

House Engrossed Senate Bill

public entity liability; sexual offenses

State of Arizona  
Senate  
Fifty-sixth Legislature  
Second Regular Session  
2024

# **SENATE BILL 1435**

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 12-820.05, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 12-820.05, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY THIS ACT; RELATING TO SPECIAL ACTIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:  
2       Section 1. Section 12-820.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended  
3 to read:

4           12-820.05. Other immunities

5       A. Except as specifically provided in this article, this article  
6 does not affect, alter or otherwise modify any other rules of tort  
7 immunity regarding public entities and public officers as developed at  
8 common law and as established under the statutes and the constitution of  
9 this state.

10      B. A public entity is not liable for losses that arise out of and  
11 are directly attributable to an act or omission determined by a court to  
12 be a criminal felony by a public employee unless the public entity knew of  
13 the public employee's propensity for that action. This subsection does  
14 not apply to acts or omissions arising out of **EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING:**

15       1. The operation or use of a motor vehicle.

16       2. A SEXUAL OFFENSE IF THE VICTIM IS A MINOR OR A CHILD WITH A  
17 DISABILITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION 15-761 AND ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING  
18 CONDITIONS EXIST:

19           (a) THE PUBLIC ENTITY WAS IN VIOLATION OF A STATUTORY DUTY RELATING  
20 TO OBTAINING INFORMATION REGARDING THE BACKGROUND OF EMPLOYEES.

21           (b) THE PUBLIC ENTITY OR PUBLIC EMPLOYEE HAD A STATUTORY DUTY TO  
22 REPORT AND FAILED TO DO SO.

23           (c) CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE PROVES THAT THE PUBLIC ENTITY  
24 FAILED TO REASONABLY INVESTIGATE OR TAKE REASONABLE ACTION ON AN ALLEGED  
25 VIOLATION OF A WRITTEN POLICY OF THE PUBLIC ENTITY RELATING TO THE SAFETY  
26 OR WELL-BEING OF A MINOR OR A CHILD WITH A DISABILITY AS DEFINED IN  
27 SECTION 15-761 AND THE ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE WRITTEN POLICY WAS  
28 SUBSTANTIALLY RELATED TO THE HARM THAT OCCURRED.

29      C. A public entity is not liable for damages as a result of an  
30 injury caused by any act or omission by a public officer who renders  
31 emergency care gratuitously and in good faith in a public building, at a  
32 public gathering on the grounds of a public building or at the scene of an  
33 emergency occurrence or as the result of any act or failure to act to  
34 provide or arrange for further medical treatment or care for the injured  
35 person, unless the public officer, while rendering the emergency care, is  
36 guilty of gross negligence.

37      Sec. 2. Section 12-820.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by  
38 section 1 of this act, is amended to read:

39           12-820.05. Other immunities

40       A. Except as specifically provided in this article, this article  
41 does not affect, alter or otherwise modify any other rules of tort  
42 immunity regarding public entities and public officers as developed at  
43 common law and as established under the statutes and the constitution of  
44 this state.

1       B. A public entity is not liable for losses that arise out of and  
2 are directly attributable to an act or omission determined by a court to  
3 be a criminal felony by a public employee unless the public entity knew of  
4 the public employee's propensity for that action. This subsection does  
5 not apply to acts or omissions arising out of ~~either of the following:~~

6       ~~1. the operation or use of a motor vehicle.~~

7       ~~2. A sexual offense if the victim is a minor or a child with a  
8 disability as defined in section 15-761 and one or more of the following  
9 conditions exist:~~

10      ~~(a) The public entity was in violation of a statutory duty relating  
11 to obtaining information regarding the background of employees.~~

12      ~~(b) The public entity or public employee had a statutory duty to  
13 report and failed to do so.~~

14      ~~(c) Clear and convincing evidence proves that the public entity  
15 failed to reasonably investigate or take reasonable action on an alleged  
16 violation of a written policy of the public entity relating to the safety  
17 or well-being of a minor or a child with a disability as defined in  
18 section 15-761 and the alleged violation of the written policy was  
19 substantially related to the harm that occurred.~~

20       C. A public entity is not liable for damages as a result of an  
21 injury caused by any act or omission by a public officer who renders  
22 emergency care gratuitously and in good faith in a public building, at a  
23 public gathering on the grounds of a public building or at the scene of an  
24 emergency occurrence or as the result of any act or failure to act to  
25 provide or arrange for further medical treatment or care for the injured  
26 person, unless the public officer, while rendering the emergency care, is  
27 guilty of gross negligence.

28       Sec. 3. Applicability

29       Section 12-820.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by section 1  
30 of this act, applies only to acts or omissions involving sexual offenses  
31 that are committed on or after the effective date of this act.

32       Sec. 4. Effective date

33       Section 12-820.05, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by section 2  
34 of this act, is effective from and after December 31, 2026.