REFERENCE TITLE: drinking water standards; pollutants

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

SB 1245

Introduced by

Senators Sundareshan: Alston, Bravo, Burch, Diaz, Epstein, Fernandez, Gabaldón, Gonzales, Hatathlie, Hernandez, Marsh, Mendez, Miranda; Representatives De Los Santos, Gutierrez, Mathis, Terech, Villegas

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 49-104 AND 49-223, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ENVIRONMENT.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 49-104, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read: 49-104. Powers and duties of the department and director 4 5 A. The department shall: 6 1. Formulate policies, plans and programs to implement this title 7 to protect the environment. 8 2. Stimulate and encourage all local, state, regional and federal 9 governmental agencies and all private persons and enterprises that have 10 similar and related objectives and purposes, cooperate with those 11 agencies, persons and enterprises and correlate department plans, programs 12 and operations with those of the agencies, persons and enterprises. 13 3. Conduct research on its own initiative or at the request of the governor, the legislature or state or local agencies pertaining to any 14 15 department objectives. 16 4. Provide information and advice on request of any local, state or 17 federal agencies and private persons and business enterprises on matters 18 within the scope of the department. 19 5. Consult with and make recommendations to the governor and the 20 legislature on all matters concerning department objectives. 21 6. Promote and coordinate the management of air resources to ensure 22 their protection, enhancement and balanced utilization USE consistent with 23 the environmental policy of this state. 24 7. Promote and coordinate the protection and enhancement of the 25 quality of water resources consistent with the environmental policy of 26 this state. 27 8. Encourage industrial, commercial, residential and community 28 development that maximizes environmental benefits and minimizes the 29 effects of less desirable environmental conditions. 30 9. Ensure the preservation and enhancement of natural beauty and 31 man-made scenic qualities. 10. Provide for the prevention and abatement of all water and air 32 33 pollution including that related to particulates, gases, dust, vapors, noise, radiation, odor, nutrients and heated liquids in accordance with 34 35 article 3 of this chapter and chapters 2 and 3 of this title. 36 11. Promote and recommend methods for the recovery, recycling and 37 reuse or, if recycling is not possible, the disposal of solid wastes consistent with sound health, scenic and environmental quality policies. 38 39 The department shall report annually on its revenues and expenditures 40 relating to the solid and hazardous waste programs overseen or 41 administered by the department. 42 12. Prevent pollution through the regulation of REGULATING the 43 storage, handling and transportation of solids, liquids and gases that may 44 cause or contribute to pollution.

1 13. Promote the restoration and reclamation of degraded or 2 despoiled areas and natural resources.

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14. Participate in the state civil defense program and develop the 4 necessary organization and facilities to meet wartime or other disasters.

5 15. Cooperate with the Arizona-Mexico commission in the governor's 6 office and with researchers at universities in this state to collect data 7 and conduct projects in the United States and Mexico on issues that are 8 within the scope of the department's duties and that relate to quality of 9 life, trade and economic development in this state in a manner that will 10 help the Arizona-Mexico commission to assess and enhance the economic competitiveness of this state and of the Arizona-Mexico region. 11

12 16. Unless specifically authorized by the legislature, ensure that 13 state laws, rules, standards, permits, variances and orders are adopted and construed to be consistent with and no more stringent than the 14 15 corresponding federal law that addresses the same subject matter. This 16 paragraph does not adversely affect standards adopted by an Indian tribe 17 under federal law.

18 17. 16. Provide administrative and staff support for the oil and 19 gas conservation commission.

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B. The department, through the director, shall:

21 1. Contract for the services of outside advisers, consultants and 22 aides reasonably necessary or desirable to enable the department to 23 adequately perform its duties.

24 2. Contract and incur obligations reasonably necessary or desirable 25 within the general scope of department activities and operations to enable 26 the department to adequately perform its duties.

27 3. Utilize USE any medium of communication, publication and 28 exhibition when disseminating information, advertising and publicity in 29 any field of its purposes, objectives or duties.

30 4. Adopt procedural rules that are necessary to implement the 31 authority granted under this title, but that are not inconsistent with other provisions of this title. 32

33 5. Contract with other agencies, including laboratories, in 34 furthering any department program.

35 6. Use monies, facilities or services to provide matching 36 contributions under federal or other programs that further the objectives 37 and programs of the department.

7. Accept gifts, grants, matching monies or direct payments from 38 public or private agencies or private persons and enterprises for 39 department services and publications and to conduct programs that are 40 41 consistent with the general purposes and objectives of this chapter. Monies received pursuant to this paragraph shall be deposited in the 42 43 department fund corresponding to the service, publication or program 44 provided.

1 8. Provide for the examination of any premises if the director has 2 reasonable cause to believe that a violation of any environmental law or 3 rule exists or is being committed on the premises. The director shall 4 give the owner or operator the opportunity for its representative to 5 accompany the director on an examination of those premises. Within 6 forty-five days after the date of the examination, the department shall 7 provide to the owner or operator a copy of any report produced as a result 8 of any examination of the premises.

9 9. Supervise sanitary engineering facilities and projects in this 10 state, authority for which is vested in the department, and own or lease 11 land on which sanitary engineering facilities are located, and operate the 12 facilities, if the director determines that owning, leasing or operating 13 is necessary for the public health, safety or welfare.

14 10. Adopt and enforce rules relating to approving design documents 15 for constructing, improving and operating sanitary engineering and other 16 facilities for disposing of solid, liquid or gaseous deleterious matter.

17 11. Define and prescribe reasonably necessary rules regarding the 18 water supply, sewage disposal and garbage collection and disposal for 19 subdivisions. The rules shall:

20 (a) Provide for minimum sanitary facilities to be installed in the 21 subdivision and may require that water systems plan for future needs and 22 be of adequate size and capacity to deliver specified minimum quantities 23 of drinking water and to treat all sewage.

(b) Provide that the design documents showing or describing the water supply, sewage disposal and garbage collection facilities be submitted with a fee to the department for review and that no lots in any subdivision be offered for sale before compliance with the standards and rules has been demonstrated by approval of the design documents by the department.

12. Prescribe reasonably necessary measures to prevent pollution of 30 31 water used in public or semipublic swimming pools and bathing places and 32 to prevent deleterious conditions at those places. The rules shall 33 prescribe minimum standards for the design of and for sanitary conditions at any public or semipublic swimming pool or bathing place and provide for 34 35 abatement as public nuisances of premises and facilities that do not 36 comply with the minimum standards. The rules shall be developed in cooperation with the director of the department of health services and 37 38 shall be consistent with the rules adopted by the director of the department of health services pursuant to section 36-136, subsection I, 39 40 paragraph 10.

13. Prescribe reasonable rules regarding sewage collection,
treatment, disposal and reclamation systems to prevent the transmission of
sewage borne or insect borne diseases. The rules shall:

1 (a) Prescribe minimum standards for the design of sewage collection 2 systems and treatment, disposal and reclamation systems and for operating 3 the systems.

4 (b) Provide for inspecting the premises, systems and installations 5 and for abating as a public nuisance any collection system, process, 6 treatment plant, disposal system or reclamation system that does not 7 comply with the minimum standards.

8 (c) Require that design documents for all sewage collection 9 systems, sewage collection system extensions, treatment plants, processes, 10 devices, equipment, disposal systems, on-site wastewater treatment 11 facilities and reclamation systems be submitted with a fee for review to 12 the department and may require that the design documents anticipate and 13 provide for future sewage treatment needs.

(d) Require that construction, reconstruction, installation or initiation of any sewage collection system, sewage collection system extension, treatment plant, process, device, equipment, disposal system, on-site wastewater treatment facility or reclamation system conform with applicable requirements.

Prescribe reasonably necessary rules regarding excreta storage,
 handling, treatment, transportation and disposal. The rules may:

(a) Prescribe minimum standards for human excreta storage, handling, treatment, transportation and disposal and shall provide for inspection of premises, processes and vehicles and for abating as public nuisances any premises, processes or vehicles that do not comply with the minimum standards.

26 (b) Provide that vehicles transporting human excreta from privies, septic tanks, cesspools and other treatment processes shall be licensed by 27 the department subject to compliance with the rules. The department may 28 29 require payment of a fee as a condition of licensure. The department may establish by rule a fee as a condition of licensure, including a maximum 30 31 fee. As part of the rulemaking process, there must be public notice and comment and a review of the rule by the joint legislative budget 32 committee. The department shall not increase that fee by rule without 33 specific statutory authority for the increase. The fees shall be 34 deposited, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the solid waste fee 35 36 fund established by section 49-881.

15. Perform the responsibilities of implementing and maintaining a data automation management system to support the reporting requirements of title III of the superfund amendments and reauthorization act of 1986 (P.L. 99-499) and article 2 of this chapter.

41 16. Approve remediation levels pursuant to article 4 of this 42 chapter.

17. Establish or revise fees by rule pursuant to the authority
granted under title 44, chapter 9, article 8 and chapters 4 and 5 of this
title for the department to adequately perform its duties. All fees shall

be fairly assessed and impose the least burden and cost to the parties subject to the fees. In establishing or revising fees, the department shall base the fees on:

4 (a) The direct and indirect costs of the department's relevant 5 duties, including employee salaries and benefits, professional and outside 6 services, equipment, in-state travel and other necessary operational 7 expenses directly related to issuing licenses as defined in title 41, 8 chapter 6 and enforcing the requirements of the applicable regulatory 9 program.

10 11 (b) The availability of other funds for the duties performed.

(c) The impact of the fees on the parties subject to the fees.

12 (d) The fees charged for similar duties performed by the 13 department, other agencies and the private sector.

14 18. Appoint a person with a background in oil and gas conservation 15 to act on behalf of the oil and gas conservation commission and administer 16 and enforce the applicable provisions of title 27, chapter 4 relating to 17 the oil and gas conservation commission.

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C. The department may:

19 1. Charge fees to cover the costs of all permits and inspections it 20 performs to ensure compliance with rules adopted under section 49-203, 21 except that state agencies are exempt from paying those fees that are not 22 associated with the dredge and fill permit program established pursuant to 23 chapter 2, article 3.2 of this title. For services provided under the 24 dredge and fill permit program, a state agency shall pay either:

25 (a) The fees established by the department under the dredge and 26 fill permit program.

(b) The reasonable cost of services provided by the departmentpursuant to an interagency service agreement.

2. Monies collected pursuant to this subsection shall be deposited,
30 pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, in the water quality fee fund
31 established by section 49-210.

3. Contract with private consultants for the purposes of assisting 32 33 the department in reviewing applications for licenses, permits or other authorizations to determine whether an applicant meets the criteria for 34 issuance of the license, permit or other authorization. If the department 35 36 contracts with a consultant under this paragraph, an applicant may request 37 that the department expedite the application review by requesting that the department use the services of the consultant and by agreeing to pay the 38 department the costs of the consultant's services. 39 Notwithstanding any 40 other law, monies paid by applicants for expedited reviews pursuant to 41 this paragraph are appropriated to the department for use in paying consultants for services. 42

1 D. The director may: 2 If the director has reasonable cause to believe that a violation 1. 3 of any environmental law or rule exists or is being committed, inspect any 4 person or property in transit through this state and any vehicle in which 5 the person or property is being transported and detain or disinfect the 6 person, property or vehicle as reasonably necessary to protect the 7 environment if a violation exists. 8 2. Authorize in writing any qualified officer or employee in the 9 department to perform any act that the director is authorized or required 10 to do by law. 11 Sec. 2. Section 49-223, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read: 13 49-223. Aquifer water quality standards Primary drinking water maximum contaminant levels established by 14 Α. the administrator before August 13, 1986 are adopted as drinking water 15 16 aquifer water quality standards. The director may only adopt additional 17 aquifer water quality standards by rule. Within one year after the 18 administrator establishes additional primary drinking water maximum 19 contaminant levels, the director shall open a rule making RULEMAKING 20 docket pursuant to section 41-1021 for adoption of TO ADOPT those maximum 21 contaminant levels as drinking water aquifer water quality standards. If 22 substantial opposition is demonstrated in the rule making RULEMAKING 23 docket regarding a particular constituent, the director may adopt for that 24 constituent the maximum contaminant level as a drinking water aquifer 25 water quality standard upon ON making a finding that this level is 26 appropriate for adoption in Arizona as an aquifer water quality standard. 27 In making this finding, the director shall consider whether the costs, 28 assumptions about technologies, sampling and analytical 29 methodologies and public health risk reduction used by the administrator 30 developing and implementing the maximum contaminant level in are 31 appropriate for establishing a drinking water aquifer water quality

32 standard. For purposes of this subsection "substantial opposition" means 33 information submitted to the director that explains with reasonable 34 specificity why the maximum contaminant level is not appropriate as an 35 aquifer water quality standard.

36 B. The director may adopt by rule numeric drinking water aquifer 37 water quality standards for pollutants for which the administrator has not 38 established primary drinking water maximum contaminant levels or for which a maximum contaminant level has been established but the director has 39 40 determined it to be inappropriate as an aquifer water quality standard 41 pursuant to subsection A of this section. These standards shall be based on the protection of human health. In establishing numeric drinking water 42 43 aquifer water quality standards, the director shall rely on technical 44 protocols appropriate for the development of aquifer water quality 1 standards and shall base the standards on credible medical and 2 toxicological evidence that has been subjected to peer review.

C. NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, THE DIRECTOR SHALL
ESTABLISH DRINKING WATER AQUIFER WATER QUALITY STANDARDS FOR THE FOLLOWING
POLLUTANTS:

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1. PERFLUOROOCTANESULFONIC ACID.

2. PERFLUOROOCTANOIC ACID.

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4. 1,4 DIOXANE.

3. CHROMIUM-6.

105. OTHER SUBSTANCES THAT ARE CATEGORIZED AS PERFLUOROALKYL AND11POLYFLUOROALKYL SUBSTANCES AND THAT ARE DETECTED IN A SYSTEM THAT IS12CLASSIFIED AS A PUBLIC WATER SYSTEM AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 49-352.

13D. IN DEVELOPING THE DRINKING WATER AQUIFER WATER QUALITY STANDARDS14PRESCRIBED BY SUBSECTION C OF THIS SECTION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:

15 1. REVIEW THE STANDARDS AND MAXIMUM CONTAMINANT LEVELS ADOPTED IN 16 OTHER STATES AND CONSIDER ADOPTING STANDARDS FOR ANY POLLUTANT FOR WHICH 17 TWO OR MORE OTHER STATES HAVE ADOPTED STANDARDS OR OTHERWISE ISSUED 18 GUIDANCE.

2. REVIEW STUDIES AND SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE THAT WERE REVIEWED BY
 OTHER STATES, INFORMATION FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND
 HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY FOR TOXIC SUBSTANCES AND DISEASE REGISTRY, RECENT
 PEER-REVIEWED SCIENCE AND INDEPENDENT OR OTHER GOVERNMENT AGENCY STUDIES.

ADOPT STANDARDS THAT ARE PROTECTIVE OF PUBLIC HEALTH, INCLUDING
 VULNERABLE SUBPOPULATIONS SUCH AS PREGNANT WOMEN, NURSING MOTHERS, INFANTS
 AND CHILDREN.

ANNUALLY REVIEW THE LATEST PEER-REVIEWED SCIENCE AND INDEPENDENT
OR GOVERNMENT AGENCY STUDIES AND UNDERTAKE ADDITIONAL RULEMAKING IF
NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THIS SECTION.

29 c. E. Any person may petition the director to adopt a numeric drinking water aquifer quality standard for any pollutant for which no 30 31 drinking water aquifer quality standard exists. The director shall grant the petition and institute rule making RULEMAKING proceedings adopting a 32 numeric standard as provided under subsection B of this section within one 33 hundred eighty days if the petition shows that the pollutant is a toxic 34 35 pollutant, that the pollutant has been, or may in the future be, detected 36 in any of the state's drinking water aquifers, and that there exists 37 technical information on which a numeric standard might reasonably be 38 based. Within one year of the commencement of COMMENCING the rule making 39 RULEMAKING proceeding, the director shall either adopt a numeric standard 40 or make and publish a finding that, pursuant to subsection B of this 41 section. the development of DEVELOPING a numeric standard is not 42 possible. The decision to not adopt a numeric standard shall, for 43 purposes of judicial review, be treated in the same manner as a rule 44 adopted pursuant to title 41, chapter 6.

D. F. For purposes of assessing compliance with each aquifer water quality standard adopted pursuant to this section, the director shall for purposes of articles 3 and 4 of this chapter, and may for purposes of other provisions of this title, identify sampling and analytical protocols appropriate for detecting and measuring the pollutant in the aquifers in the state.

7 E. G. Within one year from the reclassification of AFTER 8 RECLASSIFYING an aquifer to a non-drinking water status, pursuant to 9 section 49-224, the director shall adopt water quality standards for that aquifer. For any pollutants which THAT were not the basis for the 10 11 reclassification, the applicable standard shall be identical with the 12 standard for those pollutants adopted pursuant to subsections A and B of 13 this section. For any pollutants which THAT were the basis for 14 reclassification, the standard shall be sufficient to achieve the purpose for which the aquifer was reclassified but shall minimize unnecessary 15 16 degradation of the aquifer by taking into consideration the potential 17 long-term uses of the aquifer and the short-term and long-term benefits of 18 the activities resulting in discharges into the aquifer.

H. The director shall adopt water quality standards for an aquifer for which a petition has been submitted pursuant to section 49-224, subsection D sufficient to achieve the non-drinking water use for which that aquifer was classified, taking into consideration the potential long-term uses of that aquifer and the short-term and long-term benefits of the discharging activities creating that aquifer.

6. I. In any action pursuant to this title, aquifer water quality protection provisions, including monitoring requirements, may be imposed only for pollutants for which aquifer water quality standards have been established AND that are likely to be present in a discharge. Indicator parameters and quality assurance parameters appropriate for such pollutants also may be specified.