hazardous substance release; notice; liability

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session 2025

CHAPTER 42

HOUSE BILL 2127

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTION 49-283, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO WATER QUALITY CONTROL.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

- i -

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1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

2 Section 1. Section 49-283, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read:

49-283. Responsible party liability; exemptions; notice; definitions

- A. For THE purposes of imposing liability under this article, and rexcept as provided in this section, a person is deemed the party responsible for the release or threatened release of a hazardous substance if the person:
 - 1. Owned or operated the facility:
- 11 (a) When the hazardous substance was placed or came to be located 12 in or on the facility.
- 13 (b) When the hazardous substance was located in or on the facility 14 but before the release.
 - (c) During the time of the release or threatened release.
- 2. Owned or possessed the hazardous substance and arranged, by 17 contract, agreement or otherwise, for the disposal, treatment or transport 18 for disposal or treatment of the hazardous substance.
- 3. Accepted for transport to a disposal or treatment facility waste that contained a hazardous substance and either selected the facility to 21 which it was transported or disposed of it in a manner contrary to law.
- B. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection A OF THIS SECTION, as a person that owns real property is not a responsible party if there is a telease or threatened release of a hazardous substance from a facility in or on the property unless one or more of the following applies to that person:
- 1. Was engaged in the business of generating, transporting, storing, treating or disposing of a hazardous substance at the facility or disposing of waste at the facility, or knowingly permitted ALLOWED others to engage in such a business at the facility.
- 2. Permitted ALLOWED any person to use the facility for disposal of 32 a hazardous substance.
- 33 3. Knew or reasonably should have known that a hazardous substance 34 was located in or on the facility at the time right, title or interest in 35 the property was first acquired by the person and engaged in conduct by 36 which he associated himself with the release. For the purpose of this 37 paragraph, a written warranty, representation or undertaking, which is set 38 forth in an instrument conveying any right, title or interest in the real 39 property and which is executed by the person conveying the right, title or 40 interest, or which is set forth in any memorandum of any such instrument 41 executed for the purpose of recording, is admissible as evidence of 42 whether the person acquiring any right, title or interest in the real 43 property knew or reasonably should have known that a hazardous substance 44 was located in or on the facility. For purposes of this paragraph, 45 "associated himself with the release" means having actual knowledge of the

- 1 -

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1 release and taking action or failing to take action that the person is 2 authorized to take and that increases the volume or toxicity of the 3 hazardous substance that has been released.

- 4. Took action which THAT significantly contributed to the release 5 after he THE PERSON knew or reasonably should have known that a hazardous 6 substance was located in or on the facility.
- C. Any liability which THAT accrues to an owner of real property under this section does not accrue to any other person who is not an owner of the real property merely because the other person holds some right, title or interest in the real property. An owner of real property on which a public utility easement is located is not a responsible party with respect to any release caused by any act or omission of the public utility which THAT holds the easement in carrying out the specific use for which the easement was granted.
- D. A person otherwise deemed a responsible party is not liable under this article if he THE PERSON can establish by a preponderance of the evidence that the release or threat of release of a hazardous substance and the resulting damages were caused solely by:
 - 1. An act of God.
 - 2. An act of war.
- 3. An act or omission of a third party, whether lawful or unlawful, 22 including acts of vandalism or unlawful disposal of hazardous waste or 23 hazardous substances, other than an employee or agent of that person or 24 other than one whose act or omission occurs in connection with a 25 contractual relationship, existing directly or indirectly, with that 26 person, unless the sole contractual arrangement arises from a published 27 tariff and acceptance for carriage by a common carrier by rail, if that 28 person establishes by a preponderance of the evidence that:
- 29 (a) He THAT PERSON exercised due care with respect to the hazardous 30 substance concerned, taking into consideration the characteristics of the 31 hazardous substance in light of all relevant facts and circumstances.
- 32 (b) He THAT PERSON took precautions against foreseeable acts or 33 omissions of any such third party and the consequences that could 34 foreseeably result from such acts or omissions.
- 4. A release or threatened release which THAT was subject to limits or conditions in a federal permit or a state permit relating to the protection of public health or the environment and the operation of the releasing facility has been and is in compliance with applicable limits or conditions.
- 5. The application of a pesticide product registered under the federal insecticide, fungicide, and rodenticide act (61 Stat. 163) and applied according to label requirements.
- 6. Liability has been assumed by the federal postclosure liability 44 fund established under 42 United States Code section 9607(k).
 - 7. Any combination of paragraphs 1 through 6 of this subsection.

- 2 -

- E. A person is not a responsible party with respect to a hazardous 2 substance that is located on or beneath property that is owned or occupied 3 by that person if the hazardous substance is present solely because it 4 migrated from property that is not owned or occupied by that person and 5 that person is not otherwise a responsible party as prescribed by 6 subsection A, paragraph 2 or 3 OF THIS SECTION.
- F. A person is not liable for costs or damages incurred solely as a 8 result of an action taken or omitted while rendering care, assistance or 9 advice that is consistent with rules adopted by the director, is 10 consistent with the national contingency plan or is under the direction of 11 an on-scene coordinator appointed pursuant to the national contingency 12 plan and that is rendered with respect to a release or a threat of a 13 release of a hazardous substance that creates a danger to public health or 14 the environment. This subsection does not preclude liability for costs or 15 damages that result from that person's negligence.
- G. A state or local government and its employees or authorized 17 representatives are not liable for costs or damages incurred as a result 18 of an action taken in response to an emergency created by the release or 19 threatened release of a hazardous substance that is generated by or from a 20 facility owned by another person. This subsection does not preclude 21 liability for costs or damages that result from gross negligence or 22 intentional misconduct by this state or local government. For THE 23 purposes of this subsection, reckless, willful WILFUL or wanton misconduct 24 constitutes gross negligence.
- H. A person who maintains indicia of ownership in a property 26 primarily to protect a security interest in a facility and who does not 27 participate in the management of the facility is not liable as an owner or 28 operator of that facility pursuant to this section. This subsection does 29 not apply to a person who does any of the following:
- 30 1. Through intentional misconduct or gross negligence causes, 31 contributes to or aggravates the release of a hazardous substance.
- 2. Fails to disclose to the facility's purchaser the known presence 33 of a release or a threatened release of a hazardous substance at the time 34 of sale or divestiture of the facility or the security interest in the 35 facility.
- 36 3. Fails to obtain a phase I environmental assessment of the 37 facility that complies with standards adopted by rule pursuant to 38 subsection K of this section at the time of or at a reasonable time before 39 foreclosure. This paragraph does not apply to residential properties with 40 fewer than five residential units.
- 41 4. Fails to do any of the following after acquiring ownership of 42 the facility:
- (a) Provide the department reasonable access so that the necessary 44 remedial actions may be conducted.

- 3 -

- 1 (b) Undertake reasonable steps to control access to the area of 2 known presence of a release of a hazardous substance to protect the public 3 health and welfare and the environment.
- 4 (c) Act diligently to sell or otherwise divest the property within 5 two years of AFTER the lender's possession or ownership, whichever is 6 earlier.
- I. A fiduciary is not personally liable as an owner or operator 8 pursuant to this section. This section does not preclude claims against 9 assets held in an estate, a trust or other fiduciary capacity for the 10 release or a threatened release of a hazardous substance from one of the 11 assets. This section does not apply if either of the following apply 12 APPLIES:
- 1. A fiduciary through intentional misconduct or gross negligence 14 causes, aggravates or contributes to the release or threatened release of 15 hazardous substances or permits ALLOWS others to do so, except that a 16 fiduciary shall not be liable for the intentional misconduct or gross 17 negligence of any nonemployee agent or independent contractor if the 18 fiduciary has not specifically directed the nonemployee agent or 19 independent contractor to perform the grossly negligent act or engage in 20 the intentional misconduct.
- 2. The appointment of the fiduciary is for the purpose of avoiding 22 liability under this article. It is prima facie evidence that the 23 fiduciary was appointed to avoid liability under this article if the 24 facility is the only substantial asset in the fiduciary estate.
- J. Subsections F, G, H and I shall not be construed to OF THIS 26 SECTION DO NOT affect the liability of any person who is otherwise liable 27 with respect to the release or threat of release pursuant to this section.
- 28 K. The director may adopt rules to implement subsections H and I $\overline{\text{OF}}$ 29 THIS SECTION.
- 30 L. A fiduciary may not be a fiduciary and grantor of the same 31 fiduciary estate.
- 32 M. A unit of state or local government is not liable for purposes 33 of this section if that unit is not liable under section 101(35)(A)(ii) or 34 section 101(20)(D) of CERCLA.
- N. Nonmanagerial employees acting within the course and scope of their employment are not liable under this article.
- 37 O. THE OWNER OF A QUALIFYING PROPERTY SHALL PROVIDE WRITTEN NOTICE 38 TO:
- 39 1. ANY PROSPECTIVE BUYER OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY. NOTICE 40 REQUIRED PURSUANT TO THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL OCCUR BEFORE THE QUALIFYING 41 PROPERTY IS CONVEYED.
 - 2. THE DIRECTOR:

43 (a) WHEN THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY OWNER LISTS OR OFFERS THE 44 QUALIFYING PROPERTY OR ANY PORTION OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY FOR SALE.

- 4 -

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- 1 (b) WHEN THE PURCHASE OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY OR ANY PORTION OF 2 THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY IS COMPLETE.
- 3 3. THE STATE MINE INSPECTOR IF THE SITE IS A MINE OR ABANDONED MINE 4 AS DEFINED IN SECTION 27-301:
- 5 (a) WHEN THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY OWNER LISTS OR OFFERS THE 6 QUALIFYING PROPERTY OR ANY PORTION OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY FOR SALE.
- 7 (b) WHEN THE PURCHASE OF THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY OR ANY PORTION OF 8 THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY IS COMPLETE.
 - O. P. For THE purposes of this section:
 - "Fiduciary" means:
- 11 (a) A trust company or bank certified or authorized to engage in 12 the trust business pursuant to title 6, chapter 8, article 1.
- 13 (b) Any person appointed by a court or testamentary act to act as 14 personal representative, executor, trustee, administrator, guardian, 15 conservator, receiver or trustee in bankruptcy.
- 16 (c) Any person acting as a trustee of a deed of trust pursuant to 17 section 33-803.
 - (d) Any person acting as a trustee pursuant to title 14, chapter 7.
- 19 (e) Any person acting pursuant to and subject to fiduciary 20 obligations under the employee retirement income security act of 1974 (29 21 United States Code sections 1101 through 1114).
- 22 2. "Indicia of ownership" means legal or equitable title that has 23 been acquired through or is incident to the default of a borrower.
- 24 3. "PROSPECTIVE BUYER" MEANS A PERSON THAT HAS ENTERED INTO A 25 CONTRACT TO PURCHASE A QUALIFYING PROPERTY.
- 4. "QUALIFYING PROPERTY" MEANS PROPERTY WHERE THERE HAS BEEN A PROPERTY WHERE THERE HAS BEEN A TRELEASE OR THREATENED RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE THAT IS KNOWN TO THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY, THE OWNER IS A RESPONSIBLE PARTY AS PRESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION AND THE PROPERTY MEETS EITHER OF THE FOLLOWING CLASSIFICATIONS:
- 31 (a) A SITE ON THE REGISTRY ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 32 49-287.01.
- 33 (b) A SITE NOT ON THE REGISTRY ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 34 49-287.01 IF THE DEPARTMENT HAS IDENTIFIED THE RELEASE OR THREAT OF 35 RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE AND ENGAGES IN REGULATORY ACTION THAT 36 RESULTS IN A WRITTEN NOTICE OF VIOLATION OR WRITTEN ENFORCEMENT ACTION IN 37 RESPONSE TO THE RELEASE OR THREAT OF RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE AND 38 THE ENFORCEMENT ACTION IS ONGOING.
- 39 5. "WRITTEN NOTICE" MEANS WRITTEN COMMUNICATION TO A PROSPECTIVE 40 BUYER THAT THERE HAS BEEN A RELEASE OR THREATENED RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS 41 SUBSTANCE ON THE QUALIFYING PROPERTY.

APPROVED BY THE GOVERNOR APRIL 7, 2025.

FILED IN THE OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE APRIL 7, 2025.

- 6 -