House Engrossed

early voting; tabulation; ballot deadlines

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-seventh Legislature First Regular Session 2025

HOUSE BILL 2703

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 16-411, 16-449, 16-542, 16-544, 16-547, 16-548, 16-551, 16-552, 16-579.01 AND 16-579.02, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; RELATING TO THE CONDUCT OF ELECTIONS.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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1 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 16-411, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 3 read:

16-411. <u>Designation of election precincts and polling places</u>; <u>voting centers</u>; <u>electioneering</u>; <u>wait times</u>

- A. The board of supervisors of each county, on or before October 1 7 of each year preceding the year of a general election, by an order, shall 8 establish a convenient number of election precincts in the county and 9 define the boundaries of the precincts as follows:
- 1. The election precinct boundaries shall be established so as to 11 be included within election districts prescribed by law for elected 12 officers of the state and its political subdivisions, including community 13 college district precincts, except those elected officers provided for in 14 titles 30 and 48.
- 2. If after October 1 of the year preceding the year of a general leader of the board of supervisors must further adjust precinct boundaries due to the redistricting of election districts as prescribed by law and to law comply with this subsection, the board of supervisors shall adjust these precinct boundaries as soon as is practicable.
- B. At least twenty days before a general or primary election, and 21 at least ten days before a special election, the board shall designate one 22 polling place within each precinct where the election shall be held, 23 except that:
- 1. On a specific finding of the board, included in the order or 25 resolution designating polling places pursuant to this subsection, that no 26 suitable polling place is available within a precinct, a polling place for that precinct may be designated within an adjacent precinct.
- 28 2. Adjacent precincts may be combined if boundaries so established 29 are included in election districts prescribed by law for state elected 30 officials and political subdivisions including community college districts 31 but not including elected officials prescribed by titles 30 and 48. The 32 officer in charge of elections may also split a precinct for 33 administrative purposes. The polling places shall be listed in separate 34 sections of the order or resolution.
- 35 3. On a specific finding of the board that the number of persons 36 who are listed as early voters pursuant to section 16-544 and who are not 37 expected to have their ballots tabulated at the polling place as 38 prescribed in section 16-579.02 is likely to substantially reduce the 39 number of voters appearing at one or more specific polling places at that 40 election, adjacent precincts may be consolidated by combining polling 41 places and precinct boards for that election. The board of supervisors 42 shall ensure that a reasonable and adequate number of polling places will 43 be designated for that election. Any consolidated polling places shall be 44 listed in separate sections of the order or resolution of the board.

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- 4. On a specific resolution of the board, the board may authorize 2 the use of voting centers in place of or in addition to specifically 3 designated polling places. A voting center shall allow any voter in that 4 county to receive the appropriate ballot for that voter on election day 5 after presenting identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and to 6 lawfully cast the ballot. Voting centers may be established 7 coordination and consultation with the county recorder, at other county 8 offices or at other locations in the county deemed appropriate.
- 5. On a specific resolution of the board of supervisors that is 10 limited to a specific election date and that is voted on by a recorded 11 vote, the board may authorize the county recorder or other officer in 12 charge of elections to use emergency voting centers as follows:
- (a) The board shall specify in the resolution the location and the 14 hours of operation of the emergency voting centers.
- (b) A qualified elector voting at an emergency voting center shall 16 provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579, except that 17 notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, for any voting 18 at an emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in 19 charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to update the elector's 20 voter registration information as provided for in the secretary of state's 21 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452.
- (c) If an emergency voting center established pursuant to this 23 section becomes unavailable and there is not sufficient time for the board 24 of supervisors to convene to approve an alternate location for that 25 emergency voting center, the county recorder or other officer in charge of 26 elections may make changes to the approved emergency voting center 27 location and shall notify the public and the board of supervisors 28 regarding that change as soon as practicable. The alternate emergency 29 voting center shall be as close in proximity to the approved emergency 30 voting center location as possible.
- C. If the board fails to designate the place for holding the 32 election, or if it cannot be held at or about the place designated, the 33 justice of the peace in the precinct, two days before the election, by an 34 order, copies of which the justice of the peace shall immediately post in 35 three public places in the precinct, shall designate the place within the 36 precinct for holding the election. If there is no justice of the peace in 37 the precinct, or if the justice of the peace fails to do so, the election 38 board of the precinct shall designate and give notice of the place within 39 the precinct of holding the election. For any election in which there are 40 no candidates for elected office appearing on the ballot, the board may 41 consolidate polling places and precinct boards and may consolidate the 42 tabulation of results for that election if all of the following apply:

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- 1. All affected voters are notified by mail of the change at least 2 thirty-three days before the election.
- 2. Notice of the change in polling places includes notice of the 4 new voting location, notice of the hours for voting on election day and 5 notice of the telephone number to call for voter assistance.
- 6 3. All affected voters receive information on early voting that 7 includes the application used to request an early voting ballot.
- 8 D. The board is not required to designate a polling place for 9 special district mail ballot elections held pursuant to article 8.1 of 10 this chapter, but the board may designate one or more sites for voters to 11 deposit marked ballots until 7:00 p.m. on the day of the election.
- 12 E. Except as provided in subsection F of this section, A public 13 school shall provide sufficient space for use as a polling place VOTING 14 LOCATION for any city, county or state election when requested by the 15 officer in charge of elections.
- F. The principal of the school may deny a request to provide space for use as a polling place for any city, county or state election if, within two weeks after a request has been made, the principal provides a written statement indicating a reason the election cannot be held in the school, including any of the following:
 - 1. Space is not available at the school.
 - 2. The safety or welfare of the children would be jeopardized.
- G. F. Beginning in 2026, the department of administration shall 24 coordinate with state agencies and counties to provide available and 25 appropriate state-owned facilities for use as a voting location for any 26 city, county or state election when requested by the officer in charge of 27 elections.
- 28 H. G. The board shall make available to the public as a public 29 record a list of the polling places for all precincts in which the 30 election is to be held.
- I. H. Except in the case of an emergency, any facility that is used as a polling place on election day or that is used as an early voting site during the period of early voting shall allow persons to electioneer and engage in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot limit prescribed by section 16-515 in public areas and parking lots used by voters. This subsection does not allow the temporary or permanent construction of structures in public areas and parking lots or the blocking or other impairment of access to parking spaces for voters. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall post on its website at least two weeks before election day a list of those polling places in which emergency conditions prevent electioneering and shall specify the reason the emergency designation was granted and the number of attempts that were made to find a polling place before granting an emergency designation. If the polling place is not on the website list of polling places with emergency designations, electioneering and other

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1 political activity shall be allowed outside of the seventy-five foot 2 limit. If an emergency arises after the county recorder or other officer 3 in charge of elections' initial website posting, the county recorder or 4 other officer in charge of elections shall update the website as soon as 5 is practicable to include any new polling places, shall highlight the 6 polling place location on the website and shall specify the reason the 7 emergency designation was granted and the number of attempts that were 8 made to find a polling place before granting an emergency designation.

- 9 J. I. For the purposes of this section, a county recorder or other 10 officer in charge of elections shall designate a polling place as an 11 emergency polling place and thus prohibit persons from electioneering and 12 engaging in other political activity outside of the seventy-five foot 13 limit prescribed by section 16-515 but inside the property of the facility 14 that is hosting the polling place if any of the following occurs:
- 15 1. An act of God renders a previously set polling place as 16 unusable.
- 2. A county recorder or other officer in charge of elections has 8 exhausted all options and there are no suitable facilities in a precinct 19 that are willing to be a polling place unless a facility can be given an 20 emergency designation.
- 21 K. J. The secretary of state shall provide through the 22 instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant to section 16-452 the 23 maximum allowable wait time for any election that is subject to section 24 16-204 and provide for a method to reduce voter wait time at the polls in 25 the primary and general elections. The method shall consider at least all 26 of the following for primary and general elections in each precinct:
- 27 1. The number of ballots voted in the prior primary and general 28 elections.
- 29 2. The number of registered voters who voted early in the prior 30 primary and general elections.
- 31 3. The number of registered voters and the number of registered 32 voters who cast an early ballot for the current primary or general 33 election.
- 34 4. The number of registered voters whose early ballots were 35 tabulated on-site as prescribed in section 16-579.02 in the prior primary 36 and general elections.
- 5. The number of election board members and clerks and the number as of rosters that will reduce voter wait time at the polls.
- 39 Sec. 2. Section 16-449, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 40 read:

16-449. Required test of equipment and programs; notice: procedures manual

A. Within the period of time before the election day prescribed by 44 the secretary of state in the instructions and procedures manual adopted 45 pursuant to section 16-452, the board of supervisors or other election

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1 officer in charge OF ELECTIONS, or for an election involving state or 2 federal candidates, the secretary of state, shall have TEST the automatic 3 tabulating equipment and programs tested to ascertain that the equipment 4 and programs will correctly count the votes cast for all offices and on 5 all measures. Public notice of the time and place of the test shall be 6 given at least forty-eight hours prior thereto BEFORE THE TEST by 7 publication once in one or more daily or weekly newspapers published in 8 the town, city or village using such equipment, if a newspaper is 9 published therein IN THE TOWN, CITY OR VILLAGE, otherwise in a newspaper 10 of general circulation therein. The test shall be observed by at least 11 two election inspectors, who shall not be of the same political party, and 12 shall be open to representatives of the political parties, candidates, the 13 press and the public. The test shall be conducted by processing a 14 preaudited group of ballots so marked as to record a predetermined number 15 of valid votes for each candidate and on each measure and shall include 16 for each office one or more ballots that have votes in excess of the 17 number allowed by law in order to test the ability of the automatic 18 tabulating equipment and programs to reject such votes. If any error is 19 detected, the cause therefor FOR THE ERROR shall be ascertained and 20 corrected and an errorless count shall be made before the automatic 21 tabulating equipment and programs are approved. A copy of a revised 22 program shall be filed with the secretary of state within forty-eight 23 hours after the revision is made. If the error was created by automatic 24 tabulating equipment malfunction, a report shall be filed with the 25 secretary of state within forty-eight hours after the correction is made, 26 stating the cause and the corrective action taken. The test shall be 27 repeated immediately before the start of the official count of the ballots 28 in the same manner as set forth above. After the completion of the count, 29 the programs used and the ballots shall be sealed, retained and disposed 30 of as provided for paper ballots.

- B. Electronic ballot tabulating systems shall be tested for logic and accuracy within seven days before their use for early balloting pursuant to the instructions and procedures manual for electronic voting systems that is adopted by the secretary of state as prescribed by section 16-452. The instructions and procedures manual shall include procedures for the handling of ballots, the electronic scanning of ballots and any other matters necessary to ensure the maximum degree of correctness, impartiality and uniformity in the administration of an electronic ballot tabulating system.
- 40 C. Notwithstanding subsections A and B of this section, if a county 41 uses accessible voting equipment to mark ballots and that accessible 42 voting equipment does not independently tabulate or tally votes, the 43 secretary of state in cooperation with the county officer in charge of 44 elections may designate a single date to test the logic and accuracy of

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1 both the accessible voting equipment and electronic ballot tabulating 2 systems.

D. NOTWITHSTANDING SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION, FOR ANY COUNTY THAT PROVIDES FOR ON-SITE TABULATION PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 16-579.01 AND 16-579.02, THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OR OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS SHALL TEST THE ELECTRONIC BALLOT TABULATING EQUIPMENT TO BE UTILIZED PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-579.01 FOR LOGIC AND ACCURACY WITHIN FIFTY DAYS BEFORE ELECTION DAY. THIS DOES NOT IMPACT THE DEADLINES FOR PERFORMING LOGIC AND ACCURACY TESTING ON OTHER EQUIPMENT.

Sec. 3. Section 16-542, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 11 read:

16-542. Request for ballot; civil penalties; violation; classification

A. Within ninety-three days before any election called pursuant to 15 the laws of this state, an elector may make a verbal or signed request to 16 the county recorder, or other officer in charge of elections for the 17 applicable political subdivision of this state in whose jurisdiction the 18 elector is registered to vote, for an official early ballot. In addition 19 to name and address, the requesting elector shall provide the date of 20 birth and state or country of birth or other information that if compared 21 to the voter registration information on file would confirm the identity 22 of the elector. If the request indicates that the elector needs a primary 23 election ballot and a general election ballot, the county recorder or 24 other officer in charge of elections shall honor the request. 25 partisan primary election, if the elector is not registered as a member of 26 a political party that is entitled to continued representation on the 27 ballot pursuant to section 16-804, the elector shall designate the ballot 28 of only one of the political parties that is entitled to continued 29 representation on the ballot and the elector may receive and vote the 30 ballot of only that one political party, which also shall include any 31 nonpartisan offices and ballot questions, or the elector shall designate 32 the ballot for nonpartisan offices and ballot questions only and the 33 elector may receive and vote the ballot that contains only nonpartisan 34 offices and ballot questions. The county recorder or other officer in 35 charge of elections shall process any request for an early ballot for a 36 municipal election pursuant to this subsection. The county recorder may 37 establish on-site early voting locations at the recorder's office, which 38 shall be open and available for use beginning the same day that a county 39 begins to send out the early ballots. The county recorder may also 40 establish any other early voting locations in the county the recorder 41 deems necessary. Any on-site early voting location or other early voting 42 location shall require each elector to present identification as 43 prescribed in section 16-579 before receiving a ballot. Notwithstanding 44 section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 2, at any on-site early voting 45 location or other early voting location the county recorder or other

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1 officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified elector to 2 update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the 3 secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant 4 to section 16-452.

- B. Notwithstanding subsection A of this section, a request for an official early ballot from an absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter as defined in the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20310) or a voter whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153 that is received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections more than ninety-three days before the election is valid. If requested by the absent uniformed services or overseas voter, or a voter whose information is protected pursuant to section 16-153, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall provide to the requesting voter early ballot materials through the next regularly scheduled general election for federal office immediately following receipt of the request unless a different period of time, which does not exceed the next two regularly scheduled general elections for federal office, is designated by the voter.
- C. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 21 shall mail the early ballot and the envelope for its return postage 22 prepaid to the address provided by the requesting elector within five days 23 after receipt of the official early ballots from the officer charged by 24 law with the duty of preparing ballots pursuant to section 16-545, except 25 that early ballot distribution shall not begin more than twenty-seven days 26 before the election. If an early ballot request is received on or before 27 the thirty-first day before the election, the early ballot shall be 28 distributed not earlier than the twenty-seventh day before the election 29 and not later than the twenty-fourth day before the election.
- D. Only the elector may be in possession of that elector's unvoted early ballot. If a complete and correct request is made by the elector within twenty-seven days before the election, the mailing must be made within forty-eight hours after receipt of the request. Saturdays, Sundays and other legal holidays are excluded from the computation of the forty-eight-hour period prescribed by this subsection. If a complete and correct request is made by an absent uniformed services voter or an overseas voter before the election, the regular early ballot shall be transmitted by mail, by fax or by other electronic format approved by the secretary of state within twenty-four hours after the early ballots are delivered pursuant to section 16-545, subsection B, excluding Sundays.
- E. In order to be complete and correct and to receive an early 42 ballot by mail, an elector's request that an early ballot be mailed to the 43 elector's residence or temporary address must include all of the 44 information prescribed by subsection A of this section and must be 45 received by the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections

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1 not later than 5:00 p.m. on the eleventh day preceding the election. An 2 elector who appears personally not later than 7:00 p.m. on the Friday 3 MONDAY preceding the election at an on-site early voting location OR OTHER 4 EARLY VOTING LOCATION that is established by the county recorder or other 5 officer in charge of elections shall be given a ballot after presenting 6 identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and shall be allowed to 7 vote at the on-site location. Notwithstanding section 16-579, subsection 8 A, paragraph 2, at any on-site early voting location the county recorder 9 or other officer in charge of elections may provide for a qualified 10 elector to update the elector's voter registration information as provided 11 for in the secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted 12 pursuant to section 16-452. If an elector's request to receive an early 13 ballot is not complete and correct but complies with all other 14 requirements of this section, the county recorder or other officer in 15 charge of elections shall attempt to notify the elector of the deficiency 16 of the request.

- F. Unless an elector specifies that the address to which an early labellot is to be sent is a temporary address, the recorder may use the information from an early ballot request form to update voter registration records.
- 21 G. The county recorder or other officer in charge of early 22 balloting shall provide an alphabetized list of all voters in the precinct 23 who have requested and have been sent an early ballot to the election 24 board of the precinct in which the voter is registered not later than the 25 day before the election.

H. As a result of experiencing an emergency between 7:00 p.m. on the Friday preceding the election and 5:00 p.m. on the Monday preceding the election, qualified electors may request to vote in the manner prescribed by the board of supervisors of their respective county. Before voting pursuant to this subsection, an elector who experiences an emergency shall provide identification as prescribed in section 16-579 and shall sign a statement under penalty of perjury that states that the person is experiencing or experienced an emergency after 7:00 p.m. on the Friday immediately preceding the election and before 5:00 p.m. on the Monday immediately preceding the election that would prevent the person from voting at the polls. Signed statements received pursuant to this subsection are not subject to inspection pursuant to title 39, chapter 1, article 2. For the purposes of this subsection, "emergency" means any unforeseen circumstances that would prevent the elector from voting at the polls.

41 <u>I. Notwithstanding section 16-579</u>, subsection A, paragraph 2, for 42 any voting pursuant to subsection H of this section, the county recorder 43 or other officer in charge of elections may allow a qualified elector to 44 update the elector's voter registration information as provided for in the

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1 secretary of state's instructions and procedures manual adopted pursuant 2 to section 16-452.

J. H. A candidate, political committee or other organization may 4 distribute early ballot request forms to voters. If the early ballot 5 request forms include a printed address for return, the addressee shall be 6 the political subdivision that will conduct the election. Failure to use 7 the political subdivision as the return addressee is punishable by a civil 8 penalty of up to three times the cost of the production and distribution 9 of the request.

K. I. All original and completed early ballot request forms that 10 11 are received by a candidate, political committee or other organization 12 shall be submitted within six business days after receipt by a candidate, 13 political committee or other organization or eleven days before the 14 election day, whichever is earlier, to the political subdivision that will 15 conduct the election. Any person, political committee or 16 organization that fails to submit a completed early ballot request form 17 within the prescribed time is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$25 per 18 day for each completed form withheld from submittal. Any person who 19 knowingly fails to submit a completed early ballot request form before the 20 submission deadline for the election immediately following the completion 21 of the form is guilty of a class 6 felony.

23 prescribed by section 16-544, a voter who requests a onetime early ballot 24 pursuant to this section or for an election conducted pursuant to section 25 16-409 or article 8.1 of this chapter, a county recorder, city or town 26 clerk or other election officer may not deliver or mail an early ballot to 27 a person who has not requested an early ballot for that election. 28 election officer who knowingly violates this subsection is guilty of a 29 class 5 felony.

30 Sec. 4. Section 16-544, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 31 read:

16-544. Active early voting list; civil penalty; violation; classification; definition

A. Any voter may request to be included on a list of voters to 35 receive an early ballot by mail for any election for which the county 36 voter registration roll is used to prepare the election register. The 37 county recorder of each county shall maintain the active early voting list 38 as part of the voter registration roll.

B. In order to be included on the active early voting list, the 40 EARLY MAIL voter shall make a written request specifically requesting that 41 the EARLY MAIL voter's name be added to the active early voting list for 42 all elections in which the applicant is eligible to vote. A COUNTY WITH A 43 POPULATION OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS OR MORE SHALL REQUIRE THE 44 EARLY MAIL VOTER, THROUGH AN AFFIRMATIVE ACT ON THE PART OF THE EARLY MAIL 45 VOTER, TO CONFIRM THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION

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1 EACH ELECTION CYCLE BEFORE RECEIVING AN EARLY BALLOT BY MAIL REGARDLESS OF 2 WHETHER THE EARLY MAIL VOTER IS ON THE ACTIVE EARLY VOTING LIST. A COUNTY 3 WITH A POPULATION OF FEWER THAN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND PERSONS SHALL 4 REQUIRE AN EARLY MAIL VOTER, THROUGH AN AFFIRMATIVE ACT ON THE PART OF THE 5 EARLY MAIL VOTER, TO CONFIRM THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS PURSUANT TO 6 THIS SECTION DURING THE FOUR-YEAR PERIOD THAT CONSTITUTES TWO CONSECUTIVE 7 ELECTION CYCLES BEFORE RECEIVING AN EARLY BALLOT BY MAIL REGARDLESS OF 8 WHETHER THE EARLY MAIL VOTER IS ON THE ACTIVE EARLY VOTING LIST. An early 9 MAIL voter request form shall conform to requirements prescribed in the 10 instructions and procedures manual issued pursuant to section 16-452. The 11 application shall allow for the EARLY MAIL voter to provide the EARLY MAIL 12 voter's name, residence address, mailing address in the EARLY MAIL voter's 13 county of residence, date of birth and signature and shall state that the 14 EARLY MAIL voter is attesting that the voter is a registered voter who is 15 eligible to vote in the county of residence. The EARLY MAIL voter shall 16 not list a mailing address that is outside of this state for the purpose 17 of the active early voting list unless the EARLY MAIL voter is an absent 18 uniformed services voter or overseas voter as defined in the uniformed and 19 overseas citizens absentee voting act (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code 20 section 20310). In lieu of the application, the applicant may submit a 21 written request that contains the required information. THE COUNTY 22 RECORDER SHALL ALLOW THE EARLY MAIL VOTER TO PERFORM AN AFFIRMATIVE ACT TO 23 CONFIRM THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS BY ANY ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING 24 METHODS:

- 25 1. MAILING THE EARLY MAIL VOTER A NOTICE TO CONFIRM OR UPDATE THE 26 EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS.
- 2. CALLING THE EARLY MAIL VOTER OR NOTIFYING THE EARLY MAIL VOTER TO 28 CALL THE COUNTY RECORDER TO CONFIRM OR UPDATE THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S 29 ADDRESS.
- 30 3. ALLOWING THE EARLY MAIL VOTER TO CONFIRM OR UPDATE THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS BY WAY OF A COUNTY WEBSITE PORTAL. A COUNTY WEBSITE PORTAL 32 FOR THIS PURPOSE SHALL PROMPT THE EARLY MAIL VOTER TO CONFIRM OR UPDATE 33 THE EARLY MAIL VOTER'S ADDRESS EACH TIME THE EARLY MAIL VOTER LOGS IN IF 34 THE VOTER'S ADDRESS HAS NOT YET BEEN CONFIRMED FOR THAT ELECTION CYCLE.
- 35 C. A NOTICE SENT TO A VOTER TO CONFIRM THE VOTER'S ADDRESS PURSUANT 36 TO SUBSECTION B, PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE IN THE FOLLOWING 37 FORM AND INCLUDE CHECK BOXES:

38 _____[CHECK BOX] I AFFIRM THAT I HAVE NOT MOVED AND MY
39 ADDRESS IS THE SAME AS THE ADDRESS INDICATED ON THE FRONT OF
40 THE ENVELOPE.
41 [CHECK BOX] MY ADDRESS HAS CHANGED AND I WOULD

41 _____[CHECK BOX] MY ADDRESS HAS CHANGED AND I WOULD 42 LIKE TO UPDATE MY ADDRESS: ____

D. ADDRESS CONFIRMATION RECEIVED AFTER THE LAST DAY TO REQUEST AN 44 EARLY BALLOT WILL BE PROCESSED FOR THE NEXT UPCOMING ELECTION FOR WHICH 45 THE EARLY MAIL VOTER IS ELIGIBLE IN THE CURRENT ELECTION CYCLE.

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C. E. On receipt of a request to be included on the active early voting list, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall compare the signature on the request form with the voter's signature on the voter's registration form and, if the request is from the voter, shall mark the voter's registration file as an active early ballot request.

D. F. Not less than ninety days before any polling place election 8 scheduled in March or August, the county recorder or other officer in 9 charge of elections shall mail to all voters who are eligible for the 10 election and who are included on the active early voting list an election 11 notice by nonforwardable mail that is marked with the statement required 12 by the postmaster to receive an address correction notification. 13 election is not formally called by a jurisdiction by the one hundred 14 eightieth day before the election, the recorder or other officer in charge 15 of elections is not required to send the election notice. The notice 16 shall include the dates of the elections that are the subject of the 17 notice, the dates that the voter's ballot is expected to be mailed and the 18 address where the ballot will be mailed. If the upcoming election is a 19 partisan open primary election and the voter is not registered as a member 20 of one of the political parties that is recognized for purposes of that 21 primary, the notice shall include information on the procedure for the 22 voter to designate a political party ballot. The notice shall 23 delivered with return postage prepaid and shall also include a means for 24 the voter to do any of the following:

- 25 1. Change the mailing address for the voter's ballot to another 26 location in the voter's county of residence.
- 2. Update the voter's residence address in the voter's county of 28 residence.
- 3. Request that the voter not be sent a ballot for the upcoming of election or elections indicated on the notice.

31 E. G. If the notice that is mailed to the voter is returned 32 undeliverable by the postal service, the county recorder or other officer 33 in charge of elections shall take the necessary steps to contact the voter 34 at the voter's new residence address in order to update that voter's 35 address or to move the voter to inactive status as prescribed in section 36 16-166, subsection A. If a voter is moved to inactive status, the voter 37 shall be removed from the active early voting list. If the voter is 38 removed from the active early voting list, the voter shall only be added 39 to the active early voting list again if the voter submits a new request 40 pursuant to this section.

41 F. H. Not later than the first day of early voting, the county 42 recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall mail an early 43 ballot to all eligible voters included on the active early voting list in 44 the same manner prescribed in section 16-542, subsection C. If the voter 45 has not returned the notice or otherwise notified the election officer

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1 within forty-five days before the election that the voter does not wish to 2 receive an early ballot by mail for the election or elections indicated, 3 the ballot shall automatically be scheduled for mailing.

- 4 G. I. If a voter who is on the active early voting list is not 5 registered as a member of a recognized political party and fails to notify 6 the county recorder of the voter's choice for political party ballot 7 within forty-five days before a partisan open primary election, the 8 following apply:
- 9 1. The voter shall not automatically be sent a ballot for that 10 partisan open primary election only and the voter's name shall remain on 11 the active early voting list for future elections.
- 12 2. To receive an early ballot for the primary election, the voter 13 shall submit the voter's choice for political party ballot to the county 14 recorder.
- H. J. After a voter has requested to be included on the active learly voting list, the voter shall be sent an early ballot by mail automatically for any election at which a voter at that residence address is eligible to vote until any of the following occurs:
- 19 1. The voter requests in writing to be removed from the active 20 early voting list.
- 2. The voter's registration or eligibility for registration is 22 moved to inactive status or canceled as otherwise provided by law.
- 3. The notice sent by the county recorder or other officer in 24 charge of elections is returned undeliverable and the county recorder or 25 officer in charge of elections is unable to contact the voter to determine 26 the voter's continued desire to remain on the list.
- 4. The voter fails to vote an early ballot in all elections for two 28 consecutive election cycles. For the purposes of this paragraph, 29 "election" means any regular primary or regular general election for which 30 there was a federal race on the ballot or for which a city or town 31 candidate primary or first election or city or town candidate second, 32 general or runoff election was on the ballot. This paragraph does not 33 apply to:
- 34 (a) A special taxing district that is authorized pursuant to 35 section 16-191 to conduct its own elections.
- 36 (b) A special district mail ballot election that is conducted 37 pursuant to article 8.1 of this chapter.
- 38 **T.** K. A voter may make a written request at any time to be removed 39 from the active early voting list. The request shall include the voter's 40 name, residence address, date of birth and signature. On receipt of a 41 completed request to remove a voter from the active early voting list, the 42 county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall remove the 43 voter's name from the list as soon as practicable.
- 44 J. L. An absent uniformed services voter or overseas voter as 45 defined in the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act

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1 (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20310) is eligible to be 2 placed on the active early voting list pursuant to this section.

- K. M. A voter's failure to vote an early ballot once received does 4 not constitute grounds to remove the voter from the active early voting 5 list, except that a county recorder shall remove a voter from the active 6 early voting list if both of the following apply:
- 7 1. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 8 complies with subsection $\stackrel{\text{M}}{=}$ 0 of this section.
- 9 2. The voter fails to vote using an early ballot in all of the 10 following elections for two consecutive election cycles:
- 11 (a) A regular primary and regular general election for which there 12 was a federal race on the ballot.
- 13 (b) A city or town candidate primary or first election and a city 14 or town candidate second, general or runoff election.
- 15 L. N. On or before January 15 of each odd-numbered year, the 16 county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall send a 17 notice to each voter who is on the active early voting list and who did 18 not vote an early ballot in all elections for two consecutive election 19 cycles as prescribed by subsection K M of this section. If the voter has 20 provided the voter's telephone or mobile phone number or email address to 21 the county recorder, the county recorder may additionally provide the 22 notice to the voter by telephone call, text message or email. The notice 23 shall inform the voter that if the voter wishes to remain on the active 24 early voting list, the voter shall do both of the following with the 25 notice received:
- 26 1. Confirm in writing the voter's desire to remain on the active 27 early voting list.
- 28 2. Return the completed notice to the county recorder or other 29 officer in charge of elections within ninety days after the notice is sent 30 to the voter. The notice shall be signed by the voter and shall contain 31 the voter's address and date of birth.
- 32 M. O. If a voter receives a notice as prescribed by subsection 33 L N of this section and the voter fails to respond within the ninety-day 34 period, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall 35 remove the voter's name from the active early voting list.
- N. P. A candidate, political committee or other organization may distribute active early voting list request forms to voters. If the active early voting list request forms include a printed address for return, that address shall be the political subdivision that will conduct the election. Failure to use the political subdivision as the return addressee is punishable by a civil penalty of up to three times the cost of the production and distribution of the active early voting list request.

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1 organization shall be submitted within six business days after receipt by 2 a candidate or political committee or eleven days before the election day, 3 whichever is earlier, to the political subdivision that will conduct the 4 election. Any person, political committee or other organization that 5 fails to submit a completed active early voting list request form within 6 the prescribed time is subject to a civil penalty of up to \$25 per day for 7 each completed form withheld from submittal. Any person who knowingly 8 fails to submit a completed active early voting list request form before 9 the submission deadline for the election immediately following the 10 completion of the form is guilty of a class 6 felony.

P. R. A person who receives an early ballot at an address at which 12 another person formerly resided, without voting the ballot or signing the 13 envelope, shall write "not at this address" on the envelope and place the 14 mail piece in a United States postal service collection box or other mail 15 receptacle. On receipt the county recorder or other officer in charge of 16 elections shall proceed in the manner prescribed in subsection \leftarrow G of 17 this section.

18 Q. S. When the county recorder receives confirmation from another 19 county that a person registered has registered to vote in that other 20 county, the county recorder shall remove that person from the active early 21 voting list.

R. T. If the county recorder receives credible information that a 23 person has registered to vote in a different county, the county recorder 24 shall confirm the person's voter registration with that other county and, 25 on confirmation, shall remove that person from the county's active early 26 voting list pursuant to subsection \bigcirc S of this section.

27 5. U. For the purposes of this section, "election cycle" means the 28 two-year period beginning on January 1 in the year after a statewide 29 general election or, for cities and towns, the two-year period beginning 30 on the first day of the calendar quarter after the calendar quarter in 31 which the city's or town's second, runoff or general election is scheduled 32 and ending on the last day of the calendar quarter in which the city's or 33 town's immediately following second, runoff or general election is 34 scheduled, however that election is designated by the city or town.

35 Sec. 5. Section 16-547, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 36 read:

16-547. Mail affidavit; form

A. The early ballot shall be accompanied by an envelope bearing on 39 the front the name, official title and post office address of the recorder 40 or other officer in charge of elections and on the other side a printed 41 affidavit in substantially the following form:

I declare the following under penalty of perjury: I am a registered voter in _____ county Arizona, I have not voted and will not vote in this election in any other county or state, I understand that knowingly voting more than once in

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any election is a class 5 felony and I voted the enclosed ballot and signed this ${\sf MAIL}$ affidavit personally unless noted below.

If the voter was assisted by another person in marking the ballot, complete the following:

I declare the following under penalty of perjury: At the registered voter's request I assisted the voter identified in this MAIL affidavit with marking the voter's ballot, I marked the ballot as directly instructed by the voter, I provided the assistance because the voter was physically unable to mark the ballot solely due to illness, injury or physical limitation and I understand that there is no power of attorney for voting and that the voter must be able to make the voter's selection even if the voter cannot physically mark the ballot.

Name of	voter assistant:	
Address	of voter assistan	· † •

- B. The face of each envelope in which a ballot is sent to a federal postcard applicant or in which a ballot is returned by the applicant to the recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall be in the form prescribed in accordance with the uniformed and overseas citizens absentee voting act (P.L. 99-410; 52 United States Code section 20301). Otherwise, the envelopes shall be the same as those used to send ballots to, or receive ballots from, other early voters.
- 25 C. The officer charged by law with the duty of preparing ballots at 26 any election shall ensure that the early ballot is sent in an envelope 27 that states substantially the following:

If the addressee does not reside at this address, mark the unopened envelope "return to sender" and deposit it in the United States mail.

- D. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections so shall supply printed instructions to early voters that direct them to sign the MAIL affidavit, mark the ballot and return both in the enclosed self-addressed envelope that complies with section 16-545, and:
- 35 1. Through 2025, the instructions shall include the following 36 statement:

In order to be valid and counted, the ballot and mail affidavit must be delivered to the office of the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections or may be deposited at any polling place in the county not later than 7:00 p.m. on election day. The ballot will not be counted without the voter's signature on the envelope.

(WARNING — It is a felony to offer or receive any compensation for a ballot.)

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2. Beginning in 2026, the instructions FOR A COUNTY THAT PROVIDES 2 ON-SITE TABULATION OF BALLOTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-579.01 OR 16-579.02 3 shall include the following statement:

In order to be valid and counted, the mail affidavit that contains the mail ballot must have the voter's signature on the envelope and must be returned to the office of the county recorder by any one of the following methods:

- (a) Delivering MAILING it to the office of the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections WHERE IT MUST BE RECEIVED not later than 7:00 p.m. on election day.
- (b) Depositing it at any polling place in the county not later than 7:00 p.m. on election day. HAND DELIVERING IT TO THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OR OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS BY NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY.
- (c) Bringing the ballot to any polling place in the county not later than 7:00 p.m. on election day and choosing to present valid identification that complies with section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1, Arizona Revised Statutes.
- (c) DEPOSITING IT AT ANY VOTING LOCATION IN THE COUNTY BY 7:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY.
- (d) AFTER 7:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY, BRINGING THE BALLOT TO ANY VOTING LOCATION IN THE COUNTY THAT OFFERS ON-SITE TABULATION AND SUBMITTING IT TO THE ELECTION OFFICIALS FOR SEPARATION FROM THE ENVELOPE AND PROCESSING AS REQUIRED BY THE COUNTY.
- 3. BEGINNING IN 2026, THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR A COUNTY THAT DOES NOT PROVIDE ON-SITE TABULATION OF BALLOTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-579.01 OR 16-579.02 SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT:

IN ORDER TO BE VALID AND COUNTED, THE MAIL AFFIDAVIT THAT CONTAINS THE MAIL BALLOT MUST HAVE THE VOTER'S SIGNATURE ON THE ENVELOPE AND MUST BE RETURNED TO THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER BY ANY ONE OF THE FOLLOWING METHODS:

- (a) MAILING IT TO THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OR OTHER OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS, WHICH MUST BE RECEIVED NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY.
- (b) HAND DELIVERING IT TO THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OR OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY.
- (c) DEPOSITING IT AT ANY VOTING LOCATION IN THE COUNTY NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY.
- (d) AFTER 7:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY, BRINGING THE BALLOT TO ANY POLLING PLACE IN THE COUNTY BUT NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY BY PRESENTING

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1 IDENTIFICATION THAT COMPLIES WITH SECTION 16-579, SUBSECTION 2 A, PARAGRAPH 1, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES.

(WARNING — It is a felony to offer or receive any compensation for a ballot.)

5 E. The printed instructions prescribed by subsection D of this 6 section shall also include the following information regarding section 7 16-1005, subsections H and I in substantially the following form:

A person may only handle or return their own ballot or the ballot of family members, household members or persons for whom they are a caregiver. It is unlawful under section 16-1005, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, to handle or return the ballot of any other person.

13 Sec. 6. Section 16-548, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 14 read:

16-548. Preparation and transmission of ballot

A. The early voter shall make and sign the affidavit and shall then 17 mark his THE ballot in such a manner that his THE EARLY VOTER'S vote 18 cannot be seen. The early voter shall fold the ballot, if a paper ballot, 19 so as to conceal the vote and deposit the voted ballot in the envelope 20 provided for that purpose, which shall be securely sealed and, together 21 with the affidavit, delivered or RETURN THE VOTED BALLOT BY ONE OF THE 22 FOLLOWING METHODS:

- 1. mailed MAIL THE VOTED BALLOT to the county recorder or other 24 officer in charge of elections of the political subdivision in which the 25 elector VOTER is registered or deposited by the voter or the voter's agent 26 at any polling place in the county. In order to be counted and valid, the 27 ballot must be received by the county recorder or other officer in charge 28 of elections or deposited at any polling place in the county no NOT later 29 than 7:00 p.m. on election day.
- 2. HAND DELIVER THE VOTED BALLOT TO THE OFFICE OF THE COUNTY RECORDER OR OTHER OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS OF THE POLITICAL SUBDIVISION IN WHICH THE VOTER IS REGISTERED. IN ORDER TO BE COUNTED AND VALID, THE BALLOT MUST BE RECEIVED BY THE COUNTY RECORDER OR OTHER OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON ELECTION DAY.
- 35 3. DEPOSIT THE VOTED BALLOT AT ANY VOTING LOCATION IN THE COUNTY.
 36 IN ORDER TO BE COUNTED AND VALID, THE BALLOT MUST BE RECEIVED AT THE
 37 VOTING LOCATION NOT LATER THAN 7:00 P.M. ON THE FRIDAY BEFORE ELECTION
 38 DAY.
- B. A PERSON WHO APPEARS PERSONALLY AT AN EARLY VOTING LOCATION 40 ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-542 DURING THE PERIOD OF EARLY VOTING, 41 INCLUDING ON THE SATURDAY, SUNDAY AND MONDAY BEFORE ELECTION DAY, SHALL 42 PRESENT IDENTIFICATION AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 16-579, SIGN THE EARLY 43 VOTER AFFIDAVIT, MARK THE BALLOT IN A MANNER THAT THE EARLY VOTER'S VOTE 44 CANNOT BE SEEN AND RETURN THE VOTED BALLOT TO THE ELECTION OFFICIAL AT THE 45 EARLY VOTING LOCATION. FOR A COUNTY THAT PROVIDES FOR ON-SITE TABULATION

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1 OF BALLOTS PURSUANT TO SECTION 16-579.01 DURING THE SATURDAY, SUNDAY OR 2 MONDAY IMMEDIATELY PRECEDING ELECTION DAY, THE FOLLOWING APPLY:

- 3 1. THE EARLY VOTER SHALL APPEAR PERSONALLY AT THE ON-SITE 4 TABULATION LOCATION AND SUBMIT THE VOTER'S EARLY BALLOT AND AFFIDAVIT.
- 5 2. THE ELECTION OFFICIAL SHALL ALLOW THE EARLY VOTER TO TABULATE 6 THE EARLY BALLOT ON-SITE AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTIONS 16-579.01 AND 7 16-579.02.
- 8 C. FOR EARLY BALLOTS THAT ARE CAST IN PERSON PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION 9 B OF THIS SECTION, THE OFFICER IN CHARGE OF ELECTIONS SHALL ENSURE THAT 10 CHAIN OF CUSTODY PROCEDURES FOR THESE EARLY BALLOTS ARE IDENTICAL TO THOSE 11 PRESCRIBED FOR IN-PERSON ELECTION DAY VOTING.
- B. D. If the early voter is an overseas citizen, a qualified a elector absent from the United States or in the United States service, a spouse or dependent residing with the early voter or a qualified elector of a special district mail ballot election as provided in article 8.1 of this chapter, the early voter may subscribe to the affidavit before and obtain the signature and military identification number or passport number, if available, of any person who is a United States citizen eighteen years of age or older.
- Sec. 7. Section 16-551, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 21 read:

16-551. Early election board; violation; classification

- A. The board of supervisors or the governing body of the political 24 subdivision shall appoint one or more early election boards to serve at 25 places to be designated by the board of supervisors or the governing body 26 to canvass and tally early election ballots. Members of early election 27 boards shall be selected in accordance with the provisions for selecting 28 members of regular election boards as provided in section 16-531.
- B. If an electronic voting system is in use for early voting, the and early election board shall consist of at least one inspector and two judges who shall perform the processing requirements in accordance with the rules issued by the secretary of state. The inspector and judges shall be appointed in the same manner by party as provided in section 4 16-531.
- C. All early ballots received by the county recorder or other 35 36 officer in charge of elections before 7:00 p.m. on election day and the 37 original mail ballot affidavit of the voter shall be delivered to the 38 early election boards for processing as provided in the rules of the 39 secretary of state. Beginning in 2026, all early ballots that are 40 delivered by voter to a voting location without a 41 identification that complies with section 16-579, subsection 42 paragraph 1 must be signature verified. The office of the county recorder 43 or other officer in charge of elections shall remain open until 7:00 p.m. 44 on election day for the purpose of receiving early ballots. Partial or 45 complete tallies of the early election board shall not be released or

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1 divulged before all precincts have reported or one hour after the closing 2 of the polls on election day, whichever occurs first. Any person who 3 unlawfully releases information regarding vote tallies or who possesses a 4 tally sheet or summary without authorization from the recorder or officer 5 in charge of elections is guilty of a class 6 felony.

- D. EXCEPT IN COUNTIES THAT TABULATE EARLY BALLOTS ON-SITE PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 16-579.01 AND 16-579.02, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall count the number of early ballots that are returned at voting locations on election day and shall post on its website the those totals with the last unofficial results that are released on election night pursuant to section 16-622. Beginning with the day following the election, the county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall enter into the county's ballot tracking system, if established, early ballots that were returned at the voting location on 15 election day.
- 16 E. The necessary printed blanks for poll lists, tally lists, lists 17 of voters, ballots, oaths and returns, together with envelopes in which to 18 enclose the returns, shall be furnished by the board of supervisors or the 19 governing body of the political subdivision to the early election board 20 for each election precinct at the expense of the county or the political subdivision.
- Sec. 8. Section 16-552, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 23 read:

16-552. <u>Early ballots; processing; challenges</u>

- A. In a jurisdiction that uses optical scan ballots, the officer in 26 charge of elections may use the procedure prescribed by this section or 27 may request approval from the secretary of state for a different method 28 for processing early ballots. The request shall be made in writing at 29 least ninety days before the election for which the procedure is intended 30 to be used. After the election official has confirmed with the secretary 31 of state that all election equipment passes the logic and accuracy test, 32 the election official may begin to count early ballots. No early ballot 33 results may be released except as prescribed by section 16-551.
- B. EXCEPT FOR A PERSON WHO VOTES PERSONALLY AT AN EARLY VOTING 35 LOCATION DURING THE PERIOD OF EARLY VOTING AS PRESCRIBED BY SECTION 36 16-548, SUBSECTION B, the early election board shall check the voter's 37 mail ballot affidavit on the envelope containing the early ballot. If it 38 is found to be sufficient, the vote shall be allowed. If the mail ballot 39 affidavit is insufficient, the vote shall not be allowed. Beginning in 40 2026, for an early ballot that is received and verified as prescribed by 41 section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 4, additional signature 42 verification is not required.
- 43 C. The county chairman of each political party represented on the 44 ballot, by written appointment addressed to the early election board, may 45 designate party representatives and alternates to act as early ballot

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1 challengers for the party. No party may have more than the number of such 2 representatives or alternates that were mutually agreed on by each 3 political party to be present at one time. If such agreement cannot be 4 reached, the number of representatives shall be limited to one for each 5 political party.

- D. An early ballot may be challenged on any grounds set forth in section 16-591. All challenges shall be made in writing with a brief statement of the grounds before the early ballot is placed in the ballot box. A record of all challenges and resulting proceedings shall be kept in substantially the same manner as provided in section 16-594. If an early ballot is challenged, it shall be set aside and retained in the possession of the early election board or other officer in charge of early ballot processing until a time that the early election board sets for determination of the challenge, subject to the procedure in subsection E of this section, at which time the early election board shall hear the grounds for the challenge and shall decide what disposition shall be made of the early ballot by majority vote. If the early ballot is not allowed, it shall be handled pursuant to subsection G of this section.
- E. Within twenty-four hours of receipt of a challenge, the early 20 election board or other officer in charge of early ballot processing shall 21 mail, by first class mail, a notice of the challenge including a copy of 22 the written challenge, and also including the time and place at which the 23 voter may appear to defend the challenge, to the voter at the mailing 24 address shown on the request for an early ballot or, if none was provided, 25 to the mailing address shown on the registration rolls. Notice shall also 26 be mailed to the challenger at the address listed on the written challenge 27 and provided to the county chairman of each political party represented on 28 the ballot. The board shall meet to determine the challenge at the time 29 specified by the notice but, in any event, not earlier than ninety-six 30 hours after the notice is mailed, or forty-eight hours if the notifying 31 party chooses to deliver the notice by overnight or hand delivery, and not 32 later than 5:00 p.m. on the Monday following the election. The board 33 shall provide the voter with an informal opportunity to make, or to 34 submit, brief statements regarding the challenge. The board may decline 35 to permit comments, either in person or in writing, by anyone other than 36 the voter, the challenger and the party representatives. The burden of 37 proof is on the challenger to show why the voter should not be permitted 38 to vote. The fact that the voter fails to appear shall not be deemed to 39 be an admission of the validity of the challenge. The early election 40 board or other officer in charge of early ballot processing is not 41 required to provide the notices described in this subsection if the 42 written challenge fails to set forth at least one of the grounds listed in 43 section 16-591 as a basis for the challenge. In that event, the challenge 44 will be summarily rejected at the meeting of the board. Except for

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1 election contests pursuant to section 16-672, the board's decision is 2 final and may not be appealed.

- F. If the vote is allowed, the board shall open the envelope 4 containing the ballot in such a manner that the mail ballot affidavit 5 thereon is not destroyed, take out the ballot without unfolding it or 6 permitting it to be opened or examined and show by the records of the 7 election that the elector has voted.
- 8 G. If the vote is not allowed, the mail ballot affidavit envelope 9 containing the early ballot shall not be opened and the board shall mark 10 across the face of such envelope the grounds for rejection. The mail ballot affidavit envelope and its contents shall then be deposited with 12 the opened mail ballot affidavit envelopes and shall be preserved with 13 official returns. If the voter does not enter an appearance, the board 14 shall send the voter a notice stating whether the early ballot was 15 disallowed and, if disallowed, providing the grounds for the 16 determination. The notice shall be mailed by first class mail to the 17 voter's mailing address as shown on the registration rolls within three 18 days after the board's determination.
- H. Party representatives and alternates may be appointed as 20 provided in subsection C of this section to be present and to challenge 1 the verification of questioned ballots pursuant to section 16-584 on any 22 grounds allowed by this section. Questioned ballots that are challenged 1 shall be presented to the early election board for decision under the 24 provisions of this section.
- Sec. 9. Section 16-579.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 26 read:

16-579.01. <u>Early ballots</u>; on-site tabulation

- A. Every county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 29 may provide for a qualified elector who appears at that elector's 30 designated polling location or at a voting center AT ANY TIME DURING THE 31 PERIOD OF EARLY VOTING AND on election day with the elector's voted early 32 ballot to have the elector's voted early ballot tabulated as prescribed in 33 section 16-579.02.
- 34 B. The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections 35 shall do all of the following if the on-site tabulation of early ballots 36 is allowed:
- 37 1. Designate an area within a precinct or voting center for 38 processing electors with their voted early ballots that is physically 39 separate from the area for voters who are voting pursuant to section 40 16-579.
- 2. Provide adequate poll workers, election officials and equipment 42 necessary to conduct voting pursuant to this section and section 43 16-579.02.
- 3. Categorize and tally separately in the official canvass and 45 other reports electors whose voted early ballots are tabulated at the

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1 precinct or voting center. The tally shall be reported by precinct in the 2 official canvass and other voting reports.

4. Reconcile for that polling place or voting center the number of 4 electors who appear on the signature roster or e-pollbook ELECTRONIC 5 POLLBOOK with the number of completed early ballot affidavits and the 6 voted early ballots tabulated on-site.

7 Sec. 10. Section 16-579.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to 8 read:

16-579.02. <u>Election day early ballot on-site tabulation</u> procedure: fund

- A. A qualified elector who appears at a voting center or at the leector's designated polling place that allows for the on-site tabulation of early ballots with the elector's voted early ballot shall present identification as prescribed in section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1 and proceed as follows:
- 1. If the elector does not present identification that complies 17 with section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1, the elector shall either 18 deposit the elector's voted early ballot in its affidavit envelope in an 19 official drop box or proceed to the area designated for election day 20 voting to surrender the early ballot to the election board for retention 21 and not for tabulating. The elector shall then be allowed to vote a 22 provisional ballot as prescribed in section 16-584. An election official 23 may not allow for the on-site tabulation of an early ballot if the elector 24 does not present identification that complies with section 16-579, 25 subsection A, paragraph 1.
- 2. If the elector presents sufficient identification to comply with 27 section 16-579, subsection A, paragraph 1, the elector shall present the 28 elector's early ballot affidavit to the election official in charge of the 29 signature roster, and the election official shall confirm that the name 30 and address on the completed affidavit reasonably appear to be the same as 31 the name and address on the precinct register.
- 32 3. If the elector's affidavit is not complete, the election 33 official in charge of the signature roster shall allow the elector to 34 complete the affidavit. The election official may not allow for the 35 on-site tabulation of an early ballot until the elector presents a 36 completed early ballot affidavit.
- 37 B. If the elector's affidavit is complete, the elector's name shall 38 be numbered consecutively by the clerk and in the order of application for 39 early ballot tabulation.
- 40 C. For precincts in which a paper signature roster is used, each 41 qualified elector shall sign the elector's name in the signature roster as 42 prescribed in section 16-579, subsection D before proceeding to the 43 tabulating equipment.

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- D. For precincts in which an electronic pollbook is used, each 2 qualified elector shall sign the elector's name as prescribed in section 3 16-579, subsection E before proceeding to the tabulating equipment.
- E. After signing the signature roster or electronic pollbook, the 5 elector shall proceed to the tabulating equipment and while under the 6 observation of an election official, remove the early ballot from the 7 completed affidavit envelope, deposit the empty completed affidavit 8 envelope in the secured and labeled drop box and insert the early ballot 9 into a tabulating machine. An early ballot that has been separated from 10 the elector's completed affidavit envelope may not be removed from the 11 on-site early ballot tabulation area.
- F. The drop box prescribed in subsection E of this section shall be 12 13 clearly labeled to indicate that the completed affidavits are from ballots 14 tabulated pursuant to this section and shall be secured in a manner 15 substantially similar to other ballot boxes at that location.
- G. Any qualified elector who lawfully brings to a polling place or 17 voting center another elector's voted early ballot that is sealed in its 18 affidavit envelope shall deposit the other elector's voted early ballot in 19 the appropriate ballot drop box before entering the on-site early ballot 20 tabulation area for purposes of tabulating the elector's own early ballot. 21 The county recorder or other officer in charge of elections shall ensure 22 that a voter is not in possession of another voter's ballot within the 23 on-site early ballot tabulation area.

Sec. 11. Severability

If a provision of this act or its application to any person or 26 circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other 27 provisions or applications of the act that can be given effect without the 28 invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this 29 act are severable.

Sec. 12. <u>Legislative findings</u>

The legislature finds that:

- 1. Arizona takes far longer than most other states to report its 32 33 final vote tabulations for elections.
- 2. The most significant causal factor in Arizona's delayed vote 35 count is matching signatures to the signatures in the voter file for 36 envelopes for early ballots that are returned on or shortly before 37 election day, sometimes called "late early ballots".
- 3. Another cause of administrative delays in Arizona elections is 38 39 the recent surge in emergency voting during the weekend before election 40 day. Originally intended to accommodate voters with bona fide last-minute 41 emergencies that would otherwise interfere with voting, emergency voting 42 has recently shifted to an unauthorized expansion of the early voting 43 period without any meaningful confirmation that voters are, in fact, 44 burdened by a last-minute emergency that would otherwise prevent them from 45 voting. This recent expansion of emergency voting diverts scarce

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1 resources from elections officials' offices at the very end of the 2 election cycle, when time and manpower are most precious, that otherwise 3 could be used to fully process early ballots, ensure smooth operations on 4 election day and facilitate the prompt reporting of election results.

- 4. Arizona's delayed results are sometimes perceived as evidence of 6 election worker incompetence or inefficiency or as an opportunity for 7 unscrupulous participants to affect the ballot tabulation process 8 improperly. In this way, Arizona's delay in reporting final numbers 9 reduces public confidence in Arizona's voting system.
- 5. By decentralizing and streamlining the process for confirming to voter identity associated with late early ballots and eliminating emergency voting during the days immediately before election day, Arizona can substantially reduce administrative burdens, speed up the ballot tabulation process and increase confidence in the electoral system.
- 6. By enlarging the overall early voting period and maintaining to other voting rights and processes such as in-person early voting, in-person election day voting, early voting by mail through the Friday before election day, special election boards, accessible voting systems and translations for protected language groups, the proposed changes in Arizona election administration processes will not have a substantial net effect on either access to or the ease of voting in Arizona.

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