REFERENCE TITLE: involuntary treatment; guardians; agents; rights.

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

SB 1350

Introduced by Senators Miranda: Alston, Diaz, Hatathlie, Hernandez, Shope; Representative Hernandez C

AN ACT

AMENDING TITLE 36, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 36-504.01; AMENDING TITLE 36, CHAPTER 5, ARTICLE 4, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 36-521.02; AMENDING SECTIONS 36-523, 36-536 AND 36-540, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO MENTAL HEALTH SERVICES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Title 36, chapter 5, article 2, Arizona Revised 3 Statutes, is amended by adding section 36-504.01, to read: 4 36-504.01. <u>Guardians and agents; rights in proceedings</u> 5 GUARDIANS AND AGENTS WHO MAY HAVE DECISIONAL AUTHORITY TO MAKE 6 PERSONAL, MEDICAL AND TREATMENT DECISIONS FOR A PATIENT PURSUANT TO AN 7 ORDER OF THE COURT OR PURSUANT TO A VALIDLY EXECUTED MENTAL HEALTH POWER 8 OF ATTORNEY IN WHICH THE PRINCIPAL HAS BEEN FOUND INCAPABLE OF GIVING 9 INFORMED CONSENT HAVE THE FOLLOWING RIGHTS IN ANY PROCEEDINGS UNDER THIS 10 ARTICLE REGARDING INVOLUNTARY TREATMENT OF THE PATIENT: 11 1. TO BE NOTIFIED OF ANY PETITION FOR TREATMENT, MOTION FOR AMENDED 12 COURT ORDER, APPLICATION FOR CONTINUED COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT AND REQUEST 13 FOR JUDICIAL REVIEW. 14 2. IF ALLOWED BY THE COURT, TO PROVIDE THE COURT WITH THE GUARDIAN'S OR AGENT'S POSITION REGARDING THE RELIEF BEING SOUGHT IN ANY OF 15 16 THE PROCEEDINGS SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION AND TO PROVIDE THE COURT WITH ANY RELEVANT INFORMATION TO HELP THE COURT MAKE A 17 18 DETERMINATION. 19 3. TO PROVIDE RELEVANT INFORMATION TO ANY AGENCY PROVIDING 20 INPATIENT OR OUTPATIENT SCREENING, EVALUATION OR TREATMENT TO THE PATIENT. 4. WHEN APPROPRIATE, TO PARTICIPATE IN TREATMENT AND DISCHARGE 21 22 PLANNING WITH THE INPATIENT OR OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PROVIDERS. Sec. 2. Title 36, chapter 5, article 4, Arizona Revised Statutes, 23 24 is amended by adding section 36-521.02, to read: 25 36-521.02. Direct petition for court-ordered evaluation 26 A. A PARENT, SPOUSE OR GUARDIAN OF A PERSON MAY DIRECTLY FILE A 27 PETITION FOR EVALUATION WITH THE COURT. THE PETITION SHALL BE MADE ON A FORM AND IN THE MANNER PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 36-523, SUBSECTIONS A AND B. 28 B. A PETITION FILED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS SECTION: 29 30 1. DOES NOT NEED TO COMPLY WITH THE APPLICATION AND PRESCREENING 31 PROVISIONS IN PRESCRIBED IN SECTIONS 36-520 AND 36-521. 2. SHALL INCLUDE A CERTIFICATE EXECUTED BY A PHYSICIAN, CLINICAL 32 PSYCHOLOGIST, PSYCHIATRIC NURSE, MENTAL HEALTH COUNSELOR, MARRIAGE AND 33 FAMILY THERAPIST OR CLINICAL SOCIAL WORKER STATING THAT HE OR SHE HAS 34 EXAMINED THE PERSON WHO IS THE SUBJECT OF THE PETITION WITHIN THE 35 36 PRECEDING FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AND FINDS THAT THE PERSON APPEARS TO MEET THE CRITERIA FOR INVOLUNTARY EVALUATION AND THE OBSERVATIONS ON WHICH THAT 37 38 CONCLUSION IS BASED. 39 Sec. 3. Section 36-523, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 40 read: 41 36-523. Petition for evaluation 42 A. The petition for evaluation shall contain the following: 43 1. The name, address and interest in the case of the individual who 1 2. The name, and address if known, of the proposed patient for whom 2 evaluation is petitioned.

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3. The present whereabouts of the proposed patient, if known.

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4. A statement alleging that there is reasonable cause to believe that the proposed patient has a mental disorder and is as a result a danger to self or others, has a persistent or acute disability or a grave disability and is unwilling or unable to undergo voluntary evaluation.

8 5. A summary of the facts that support the allegations that the 9 proposed patient is dangerous, has a persistent or acute disability or a grave disability and is unwilling or unable to be voluntarily evaluated, 10 11 including the facts that brought the proposed patient to the screening 12 agency's attention.

13 6. If the petition is filed by a prosecutor pursuant to section 13-4517, any known criminal history of the proposed patient, including 14 whether the proposed patient has ever been found incompetent to stand 15 16 trial pursuant to section 13-4510.

17 7. A statement of any facts and circumstances that lead the 18 petitioner to believe that the proposed patient may be safely transported to the evaluation agency by an authorized transporter, if available in the 19 20 jurisdiction, without the assistance of a peace officer.

8. Other information that the director by rule or the court by rule 21 22 or order may require.

23 B. The petition shall request that the court issue an order 24 requiring that the proposed patient be given an evaluation and shall 25 advise the court of both of the following:

26 1. That the opinion of the petitioner is either that the proposed 27 patient is or is not in such a condition that without immediate or 28 continuing hospitalization the patient is likely to suffer serious 29 physical harm or further deterioration or inflict serious physical harm on 30 another person.

31 2. If the opinion of the petitioner is that the proposed patient is 32 not in the condition described in paragraph 1 of this subsection, that the 33 opinion of the petitioner is either that the evaluation should or should 34 not take place on an outpatient basis.

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C. FOR A PETITION FILED PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 36-520 AND 36-521:

36 The petition for evaluation shall be accompanied by the 1. 37 application for evaluation, by the recommendation of the county attorney 38 pursuant to section 36-521 and by a prepetition screening report, unless 39 the documents have not been prepared under a provision of law or in 40 accordance with an order of the court. The petition for evaluation shall 41 also be accompanied by a copy of the application for emergency admission 42 if one exists.

43 **D.** 2. A THE petition and other forms required in a court may be 44 filed only by the screening agency that has prepared the petition.

1 E. 3. If the petition is not filed because it has been determined 2 that the person does not need an evaluation, the agency after a period of 3 six months shall destroy the petition and the various reports annexed to 4 the petition as required by this section.

5 F. 4. If the petition is not filed because it has been determined 6 that the person does not need an evaluation and a prosecutor filed a 7 petition pursuant to section 13-4517, the person shall be remanded for a 8 disposition pursuant to section 13-4517. If the person is out of custody, 9 the court may order that the person be taken into custody for a 10 disposition pursuant to this section.

11 Sec. 4. Section 36-536, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read:

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36-536. <u>Service of petition, affidavit and notice of hearing;</u> <u>counsel for proposed patient; notice; personal</u> <u>service; guardian</u>

16 Α. At least seventy-two hours before the court conducts the hearing 17 on the petition for court-ordered treatment, a copy of the petition, 18 affidavits in support of the petition and the notice of the hearing shall be served on the patient, who shall be informed of the purpose of the 19 20 hearing and advised of the patient's right to consult counsel. If the 21 patient has not employed counsel, counsel shall be appointed by the court 22 at least three days before the hearing. If at the time of the petition for evaluation the patient had counsel, the same attorney should, if 23 24 possible, be appointed to represent the patient at the hearing for 25 court-ordered treatment.

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B. The notice provisions of this section cannot be waived.

C. The notice of the hearing shall fix the time and place for the hearing, which shall be held in the courtroom or other place within the county that the court designates to ensure humane treatment with due regard to the comfort and safety of the patient and others.

D. A copy of the petition, affidavits in support of the petition and notice of hearing shall be personally served on the proposed patient as prescribed by law or court rule or as ordered by the court.

E. THE PETITIONER SHALL SERVE A COPY OF THE PETITION, AFFIDAVITS IN SUPPORT OF THE PETITION AND THE NOTICE OF THE HEARING ON ANY GUARDIAN IDENTIFIED IN THE PETITION. IN LIEU OF PERSONAL SERVICE, A GUARDIAN MAY PROVIDE A WRITTEN ACKNOWLEDGMENT THAT THE GUARDIAN HAS RECEIVED THE BOCUMENTS. THE PETITIONER SHALL COMPLETE SERVICE ON THE GUARDIAN AT LEAST TWO CALENDAR DAYS BEFORE THE HEARING ON THE PETITION, BUT FAILURE TO SERVE THE GUARDIAN IS NOT GROUNDS FOR DISMISSING THE PETITION.

41 Sec. 5. Section 36-540, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 42 read:

36-540. <u>Court options; immunity; rules</u>

A. If the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that the proposed patient, as a result of mental disorder, is a danger to self, is 1 a danger to others or has a persistent or acute disability or a grave 2 disability and is in need of treatment, and is either unwilling or unable 3 to accept voluntary treatment, the court shall order the patient to 4 undergo one of the following:

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1. Treatment in a program of outpatient treatment.

6 2. Treatment in a program consisting of combined inpatient and 7 outpatient treatment.

8 3. Inpatient treatment in a mental health treatment agency, in a 9 hospital operated by or under contract with the United States department 10 of veterans affairs to provide treatment to eligible veterans pursuant to 11 article 9 of this chapter, in the state hospital or in a private hospital, 12 if the private hospital agrees, subject to the limitations of section 13 36-541.

14 B. The court shall consider all available and appropriate 15 alternatives for the treatment and care of the patient. The court shall 16 order the least restrictive treatment alternative available.

17 C. The court may order the proposed patient to undergo outpatient 18 or combined inpatient and outpatient treatment pursuant to subsection A, 19 paragraph 1 or 2 of this section if the court:

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1. Determines that all of the following apply:

21 (a) The patient does not require continuous inpatient 22 hospitalization.

(b) The patient will be more appropriately treated in an outpatient
 treatment program or in a combined inpatient and outpatient treatment
 program.

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(c) The patient will follow a prescribed outpatient treatment plan.

(d) The patient will not likely become dangerous or suffer more
 serious physical harm or serious illness or further deterioration if the
 patient follows a prescribed outpatient treatment plan.

30 2. Is presented with and approves a written treatment plan that 31 conforms with the requirements of section 36-540.01, subsection B. If the court determines that the patient meets the requirements of section 32 33 36-550.09, the court may order the patient to be placed in a secure behavioral health residential facility that is licensed by the department 34 35 pursuant to section 36-425.06. If the treatment plan presented to the 36 court pursuant to this subsection provides for supervision of the patient 37 under court order by a mental health agency that is other than the mental health agency that petitioned or requested the county attorney to petition 38 the court for treatment pursuant to section 36-531, the treatment plan 39 40 must be approved by the medical director of the mental health agency that 41 will supervise the treatment pursuant to subsection E of this section.

D. An order to receive treatment pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1 or 2 of this section shall not exceed three hundred sixty-five days. The period of inpatient treatment under a combined treatment order pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section shall not exceed the 1 maximum period allowed for an order for inpatient treatment pursuant to 2 subsection F of this section.

E. If the court enters an order for treatment pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 1 or 2 of this section, all of the following apply:

6 1. The court shall designate the medical director of the mental 7 health treatment agency that will supervise and administer the patient's 8 treatment program.

9 2. The medical director shall not use the services of any person, 10 agency or organization to supervise a patient's outpatient treatment 11 program unless the person, agency or organization has agreed to provide 12 these services in the individual patient's case and unless the department 13 has determined that the person, agency or organization is capable and 14 competent to do so.

15 3. The person, agency or organization assigned to supervise an 16 outpatient treatment program or the outpatient portion of a combined 17 treatment program shall be notified at least three days before a referral. 18 The medical director making the referral and the person, agency or 19 organization assigned to supervise the treatment program shall share 20 relevant information about the patient to provide continuity of treatment.

21 4. The court may order the medical director to provide notice to 22 the court of any noncompliance with the terms of a treatment order.

5. During any period of outpatient treatment under subsection A, 23 24 paragraph 2 of this section, if the court, on its own motion, ON REQUEST OF A GUARDIAN PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 7 OF THIS SUBSECTION or on motion by 25 26 the medical director of the patient's outpatient mental health treatment 27 facility, determines that the patient is not complying with the terms of the order or that the outpatient treatment plan is no longer appropriate 28 29 and the patient needs inpatient treatment, the court, without a hearing 30 and based on the court record, the patient's medical record, the 31 affidavits and recommendations of the medical director, and the advice of 32 staff and physicians or the psychiatric and mental health nurse practitioner familiar with the treatment of the patient, may enter an 33 order amending its original order. The amended order may alter the 34 outpatient treatment plan or order the patient to inpatient treatment 35 pursuant to subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section. The amended order 36 shall not increase the total period of commitment originally ordered by 37 the court or, when added to the period of inpatient treatment provided by 38 the original order and any other amended orders, exceed the maximum period 39 40 allowed for an order for inpatient treatment pursuant to subsection F of 41 this section. If the patient refuses to comply with an amended order for inpatient treatment, the court, on its own motion or on the request of the 42 43 medical director, may authorize and direct a peace officer to take the patient into protective custody and transport the patient to the agency 44 45 for inpatient treatment. Any authorization, directive or order issued to

a peace officer to take the patient into protective custody shall include the patient's criminal history and the name and telephone numbers of the patient's case manager, guardian, spouse, next of kin or significant other, as applicable. When reporting to or being returned to a treatment agency for inpatient treatment pursuant to an amended order, the patient shall be informed of the patient's right to judicial review and the patient's right to consult with counsel pursuant to section 36-546.

8 6. During any period of outpatient treatment under subsection A, 9 paragraph 2 of this section, if the medical director of the outpatient treatment facility in charge of the patient's care determines, in concert 10 11 with the medical director of an inpatient mental health treatment facility 12 who has agreed to accept the patient, that the patient is in need of 13 immediate acute inpatient psychiatric care because of behavior that is 14 dangerous to self or to others, the medical director of the outpatient treatment facility may order a peace officer to apprehend and transport 15 16 the patient to the inpatient treatment facility pending a court 17 determination on an amended order under paragraph 5 of this subsection. 18 The patient may be detained and treated at the inpatient treatment 19 facility for a period of not more than forty-eight hours, exclusive of 20 weekends and holidays, from the time that the patient is taken to the 21 inpatient treatment facility. The medical director of the outpatient 22 treatment facility shall file the motion for an amended court order requesting inpatient treatment not later than the next working day 23 24 following the patient being taken to the inpatient treatment facility. 25 Any period of detention within the inpatient treatment facility pending 26 issuance of an amended order shall not increase the total period of 27 commitment originally ordered by the court or, when added to the period of inpatient treatment provided by the original order and any other amended 28 29 orders, exceed the maximum period allowed for an order for inpatient 30 treatment pursuant to subsection F of this section. If a patient is 31 ordered to undergo inpatient treatment pursuant to an amended order, the 32 medical director of the outpatient treatment facility shall inform the 33 patient of the patient's right to judicial review and to consult with an 34 attorney pursuant to section 36-546.

35 7. IF THERE IS A COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT AND A GUARDIANSHIP WITH 36 ADDITIONAL MENTAL HEALTH AUTHORITY PURSUANT TO SECTION 14-5312.01 EXISTING 37 AT THE SAME TIME, THE TREATMENT AND PLACEMENT DECISIONS MADE BY THE TREATMENT AGENCY ASSIGNED BY THE COURT TO SUPERVISE AND ADMINISTER THE 38 39 PATIENT'S TREATMENT PROGRAM PURSUANT TO THE COURT ORDER FOR TREATMENT ARE 40 CONTROLLING UNLESS THE COURT ORDERS OTHERWISE. DURING ANY PERIOD OF 41 OUTPATIENT TREATMENT, THE GUARDIAN OF A PATIENT MAY FILE A REPORT WITH THE COURT THAT ADDRESSES WHETHER THE PATIENT IS COMPLYING WITH THE TERMS OF 42 43 THE ORDER, WHETHER THE OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PLAN IS STILL APPROPRIATE AND 44 WHETHER THE PATIENT NEEDS INPATIENT TREATMENT. THE REPORT SHALL STATE IN 45 DETAIL THE FACTS ON WHICH THE GUARDIAN RELIES AND MAY INCLUDE OTHER 1 SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS. A COPY OF THE REPORT AND OTHER SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS 2 SHALL BE GIVEN TO THE PATIENT'S ATTORNEY AND THE OUTPATIENT TREATMENT 3 AGENCY. AFTER REVIEWING THE REPORT AND ANY SUPPORTING DOCUMENTS FILED 4 WITH THE REPORT, IF THE COURT DETERMINES THAT THERE IS REASONABLE CAUSE TO 5 BELIEVE THAT THE PATIENT IS NOT COMPLYING WITH THE TERMS OF THE ORDER. 6 THAT THE OUTPATIENT TREATMENT PLAN IS NO LONGER APPROPRIATE OR THAT THE 7 PATIENT NEEDS INPATIENT TREATMENT. THE COURT MUST SET A CONFERENCE OR A 8 HEARING OR TAKE OTHER ACTION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH 5 OF THIS SUBSECTION.

9 F. The maximum periods of inpatient treatment that the court may 10 order, subject to the limitations of section 36-541, are as follows: 11

1. Ninety days for a person found to be a danger to self.

12 One hundred eighty days for a person found to be a danger to 2. 13 others.

14 One hundred eighty days for a person found to have a persistent 3. 15 or acute disability.

16 4. Three hundred sixty-five days for a person found to have a grave disability. 17

18 G. If, on finding that the patient meets the criteria for 19 court-ordered treatment pursuant to subsection A of this section, the 20 court also finds that there is reasonable cause to believe that the 21 patient is an incapacitated person as defined in section 14-5101 or is a 22 person in need of protection pursuant to section 14-5401 and that the patient is or may be in need of guardianship or conservatorship, or both, 23 24 the court may order an investigation concerning the need for a guardian or 25 conservator, or both, and may appoint a suitable person or agency to 26 conduct the investigation. The appointee may include a court-appointed 27 guardian ad litem, an investigator appointed pursuant to section 14-5308 or the public fiduciary if there is no person willing and qualified to act 28 29 in that capacity. The court shall give notice of the appointment to the 30 appointee within three days after the appointment. The appointee shall 31 submit the report of the investigation to the court within twenty-one 32 days. The report shall include recommendations as to who should be guardian or who should be conservator, or both, and a report of the 33 34 findings and reasons for the recommendation. If the investigation and 35 report so indicate, the court shall order the appropriate person to submit 36 a petition to become the guardian or conservator, or both, of the patient.

37 H. In any proceeding for court-ordered treatment in which the petition alleges that the patient is in need of a guardian or conservator 38 39 and states the grounds for that allegation, the court may appoint an 40 emergency temporary guardian or conservator, or both, for a specific 41 purpose or purposes identified in its order and for a specific period of 42 time not to exceed thirty days if the court finds that all of the 43 following are true:

44 The patient meets the criteria for court-ordered treatment 1. 45 pursuant to subsection A of this section.

1 2. There is reasonable cause to believe that the patient is an 2 incapacitated person as defined in section 14-5101 or is in need of 3 protection pursuant to section 14-5401, paragraph 2.

4 3. The patient does not have a guardian or conservator and the 5 welfare of the patient requires immediate action to protect the patient or 6 the ward's property.

7 conditions prescribed pursuant to section 4. The 14-5310. 8 subsection B or section 14-5401.01, subsection B have been met.

9 I. The court may appoint as a temporary guardian or conservator pursuant to subsection H of this section a suitable person or the public 10 11 fiduciary if there is no person qualified and willing to act in that 12 capacity. The court shall issue an order for an investigation as 13 prescribed pursuant to subsection G of this section and, unless the 14 patient is represented by independent counsel, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the patient in further proceedings regarding the 15 16 appointment of a guardian or conservator. The court shall schedule a 17 further hearing within fourteen days on the appropriate court calendar of 18 a court that has authority over guardianship or conservatorship matters 19 pursuant to this title to consider the continued need for an emergency 20 temporary guardian or conservator and the appropriateness of the temporary 21 guardian or conservator appointed, and shall order the appointed guardian 22 or conservator to give notice to persons entitled to notice pursuant to section 14-5309, subsection A or section 14-5405, subsection A. The court 23 24 shall authorize certified letters of temporary emergency guardianship or 25 conservatorship to be issued on presentation of a copy of the court's 26 order. If a temporary emergency conservator other than the public 27 fiduciary is appointed pursuant to this subsection, the court shall order that the use of the monies and property of the patient by the conservator 28 29 be restricted and not be sold, used, transferred or encumbered, except 30 that the court may authorize the conservator to use monies or property of 31 the patient specifically identified as needed to pay an expense to provide 32 for the care, treatment or welfare of the patient pending further hearing. 33 This subsection and subsection H of this section do not:

34 Prevent the evaluation or treatment agency from seeking 1. 35 guardianship and conservatorship in any other manner allowed by law at any 36 time during the period of court-ordered evaluation and treatment.

37 2. Relieve the evaluation or treatment agency from its obligations 38 concerning the suspected abuse of a vulnerable adult pursuant to title 46, 39 chapter 4.

40 that a patient meets the criteria J. If, on finding for 41 court-ordered treatment pursuant to subsection A of this section, the court also learns that the patient has a guardian appointed under title 42 43 14, the court with notice may impose on the existing guardian additional 44 duties pursuant to section 14-5312.01. If the court imposes additional 45 duties on an existing guardian as prescribed in this subsection, the court

1 may determine that the patient needs to continue treatment under a court 2 order for treatment and may issue the order or determine that the 3 patient's needs can be adequately met by the guardian with the additional 4 duties pursuant to section 14-5312.01 and decline to issue the court order 5 for treatment. If at any time after the issuance of a court order for 6 treatment the court finds that the patient's needs can be adequately met 7 by the guardian with the additional duties pursuant to section 14-5312.01 8 and that a court order for treatment is no longer necessary to ensure 9 compliance with necessary treatment, the court may terminate the court 10 order for treatment. If there is a court order for treatment and a 11 guardianship with additional mental health authority pursuant to section 12 14-5312.01 existing at the same time, the treatment and placement 13 decisions made by the treatment agency assigned by the court to supervise 14 and administer the patient's treatment program pursuant to the court order for treatment are controlling unless the court orders otherwise. 15

16 K. The court shall file a report as part of the court record on its 17 findings of alternatives for treatment.

L. Treatment shall not include psychosurgery, lobotomy or any other brain surgery without specific informed consent of the patient or the patient's legal guardian and an order of the superior court in the county in which the treatment is proposed, approving with specificity the use of the treatment.

M. The medical director or any person, agency or organization used by the medical director to supervise the terms of an outpatient treatment plan is not civilly liable for any acts committed by a patient while on outpatient treatment if the medical director, person, agency or organization has in good faith followed the requirements of this section.

N. A peace officer who in good faith apprehends and transports a
patient to an inpatient treatment facility on the order of the medical
director of the outpatient treatment facility pursuant to subsection E,
paragraph 6 of this section is not subject to civil liability.

32 0. If a person has been found, as a result of a mental disorder, to constitute a danger to self or others or to have a persistent or acute 33 disability or a grave disability and the court enters an order for 34 35 treatment pursuant to subsection A of this section, the court shall 36 transmit the person's name, sex, date of birth, social security number, if 37 available, and date of the order for treatment to the supreme court. The supreme court shall transmit the information to the department of public 38 safety to comply with the requirements of title 13, chapter 31 and title 39 40 32, chapter 26. The department of public safety shall transmit the 41 information to the national instant criminal background check system. The 42 superior court may access the information of a person who is ordered into 43 treatment to enforce or facilitate a treatment order.

44 P. On request, the clerk of the court shall provide certified 45 copies of the commitment order to a law enforcement or prosecuting agency 1 that is investigating or prosecuting a prohibited possessor as defined in 2 section 13-3101.

3 Q. If the court does not find a person to be in need of treatment 4 and a prosecutor filed a petition pursuant to section 13-4517, the 5 evaluation agency, within twenty-four hours, shall notify the prosecuting 6 agency of its finding. The court shall order the medical director to 7 detain the person for an additional twenty-four hours to allow the 8 prosecuting agency to be notified. If the court has retained jurisdiction 9 pursuant to section 13-4517, subsection C, the court may remand the person to the custody of the sheriff for further disposition pursuant to section 10 13-4517, subsection A, paragraph 2 or 3. 11

12 R. After an order for treatment has been issued pursuant to this 13 section, the superior court in a county where a patient under a court order for treatment is found or resides has concurrent jurisdiction with 14 the court in the county that issued the court order for treatment for the 15 16 purposes of enforcing the court order for treatment, ordering changes to 17 the treatment plan or amending the order to require the patient to undergo 18 further inpatient treatment. If the court in which proceedings are 19 commenced to enforce or administer the order for treatment is not the 20 court that originally entered the order for treatment, unless prevented by 21 an emergency, the court in which the proceedings are pending shall consult 22 with the court of original entry and determine whether to hold hearings and enter orders to facilitate enforcement or administration of the court 23 24 order, whether to refer the case back to the court of original entry for 25 further proceedings or whether to transfer the entire case to the court of 26 original entry in that county for all further proceedings. The supreme 27 court may adopt rules to govern the procedures to be used in enforcing and administering court orders for treatment in the various counties of this 28 29 state and the transfer of cases between counties involving court orders 30 for treatment.

31 S. Pursuant to the authority granted in subsection R of this section, for the purpose of enforcing or facilitating treatment of a 32 patient under an active order for treatment, the supreme court shall adopt 33 a rule to establish a program to enable the judges of the superior court, 34 35 county attorneys, patients' attorneys, health care institutions as defined 36 in section 36-401 that provide services subject to the federal emergency 37 medical treatment and active labor act (42 UNITED STATES CODE SECTION 1395dd), the regional behavioral health authority and behavioral health 38 39 service providers in any county to determine the existence of an active 40 court order for treatment and the history of court orders for treatment 41 entered for a patient by a superior court in any county in this 42 state. The program shall ensure that the information shared with other 43 persons or entities is necessary only for the purposes stated in this subsection and shall require that the information shared be maintained as 44 45 confidential by the receiving person or entity.