPPERS AND GRINDERS, SCREENS, DECKS AND DEBARKERS, SAWS AND SAWMILL EQUIPMENT, 38 FIREWOOD PROCESSING, WOOD RESIDUE BALING AND BAGGING EQUIPMENT, KILNS, 39 40 PLANING AND MOLDING EQUIPMENT AND LAMINATING AND JOINING EQUIPMENT.

41 (iv) FOREST WASTE AND RESIDUE DISPOSAL AND PROCESSING EQUIPMENT, 42 INCLUDING PROCESSING AND SIZING EQUIPMENT, HOGS, CHIPPERS, SCREENS, 43 PELLETIZERS AND WOOD SPLITTERS, TRANSPORTING AND HANDLING EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING LOADERS, CONVEYORS, BLOWERS, RECEIVING HOPPERS, TRUCK DUMPERS 44 45 AND DOZERS, WASTE USE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING FUEL FEED, STORAGE BINS,

BOILERS AND COMBUSTORS, WASTE PROJECT USE EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING GENERATORS,
 SWITCHGEAR AND SUBSTATIONS AND ON-SITE DISTRIBUTION SYSTEMS, GENERATED
 WASTE DISPOSAL EQUIPMENT, INCLUDING ASH SILOS AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT AND
 DISPOSAL EQUIPMENT AND SHOP AND MAINTENANCE EQUIPMENT AND MAJOR SPARES
 HAVING A VALUE OF MORE THAN \$5,000 EACH.

6 (c) DOES NOT INCLUDE SELF-PROPELLED VEHICLES REQUIRED TO BE
7 LICENSED BY THIS STATE BUT MAY INCLUDE OTHER LICENSED VEHICLES AS PROVIDED
8 BY THIS PARAGRAPH.

9 23. Machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal 10 property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified 11 environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility 12 as described in section 41-1514.02. This paragraph applies for ten full 13 consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial 14 construction.

24. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or 15 16 qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by 17 the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized 18 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. 19 For 20 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data 21 center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation 22 tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

C. The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not include:

1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.

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2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.

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3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing
 activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in
 subsection B, paragraph 16 of this section.

5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 12 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.

38 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of
 39 whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.

40

7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.

41 8. Machinery and equipment or tangible personal property used by a 42 contractor in performing a contract. D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

1. Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.

9 2. Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation 10 11 services, electric transmission services and other services related to 12 providing electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax 13 imposed under section 42-5063 has been paid.

14 E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase of 15 solar energy devices from a retailer that is registered with the 16 department as a solar energy retailer or a solar energy contractor.

F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase priceof electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:

19 1. Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons 20 constructing residential. commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential, commercial or industrial 21 developments to a 22 municipal utility system or systems if the fees are segregated and used only for capital expansion, system enlargement or debt service of the 23 24 utility system or systems.

25 2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or 26 persons owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to 27 provide utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility 28 consumer if the property and equipment become the property of the utility. 29 This deduction shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.

30 G. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase 31 price of electricity, natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas by:

1. A qualified manufacturing or smelting business. A utility that claims this deduction shall report each month, on a form prescribed by the department, the name and address of each qualified manufacturing or smelting business for which this deduction is taken. This paragraph applies to gas transportation services. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Gas transportation services" means the services of
 transporting natural gas to a natural gas customer or to a natural gas
 distribution facility if the natural gas was purchased from a supplier
 other than the utility.

(b) "Manufacturing" means the performance as a business of an
integrated series of operations that places tangible personal property in
a form, composition or character different from that in which it was
acquired and transforms it into a different product with a distinctive

1 name, character or use. Manufacturing does not include job printing, 2 publishing, packaging, mining, generating electricity or operating a 3 restaurant.

4 (c) "Qualified manufacturing or smelting business" means one of the 5 following:

6 (i) A business that manufactures or smelts tangible products in 7 this state, of which at least fifty-one percent of the manufactured or 8 smelted products will be exported out of state for incorporation into 9 another product or sold out of state for a final sale.

10 (ii) A business that derives at least fifty-one percent of its 11 gross income from the sale of manufactured or smelted products 12 manufactured or smelted by the business.

13 (iii) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of its square 14 footage in this state for manufacturing or smelting and business 15 activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.

(iv) A business that employs at least fifty-one percent of its
 workforce in this state in manufacturing or smelting and business
 activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.

(v) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of the value of its capitalized assets in this state, as reflected on the business's books and records, for manufacturing or smelting and business activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.

(d) "Smelting" means to melt or fuse a metalliferous mineral, often
 with an accompanying chemical change, usually to separate the metal.

25 2. A business that operates an international operations center in 26 this state and that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority 27 pursuant to section 41-1520.

H. A city or town may exempt proceeds from sales of paintings, sculptures or similar works of fine art if such works of fine art are sold by the original artist. For the purposes of this subsection, fine art does not include an art creation such as jewelry, macrame, glasswork, pottery, woodwork, metalwork, furniture or clothing if the art creation has a dual purpose, both aesthetic and utilitarian, whether sold by the artist or by another person.

35

I. For the purposes of subsection B of this section:

36 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for 37 agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or 38 for aerial seeding.

39

2. "Aircraft" includes:

40 (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal
41 aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator
42 under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.

(b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or
attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a
certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

1 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft 2 accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically 3 contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

J. For the purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service", electric transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings prescribed in section 42-5063.

8 Sec. 5. Section 42–12006, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 9 read:

10

42-12006. Class six property

11 For the purposes of taxation, class six is established consisting 12 of:

1. Noncommercial historic property as defined in section 42-12101
 and valued at full cash value.

15 2. Real and personal property that is located within the area of a 16 foreign trade zone or subzone established under 19 United States Code 17 sections 81a through 81u and title 44, chapter 18, that is activated for 18 foreign trade zone use by the district director of the United States customs service pursuant to 19 Code of Federal Regulations section 146.6 19 20 and that is valued at full cash value. Property that is classified under 21 this paragraph shall not thereafter be classified under paragraph 6 of 22 this section.

3. Real and personal property and improvements that are located in a military reuse zone that is established under title 41, chapter 10, article 3 and that is devoted to providing aviation or aerospace services or to manufacturing, assembling or fabricating aviation or aerospace products, valued at full cash value and subject to the following terms and conditions:

(a) Property may not be classified under this paragraph for morethan five tax years.

31 (b) Any new addition or improvement to property already classified 32 under this paragraph qualifies separately for classification under this 33 paragraph for not more than five tax years.

34 (c) If a military reuse zone is terminated, the property in that 35 zone that was previously classified under this paragraph shall be 36 reclassified as prescribed by this article.

37 (d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not38 thereafter be classified under paragraph 6 of this section.

4. Real and personal property and improvements or a portion of such
property comprising an environmental technology manufacturing, producing
or processing facility that qualified under section 41-1514.02, valued at
full cash value and subject to the following terms and conditions:

43 (a) Property shall be classified under this paragraph for twenty44 tax years from the date placed in service.

1 (b) Any addition or improvement to property already classified 2 under this paragraph qualifies separately for classification under this 3 subdivision for an additional twenty tax years from the date placed in 4 service.

5 (c) After revocation of certification under section 41-1514.02, 6 property that was previously classified under this paragraph shall be 7 reclassified as prescribed by this article.

8 (d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not 9 thereafter be classified under paragraph 6 of this section.

5. That portion of real and personal property that is used on or 10 11 after January 1, 1999 specifically and solely for remediation of the environment by an action that has been determined to be reasonable and 12 13 necessary to respond to the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance by the department of environmental quality pursuant to section 14 15 49-282.06 or pursuant to its corrective action authority under rules 16 adopted pursuant to section 49-922, subsection B, paragraph 4 or by the 17 United States environmental protection agency pursuant to the national 18 contingency plan (40 Code of Federal Regulations part 300) and that is valued at full cash value. Property that is not being used specifically 19 20 and solely for the remediation objectives described in this paragraph 21 shall not be classified under this paragraph. For the purposes of this 22 paragraph, "remediation of the environment" means one or more of the 23 following actions:

24 (a) Monitoring, assessing or evaluating the release or threatened 25 release.

26 (b) Excavating, removing, transporting, treating and disposing of 27 contaminated soil.

28

(c) Pumping and treating contaminated water.

29 (d) Treating, containing or removing of contaminants in groundwater 30 or soil.

31 6. Real and personal property and improvements constructed or installed from and after December 31, 2004 through December 31, <del>2024</del> 2034 32 33 and owned by a qualified business under section 41-1516 and used solely for the purpose of harvesting, transporting or processing qualifying 34 35 forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 36 41-1516. The classification under this paragraph is subject to the 37 following terms and conditions:

38 (a) Property may be initially classified under this paragraph only
 39 in valuation years 2005 through 2024 2034.

40 (b) Property may not be classified under this paragraph for more 41 than five years.

42 (c) Any new addition or improvement, constructed or installed from 43 and after December 31, 2004 through December 31, <del>2024</del> 2034, to property 44 already classified under this paragraph qualifies separately for 1 classification and assessment under this paragraph for not more than five 2 years.

3 (d) Property that is classified under this paragraph shall not
4 thereafter be classified under paragraph 2, 3 or 4 of this section.

5 7. Real and personal property and improvements to the property that 6 are used specifically and solely to manufacture from and after December 7 31, 2006 through December 31, 2023 biodiesel fuel that is one hundred 8 percent biodiesel and its by-products or motor vehicle biofuel and its 9 by-products and that are valued at full cash value. This paragraph applies only to the portion of property that is used specifically for 10 11 manufacturing and processing one hundred per cent PERCENT biodiesel fuel, 12 or its related by-products, or motor vehicle biofuel, or its related 13 by-products, from raw feedstock obtained from off-site sources, including 14 necessary on-site storage facilities that are intrinsically associated with the manufacturing process. Any other commercial or industrial use 15 16 disqualifies the entire property from classification under this paragraph. 17 For the purposes of this paragraph, "motor vehicle biofuel" means a solid, 18 liquid or gaseous fuel that is derived from biological material such as 19 plant or animal matter, excluding organic material that has been 20 transformed by geological processes into substances such as coal or 21 petroleum or derivatives thereof, and that:

(a) Contains fuel additives in compliance with federal and statelaw.

24

(b) Is manufactured exclusively for use in a motor vehicle.

25 8. Real and personal property and improvements that are used for 26 renewable energy manufacturing or headquarters operations as provided by section 42-12057. This paragraph applies only to property that is used in 27 manufacturing and headquarters operations of renewable energy companies, 28 29 including necessary on-site research and development, testing and storage facilities that are associated with the manufacturing process. 30 Up to ten 31 percent of the aggregate full cash value of the property may be derived from uses that are ancillary to and intrinsically associated with the 32 manufacturing process or headquarters operation. Any additional ancillary 33 34 property is not qualified for classification under this paragraph. No new 35 properties may be classified pursuant to this paragraph from and after 36 December 31, 2014. Property that is classified under this paragraph shall 37 not thereafter be classified under any other paragraph of this section.

38 Sec. 6. Section 43-1076.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 39 read:

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43-1076.01. <u>Healthy forest production tax credit; definitions</u>

41 A. For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2020, a 42 credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for processing 43 qualifying forest products. 1 B. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit if all of the following 2 apply:

3 4

5

1. The taxpayer has a current healthy forest enterprise incentive certification and memorandum of understanding with the Arizona commerce authority pursuant to UNDER section 41-1516.

6 2. The taxpayer processes qualifying forest products from a 7 qualifying project from and after December 31, 2020 and before January 1, 8 2031.

9 3. The facility that processes qualifying forest products is 10 located within this state.

11 C. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit for the calendar year in 12 which the qualifying project processes qualifying forest products pursuant 13 to subsection B of this section.

D. If the allowable credit under this section exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title for not more than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability.

E. The credit authorized by this section is based on the number of tons of qualifying forest products that a taxpayer processes during a calendar year. For a taxpayer who files on a fiscal year basis, the credit shall be claimed on the return for the taxable year in which the calendar year ends.

F. Subject to subsection H of this section, the amount of the credit is \$10,000 for the first twenty thousand tons and \$5,000 for every ten thousand tons thereafter of qualifying forest products the taxpayer processes in the calendar year.

G. To be eligible for the credit under this section, the taxpayer must apply to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for certification of the credit. The department shall accept applications beginning January 2 through January 31 of the year following the calendar year for which the credit is being requested. The application shall include:

1. The taxpayer's name, address and social security number or federal employer identification number.

36 2. The location of the taxpayer's facility that processes37 qualifying forest products for which the credit is claimed.

38

3. The amount of the credit that is claimed.

39 4. The date the taxpayer began processing commercially marketable40 amounts of qualifying forest products.

41

5. Any additional information that the department requires.

H. The department shall review each application under subsection G
of this section and certify to the taxpayer the amount of the credit
authorized. The amount of the credit for any calendar year may not exceed
\$500,000 per taxpayer who processes qualifying forest products. Credits

are allowed under this section and section 43–1162 on a first-come, first-served basis. The department may not authorize tax credits under this section and section 43–1162 that exceed in the aggregate a total of \$2,000,000 for any calendar year.

5 I. The first time a taxpayer submits a qualified application under 6 subsection G of this section, the department shall add the taxpayer's name 7 a credit authorization list in the order in which qualified to 8 applications are first received by the department on behalf of the 9 taxpayer. A taxpayer's position on the credit authorization list shall be determined in the first year the taxpayer submits an application under 10 11 subsection G of this section for processing qualifying forest products. 12 The taxpayer's position on the list shall remain unchanged for the 13 remainder of the period specified in subsection B, paragraph 2 of this 14 section or until a year in which the taxpayer fails to submit a timely application under subsection G of this section or otherwise fails to 15 16 comply with this section. If a taxpayer is removed from the credit 17 authorization list for processing qualifying forest products, the taxpayer 18 may establish a new position on the credit authorization list in a 19 subsequent year by filing a timely application for processing qualifying 20 forest products that qualifies for the credit.

21 J. If an application is received that, if authorized, would require 22 the department to exceed the \$2,000,000 limit, the department shall grant 23 the applicant only the remaining credit amount that would not exceed the 24 \$2,000,000 limit. After the department authorizes \$2,000,000 in tax 25 credits, the department shall deny any subsequent applications received 26 for that calendar year. The department may not authorize any additional 27 tax credits that exceed the \$2,000,000 limit even if the amounts that have 28 been certified to any taxpayer were not claimed or a taxpayer otherwise 29 fails to meet the requirements to claim the additional credit.

K. Co-owners of a facility that processes qualifying forest products, including partners in a partnership and shareholders of an S corporation as defined in section 1361 of the internal revenue code, may each claim the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners who process qualifying forest products may not exceed the amount that would have been allowed for a sole owner.

37 L. The department shall adopt rules and publish and prescribe forms
 38 and procedures as necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

39

M. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Processed" "PROCESSES" or "processing" means any change in the physical structure of qualifying forest products removed from a qualifying project into a marketable commercial product or component of a product that has commercial value to a consumer or purchaser and that is ready to be used with or without further altering its form.

1 2. "Qualifying forest products" means qualifying forest products as 2 defined in section 41-1516 that are sourced within this state. 3 3. "Qualifying project" has the same meaning prescribed in section 4 41-1516. 5 Sec. 7. Section 43-1162, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 6 read: 7 43-1162. Healthy forest production tax credit; definitions 8 A. For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2020, a 9 credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this title for processing 10 qualifying forest products. 11 Β. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit if all of the following 12 apply: 13 1. The taxpayer has a current healthy forest enterprise incentive 14 certification and memorandum of understanding with the Arizona commerce 15 authority pursuant to UNDER section 41-1516. 16 2. The taxpayer processes qualifying forest products from a 17 qualifying project from and after December 31, 2020 and before January 1, 18 2031. 19 3. The facility that processes qualifying forest products is located within this state. 20 21 C. The taxpayer is eligible for the credit for the calendar year in 22 which the qualifying project processes qualifying forest products pursuant 23 to subsection B of this section. 24 D. If the allowable credit under this section exceeds the taxes otherwise due under this title on the claimant's income, or if there are 25 26 no taxes due under this title, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount of the claim not used to offset the taxes under this title for not more 27 than five consecutive taxable years' income tax liability. 28 29 E. The credit authorized by this section is based on the number of 30 tons of qualifying forest products that a taxpayer processes during a 31 calendar year. For a taxpayer that files on a fiscal year basis, the credit shall be claimed on the return for the taxable year in which the 32 33 calendar year ends. F. Subject to subsection H of this section, the amount of the 34 35 credit is \$10,000 for the first twenty thousand tons and \$5,000 for every 36 ten thousand tons thereafter of qualifying forest products the taxpayer 37 processes in the calendar year. 38 G. To be eligible for the credit under this section, the taxpayer 39 must apply to the department, on a form prescribed by the department, for 40 certification of the credit. The department shall accept applications 41 beginning January 2 through January 31 of the year following the calendar 42 year for which the credit is being requested. The application shall 43 include: 44 The taxpayer's name, address and social security number or 1. 45 federal employer identification number.

1 2. The location of the taxpayer's facility that processes 2 qualifying forest products for which the credit is claimed.

3

3. The amount of the credit that is claimed.

4 4. The date the taxpayer began processing commercially marketable 5 amounts of qualifying forest products.

6

5. Any additional information that the department requires.

7 H. The department shall review each application under subsection G 8 of this section and certify to the taxpayer the amount of the credit 9 authorized. The amount of the credit for any calendar year may not exceed \$500,000 per taxpayer that processes qualifying forest products. Credits 10 11 are allowed under this section and section 43-1076.01 on a first-come, 12 first-served basis. The department may not authorize tax credits under 13 this section and section 43-1076.01 that exceed in the aggregate a total 14 of \$2,000,000 for any calendar year.

I. The first time a taxpayer submits a qualified application under 15 16 subsection G of this section, the department shall add the taxpayer's name 17 to a credit authorization list in the order in which qualified 18 applications are first received by the department on behalf of the 19 taxpayer. A taxpayer's position on the credit authorization list shall be 20 determined in the first year the taxpayer submits an application under 21 subsection G of this section for processing qualifying forest products. 22 The taxpayer's position on the list shall remain unchanged for the 23 remainder of the period specified in subsection B, paragraph 2 of this 24 section or until a year in which the taxpayer fails to submit a timely 25 application under subsection G of this section or otherwise fails to 26 comply with this section. If a taxpayer is removed from the credit 27 authorization list for processing qualifying forest products, the taxpayer may establish a new position on the credit authorization list in a 28 29 subsequent year by filing a timely application for processing qualifying 30 forest products that qualifies for the credit.

31 J. If an application is received that, if authorized, would require 32 the department to exceed the \$2,000,000 limit, the department shall grant the applicant only the remaining credit amount that would not exceed the 33 \$2,000,000 limit. After the department authorizes \$2,000,000 in tax 34 35 credits, the department shall deny any subsequent applications received 36 for that calendar year. The department may not authorize any additional 37 tax credits that exceed the \$2,000,000 limit even if the amounts that have 38 been certified to any taxpayer were not claimed or a taxpayer otherwise 39 fails to meet the requirements to claim the additional credit.

40 K. Co-owners of a facility that processes qualifying forest 41 products, including corporate partners in a partnership, may each claim 42 the pro rata share of the credit allowed under this section based on 43 ownership interest. The total of the credits allowed all such owners that 44 process qualifying forest products may not exceed the amount that would 45 have been allowed for a sole owner. 1 L. The department shall adopt rules and publish and prescribe forms 2 and procedures as necessary to effectuate the purposes of this section.

3

M. For the purposes of this section:

1. "Processed" "PROCESSES" or "processing" means any change in the physical structure of qualifying forest products removed from a qualifying project into a marketable commercial product or component of a product that has commercial value to a consumer or purchaser and that is ready to be used with or without further altering its form.

9 2. "Qualifying forest products" means qualifying forest products as 10 defined in section 41-1516 that are sourced within this state.

11 3. "Qualifying project" has the same meaning prescribed in section 12 41-1516.

13 Sec. 8. <u>Retroactivity</u>

14 This act applies retroactively to from and after December 31, 2023.