REFERENCE TITLE: pharmacy board; duties; regulation

State of Arizona Senate Fifty-sixth Legislature Second Regular Session 2024

SB 1452

Introduced by Senator Shope

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 32-1901.01, 32-1904, 32-1925, 32-1926, 32-1926.01, 32-1927, 32-1927.01, 32-1927.02, 32-1930, 32-1941, 32-1965, 36-2602, 36-2604, 36-2606 AND 36-2608, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE ARIZONA STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona: 2 Section 1. Section 32-1901.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended 3 to read: 4 32-1901.01. Definition of unethical conduct and 5 unprofessional conduct; permittees; licensees 6 Α. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the 7 purposes of disciplining a permittee, "unethical conduct" means the 8 following, whether occurring in this state or elsewhere: 9 1. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense. 10 11 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea 12 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission. 13 2. Committing an act that is substantially related to the 14 qualifications, functions or duties of a permittee and that demonstrates an actual or potential unfitness to hold a permit in light of the public's 15 16 safety. 17 3. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs. 18 4. Using alcohol or other drugs to such a degree as to render the 19 permittee unfit to perform the permittee's employment duties. 20 5. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating 21 to the manufacture, sale or distribution of drugs, devices, poisons, 22 hazardous substances or precursor chemicals. 23 6. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating 24 marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs, to 25 controlled substances or precursor chemicals. 26 7. Violating state or federal reporting or recordkeeping 27 requirements on transactions relating to precursor chemicals. 8. Intending to sell, transfer or distribute, or to offer for sale, 28 29 transfer or distribution, or selling, transferring, distributing or dispensing or offering for sale, transfer or distribution an imitation 30 31 controlled substance, imitation over-the-counter drug or imitation prescription-only drug as defined in section 13-3451. 32 33 9. Having the permittee's permit to manufacture, sell, distribute 34 or dispense drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals denied or disciplined in another jurisdiction. THE PERMITTEE 35 36 SHALL NOTIFY THE BOARD IN WRITING WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE 37 OTHER JURISDICTION'S FINAL ACTION ON THE PERMITTEE'S PERMIT. 10. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if committed 38 39 in this state would be grounds for discipline. 40 11. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a permit or a permit renewal 41 by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking advantage of the 42 mistake of another person or an agency. 43 12. Wilfully making a false report or record that is required by this chapter, that is required by federal or state laws pertaining to 44 45 drugs, devices, poisons, hazardous substances or precursor chemicals or

1 that is required to pay for drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous 2 substances or precursor chemicals or for services pertaining to such drugs 3 or substances.

4 Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal or 13. 5 other document that contains false or misleading information.

6 14. Providing false or misleading information or omitting material 7 information in any communication to the board or the board's employees or 8 agents.

9 15. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or indirectly, or 10 assisting in or abetting the violation of, or conspiring to violate this 11 chapter.

12 16. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent 13 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its executive director pursuant to this chapter. 14

17. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to comply in 15 16 a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any explanation to 17 the board for not complying with the subpoena.

18 18. Failing to provide the board or its employees or agents or an 19 authorized federal or state official conducting a site investigation, 20 inspection or audit with access to any place for which a permit has been 21 issued or for which an application for a permit has been submitted.

22 19. Failing to notify the board of a change of ownership, 23 management or pharmacist in charge.

24 20. Failing to promptly produce, WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS, on 25 the request of the official conducting a site AN investigation, inspection 26 or audit A RESPONSE, any book, record or document BOOKS, RECORDS OR 27 DOCUMENTS AND, IF AVAILABLE, AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDINGS.

21. Overruling or attempting to overrule a pharmacist in matters of 28 29 pharmacy ethics or interpreting laws pertaining to the practice of pharmacy or the distribution of drugs or devices. 30

31 22. Distributing premiums or rebates of any kind in connection with 32 the sale of prescription medication, other than to the prescription 33 medication recipient.

23. Failing to maintain effective controls against the diversion of 34 35 controlled substances or precursor chemicals to unauthorized persons or 36 entities.

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24. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a service.

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25. Fraudulently charging a fee for a service.

26. Advertising drugs or devices, or services pertaining to drugs 39 40 or devices, in a manner that is untrue or misleading in any particular, 41 and that is known, or that by the exercise of reasonable care should be 42 known, to be untrue or misleading.

43 27. FAILING TO ROUTINELY OPERATE ACCORDING TO THE PERMITTEE'S HOURS OF OPERATION AS SUBMITTED TO THE BOARD BY CLOSING FOR FIVE CONSECUTIVE 44 45 DAYS OR MORE. THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT APPLY IF THE PERMITTEE NOTIFIES THE 1 BOARD WITHIN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS AFTER AN UNEXPECTED CLOSURE OF FIVE DAYS OR 2 MORE.

28. FAILING TO SUBMIT, WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER CONFIRMED
DELIVERY TO THE LICENSEE OR PERMITTEE, A FINAL REPORT OR FINDING FROM A
STATE AGENCY, FEDERAL AGENCY, LICENSED PATHOLOGIST OR CREDENTIALED HEALTH
CARE PROVIDER THAT A PATIENT WAS HOSPITALIZED OR DIED FROM AN ADULTERATED
OR MISBRANDED COMPOUNDED MEDICATION DISPENSED BY A 503A PHARMACY OR
DISTRIBUTED BY A 503B OUTSOURCING FACILITY AS DEFINED IN THE FEDERAL FOOD,
DRUG, AND COSMETIC ACT.

B. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the purposes of disciplining a pharmacist or pharmacy intern, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring in this state or elsewhere:

14 1. Using alcohol or other drugs to such a degree as to render the 15 licensee unfit to practice the profession of pharmacy.

16 2. Violating any federal or state law, rule or regulation relating 17 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs and devices or the practice of 18 pharmacy.

19 3. Dispensing a different drug or brand of drug in place of the 20 drug or brand of drug ordered or prescribed without the express permission 21 in each case of the orderer, or in the case of a prescription order, the 22 medical practitioner. The conduct prohibited by this paragraph does not 23 apply to substitutions authorized pursuant to section 32-1963.01.

4. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a license to practice pharmacy
or a license renewal by fraud, by misrepresentation or by knowingly taking
advantage of the mistake of another person or an agency.

5. Having the licensee's license to practice pharmacy denied or
disciplined in another jurisdiction. THE LICENSEE SHALL NOTIFY THE BOARD
IN WRITING WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS AFTER THE OTHER JURISDICTION'S
FINAL ACTION ON THE LICENSEE'S LICENSE.

6. Claiming professional superiority in compounding or dispensing
 prescription orders.

7. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional
 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937 and rules
 adopted by the board.

8. Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude, or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense. In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission.

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9. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs.

10. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule
relating to marijuana, prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous
drugs, controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the
board or by conviction in a federal or state court.

1 Knowingly dispensing a drug without a valid prescription order 11. 2 as required pursuant to section 32-1968, subsection A.

3 12. Knowingly dispensing a drug on a prescription order that was 4 issued in the course of the conduct of business of dispensing drugs 5 pursuant to diagnosis by mail or the internet, unless the order was any of 6 the following:

7 (a) Made by a physician who provides temporary patient supervision 8 behalf of the patient's regular treating licensed health care on 9 professional or provides a consultation requested by the patient's regular treating licensed health care professional. 10

11 (b) Made in an emergency medical situation as defined in 12 section 41-1831.

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(c) Written to prepare a patient for a medical examination.

14 (d) Written or the prescription medications were issued for use by 15 a county or tribal public health department for immunization programs or 16 emergency treatment or in response to an infectious disease investigation, 17 a public health emergency, an infectious disease outbreak or an act of 18 bioterrorism. For the purposes of this subdivision, "bioterrorism" has the same meaning prescribed in section 36-781. 19

20 (e) Written or antimicrobials were dispensed by the prescribing or 21 dispensing physician to a contact as defined in section 36-661 who is 22 believed to have had significant exposure risk as defined in section 36-661 with another person who has been diagnosed with a communicable 23 24 disease as defined in section 36-661.

(f) Written or the prescription medications were issued for 25 26 administering immunizations or vaccines listed in the United States centers for disease control and prevention's recommended immunization 27 28 schedule to a household member of a patient.

29 (g) For epinephrine auto-injectors that are written or dispensed 30 for a school district or charter school and that are to be stocked for 31 emergency use pursuant to section 15-157 or for an authorized entity to be 32 stocked pursuant to section 36-2226.01.

33 (h) Written by a licensee through a telehealth program that is 34 covered by the policies and procedures adopted by the administrator of a 35 hospital or outpatient treatment center.

36 (i) Written pursuant to a physical or mental health status 37 examination that was conducted through telehealth as defined in section 36-3601 and consistent with federal law. 38

39 (j) For naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist 40 approved by the United States food and drug administration and written or 41 dispensed for use pursuant to section 36-2228 or 36-2266.

42 13. Failing to report in writing to the board WITHIN FIFTEEN 43 BUSINESS DAYS any evidence that a pharmacist, or pharmacy intern, is or PHARMACY TECHNICIAN OR PHARMACY TECHNICIAN TRAINEE may be professionally 44 45 incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the OR EXHIBITING SIGNS
 AND SYMPTOMS THAT ARE CONTRARY TO THE SAFE practice of pharmacy OR
 PHARMACY TECHNOLOGY.

4 14. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a 5 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be 6 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct 7 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the 8 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician 9 trainee.

10 15. 14. Failing to report in writing to the board WITHIN FIFTEEN 11 BUSINESS DAYS any evidence that a permittee or a permittee's employee is 12 or may be guilty of unethical conduct or is or may be violating this 13 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

14 16. 15. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if 15 committed in this state would be grounds for discipline.

16 17. 16. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal 17 or other document that contains false or misleading information.

18 18. 17. Providing false or misleading information or omitting 19 material information in any communication to the board or the board's 20 employees or agents.

21 19. 18. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or 22 indirectly, or assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring 23 to violate this chapter.

24 20. 19. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent 25 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its 26 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

27 21. 20. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to
28 comply in a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any
29 explanation to the board for not complying with the subpoena.

30 22. 21. Refusing without just cause to allow authorized agents of 31 the board to examine documents that are required to be kept pursuant to 32 this chapter or title 36.

23. 22. Participating in an arrangement or agreement to allow a prescription order or a prescription medication to be left at, picked up from, accepted by or delivered to a place that is not licensed as a pharmacy. This paragraph does not prohibit a pharmacist or a pharmacy from using an employee or a common carrier to pick up prescription orders at or deliver prescription medications to the office or home of a medical practitioner, the residence of a patient or a patient's hospital.

40 24. 23. Paying rebates or entering into an agreement for paying 41 rebates to a medical practitioner or any other person in the health care 42 field.

43 25. 24. Providing or causing to be provided to a medical
44 practitioner prescription order blanks or forms bearing the pharmacist's
45 or pharmacy's name, address or other means of identification.

1 26. 25. Fraudulently claiming to have performed a professional 2 service. 3 27. 26. Fraudulently charging a fee for a professional service. 4 28. 27. Failing to report TO THE BOARD WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS 5 DAYS a change of the licensee's home address, contact information, 6 employer or employer's address as required by section 32-1926. 7 29. 28. Failing to report TO THE BOARD WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS 8 DAYS a change in the licensee's residency status as required by section 9 32-1926.01. 30. 29. Failing to maintain effective controls 10 against the 11 diversion of controlled substances or precursor chemicals to unauthorized 12 persons or entities. 13 30. FAILING TO PRODUCE WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS, ON THE REQUEST OF THE OFFICIAL CONDUCTING AN INVESTIGATION PURSUANT TO A COMPLAINT, A 14 RESPONSE, ANY BOOKS, RECORDS, DOCUMENTS OR STATEMENTS AND, IF AVAILABLE, 15 16 AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDINGS. 17 C. In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires, for the 18 purposes of disciplining a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee, "unprofessional conduct" means the following, whether occurring 19 20 in this state or elsewhere: 21 1. Using alcohol or other drugs to such a degree as to render the 22 licensee OR REGISTRANT unfit to perform the licensee's OR REGISTRANT'S 23 employment duties. 24 2. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating 25 to the manufacture or distribution of drugs or devices. 26 3. Obtaining or attempting to obtain a pharmacy technician LICENSE 27 OR LICENSE RENEWAL or pharmacy technician trainee license or a pharmacy 28 technician license renewal REGISTRATION by fraud, by misrepresentation or 29 by knowingly taking advantage of the mistake of another person or an 30 agency. 31 4. Having the licensee's license to practice as a pharmacy technician denied or disciplined in another jurisdiction. 32 33 5. Failing to comply with the mandatory continuing professional education requirements of section 32-1925, subsection H and rules adopted 34 35 by the board. 36 Committing a felony, whether or not involving moral turpitude, 6. 37 or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or any drug-related offense. 38 In either case, conviction by a court of competent jurisdiction or a plea 39 of no contest is conclusive evidence of the commission. 40 7. Working under the influence of alcohol or other drugs. 41 8. Violating a federal or state law or administrative rule relating 42 to marijuana. prescription-only drugs, narcotics, dangerous drugs. 43 controlled substances or precursor chemicals when determined by the board 44 or by conviction in a federal or state court.

9. Failing to report in writing to the board WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS any evidence that a pharmacist, or pharmacy intern, is or PHARMACY TECHNICIAN OR PHARMACY TECHNICIAN TRAINEE may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the OR EXHIBITING SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS THAT ARE CONTRARY TO THE SAFE practice of pharmacy OR PHARMACY TECHNOLOGY.

8 10. Failing to report in writing to the board any evidence that a 9 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is or may be 10 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct 11 or is or may be mentally or physically unable to safely engage in the 12 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician 13 trainee.

14 **11.** 10. Failing to report in writing to the board WITHIN FIFTEEN 15 BUSINESS DAYS any evidence that a permittee or a permittee's employee is 16 or may be guilty of unethical conduct or is or may be violating this 17 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

18 12. 11. Committing an offense in another jurisdiction that if 19 committed in this state would be grounds for discipline.

20 13. 12. Knowingly filing with the board any application, renewal 21 or other document that contains false or misleading information.

22 14. 13. Providing false or misleading information or omitting 23 material information in any communication to the board or the board's 24 employees or agents.

25 15. 14. Violating or attempting to violate, directly or 26 indirectly, or assisting in or abetting in the violation of, or conspiring 27 to violate this chapter.

28 16. 15. Violating a formal order, terms of probation, a consent 29 agreement or a stipulation issued or entered into by the board or its 30 executive director pursuant to this chapter.

31 17. 16. Failing to comply with a board subpoena or failing to 32 comply in a timely manner with a board subpoena without providing any 33 explanation to the board for not complying with the subpoena.

34 18. 17. Failing to report TO THE BOARD WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS 35 DAYS a change of the licensee's OR REGISTRANT'S home address, contact 36 information, employer or employer's address as required by section 37 32-1926.

38 19. 18. Failing to report TO THE BOARD WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS
 39 DAYS a change in the licensee's OR REGISTRANT'S residency status as
 40 required by section 32-1926.01.

41 19. FAILING TO PRODUCE WITHIN FIFTEEN BUSINESS DAYS, ON THE REQUEST
42 OF THE OFFICIAL CONDUCTING AN INVESTIGATION PURSUANT TO A COMPLAINT, A
43 RESPONSE, ANY BOOKS, RECORDS, DOCUMENTS OR STATEMENTS AND, IF AVAILABLE,
44 AUDIO OR VISUAL RECORDINGS.

1 Sec. 2. Section 32-1904, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 2 read: 3 32-1904. Powers and duties of board; immunity 4 A. The board shall: 5 1. Make bylaws and adopt rules that are necessary to protect the 6 public and that pertain to the practice of pharmacy, the manufacturing, 7 wholesaling or supplying of drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous 8 substances, the use of pharmacy technicians and support personnel and the 9 lawful performance of its duties. 10 2. Fix standards and requirements to register and reregister 11 pharmacies, except as otherwise specified. 12 3. Investigate compliance as to the quality, label and labeling of 13 all drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances and take action 14 necessary to prevent the sale of these if they do not conform to the standards prescribed in this chapter, the official compendium or the 15 16 federal act. 17 4. Enforce its rules. In so doing, the board or its agents have 18 free access, during the hours reported with the board or the posted hours at the facility, to any pharmacy, manufacturer, wholesaler, third-party 19 20 logistics provider, nonprescription drug permittee or other establishment 21 in which drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances are manufactured, 22 processed, packed or held, or to enter any vehicle being used to transport or hold such drugs, devices, poisons or hazardous substances for the 23 24 purpose of: 25 (a) Inspecting the establishment or vehicle to determine whether 26 any provisions of this chapter or the federal act are being violated. 27 (b) Securing samples or specimens of any drug, device, poison or 28 hazardous substance after paying or offering to pay for the sample. 29 (c) Detaining or embargoing a drug, device, poison or hazardous 30 substance in accordance with section 32-1994. 31 5. Examine and license as pharmacists and pharmacy interns all 32 qualified applicants as provided by this chapter. 33 6. Require each applicant for an initial license to apply for a 34 fingerprint clearance card pursuant to section 41-1758.03. If an applicant is issued a valid fingerprint clearance card, the applicant 35 36 shall submit the valid fingerprint clearance card to the board with the 37 completed application. If an applicant applies for a fingerprint clearance card and is denied, the applicant may request that the board 38 39 consider the application for licensure notwithstanding the absence of a 40 valid fingerprint clearance card. The board, in its discretion, may 41 approve an application for licensure despite the denial of a valid fingerprint clearance card if the board determines that the applicant's 42 43 criminal history information on which the denial was based does not alone 44 disqualify the applicant from licensure.

1 7. Issue duplicates of lost or destroyed permits on the payment of 2 a fee as prescribed by the board.

8. Adopt rules to rehabilitate pharmacists and pharmacy interns asprovided by this chapter.

5 9. At least once every three months, notify pharmacies regulated 6 pursuant to this chapter of any modifications on prescription writing 7 privileges of podiatrists, dentists, doctors of medicine, registered nurse 8 osteopathic physicians, veterinarians, practitioners, physician 9 assistants, optometrists and homeopathic physicians of which it receives notification from the state board of podiatry examiners, state board of 10 11 dental examiners, Arizona medical board, Arizona state board of nursing, 12 Arizona board of osteopathic examiners in medicine and surgery, Arizona 13 state veterinary medical examining board, Arizona regulatory board of physician assistants, state board of optometry or board of homeopathic and 14 15 integrated medicine examiners.

16 10. Charge a permittee a fee, as determined by the board, for an 17 inspection if the permittee requests the inspection.

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11. Issue only one active or open license per individual.

19 12. Allow a licensee to regress to a lower level license on written 20 explanation and review by the board for discussion, determination and 21 possible action.

13. Open an investigation only if the identifying information regarding a complainant is provided or the information provided is sufficient to conduct an investigation.

25 14. Provide notice to an applicant, licensee, REGISTRANT or 26 permittee using only the information provided to the board through the 27 board's licensing database.

B. The board may:

Employ chemists, compliance officers, clerical help and other
 employees subject to title 41, chapter 4, article 4 and provide laboratory
 facilities for the proper conduct of its business.

Provide, by educating and informing the licensees and the
 public, assistance in curtailing abuse in the use of drugs, devices,
 poisons and hazardous substances.

35 3. Approve or reject the manner of storage and security of drugs,
 36 devices, poisons and hazardous substances.

4. Accept monies and services to assist in enforcing this chapterfrom other than licensees:

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(a) For performing inspections and other board functions.

40 (b) For the cost of copies of the pharmacy and controlled 41 substances laws, the annual report of the board and other information from 42 the board.

43 5. Adopt rules for professional conduct appropriate to the 44 establishment and maintenance of a high standard of integrity and dignity 45 in the profession of pharmacy. 1 6. Grant permission to deviate from a state requirement for 2 modernization of pharmacy practice, experimentation or technological 3 advances.

4 7. Adopt rules for the training and practice of pharmacy interns, 5 pharmacy technicians and support personnel.

6 8. Investigate alleged violations of this chapter, conduct hearings 7 in respect to violations, subpoena witnesses and take such action as it 8 deems necessary to revoke or suspend a license, A REGISTRATION or a 9 permit, place a licensee, REGISTRANT or permittee on probation or warn a licensee, REGISTRANT or permittee under this chapter or to bring notice of 10 11 violations to the county attorney of the county in which a violation took 12 place or to the attorney general.

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9. By rule, approve colleges or schools of pharmacy.

14 10. By rule, approve programs of practical experience, clinical programs, internship training programs, programs of remedial academic work 15 16 and preliminary equivalency examinations as provided by this chapter.

17 11. Assist in the continuing education of pharmacists and pharmacy 18 interns.

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12. Issue inactive status licenses as provided by this chapter.

20 13. Accept monies and services from the federal government or 21 others for educational, research or other purposes pertaining to the 22 enforcement of this chapter.

14. By rule, except from the application of all or any part of this 23 24 chapter any material, compound, mixture or preparation containing any stimulant or depressant substance included in section 13-3401, paragraph 25 26 6, subdivision (c) or (d) from the definition of dangerous drug if the material, compound, mixture or preparation contains one or more active 27 28 medicinal ingredients not having a stimulant or depressant effect on the 29 central nervous system, provided that such admixtures are included in such combinations, quantity, proportion or concentration as to vitiate the 30 31 potential for abuse of the substances that do have a stimulant or 32 depressant effect on the central nervous system.

33 15. Adopt rules for the revocation, suspension or reinstatement of 34 licenses, **REGISTRATIONS** or permits or the probation of licensees, **REGISTRANTS** or permittees as provided by this chapter. 35

36 16. Issue a certificate of free sale to any person that is licensed by the board as a manufacturer for the purpose of manufacturing or 37 distributing food supplements or dietary supplements as defined in rule by 38 39 the board and that wants to sell food supplements or dietary supplements 40 domestically internationally. THE APPLICANT SHALL SUBMIT AN or 41 APPLICATION APPROVED BY THE BOARD. The application shall contain all of 42 the following:

43 (a) The applicant's name, address, email address, telephone and fax number. 44

(b) The product's full, common or usual name.

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1 (c) A copy of the label for each product listed. If the product is
2 to be exported in bulk and a label is not available, the applicant shall
3 include a certificate of composition.

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(d) The country of export, if applicable.

(e) The number of certificates of free sale requested.

6 17. Establish an inspection process to issue certificates of free 7 sale or good manufacturing practice certifications. The board shall 8 establish in rule:

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(a) A fee to issue certificates of free sale.

10 11 (b) A fee to issue good manufacturing practice certifications.

(c) An annual inspection fee.

12 18. ON REQUEST, GRANT AN EXTENSION FOR ANY NOTIFICATIONS REQUIRED 13 UNDER THIS SECTION. THE BOARD MAY DELEGATE THIS AUTHORITY TO THE 14 EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OR STAFF. THE BOARD MAY SET A SHORTER RESPONSE TIME ON 15 THE BOARD'S DETERMINATION AFTER AN INVESTIGATION THAT THERE IS AN IMMINENT 16 THREAT TO THE PUBLIC OR PATIENT SAFETY, BUT ONLY AS NECESSARY TO 17 REASONABLY ADDRESS THE THREAT.

18 19. ISSUE A SUBPOENA TO COMPEL THE ATTENDANCE OF RESPONDENTS AND
19 WITNESSES OR FOR THE PRODUCTION OF DOCUMENTS OR OTHER PHYSICAL EVIDENCE
20 PURSUANT TO A BOARD INVESTIGATION. THE BOARD MAY DELEGATE THIS AUTHORITY
21 TO THE EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR.

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18. 20. Delegate to the executive director the authority to:

(a) If the president or vice president of the board concurs after reviewing the case, enter into an interim consent agreement with a licensee or permittee if there is evidence that a restriction against the license or permit is needed to mitigate danger to the public health and safety. The board may subsequently formally adopt the interim consent agreement with any modifications the board deems necessary.

(b) Take no action or dismiss a complaint that has insufficient avoidence that a violation of statute or rule governing the practice of pharmacy occurred.

32 (c) Request an applicant or licensee to provide court documents and 33 police reports if the applicant or licensee has been charged with or 34 convicted of a criminal offense. The executive director may do either of 35 the following if the applicant or licensee fails to provide the requested 36 documents to the board within thirty business days after the request:

37 (i) Close the application, deem the application fee forfeited and 38 not consider a new application complete unless the requested documents are 39 submitted with the application.

40 (ii) Notify the licensee of an opportunity for a hearing in 41 accordance with section 41–1061 to consider suspension of the licensee.

42 (d) Pursuant to section 36-2604, subsection B, review prescription 43 information collected pursuant to title 36, chapter 28, article 1. 1 (e) ENTER INTO AGREEMENTS OR MEMORANDA OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN A 2 STATE OR FEDERAL REGULATORY AGENCY. THE AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDA OF 3 UNDERSTANDING SHALL BE APPROVED IN AN OPEN MEETING OF THE BOARD.

4 C. At each regularly scheduled board meeting, the executive 5 director shall provide to the board a list of the executive director's 6 actions taken pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 18, subdivisions (a), 7 (b) AND (c) and (d) of this section since the last board meeting.

8 D. The board may issue nondisciplinary civil penalties or delegate 9 to the executive director the authority to issue nondisciplinary civil penalties. The nondisciplinary civil penalties shall be prescribed by the 10 11 board in rule and issued using a board-approved form. If a licensee, 12 REGISTRANT or permittee fails to pay a nondisciplinary civil penalty that 13 the board has imposed on it, the board shall hold a hearing on the matter. In addition to any other nondisciplinary civil penalty adopted by the 14 board, either of the following acts or omissions that is not an imminent 15 16 threat to the public health and safety is subject to a nondisciplinary 17 civil penalty:

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1. An occurrence of either of the following:

19 (a) Failing to submit a remodel application before remodeling a 20 permitted facility.

21 (b) Failing to notify the board of the relocation of a business 22 BEFORE RELOCATING.

23 2. The occurrence of any of the following violations or any of the 24 violations adopted by the board in rule, with three or more violations being presented to the board as a complaint: 25

26 (a) The licensee, **REGISTRANT** or permittee fails to update the 27 licensee's, REGISTRANT'S or permittee's online profile within ten FIFTEEN days after a change in contact information, address, telephone number or 28 29 email address.

30 (b) The licensee OR REGISTRANT fails to update the licensee's OR 31 REGISTRANT'S online profile within ten FIFTEEN days after a change in 32 employment.

33 (c) The licensee fails to complete the required continuing education for a license renewal. 34

(d) The licensee fails to update the licensee's online profile to 35 36 reflect a new pharmacist in charge within fourteen days after the position 37 change.

(e) The permittee fails to update the permittee's online profile to 38 39 reflect a new designated representative within ten days after the position 40 change.

41 (f) The licensee, **REGISTRANT** or permittee fails to notify the board 42 of a new criminal charge, arrest or conviction against the licensee, 43 REGISTRANT or permittee in this state or any other jurisdiction.

44 (g) The licensee, REGISTRANT or permittee fails to notify the board 45 of a disciplinary action taken against the licensee, REGISTRANT or

1 permittee by another regulating agency in this state or any other 2 jurisdiction.

3 (h) A THE licensee or permittee fails to renew a license or permit 4 within sixty days after the license or permit expires. If more than sixty 5 days have lapsed after the expiration of a license or permit, the licensee 6 or permittee shall appear before the board.

7 (i) A new pharmacist in charge fails to conduct a controlled 8 substance inventory within ten days after starting the position.

9 (j) A person fails to obtain a permit before shipping into this 10 state anything that requires a permit pursuant to this chapter.

11 (k) Any other violations of statute or rule that the board or the 12 board's designee deems appropriate for a nondisciplinary civil penalty.

E. The board shall develop substantive policy statements pursuant to section 41–1091 for each specific licensing and regulatory authority the board delegates to the executive director.

F. The executive director and other personnel or agents of the board are not subject to civil liability for any act done or proceeding undertaken or performed in good faith and in furtherance of the purposes of this chapter.

Sec. 3. Section 32-1925, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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32-1925. <u>Renewal of license of pharmacists, interns and</u> <u>pharmacy technicians: fees: expiration dates:</u> <u>penalty for failure to renew; continuing education</u>

25 A. Except for interns and pharmacy technician trainees, the board 26 shall assign all persons who are licensed under this chapter to one of two license renewal groups AS PRESCRIBED BY THE BOARD IN RULE. Except as 27 provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a license certificate designated 28 29 in the licensing database as even by way of verbiage or numerical value shall renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the even-numbered 30 31 year, two years after the last renewal date. Except as provided in section 32-4301, a holder of a license certificate designated in the 32 licensing database as odd by way of verbiage or numerical value shall 33 renew it biennially on or before November 1 of the odd-numbered year, two 34 35 years after the last renewal date. Failure to renew and pay all required 36 fees on or before November 1 of the year in which the renewal is due 37 suspends the license. The board shall vacate a suspension when the and 38 licensee pays all past due fees reinstatement penalties. 39 Reinstatement penalties shall not exceed \$350. The board may waive 40 collection of a fee or reinstatement penalty due after suspension under 41 conditions established by a majority of the board.

42 B. A person shall not apply for license renewal more than sixty 43 days before the expiration date of the license.

44 C. A person who is licensed as a pharmacist or a pharmacy 45 technician and who has not renewed the license for five consecutive years D.

1 shall furnish to the board satisfactory proof of fitness to be licensed as 2 a pharmacist or a pharmacy technician. A person whose license has lapsed 3 for two or more renewal cycles shall pay the fees for the two most recent 4 renewal cycles and the penalties before being reinstated.

Biennial renewal fees for licensure shall be not more than:

5 6

1. For a pharmacist, \$250.

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2. For a pharmacy technician, \$100.

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3. For a duplicate renewal license, \$25.

9 E. Fees that are designated to be not more than a maximum amount 10 shall be set by the board for the following two fiscal years beginning 11 November 1. The board shall establish fees approximately proportionate to 12 the maximum fee allowed to cover the board's anticipated expenditures for 13 the following two fiscal years. Variation in a fee is not effective 14 except at the expiration date of a license.

15 F. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacist unless the 16 pharmacist has complied with the mandatory continuing professional 17 pharmacy education requirements of sections 32-1936 and 32-1937.

18 G. The board shall prescribe intern licensure renewal fees that do 19 not exceed \$75. The license of an intern who does not receive specific 20 board approval to renew the intern license or who receives board approval 21 to renew but who does not renew and pay all required fees before the 22 license expiration date is suspended after the license expiration 23 date. The board shall vacate a suspension if the licensee pays all past 24 due fees and penalties. Penalties shall not exceed \$350. The board may 25 waive collection of a fee or penalty due after suspension under conditions 26 established by the board.

27 H. The board shall not renew a license for a pharmacy technician 28 unless that person has a current board-approved license and has complied 29 board-approved mandatory continuing professional with education 30 requirements. If a pharmacy technician prepares, compounds or dispenses 31 prescription medications at a remote dispensing site pharmacy, the 32 technician shall complete, in addition to pharmacy any other 33 board-approved mandatory continuing professional education requirements, a 34 two-hour continuing education program on remote dispensing site pharmacy 35 practices provided by an approved provider.

36 Sec. 4. Section 32–1926, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 37 read:

38

32-1926. Notice of change of information required

39 A. Except as prescribed in subsection B of this section, a 40 pharmacist, intern, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee, 41 within ten FIFTEEN days after a change in that person's employer, 42 address, home address or contact information, employer's shall 43 electronically update the person's online board profile or give written notice to the board office staff of the new information. 44

B. Pursuant to board rule, a pharmacist designated as the pharmacist in charge for a permit issued under this chapter shall give immediate notice to the board office staff of the initiation and termination of such responsibility. The pharmacist shall either electronically update the pharmacist's online board profile or give written notice to the board office staff of the new information.

7 Sec. 5. Section 32-1926.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read:

9 10

32-1926.01. <u>Change in residency status; written notice</u> required

11 A. A EACH licensee AND REGISTRANT shall give written notice to the 12 board office staff of WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER a change in the licensee's 13 OR REGISTRANT'S residency status authorized by the United States 14 citizenship and immigration services.

B. If the licensee's OR REGISTRANT'S residency status ceases to be authorized by the United States citizenship and immigration services, the licensee shall give written notice to the board office staff that the licensee voluntarily terminates BOARD SHALL RECIND the license OR REGISTRATION.

20 Sec. 6. Section 32–1927, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 21 read:

32-1927. Pharmacists; pharmacy interns; disciplinary action

A. A pharmacist or pharmacy intern is subject to disciplinary action by the board for any of the following:

25 1. The board determines that the licensee has committed an act of 26 unprofessional conduct.

27 2. The licensee is found by psychiatric examination to be mentally28 unfit to practice the profession of pharmacy.

29 3. The licensee is found to be physically or mentally incapacitated 30 to such a degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the 31 profession of pharmacy.

32 4. The licensee is found to be professionally incompetent to such a
 33 degree as to render the licensee unfit to practice the profession of
 34 pharmacy.

35

22

5. The license was issued through error.

B. A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who after a formal hearing is found by the board to be guilty of unprofessional conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy or to be professionally incompetent is subject to any one or combination of the following:

41 1. A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of 42 this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

- 43 2.
 - 2. A letter of reprimand.
- 44 3. A decree of censure.

1 4. Completion of board-designated continuing pharmaceutical 2 education courses.

- 3 5. Probation.
- 4

6. Suspension or revocation of the license.

5 C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the 6 licensee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule 7 adopted under this chapter.

8 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that 9 appears to show that a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct 10 11 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the 12 practice of pharmacy. Any person may, and a licensee or permittee of the 13 board must, report to the board any information that appears to show that a pharmacist or pharmacy intern is or may be professionally incompetent, 14 is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or 15 16 physically unable safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy. The board 17 or the executive director shall notify the pharmacist or pharmacy intern 18 as to the content of the complaint as soon as reasonable. Any person or entity that reports or provides information to the board in good faith is 19 20 not subject to an action for civil damages. It is an act of 21 unprofessional conduct for any pharmacist or pharmacy intern to fail to 22 report as required by this subsection.

23 E. The pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy 24 located in this state must inform the board if a pharmacist or pharmacy intern employed by the pharmacy is terminated because of actions by the 25 26 pharmacist or pharmacy intern that appear to show that the pharmacist or 27 pharmacy intern is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically 28 29 unable safely to engage in the practice of pharmacy, along with a general statement of the reasons that led the pharmacy to take the action. The 30 31 pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy located in this state must inform the board if a pharmacist or pharmacy intern under 32 33 investigation resigns or if a pharmacist or pharmacy intern resigns in 34 lieu of disciplinary action by the pharmacy. Notification must include a 35 general statement of the reasons for the resignation. A person who 36 reports information in good faith pursuant to this subsection is not 37 subject to civil liability.

38 F. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director 39 shall require any combination of mental, physical, psychological, 40 psychiatric or medical competency examinations or pharmacist licensure 41 examinations and conduct necessary investigations, including 42 investigational interviews between representatives of the board and the 43 pharmacist or pharmacy intern, to fully inform itself about any information filed with the board under this section. These examinations 44 45 may also include biological fluid testing. The board may require the

1 pharmacist or pharmacy intern, at that person's expense, to undergo 2 assessment by a board-approved substance abuse treatment and 3 rehabilitation program.

G. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the license of the pharmacist or pharmacy intern, the board may take any of the following actions:

9

1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.

10 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written 11 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory 12 letter.

Require the licensee to complete board-designated continuing
 pharmaceutical education courses.

H. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides
information regarding a licensee's drug or alcohol impairment or the name
of the person who files a complaint if that person requests anonymity.

18 I. If after completing its investigation the board believes that 19 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the 20 pharmacist or pharmacy intern. If the pharmacist or pharmacy intern 21 refuses the invitation for a conference and the investigation indicates 22 that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a license, 23 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or 24 imposition of a civil penalty, the board shall issue a formal notice that 25 a hearing be held pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

26 If through information provided pursuant to this section or by J. 27 other means the board finds that the protection of the public health, welfare and safety requires emergency action against the license of a 28 29 pharmacist or pharmacy intern, the board may restrict a license or order a 30 summary suspension of a license pending proceedings for revocation or 31 other action. If the board acts pursuant to this subsection, the board shall also serve the licensee with a written notice of complaint and 32 formal hearing that sets forth the charges and licensee's right to a 33 34 formal hearing before the board or an administrative law judge on the 35 charges within sixty days pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

36 K. If after completing the conference the board finds the 37 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient 38 seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a license, probation, 39 issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of 40 a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

41

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

42 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written 43 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the 44 advisory letter. 1 3. Require the licensee to complete board-designated continuing 2 pharmaceutical education courses.

L. If during a conference the board finds that the information provided pursuant to this section indicates that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

8

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

9 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee may file a written 10 response with the board within thirty days after the licensee receives the 11 advisory letter.

Require the licensee to complete board-designated continuing
 pharmaceutical education courses.

4. Enter into an agreement with the licensee to discipline the licensee, restrict the licensee's practice or professional activities or rehabilitate, retrain or assess the licensee in order to protect the public and ensure the licensee's ability to safely engage in the practice of pharmacy. The agreement may include at least the following:

19

(a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.(b) Issuance of a decree of censure.

(b) Issuance of a decree of censure.
(c) Practice or professional restrictions, such as not acting as a
pharmacist in charge or pharmacy intern preceptor or working with another
pharmacist.

24

(d) Rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs, including:

25

(i) Board-approved community service.

26 (ii) Successful completion of additional board-designated 27 continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

28 (iii) Successful passage of board-approved pharmacist licensure 29 examinations.

30 (iv) Successful completion of a board-approved substance abuse 31 treatment and rehabilitation program at the licensee's own expense.

32 (e) A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of 33 this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

(f) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the 34 35 public health and safety and rehabilitate or educate the licensee 36 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of 37 the disciplinary actions, practice or professional restrictions. rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs listed in this section 38 39 or any other program agreed to by the board and the licensee.

M. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to this section and additional information provided during the conference warrants revocation or suspension of a license, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it shall initiate formal proceedings pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10. 1 N. If the licensee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in 2 person or by representation, or both, the licensee must file with the 3 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must 4 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days 5 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's 6 notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of 7 hearing. AT WHICH TIME THE BOARD MAY ADOPT THE FINDINGS OF FACT. ALLEGATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND TAKE DISCIPLINARY ACTION AUTHORIZED 8 9 BY THIS CHAPTER.

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0. An advisory letter is a nondisciplinary public document.

P. If the board during an investigation determines that a criminal violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its investigative evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice agency for its consideration.

15 Q. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this 16 section, the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and 17 disciplinary actions against a licensee.

18 R. The board may deny a license to an applicant for the grounds 19 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

S. A person who is licensed pursuant to this chapter or by any other jurisdiction and who has a license revoked or suspended shall not obtain a license as a pharmacy intern or pharmacy technician or a registration as a pharmacy technician trainee or work as a pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee without the approval of the board or its designee.

26 Sec. 7. Section 32-1927.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 27 read:

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- 29

43

32-1927.01. <u>Pharmacy technicians: pharmacy technician</u> <u>trainees: disciplinary action</u>

A. A pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee is subject to disciplinary action by the board for any of the following:

The board determines that the licensee or registrant has
 committed an act of unprofessional conduct.

2. The licensee or registrant is found by psychiatric examination to be mentally unfit to safely perform the licensee's or registrant's employment duties.

37 3. The licensee or registrant is found to be physically or mentally 38 incapacitated to such a degree as to render the licensee or registrant 39 unfit to safely perform the licensee's or registrant's employment duties.

40 4. The licensee or registrant is found to be professionally 41 incompetent to such a degree as to render the licensee or registrant unfit 42 to safely perform the licensee's or registrant's employment duties.

5. The license or registration was issued through error.

44 B. A pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee who after a 45 formal hearing is found by the board to be guilty of unprofessional 1 conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the 2 practice of pharmacy or to be professionally incompetent is subject to any 3 one or combination of the following:

4 1. A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of 5 this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

6

A letter of reprimand.
 A decree of censure.

7 8

A decree of censure.
 Completion of board designated continuing education courses.

8

Completion
 Probation.

9 10

6. Suspension or revocation of the license or registration.

11 C. The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the 12 licensee or registrant whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or 13 a rule adopted under this chapter.

14 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that appears to show that a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee 15 16 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of 17 unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable 18 safely to engage in the permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or 19 pharmacy technician trainee. Any person may, and a licensee, registrant 20 or permittee of the board must, report to the board any information that 21 appears to show that a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee 22 is or may be professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct or is or may be mentally or physically unable 23 24 safely to engage in the permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or 25 The board or the executive director shall pharmacy technician trainee. 26 notify the pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee as to the content of the complaint as soon as reasonable. Any person or entity that 27 reports or provides information to the board in good faith is not subject 28 29 to an action for civil damages. It is an act of unprofessional conduct 30 for any pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee to fail to 31 report as required by this subsection.

32 E. The pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in charge of a pharmacy located in this state must inform the board if a pharmacy technician or 33 34 pharmacy technician trainee employed by the pharmacy is terminated because 35 of actions by that person that appear to show that the person is or may be 36 professionally incompetent, is or may be guilty of unprofessional conduct 37 or is or may be mentally or physically unable safely to engage in the 38 permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician 39 trainee, along with a general statement of the reasons that led the 40 pharmacy to take the action. The pharmacy permittee or pharmacist in 41 charge of a pharmacy located in this state must inform the board if a 42 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee under investigation 43 resigns or if a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee resigns 44 in lieu of disciplinary action by the pharmacy. Notification must include 45 a general statement of the reasons for the resignation. A person who

1 reports information in good faith pursuant to this subsection is not 2 subject to civil liability.

3 F. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director 4 require any combination of mental, physical, psychological, shall 5 psychiatric or medical competency examinations or pharmacy technician 6 licensure examinations and conduct necessary investigations, including 7 investigational interviews between representatives of the board and the 8 pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee, to fully inform itself 9 about any information filed with the board pursuant to this section. These examinations may also include biological fluid testing. The board 10 11 may require the licensee or registrant, at that person's expense, to 12 undergo assessment by a board-approved substance abuse treatment and 13 rehabilitation program.

G. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the license or registration of the pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee, the board may take any of the following actions:

19

1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.

20 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee or registrant may file a 21 written response with the board within thirty days after receiving the 22 advisory letter.

Require the licensee or registrant to complete board-designated
 continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

H. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides information regarding a licensee's or registrant's drug or alcohol impairment or the name of the person who files a complaint if that person requests anonymity.

29 I. If after completing its investigation the board believes that the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the 30 31 licensee or registrant. If the licensee or registrant refuses the invitation for a conference and the investigation indicates that grounds 32 33 may exist for revocation or suspension of a license or registration, 34 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or 35 imposition of a civil penalty, the board shall issue a formal notice that 36 a hearing be held pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

37 J. If through information provided pursuant to this section or by other means the board finds that the protection of the public health, 38 39 welfare and safety requires emergency action against the license or 40 registration of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician trainee, the 41 board may restrict a license or registration or order a summary suspension 42 of a license or registration pending proceedings for revocation or other 43 If the board acts pursuant to this subsection, the board shall action. also serve the licensee or registrant with a written notice of complaint 44 45 and formal hearing that sets forth the charges made against the licensee

1 or registrant and the licensee's or registrant's right to a formal hearing 2 before the board or an administrative law judge on the charges within 3 sixty days pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

4 K. If after completing the conference the board finds the 5 information provided pursuant to this section is not of sufficient 6 seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a license or 7 registration, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of 8 reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following 9 actions:

10

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

11 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee or registrant may file a 12 written response with the board within thirty days after the licensee or 13 registrant receives the advisory letter.

14 3. Require the licensee or registrant to complete board-designated 15 continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

16 L. If during a conference the board finds that the information 17 provided pursuant to this section indicates that grounds may exist for 18 revocation or suspension of a license or registration, probation, issuance 19 of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil 20 penalty, it may take the following actions:

21

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

22 2. File an advisory letter. The licensee or registrant may file a written response with the board within thirty days after the licensee or 23 24 registrant receives the advisory letter.

25 3. Require the licensee or registrant to complete board-designated 26 continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

27 4. Enter into an agreement with the licensee or registrant to 28 discipline the licensee or registrant, restrict the licensee's or 29 registrant's practice or professional activities or rehabilitate, retrain or assess the licensee or registrant in order to protect the public and 30 31 ensure the licensee's or registrant's ability to safely engage in the permissible activities of a pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician 32 trainee. The agreement may include at least the following: 33

34 35 (a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.

(b) Issuance of a decree of censure.

36 (c) Practice or professional restrictions, such as doing the 37 following only under pharmacist supervision:

38

(i) Entering prescription or patient data.

39

(ii) Initiating or accepting verbal refill authorization.

40 prescription (iii) Counting, pouring, packaging or labeling 41 medication.

42 (iv) Compounding, reconstituting, prepackaging or repackaging 43 drugs.

44

(d) Rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs, including: (i) Board-approved community service.

45

1 (ii) Successful completion of additional board-designated 2 continuing pharmaceutical education courses.

3 (iii) Successful passage of board-approved pharmacist technician 4 licensure examinations.

- 5 (iv) Successful completion of a board-approved substance abuse 6 treatment and rehabilitation program at the licensee's or registrant's own 7 expense.

8 (e) A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of 9 this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter.

(f) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the 10 11 public health and safety and rehabilitate or educate the licensee or registrant concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any 12 13 or all of the disciplinary actions, practice or professional restrictions, rehabilitative, retraining or assessment programs listed in this section 14 15 or any other program agreed to by the board and the licensee or 16 registrant.

17 M. If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to 18 this section and additional information provided during the conference warrants revocation or suspension of a license or registration, probation, 19 20 issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of 21 a civil penalty, it shall initiate formal proceedings pursuant to title 22 41, chapter 6, article 10.

N. If the licensee or registrant wishes to be present at the formal 23 24 hearing in person or by representation, or both, the licensee or registrant must file with the board an answer to the charges in the notice 25 26 of hearing. The answer must be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days after service of the notice of hearing. Failure 27 to answer the board's notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the 28 29 charges in the notice of hearing, AT WHICH TIME THE BOARD MAY ADOPT THE 30 FINDINGS OF FACT, ALLEGATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND TAKE DISCIPLINARY 31 ACTION AUTHORIZED BY THIS CHAPTER.

32

0. An advisory letter is a nondisciplinary public document.

33 P. If the board during an investigation determines that a criminal 34 violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its investigative 35 evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice agency for 36 its consideration.

37 0. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this 38 the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and section. 39 disciplinary actions against a licensee or registrant.

40 R. The board may deny a license or registration to an applicant for 41 the grounds prescribed in subsection A of this section.

42 S. A person who is licensed or registered pursuant to this chapter 43 or by any other jurisdiction and who has a license or registration revoked or suspended shall not obtain a license or registration as a pharmacy 44 45 technician or pharmacy technician trainee or work as a pharmacy technician

1 or pharmacy technician trainee without the approval of the board or its 2 designee. 3 Sec. 8. Section 32-1927.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 4 read: 5 32-1927.02. Permittees; disciplinary action 6 A. The board may discipline a permittee if: 7 1. The board determines that the permittee or permittee's employee quilty of 8 unethical conduct pursuant to section is 32-1901.01. 9 subsection A. 10 2. Pursuant to a psychiatric examination, the permittee or the 11 permittee's employee is found to be mentally unfit to safely engage in 12 employment duties. 13 3. The board determines that the permittee or the permittee's 14 employee is physically or mentally incapacitated to such a degree as to render the permittee or permittee's employee unfit to safely engage in 15 16 employment duties. 17 4. The permit was issued through error. 18 5. A permittee or permittee's employee allows a person who does not possess a current license or registration issued by the board to work as a 19 20 pharmacist, pharmacy intern, pharmacy technician or pharmacy technician 21 trainee. 22 B. A permittee who after a formal hearing is found by the board to be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or physically unable safely 23 24 to engage in employment duties or to be in violation of this chapter or a 25 rule adopted under this chapter or whose employee after a formal hearing 26 is found by the board to be guilty of unethical conduct, to be mentally or 27 physically unable safely to engage in employment duties or to be in violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter is subject 28 29 to any one or combination of the following: 30 1. A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of 31 this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. 32 2. A letter of reprimand. 33 3. A decree of censure. 34 4. Completion of board-designated pharmacy law continuing education 35 courses. 36 5. Probation. 37 6. Suspension or revocation of the permit. 38 The board may charge the costs of formal hearings to the C. permittee whom it finds to be in violation of this chapter or a rule 39 40 adopted under this chapter or whose employee it finds to be in violation 41 of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. 42 D. The board on its own motion may investigate any evidence that 43 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable 44 45 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this

1 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. Any person may, and any 2 licensee or permittee must, report to the board any information that 3 appears to show that a permittee or permittee's employee is or may be 4 guilty of unethical conduct, is or may be mentally or physically unable 5 safely to engage in employment duties or is or may be in violation of this 6 chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. The board or the executive 7 director shall notify the permittee as to the content of the complaint as 8 soon as reasonable. Any person or entity that reports or provides 9 information to the board in good faith is not subject to an action for 10 civil damages. It is an act of unethical conduct for any permittee to 11 fail to report as required by this subsection.

12 E. The board or, if delegated by the board, the executive director 13 any combination of mental, physical, require psychological, shall psychiatric or medical competency examinations and conduct necessary 14 investigational 15 investigations. including interviews between 16 representatives of the board and the permittee or permittee's employee, to 17 fully inform itself about any information filed with the board under 18 subsection D of this section. These examinations may also include 19 biological fluid testing. The board may require the permittee or 20 permittee's employee, at that person's expense, to undergo assessment by a 21 board-approved substance abuse treatment and rehabilitation program.

F. If after completing its investigation the board finds that the information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of sufficient seriousness to merit disciplinary action against the permit, the board may take any of the following actions:

26

1. Dismiss if the complaint is without merit.

27 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written 28 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory 29 letter.

30 3. Require the permittee to complete board-designated pharmacy law 31 continuing education courses.

32 G. The board shall not disclose the name of the person who provides 33 information regarding a permittee's or permittee's employee's drug or 34 alcohol impairment or the name of the person who files a complaint if that 35 person requests anonymity.

36 If after completing its investigation the board believes that Η. 37 the information is or may be true, it may request a conference with the permittee or permittee's employee. If the permittee or permittee's 38 employee refuses the invitation for a conference and the investigation 39 40 indicates that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit, 41 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or 42 imposition of a civil penalty, the board shall issue a formal notice that 43 a hearing be held pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

44 I. If through information provided pursuant to subsection D of this 45 section or by other means the board finds that the protection of the 1 public health, welfare and safety requires emergency action against the permit, the board may restrict a permit or order a summary suspension of a 2 3 permit pending proceedings for revocation or other action. If the board 4 acts pursuant to this subsection, the board shall also serve the permittee 5 with a written notice of complaint and formal hearing that sets forth the 6 charges and the permittee's right to a formal hearing on the charges 7 before the board or an administrative law judge within sixty days pursuant 8 to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

9 J. If after completing the conference the board finds the 10 information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section is not of 11 sufficient seriousness to merit revocation or suspension of a permit, 12 probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or 13 imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

14

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

15 2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written 16 response with the board within thirty days after receiving the advisory 17 letter.

Require the permittee to complete board-designated pharmacy law
 continuing education courses.

K. If during a conference the board finds that the information provided pursuant to subsection D of this section indicates that grounds may exist for revocation or suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it may take the following actions:

25

1. Dismiss if the information is without merit.

2. File an advisory letter. The permittee may file a written 27 response with the board within thirty days after the permittee receives 28 the advisory letter.

Require the permittee to complete board-designated pharmacy law
 continuing education courses.

4. Enter into an agreement with the permittee to discipline the permittee, restrict the permittee's business activities or rehabilitate or assess the permittee in order to protect the public and ensure the permittee's ability to safely engage in employment duties. The agreement may include, at a minimum, the following disciplinary actions, business activity restrictions and rehabilitative or assessment programs:

37

(a) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.

38

(b) Issuance of a decree of censure.

39 (c) Business activity restrictions, including limitations on the
 40 number, type, classification or schedule of drug, device, poison,
 41 hazardous substance, controlled substance or precursor chemical that may
 42 be manufactured, sold, distributed or dispensed.

43 (d) Successful completion of board-designated pharmacy law44 continuing education courses.

1 (e) Rehabilitative or assessment programs, including board-approved 2 community service or successful completion of a board-approved substance 3 abuse treatment and rehabilitation program at the permittee's own expense.

4

(f) A civil penalty of not more than \$1,000 for each violation of this chapter or a rule adopted under this chapter. (g) A period and terms of probation best adapted to protect the

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6 7 public health and safety and rehabilitate or assess the permittee 8 concerned. Probation may include temporary suspension and any or all of 9 the disciplinary actions, business practice restrictions, rehabilitative 10 or assessment programs listed in this section or any other program agreed 11 to by the board and the permittee.

12 If the board finds that the information provided pursuant to L. 13 subsection D of this section and additional information provided during the conference indicate that grounds may exist for revocation or 14 suspension of a permit, probation, issuance of a decree of censure or a 15 16 letter of reprimand or imposition of a civil penalty, it shall initiate 17 formal proceedings pursuant to title 41, chapter 6, article 10.

18 M. If the permittee wishes to be present at the formal hearing in 19 person or by representation, or both, the permittee must file with the 20 board an answer to the charges in the notice of hearing. The answer must 21 be in writing, be verified under oath and be filed within thirty days 22 after service of the notice of hearing. Failure to answer the board's notice of hearing is deemed an admission of the charges in the notice of 23 24 hearing, AT WHICH TIME THE BOARD MAY ADOPT THE FINDINGS OF FACT, 25 ALLEGATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND TAKE DISCIPLINARY ACTION AUTHORIZED 26 BY THIS CHAPTER.

27 N. If the board, during any investigation, determines that a 28 criminal violation might have occurred, it shall disclose its 29 investigative evidence and information to the appropriate criminal justice 30 agency for its consideration.

31 0. In determining the appropriate disciplinary action under this 32 section. the board shall consider all previous nondisciplinary and 33 disciplinary actions against a permittee.

34 P. The board may deny a permit to an applicant for the grounds 35 prescribed in subsection A of this section.

36 Q. If the board approves a permit and the business fails to become 37 operational within nine months after the date the permit is granted, the 38 permit is no longer valid. The board may grant a onetime extension for 39 the business to become operational.

40 Sec. 9. Section 32-1930, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 41 read:

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Types of permits; permit restrictions and 32-1930. requirements; discontinuance of pharmacy permit

On application, the board may issue the following classes or 44 Α. 45 kinds of permits:

1 1. If approved by the board, a pharmacy, limited service pharmacy, 2 automated prescription-dispensing kiosk, full service wholesale drug, 3 third-party logistics provider, nonprescription drug wholesale and drug 4 manufacturer's permit.

5 2. A drug packager or drug prepackager permit to an individual or 6 establishment that is currently listed by the United States food and drug 7 administration and has met the requirements of that agency to purchase, 8 repackage, relabel or otherwise alter the manufacturer's original package 9 of an approved drug product with the intent of reselling these items to 10 persons or businesses authorized to possess or resell the repackaged, 11 prepackaged or relabeled drug.

12 3. A durable medical equipment distributor and compressed medical gas distributor permit and a durable medical equipment supplier and 13 compressed medical gas supplier permit. 14

B. The board shall deny or revoke a pharmacy permit if a medical 15 16 practitioner receives compensation, either directly or indirectly, from a 17 pharmacy as a result of the practitioner's prescription orders. This does 18 not include compensation to a medical practitioner who is the owner of a 19 building where space is leased to a pharmacy at the prevailing rate, not 20 resulting in a rebate to the medical practitioner.

21 C. If a pharmacy permanently discontinues operation, the permittee 22 shall immediately surrender the permit to the executive director. The permittee shall remove all drug signs and symbols, either within or 23 24 without the premises, and shall remove or destroy all drugs, devices, 25 poisons and hazardous substances.

26 D. An automated prescription-dispensing kiosk may not contain or 27 dispense a controlled substance as defined in section 36-2501 and the 28 controlled substances act (P.L. 91-513; 84 Stat. 1242; 21 United States 29 Code section 802).

30 E. ALL PERMITS SHALL CONTAIN THE NAME OF THE BUSINESS THAT MATCHES 31 THE NAME ON THE PERMITTEE'S FACILITY STOREFRONT SIGNAGE AND PRESCRIPTION MEDICATION OR PRESCRIPTION DRUG MANUFACTURER OR DISTRIBUTOR PROOF OF 32 PURCHASE INVOICES. THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT PROHIBIT THE TRANSACTION 33 34 INVOICE FROM INDICATING A DIFFERENT PERSON FROM BEING LISTED AS THE 35 **RESPONSIBLE PARTY FOR PAYMENT.**

36 F. THE PERMITTEE'S HOURS OF OPERATION SHALL BE ENTERED IN THE PERMITTEE'S ONLINE PROFILE AND UPDATED WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER ANY 37 CHANGE IN THE PERMITTEE'S HOURS OF OPERATION. 38

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G. A PERMIT ISSUED BY THE BOARD:

40 SHALL BE ISSUED ONLY TO A SINGLE PHYSICAL ADDRESS. A SINGLE 1. 41 PHYSICAL ADDRESS MAY HAVE DIFFERENT PERMIT TYPES.

2. IS DEEMED INVALID IF THE HOME STATE PERMIT IS NO LONGER ACTIVE.

3. MAY BE RELOCATED WITHIN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PERMIT WAS ISSUED 43 PURSUANT TO THE HOME STATE PERMIT IDENTIFYING THE NEW PHYSICAL ADDRESS. 44

1 4. IS NOT TRANSFERABLE OR RELOCATABLE OUTSIDE OF THE STATE FOR 2 WHICH IT WAS ISSUED. 3 Sec. 10. Section 32-1941, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 4 read: 5 32-1941. Third-party logistics providers; permit required; designated representative; fingerprinting 6 7 requirements 8 A. A third-party logistics provider that engages in logistics 9 services into, within or from this state shall hold a third-party logistics provider permit in this state. 10 11 B. A third-party logistics provider shall comply with storage 12 practices, including all of the following: 13 1. Maintain access to warehouse space of a suitable size to 14 facilitate safe operations, including a suitable area to quarantine a 15 suspect product. 16 2. Maintain adequate security. 17 3. Have written policies and procedures to: (a) Address the receipt, security, storage, inventory, shipment and 18 19 distribution of a product. 20 (b) Identify, record and report confirmed significant losses or thefts in the United States. 21 22 (c) Correct errors and inaccuracies in inventories. (d) Provide support for manufacturer recalls. 23 24 (e) Prepare for, protect against and address any reasonably 25 foreseeable crisis that affects a facility's security or operation, such 26 as an employee strike, a fire or a flood. 27 (f) Ensure that any expired product is segregated from other products and returned to the manufacturer, repackager or agent of the 28 29 manufacturer or repackager or is destroyed. 30 (g) Maintain records reflecting the receipt and distribution of 31 products and supplies and records of inventories. (h) Quarantine or destroy a suspect product if directed to do so by 32 the respective manufacturer, wholesale distributor or dispenser or an 33 34 authorized governmental agency. 35 C. A third-party logistics provider shall make its facility 36 available to the board for inspection during regular business hours to ensure compliance with this section. 37 D. A third-party logistics provider shall have a 38 designated representative at each facility who has not been convicted of any felony 39 40 violation under any federal, state or local law relating to wholesale or 41 retail prescription or over-the-counter dangerous drugs or dangerous devices distribution or the distribution of controlled substances. 42 43 E. A third-party logistics provider shall provide the board on the 44 board's request with a list of all manufacturers, wholesale distributors,

1 dispensers and durable medical equipment suppliers for whom the 2 third-party logistics provider provides services at a facility.

3 F. A third-party logistics provider's designated representative 4 shall have a valid fingerprint clearance card issued pursuant to title 41, 5 chapter 12, article 3.1, which shall be submitted with the completed 6 application. If the third-party logistics provider changes its designated 7 representative, the new designated representative shall have a valid 8 fingerprint clearance card issued pursuant to title 41, chapter 12, 9 article 3.1 and submitted to the board before the change in representation is made. A FINGERPRINT CLEARANCE CARD IS NOT REQUIRED FOR THE THIRD-PARTY 10 11 LOGISTICS PROVIDERS WHO ARE COORDINATING WAREHOUSING OR OTHER LOGISTICS 12 FOR ONLY NONPRESCRIPTION DRUGS AND DEVICES.

13 Sec. 11. Section 32–1965, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

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32-1965. <u>Prohibited acts</u>

16 COMMITTING OR CAUSING ANY OF the following acts or the causing of 17 any thereof, in addition to any others so OTHER ACT specified in this 18 chapter, are IS prohibited:

19 1. The manufacture, sale MANUFACTURING, SELLING, holding or 20 offering for sale of any drug, device, poison, or hazardous substance 21 that is adulterated or misbranded.

22 2. The adulteration ADULTERING or misbranding of any drug, device,
 23 poison, or hazardous substance.

3. The alteration, mutilation, destruction, obliteration, ALTERING, MUTILATING, DESTROYING, OBLITERATING or removal of REMOVING the whole or any part of the labeling of, or the doing of any other act with respect to, a drug, device, poison, or hazardous substance, if such AN act is done while such THE article is held for sale and results in such THE article being adulterated or misbranded.

4. The manufacture, sale MANUFACTURING, SELLING, holding or offering for sale of a counterfeit drug or forging, counterfeiting, simulating, or falsely representing or without proper authority using any mark, stamp, tag, label, or other identification device authorized or required by rules adopted under the provisions of this chapter, or of the federal act.

36 5. The Using, on the labeling of any drug or device, or in any 37 advertisement, relating to such A drug or device, of any representation 38 or suggestion that such THE drug or device complies with the provisions of 39 this chapter.

6. In the case of a prescription-only drug or a controlled substance that requires a prescription order by state or federal law, the failure of the manufacturer, packer, or distributor to transmit, to any medical practitioner who makes a written request for information about such A drug, true and correct copies of all printed matter included in any package in which that drug is distributed or other printed matter approved under the federal act.

3 7. Engaging in the practice of pharmacy without first having a 4 current license in good standing issued by the board.

8. Making or offering to make a forged, counterfeit, altered or
photocopied prescription or drug order for the purpose of obtaining
prescription-only DRUGS or controlled substance drugs SUBSTANCES.

8 9. WHOLESALING OR DISTRIBUTING A PRESCRIPTION DRUG OR DEVICE, A
 9 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, A NONPRESCRIPTION DRUG, MEDICAL GAS OR DURABLE
 10 MEDICAL EQUIPMENT WITHOUT A VALID BOARD-ISSUED PERMIT.

11 Sec. 12. Section 36-2602, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 12 read:

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36-2602. <u>Controlled substances prescription monitoring</u> <u>program: contracts: retention and maintenance of</u> records

A. The board shall adopt rules to establish a controlled substancesprescription monitoring program. The program shall:

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1. Be operated, monitored and maintained by the board.

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2. Be staffed by the board.

20 3. Include a computerized central database tracking system to track 21 the prescribing, dispensing and consumption of schedule II, III, IV and V 22 controlled substances that are dispensed by a medical practitioner or by a 23 pharmacy that holds a valid license or permit issued pursuant to title 32. 24 The database shall include data from the department of health services 25 that identifies residents of this state who possess a registry 26 identification card issued pursuant to chapter 28.1 of this title. The 27 tracking system shall not interfere with the legal use of a controlled 28 substance for managing severe or intractable pain.

4. Assist law enforcement to identify illegal activity related to prescribing, AND dispensing and consuming schedule II, III, IV and V controlled substances.

32 5. Provide information to patients, medical practitioners and 33 pharmacists to help avoid the inappropriate use of schedule II, III, IV 34 and V controlled substances.

35 6. Be designed to minimize inconvenience to patients, prescribing
 36 medical practitioners and pharmacies while effectuating the collection and
 37 storage of information.

B. The board may enter into private or public contracts, including intergovernmental agreements pursuant to title 11, chapter 7, article 3, to ensure the effective operation of the program. Each contractor must comply with the confidentiality requirements prescribed in this article and is subject to the criminal penalties prescribed in section 36-2610.

43 C. The board shall maintain the following records for the following 44 periods of time: 1 1. A record of dispensing a controlled substance for seven years 2 after the date the controlled substance was dispensed.

3 2. Affidavits SEARCH WARRANTS for the purpose of an open
4 investigation by law enforcement for two years.

5 3. Court orders requesting medical record information in the 6 program for two years.

7 4. A patient's request of the patient's own prescription history 8 for two years.

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5. A prescriber report for two years.

10 Sec. 13. Section 36-2604, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 11 read:

12 13 36-2604. Use and release of confidential information; definitions

A. Except as otherwise provided in this section, prescription information submitted to the board pursuant to this article is confidential and is not subject to public inspection. The board shall establish procedures to ensure the privacy and confidentiality of patients and that patient information that is collected, recorded and transmitted pursuant to this article is not disclosed except as prescribed in this section.

21 Β. The board or its designee shall review the prescription 22 information collected pursuant to this article. If the board or its designee has reason to believe an act of unprofessional or illegal conduct 23 24 has occurred, the board or its designee shall notify the appropriate 25 professional licensing board. The board may delegate the duties 26 prescribed in this subsection to the executive director pursuant to 27 section 32-1904.

28 C. The board may release data collected by the program to the 29 following:

1. A person who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances, or a delegate who is authorized by the prescriber or dispenser, to assist that person to provide medical or pharmaceutical care to a patient or to evaluate a patient or to assist with or verify compliance with the requirements of this chapter, the rules adopted pursuant to this chapter and the rules adopted by the department of health services to reduce opioid overdose and death.

An individual who requests the individual's own prescription
 monitoring information pursuant to section 12-2293.

39 3. A medical practitioner regulatory board established pursuant to 40 title 32, chapter 7, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 25 or 29.

4. A local, state or federal law enforcement or criminal justice 42 agency. The board shall provide this information only if the requesting 43 agency has a valid search warrant and is using the information for an open 44 investigation or complaint. 1 5. The Arizona health care cost containment system administration 2 and contractors regarding persons who are receiving services pursuant to 3 chapters 29 and 34 of this title or title XVIII of the social security 4 act. Except as required pursuant to subsection B of this section, the 5 board shall provide this information only if the administration or a 6 contractor states in writing that the information is necessary for an open 7 investigation or complaint or for performing a drug utilization review for 8 controlled substances that supports the prevention of opioid overuse or 9 abuse and the safety and quality of care provided to the member.

10 health care insurer. Except as required 6. A pursuant to 11 subsection B of this section, the board shall provide this information 12 only if the health care insurer states in writing that the information is 13 necessary for an open investigation or complaint or for performing a drug 14 utilization review for controlled substances that supports the prevention of opioid overuse or abuse and the safety and quality of care provided to 15 16 the insured.

17 7. A person who is serving a lawful order of a court of competent18 jurisdiction.

19 8. A person who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled 20 substances and who performs an evaluation on an individual pursuant to 21 section 23-1026.

9. A county medical examiner or alternate medical examiner who is directing an investigation into the circumstances surrounding a death as described in section 11-593 or a delegate who is authorized by the county medical examiner or alternate medical examiner.

26 10. The department of health services regarding persons who are 27 receiving or prescribing controlled substances in order to implement a public health response to address opioid overuse or abuse, including a 28 29 review pursuant to section 36-198. Except as required pursuant to subsection B of this section, the board shall provide this information 30 31 only if the department states in writing that the information is necessary 32 to implement a public health response to help combat opioid overuse or 33 abuse.

D. Data provided by the board pursuant to this section may not be used for any of the following:

- 1. Credentialing health care professionals.
- 2. Determining payment.

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- 3. Preemployment screening.
- 4. Any purpose other than as specified in this section.

E. For a fee determined by the board, the board may provide data to public or private entities for statistical, research or educational purposes after removing information that could be used to identify individual patients or persons who received prescriptions from dispensers.

44 F. Any employee of the administration, a contractor or a health 45 care insurer who is assigned delegate access to the program shall operate

1 under the authority and responsibility of the administration's, 2 contractor's or health care insurer's chief medical officer or other 3 employee who is a licensed health care professional and who is authorized 4 to prescribe or dispense controlled substances. A delegate of the 5 administration, a contractor or a health care insurer shall hold a valid 6 license or certification issued pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 11, 13, 7 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19.1, 25, 29 or 33 as a condition of being assigned 8 and provided delegate access to the program by the board. Each employee 9 of the administration, a contractor or a health care insurer who is a 10 licensed health care professional and who is authorized to prescribe or 11 dispense controlled substances may authorize not more than ten delegates.

12 If, after reviewing the information provided pursuant to G. 13 subsection C, paragraph 4 of this section, an investigator finds no evidence of a statutory crime but suspects a medical practitioner of 14 prescribing controlled substances inappropriately in manner or amount, the 15 16 investigator may refer the medical practitioner to the relevant 17 professional licensing board for investigation of possible deviation from 18 the standard of care but may not arrest or otherwise undertake criminal 19 proceedings against the medical practitioner.

20 H. A person who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled 21 substances or the chief medical officer or other licensed health care 22 professional of the administration, a contractor or a health care insurer who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled substances shall 23 24 deactivate a delegate within five business days after an employment status 25 change, the request of the delegate or the inappropriate use of the 26 controlled substances prescription monitoring program's central database 27 tracking system.

28

I. For the purposes of this section:

29 1. "Administration" and "contractor" have the same meanings
 30 prescribed in section 36-2901.

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2. "Delegate" means any of the following:

32 (a) A licensed health care professional who is employed $\frac{1}{100}$ BY the 33 office of or $\frac{1}{100}$ BY a hospital with the prescriber or dispenser.

(b) An unlicensed medical records technician, medical assistant or office manager who is employed in BY the office of or in BY a hospital with the prescriber or dispenser and who has received training regarding both the health insurance portability and accountability act privacy standards (45 Code of Federal Regulations part 164, subpart E) and security standards (45 Code of Federal Regulations part 164, subpart C).

40 (c) A forensic pathologist, medical death investigator or other 41 qualified person who is assigned duties in connection with a death 42 investigation pursuant to section 11–594.

(d) A registered pharmacy technician trainee, licensed pharmacy
technician or licensed pharmacy intern who works in a facility with IS
EMPLOYED BY THE PHARMACY OF OR BY A HOSPITAL OF the dispenser.

1 (e) Any employee of the administration, a contractor or a health 2 care insurer who is authorized by the administration's, contractor's or 3 health care insurer's chief medical officer or other licensed health care 4 professional who is authorized to prescribe or dispense controlled 5 substances.

6 3. "Health care insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 7 20-3151.

8 9

read:

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36-2606. <u>Registration: access: requirements: mandatory use:</u> <u>annual user satisfaction survey; report;</u> <u>definitions</u>

Sec. 14. Section 36-2606, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to

13 A. A medical practitioner regulatory board shall notify each medical practitioner who receives an initial or renewal license and who 14 intends to apply for registration or has an active registration under the 15 16 controlled substances act (21 United States Code sections 801 through 904) 17 of the medical practitioner's responsibility to register with the Arizona 18 state board of pharmacy and be granted access to the controlled substances prescription monitoring program's central database tracking system. The 19 20 Arizona state board of pharmacy shall provide access to the central 21 database tracking system to each medical practitioner who has a valid 22 license pursuant to title 32 and who possesses an Arizona registration under the controlled substances act (21 United States Code sections 801 23 24 through 904). The Arizona state board of pharmacy shall notify each 25 pharmacist of the pharmacist's responsibility to register with the Arizona 26 state board of pharmacy and be granted access to the controlled substances prescription monitoring program's central database tracking system. The 27 Arizona state board of pharmacy shall provide access to the central 28 29 database tracking system to each pharmacist who has a valid license pursuant to title 32, chapter 18 and who is employed by either: 30

31 1. A facility that has a valid United States drug enforcement 32 administration registration number.

32 2. The administration, a contractor or a health care insurer and
 34 who has a national provider identifier number.

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B. The registration is:

36 1. Valid in conjunction with a valid United States drug enforcement 37 administration registration number and a valid license issued by a medical 38 practitioner regulatory board established pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 39 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 25 or 29.

40 2. Valid in conjunction with a valid license issued by the Arizona 41 state board of pharmacy for a pharmacist who is employed by either:

42 (a) A facility that has a valid United States drug enforcement 43 administration registration number.

44 (b) The administration, a contractor or a health care insurer and 45 who has a national provider identifier number.

1 3. Not transferable or assignable. 2 C. An applicant for registration pursuant to this section must 3 apply as prescribed by the board. 4 D. Pursuant to a fee prescribed by the board by rule, the board may 5 issue a replacement registration to a registrant who requests a 6 replacement because the original was damaged or destroyed, because of a 7 change of name or for any other good cause as prescribed by the board. 8 E. D. A person who is authorized to access the controlled 9 substances prescription monitoring program's central database tracking system may do so using only that person's assigned identifier and may not 10 11 use the assigned identifier of another person. F. E. Beginning the later of October 1, 2017 or sixty days after 12 13 the statewide health information exchange has integrated the controlled substances prescription monitoring program data into the exchange, A 14 15 medical practitioner, before prescribing an opioid analgesic or 16 benzodiazepine controlled substance listed in schedule II, III or IV for a 17 patient, shall obtain a patient utilization report regarding the patient 18 for the preceding twelve months from the controlled substances 19 prescription monitoring program's central database tracking system at the 20 beginning of each new course of treatment and at least quarterly while 21 that prescription remains a part of the treatment. Each medical 22 practitioner regulatory board shall notify the medical practitioners 23 licensed by that board of the applicable date MANDATORY USE REQUIREMENTS 24 OUTLINED IN THIS SECTION. A medical practitioner may be granted a one-year waiver from the requirement in this subsection due to 25 26 technological limitations that are not reasonably within the control of 27 the practitioner or other exceptional circumstances demonstrated by the 28 practitioner, pursuant to a process established by rule by the Arizona 29 state board of pharmacy.

30 G. F. Before a pharmacist dispenses or before a pharmacy 31 technician or pharmacy intern of a remote dispensing site pharmacy dispenses a schedule II controlled substance, a dispenser shall obtain a 32 patient utilization report regarding the patient for the preceding twelve 33 months from the controlled substances prescription monitoring program's 34 central database tracking system at the beginning of each new course of 35 36 treatment.

37 H. G. The medical practitioner or dispenser is not required to 38 obtain a patient utilization report from the central database tracking 39 system pursuant to subsection F E of this section if any of the following 40 applies:

41 1. The patient is receiving hospice care or palliative care for a42 serious or chronic illness.

43 2. The patient is receiving care for cancer, a cancer-related44 illness or condition or dialysis treatment.

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3. A medical practitioner will administer the controlled substance.

4. The patient is receiving the controlled substance during the course of inpatient or residential treatment in a hospital, nursing care facility, assisted living facility, correctional facility or mental health facility.

5. The medical practitioner is prescribing the controlled substance 6 to the patient for not more than a five-day period for an invasive medical 7 or dental procedure or a medical or dental procedure that results in acute 8 pain to the patient.

9 6. The medical practitioner is prescribing the controlled substance 10 to the patient for not more than a five-day period for a patient who has 11 suffered an acute injury or a medical or dental disease process that is 12 diagnosed in an emergency department setting and that results in acute 13 pain to the patient. An acute injury or medical disease process does not 14 include back pain.

15 **I.** H. On or before December 31, 2026, a vendor that provides 16 electronic medical records services to a medical practitioner in this 17 state shall integrate the vendor's electronic medical records system with 18 the program's central database tracking system either directly or through 19 the statewide health information exchange or a third-party vendor.

20 J. I. If a medical practitioner or dispenser uses electronic 21 medical records that integrate data from the controlled substances 22 prescription monitoring program, a review of the electronic medical 23 records with the integrated data shall be deemed compliant with the review 24 of the program's central database tracking system as required in 25 subsection F E of this section.

K. J. The board shall promote and enter into data sharing
 agreements to integrate and display patient utilization reports within
 electronic medical records.

29 t. K. By complying with this section, a medical practitioner or 30 dispenser who acts in good faith, or the medical practitioner's or 31 dispenser's employer, is not subject to liability or disciplinary action 32 arising solely from either:

Requesting or receiving, or failing to request or receive,
 prescription monitoring data from the program's central database tracking
 system.

2. Acting or failing to act on the basis of the prescription monitoring data provided by the program's central database tracking system.

M. L. Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the contrary, medical practitioners or dispensers and their delegates are not in violation of this section during any time period in which the controlled substances prescription monitoring program's central database tracking system is suspended or is not operational or available in a timely manner. If the program's central database tracking system is not accessible, the medical practitioner or dispenser or the medical 1 practitioner's or dispenser's delegate shall document the date and time 2 the practitioner, dispenser or delegate attempted to use the central 3 database tracking system pursuant to a process established by board rule.

M. The board shall conduct an annual voluntary survey of program users to assess user satisfaction with the program's central database tracking system. The survey may be conducted electronically. On or before December 1 of each year, the board shall provide a report of the survey results to the president of the senate, the speaker of the house of representatives and the governor and shall provide a copy of this report to the secretary of state.

11 0. N. This section does not prohibit a medical practitioner 12 regulatory board or the Arizona state board of pharmacy from obtaining and 13 using information from the program's central database tracking system.

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P. O. For the purposes of this section:

15 1. "Administration" has the same meaning prescribed in section 16 36-2901.

2. "Contractor" has the same meaning prescribed in section 36-2901.

18 3. "Dispenser" means a pharmacist who is licensed pursuant to title19 32, chapter 18.

4. "Emergency department" means the unit within a hospital that isdesigned to provide emergency services.

5. "Health care insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section20-3151.

24 Sec. 15. Section 36-2608, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 25 read:

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36-2608. <u>Reporting requirements; waiver; exceptions</u>

27 A. If a medical practitioner OR PHARMACIST dispenses a controlled substance listed in section 36-2513, 36-2514, 36-2515 or 36-2516 or the 28 29 rules adopted pursuant to chapter 27, article 2 of this title, or if a prescription for a controlled substance listed in any of those sections or 30 31 naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist that is approved by 32 the United States food and drug administration is dispensed by a pharmacy 33 in this state, a health care facility in this state for outpatient use or a board-permitted nonresident pharmacy for delivery to a person residing 34 35 in this state, the medical practitioner, health care facility or pharmacy 36 must report the following information as applicable and as prescribed by 37 the board by rule:

The name, address, telephone number, prescription number and
 United States drug enforcement administration controlled substance
 registration number of the dispenser.

41 2. The name, address and date of birth of the person for whom the 42 prescription is written.

3. The name, address, telephone number and United States drug
enforcement administration controlled substance registration number of the
prescribing medical practitioner.

1 4. The name, strength, quantity, dosage and national drug code number of the DISPENSED schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance or 2 3 naloxone hydrochloride or other opioid antagonist dispensed. 4 5. The date the prescription was dispensed FILLED. 5 6. THE DATE THE PRESCRIPTION WAS SOLD TO THE ULTIMATE USER OR AGENT 6 OF THE ULTIMATE USER. 7 6. 7. The number of refills, if any, authorized by the medical 8 practitioner. 9 B. Except as provided in subsection D of this section, A dispenser must use the latest version of the standard implementation guide for 10 11 prescription monitoring programs published by the American society for 12 automation in pharmacy to report the required information. 13 C. The board shall allow the reporter to transmit the required 14 information by electronic data transfer if feasible or, if not feasible, on reporting forms as prescribed by the board. The reporter shall submit 15 16 the required information once each day WITHIN ONE BUSINESS DAY AFTER THE 17 DATE THE PRESCRIPTION WAS SOLD. IF THERE IS NO INFORMATION TO REPORT, THE 18 REPORTER SHALL REPORT ZERO AS A TRANSACTION. 19 D. A dispenser who does not have an automated recordkeeping system 20 capable of producing an electronic report in the established format may 21 request a waiver from electronic reporting by submitting a written request 22 to the board. The board shall grant the request if the dispenser agrees 23 in writing to report the data by submitting a completed universal claim 24 form as prescribed by the board by rule. 25 E. The board by rule may prescribe the prescription form to be used in prescribing a schedule II, III, IV or V controlled substance if the 26 27 board determines that this would facilitate the reporting requirements of 28 this section. 29 F. D. The reporting requirements of this section do not apply to 30 the following: 31 1. A controlled substance that is administered directly to a 32 patient. 2. A controlled substance that is dispensed by a medical 33 practitioner at a health care facility licensed by this state if the 34 35 quantity dispensed is limited to an amount adequate to treat the patient 36 for a maximum of seventy-two hours with not more than two seventy-two-hour

37 38

3. A controlled substance sample.

cycles within any fifteen-day period.

4. The wholesale distribution of a schedule II, III, IV or V
controlled substance. For the purposes of this paragraph, "wholesale
distribution" has the same meaning prescribed in section 32-1981.

42 5. A facility that is registered by the United States drug 43 enforcement administration as a narcotic treatment program and that is 44 subject to the recordkeeping provisions of 21 Code of Federal Regulations 45 section 1304.24. **G.** E. A pharmacist who dispenses naloxone hydrochloride or another opioid antagonist to an individual pursuant to section 32-1979 shall report the information listed in subsection A, paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 5 of this section and the name, strength, quantity, dosage and national drug code number as prescribed by the board by rule pursuant to subsection A of this section.

7 H. F. Naloxone hydrochloride or any other opioid antagonist shall 8 not be viewable in the patient utilization report.

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10 Section 36-2608, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, 11 is effective from and after March 31, 2025.

Sec. 16. Effective date